reddit analysis

January 27, 2021

1 About Dataset

Reddit is a discussion website which users can post images and text in a subforum called subreddit which users can discuss about shared contents in comment section. This dataset contains 05/2015 comment submissions from reddit users with 54.504.410 rows and 22 columns.

I got my data from kaggle unfornutely this dataset is too big to run on kaggle so I needed to download it. > https://www.kaggle.com/reddit/reddit-comments-may-2015/notebooks

If you want a JSON format of this data you can download it from: https://files.pushshift.io/reddit/comments/

2 Accessing data from sqlite and cleaning it

Used this sqlite query to clean the dataset before extracting it to csv because it caused problems while trying to import the data

I didn't import authorflaircss class field because it is not important for our analysis

```
create table reddit_2015_05 as
select
rd.created_utc,
rd.ups,
rd.subreddit_id,
rd.link_id,
rd.name,
rd.score_hidden,
replace(
    replace(
        replace(
                replace(
                    replace(
                         replace(
                             replace(rd.author_flair_text,'\','')
                , X'OA', '')
        ,char(13),' ')
,'"','') as author flair text,
```

```
rd.subreddit,
rd.id,
rd.removal_reason,
rd.gilded,
rd.downs,
rd.archived,
rd.author,
rd.score,
rd.retrieved_on,
replace(
    replace(
        replace(
                replace(
                     replace(
                         replace(
                             replace(rd.body,'\','')
                     ,'#','')
                 , X'OA', '')
        ,char(13),' ')
    ,';','')
,'"','') as body,
rd.distinguished,
rd.edited,
rd.controversiality,
rd.parent_id
from may2015 rd;
```

3 Splitting csv data to make it ready for import

I needed to split my csv file so I can import it to PostgreSQL because PostgreSQL copy command doesn't support files bigger than 4GB

I used csysplitter from erdconcepts

Opened up cmd and inserted these lines;

cd C:\data\reddit\csvsplitter

CSVSplitter.exe filename="C:\data\reddit\reddit_2015_05.csv" rowcount=5000000

It spliced my csv to 11 files ranging from 1.2GB to 1.5GB

4 Creating table in PostgreSQL to import our dataset

```
I created my PostgreSQL table with this query CREATE TABLE "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" (
```

```
subreddit_id text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
   link_id text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
   name text COLLATE pg catalog. "default",
    score_hidden text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
    author_flair_text text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
    subreddit text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
    id text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
   removal_reason text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
   gilded integer,
    downs integer,
    archived text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
    author text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
   score integer,
   retrieved_on integer,
   body text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
   distinguished text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
    edited text COLLATE pg_catalog."default",
    controversiality integer,
   parent_id text COLLATE pg_catalog."default"
)
TABLESPACE pg_default;
ALTER TABLE "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS"
   OWNER to postgres;
   Importing dataset
Then used PostgreSQL copy command to import my data;
SET STATEMENT_TIMEOUT TO 3000000;
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-000.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-001.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-002.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-003.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-004.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
```

created_utc integer,

ups integer,

COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-005.CSV' DELIMITER ';';

