

CMPE 242
Spring 2021
Hands-On Activity 3

Multiple Choice

1. One difference between a queue and a stack is:
 - A. Queues require linked lists, but stacks do not.
 - B. Stacks require linked lists, but queues do not.
 - C. Queues use two ends of the structure; stacks use only one.
 - D. Stacks use two ends of the structure, queues use only one.

2. If the characters 'D', 'C', 'B', 'A' are placed in a queue (in that order), and then removed one at a time, in what order will they be removed?
 - A. ABCD
 - B. ABDC
 - C. DCAB
 - D. DCBA

3. I have implemented the queue with a linked list, keeping track of a front node and a rear node with two reference variables. Which of these reference variables will change during an insertion into a NONEMPTY queue?
 - A. Neither changes
 - B. Only front changes.
 - C. Only rear changes.
 - D. An exception is caused

4. To simulate people waiting in a line, which data structure would you use?
 - A. Vector
 - B. Queue
 - C. Stack
 - D. Set
 - E. List

Coding Problem #1. Write a simple method that moves all of the contents of a linked list into a queue. Use the standard linked list and queue operations. After the move is complete, the first node in the linked list should be at front of the queue.

```
public class Node
{
    String item;
    Node next;
}
```

```
public class SLinkedList
{
    private Node head = null;

    // Doubly linked list methods
    ...
}
```

```
// Move all of the contents of the linked list onto a queue
public void moveContents(SLinkedList list, Queue q)
{
```

```
}
```

Coding Problem #2: A Deque also known as **double ended queue**, as name suggests is a special kind of **queue** in which insertions and deletions can be done at the last as well as at the beginning. The deque has methods such as insertFirst(), insertLast(), removeFirst(), and removeLast(), as well as a constructor.

- a) Can a deque be efficiently implemented using a singly linked list or a doubly linked list?

- b) Can a deque support the stack and queue implementations efficiently? If yes, then write the corresponding stack (push/pop) and queue (enqueue/dequeue) methods using the dequeue data structure. If no, explain why not.

```
public class Stack {  
    private Deque;  
    ...  
    void push( String s)  
    ...  
    String pop()  
    ...  
}
```

```
public class Queue {  
    private Deque;  
    ...  
    void enqueue( String s)  
    ...  
    String dequeue()  
    ...  
}
```

Coding Problem #3: Given an expression string `exp`, write a program to examine whether the pairs and the orders of “{”, “}”, “(”, “)”, “[”, “]” are correct in `exp`. For example, the program should print `true` for `exp` = “[()] { } { [() ()] () }” and `false` for `exp` = “[())”

Checking for balanced parentheses is one of the most important task of a compiler.

```
int main(){  
    for ( int i=0; i < 10; i++)  
    {  
        //some code  
    }  
}  
} ← Compiler generates error
```