COPY "ODS". "EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-006.CSV' DELIMITER ';';

```
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-007.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-008.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-009.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COPY "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" FROM 'C:/data/reddit/REDDIT_2015_05-010.CSV' DELIMITER ';';
COMMIT;
```

```
Analyzing our data for preprocessing
Original dataset is too big to handle(54.504.410 rows with 33.3GB size) maybe we should check if
it is possible to reduce our data while not affecting our analysis.
SELECT
COUNT(*)
FROM "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" ERS
WHERE 1=1
AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2;
This query reduces our data to 54.333.604 rows while removing comments like 'OK' which is not
meaningful on its own.
SELECT
COUNT(*)
FROM "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" ERS
WHERE 1=1
AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2
AND (LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\_bot\_%'
OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\-bot\-%');
This would remove 958 bot comments with comment author names contains "-bot-" or "bot", it is
not that a huge decrease.
SELECT
COUNT(*)
FROM "ODS". "EXT REDDIT COMMENTS" ERS
WHERE 1=1
AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2
AND NOT (LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\_bot\_%'
OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\-bot\-%')
AND NOT(LOWER(REPLACE(ERS.BODY, '''', ''))) LIKE '%im a bot%';
We could also filter comments with "I'm a bot" text, this also decreases dataset with 24.918 rows.
SELECT
COUNT(*)
FROM "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" ERS
```

```
WHERE 1=1
AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2
```

```
AND NOT (LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\_bot\_%'
OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\-bot\-%')
AND NOT(LOWER(REPLACE(ERS.BODY, '''', '')) LIKE '%im a bot%')
AND ERS.BODY <> '[deleted]';
This guery removes deleted comments which is 3.138.587 rows.
SELECT
COUNT(*)
FROM "ODS". "EXT REDDIT COMMENTS" ERS
WHERE 1=1
AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2
AND NOT (LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\_bot\_%'
OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\-bot\-%')
AND NOT(LOWER(REPLACE(ERS.BODY, '''', '')) LIKE '%im a bot%')
AND ERS.BODY <> '[deleted]'
AND LENGTH(ERS.REMOVAL_REASON) = 0;
We should also remove removed comments which is replaced by removal reason instead of original
comments.
SELECT
COUNT(*)
FROM "ODS". "EXT REDDIT COMMENTS" ERS
WHERE 1=1
AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2
AND NOT (LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\_bot\_%'
OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\-bot\-%')
AND NOT(LOWER(REPLACE(ERS.BODY, '''', '')) LIKE '%im a bot%')
AND ERS.BODY <> '[deleted]'
AND LENGTH(ERS.removal reason) = 0
AND ERS.BODY LIKE '% %';
We should remove single word comments (1.885.966 rows) because they are not important for our
analysis.
SELECT
COUNT(*)
FROM "ODS". "EXT REDDIT COMMENTS" ERS
WHERE 1=1
AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2
AND NOT (LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\_bot\_%'
OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\-bot\-%')
AND NOT(LOWER(REPLACE(ERS.BODY, '''', '')) LIKE '%im a bot%')
AND ERS.BODY <> '[deleted]'
AND LENGTH(ERS.removal_reason) = 0
AND ERS.BODY LIKE '% %'
AND ERS.AUTHOR <> 'AutoModerator';
```

With this query we remove "AutoModerator" user which every subreddit uses it for moderation purposes, It filters 286.444 rows.

```
SELECT

COUNT(*)

FROM "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" ERS

WHERE 1=1

AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2

AND NOT(LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\_bot\_%' OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\-bot\-%')

AND NOT(LOWER(REPLACE(ERS.BODY,'''','')) LIKE '%im a bot%')

AND ERS.BODY <> '[deleted]'

AND LENGTH(ERS.removal_reason) = 0

AND ERS.BODY LIKE '% %'

AND ERS.AUTHOR <> 'AutoModerator'

AND ERS.AUTHOR <> '[deleted]'
```

Filtering authors which they deleted their account removes 305.983 rows.

7 Cleaning data

Using sql analysis we found out which data to ignore, we must clean data before working on it.

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import psycopg2
     import time
     import math
     conn_string = 'host={pghost} port={pgport} dbname={pgdatabase} user={pguser}_u
     →password={pgpassword}'.
     →format(pgdatabase='MEF-BDA-PROD',pguser='postgres',pgpassword='123',pghost='lo¢alhost',pgpo
     conn=psycopg2.connect(conn_string)
     cur=conn.cursor()
     def check_if_table_exists(schema,table):
         cur.execute("select exists(select * from information_schema.tables where⊔
      →table_schema='{schema}' AND table_name='{table}')".format(schema=schema, __
      →table=table))
         return cur.fetchone()[0]
     def check_if_index_exists(index):
         cur.execute("SELECT EXISTS(SELECT * FROM PG CLASS WHERE relname = L
      →'{index}')".format(index=index))
         return cur.fetchone()[0]
     if(check_if_table_exists('EDW','DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS')):
         print('Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS already exists')
     else:
         start_time = time.time()
         cur.execute('set time zone UTC;')
```

```
cur.execute("""
    CREATE TABLE "EDW". "DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS" AS
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY ERS.ID) AS ID,
    TO TIMESTAMP (GREATEST (ERS. CREATED UTC , CAST (ERS. EDITED AS INTEGER))) AS_
 \hookrightarrowDATE,
    ERS.SUBREDDIT,
    ERS.AUTHOR,
    ERS.AUTHOR_FLAIR_TEXT,
    ERS.SCORE,
    ERS.BODY AS COMMENT
    FROM "ODS"."EXT_REDDIT_COMMENTS" ERS
    WHERE 1=1
    AND LENGTH(ERS.BODY) > 2
    AND NOT(LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE '%\ bot\_%' OR LOWER(ERS.AUTHOR) LIKE_
    AND NOT(LOWER(REPLACE(ERS.BODY,'''','')) LIKE '%im a bot%')
    AND ERS.BODY <> '[deleted]'
    AND LENGTH(ERS.removal reason) = 0
    AND ERS.BODY LIKE '% %'
    AND ERS.AUTHOR <> 'AutoModerator'
    AND ERS.AUTHOR <> '[deleted]';
    """)
    cur.execute('COMMIT;')
    print("Table EDW.DWH REDDIT COMMENTS created in {execute_time} seconds".
 →format(execute_time=math.trunc(time.time()-start_time)))
if(check_if_index_exists('IDX_DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS#01')):
    print('Index already exists')
else:
    start_time = time.time()
    cur.execute("""
    CREATE INDEX "IDX_DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS#01"
    ON "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS" USING BTREE(
        "id" ASC NULLS LAST,
        "date" ASC NULLS LAST
    )
    TABLESPACE PG DEFAULT;
    """)
    cur.execute('COMMIT;')
    print("Index created in {execute_time} seconds".format(execute_time=math.
 →trunc(time.time()-start_time)))
```

Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS already exists Index already exists

1. We filtered our data and transformed epoch date to readable date and added numeric id to work our data with batch processing. It reduced our row count 54.504.410(with 33.3GB) to

48.690.746(with 24.5GB) with 11% reduction in rows and 27% reduction in size.

2. Added index to increase our read speed from table.

```
[2]: import os
    import re
    import urllib
    from urllib.request import urlopen
    import fsspec
    import xlrd
    import xlsxwriter
    from pandas import DataFrame
    def download_file_if_not_exists(file_url,file_name):
         start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
         if(os.path.exists(file_name) and os.stat(file_name).st_size==0):
             os.remove(file_name)
        if(not(os.path.exists(file_name))):
            urllib.request.urlretrieve(file_url,file_name)
            with open(file_name, 'r+', errors='ignore', encoding="utf-8") as f:
                 file_text = f.read()
                 file_text = re.sub(r'"[^"]*"', lambda m: m.group(0).replace(',', '__
     →'), file_text).replace('\\','').replace('"','').replace("'",'')
                 f.seek(0)
                f.write(file_text)
                 f.truncate()
         end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
         if(start_time!=end_time):
             print("File downloaded and cleaned in {execute_time} seconds".
      →format(execute_time=end_time-start_time))
    file name = "DatafinitiElectronicsProductsPricingData.csv"
    file_url = "https://query.data.world/s/n7byb65oqj47oro2btcqqyas62zclv"
    download_file_if_not_exists(file_url,file_name)
    file_name = "electronic_products_pricing_df.xlsx"
    if(os.path.exists(file_name)):
        electronic_products_pricing_df = pd.read_excel(file_name, engine='openpyxl')
    else:
         electronic_products_pricing_df = pd.
      →read csv("DatafinitiElectronicsProductsPricingData.csv", encoding="utf-8")
         electronic_products_pricing_df = electronic_products_pricing_df.loc[:,__
     →~electronic_products_pricing_df.columns.str.contains('^Unnamed')]
         electronic_products_pricing_df = __
     →electronic_products_pricing_df[electronic_products_pricing_df["prices.
```

```
electronic_products_pricing_df = __
 →electronic_products_pricing_df[["name","brand","categories","prices.
 →amountMax"]]
    electronic_products_pricing_df = electronic_products_pricing_df.

¬groupby(["name","brand","categories"]).mean()
    electronic_products_pricing_df = electronic_products_pricing_df.
 →reset_index()
    electronic_products_pricing_df = electronic_products_pricing_df.
 →rename(columns = {"prices.amountMax":"average_price"})
    electronic_products_pricing_df["keys"] = __
 →electronic_products_pricing_df[["name", "brand", "categories"]].agg(' '.join, __
 →axis=1, ).str.lower()
    electronic_products_pricing_df.to_excel(file_name, engine='xlsxwriter')
file_name = "keys_pricing_df.xlsx"
if(os.path.exists(file_name)):
   keys_pricing_df = pd.read_excel(file_name, index_col=0, engine='openpyxl')
else:
   keys_pricing_df = DataFrame(electronic_products_pricing_df["keys"].
 →replace('&','').str.split(' ').tolist(),
 →index=electronic_products_pricing_df["average_price"]).stack()
   keys pricing df = keys pricing df.reset index()
   keys_pricing_df.columns = ["average_price","level","key"]
   keys_pricing_df = keys_pricing_df[keys_pricing_df["key"] != "&"]
   keys_pricing_df = keys_pricing_df[["key","average_price"]]
   keys_pricing_df["key"] = keys_pricing_df["key"].str.
 \rightarrowreplace(r'[^A-Za-z0-9]+','')
   keys_pricing_df["key"] = keys_pricing_df["key"][~keys_pricing_df["key"].str.
 →isnumeric()]
   →after realizing dropna doesn't work for some reason
   keys_pricing_df = keys_pricing_df.dropna()
   keys_pricing_df = keys_pricing_df.groupby(["key"]).max()
   keys_pricing_df = keys_pricing_df.reset_index()
   keys_pricing_df = keys_pricing_df.rename(columns = {"average_price":
 →"max_price"})
   keys_pricing_df.to_excel(file_name, engine='xlsxwriter')
keys_pricing_df
```

```
[2]: key max_price
0 000mah 93.374000
1 0g03674 209.851250
2 1000watt 998.326667
3 1000x 191.996667
4 100400mm 1574.278571
```

```
2926 zubehr 58.730000
2927 zubie 99.990000
2928 zuxbbweveteztffywrybecztecqtezfbc 1799.970000
2929 zxqyvbwuwyydcq 18.158000
2930 zxsqvcbvvywsrwuaasvczufystyyy 75.882857

[2931 rows x 2 columns]
```

We are getting some price and key data to analize how much we would gain if we presented adds based on their comments.

7.1 Removing stopwords and using Natural Language Processing while Detecting Language

Stopwords are commonly used words that must be not stored because they do not give any significant value to analyze. We are going to remove them from our table so we can lower our datasize and process our data faster.

We must test which libraries to use and how to use them;

```
[3]: import pycld2
     value = 'Testing this value'
     print("String '{test value}' returns: {most confident language tuple}\n".
      →format(test_value=value,most_confident_language_tuple=pycld2.
      →detect(value)[2][0])) #This will return the language with highest confidence,
      ⇔score.
     value = 'Bu değeri deniyoruz'
     print("String '{test_value}' returns: {most_confident_language_tuple}\n".
      →format(test_value=value,most_confident_language_tuple=pycld2.
      →detect(value)[2][0]))
     value = 'Test text'
     print("String '{test_value}' returns: {most_confident_language_tuple}\n".
      →format(test_value=value,most_confident_language_tuple=pycld2.
      \rightarrowdetect(value)[2][0]))
    String 'Testing this value' returns: ('ENGLISH', 'en', 95, 1077.0)
    String 'Bu değeri deniyoruz' returns: ('TURKISH', 'tr', 95, 1706.0)
    String 'Test text' returns: ('Unknown', 'un', 0, 0.0)
[4]: import nltk
     import pycld2
     from nltk.corpus import stopwords
     nltk.download('stopwords', quiet=True)
```

```
stop = stopwords.words('english')
sql command = 'SELECT * FROM "{schema}"."{table}" WHERE ID = 15;'.

→format(schema='EDW', table='DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS')
df = pd.read_sql(sql_command,conn)
print("Original comment:\n{comment}\n".format(comment=df['comment'][0]))
df['comment'] = df['comment'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word for word in x.
→lower().split() if word not in (stop)]))
print("Comment after removing stopwords:\n{comment}\n".

→format(comment=df['comment'][0]))
start_time = time.time()
cur.execute("""
UPDATE "EDW". "DWH REDDIT COMMENTS"
SET "comment" = %(comment)s
WHERE "id" = \%(id)s
""", {'comment': str(df['comment'][0]), 'id': int(df['id'][0])})
print("Updated record(s) in {execute_time} seconds\n".format(execute_time=math.
trunc(time.time()-start_time)))
sql_command = 'SELECT * FROM "{schema}"."{table}" WHERE ID = 15;'.

→format(schema='EDW', table='DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS')
df = pd.read sql(sql command,conn)
cur.execute('ROLLBACK;')
print("Comment in table:\n{comment}\n\n".format(comment=df['comment'][0]))
df['comment_language_code'] = pycld2.detect(str(df['comment']))[2][0][1]
df['comment_language'] = pycld2.detect(str(df['comment']))[2][0][0].lower().
→replace('unknown', 'english')
#Since we are testing here we didn't commit to database so our changes are
→going to be rolled back after our session dies. It will be used after
\rightarrow completing our test.
```

Original comment:

fault think that. hey helps well. least talk it. shot dog. 10 years. home partying new years going shoot .40 so… well loading outside shot accidentally. right dog. 5-7 tequila shots though go sleep would wake would okay. well called vet shot could saved him. least pain. woke saw dead dog yard… cried hours. old dog still good years him. fault sitting little tiny mouse understandable man discharging firearm shitzu. feel bad.

Comment after removing stopwords:

fault think that. hey helps well. least talk it. shot dog. 10 years. home partying new years going shoot .40 so... well loading outside shot accidentally. right dog. 5-7 tequila shots though go sleep would wake would okay. well called vet shot could saved him. least pain. woke saw dead dog yard... cried hours. old dog still good years him. fault sitting little tiny mouse understandable man discharging firearm shitzu. feel bad.

Updated record(s) in 0 seconds

Comment in table:

fault think that. hey helps well. least talk it. shot dog. 10 years. home partying new years going shoot .40 so... well loading outside shot accidentally. right dog. 5-7 tequila shots though go sleep would wake would okay. well called vet shot could saved him. least pain. woke saw dead dog yard... cried hours. old dog still good years him. fault sitting little tiny mouse understandable man discharging firearm shitzu. feel bad.

```
[4]: id date subreddit author author_flair_text \
0 15 2015-05-01 00:00:00+00:00 offmychest Zekkystyle

score comment \
0 14 fault think that. hey helps well. least talk i...

comment_language_code comment_language
0 en english
```

It reduces our data well and it still makes sense.

```
df['comment language'] = df['comment'].str.replace(r'[^A-Za-z0-9]+',' ').
→apply(pycld2.detect).apply(lambda x: x[2][0][0]).str.lower()
def remove_stopwords(text,text_language):
   text_without_stopwords = ' '
   try:
       text_without_stopwords = text_without_stopwords.join([word for word in_
 →text.lower().split() if word not in (stopwords.words(text_language))])
    except:
       text_without_stopwords = text_without_stopwords.join([word for word in_
 -text.lower().split() if word not in (stopwords.words('english'))])
   text_without_stopwords = re.sub("[\W]"," ",text_without_stopwords,re.
 →UNICODE)
    #text without stopwords = re.sub("[^\p{L} 0-9]","_{\sqcup}
→ ", text_without_stopwords, re.UNICODE)
   return text_without_stopwords
df['word_count'] = df['comment'].str.count(' ') #We are getting original word_
→ count without removing stopwords
df['comment'] = df.apply(lambda x: remove_stopwords(x['comment'],_
df['comment'] = df['comment'].str.replace(',','').replace("'","")
df['author_flair_text'] = df['author_flair_text'].str.replace(',','').
→replace("'","")
df
```

```
[5]:
                                                          subreddit \
                id
                                        date
          30545495 2015-05-20 12:13:05+00:00
                                                             Turkey
     1
          30545496 2015-05-20 12:13:06+00:00
                                                               cats
          30545497 2015-05-20 12:13:06+00:00
     2
                                                           Database
     3
          30545498 2015-05-20 12:13:06+00:00
                                                      unitedkingdom
     4
          30545499 2015-05-20 12:13:06+00:00
                                                             skyrim
     . .
          30545591 2015-05-20 12:13:12+00:00
                                                             Coffee
          30545592 2015-05-20 12:13:12+00:00
     97
                                                               news
     98
          30545593 2015-05-20 12:13:12+00:00
                                                               h1z1
          30545594 2015-05-20 12:13:12+00:00 BeforeNAfterAdoption
     99
     100 30545595 2015-05-20 12:13:12+00:00
                                                            FlashTV
                       author
                                      author_flair_text score
     0
                     shiguree
                                                              1
     1
                     lovechip
                                                             10
```

```
2
                       cojajoc
                                                               7
     3
                       JamDunc ex-Yorkshire now Sverige
                                                               11
     4
               Open_Info_of94
                                                               2
     . .
     96
           Italian_Not_Jewish
                                                               1
     97
               PrivateHazzard
                                                               1
     98
                      Tenetri
                                                               1
     99
                   PantsGiver
                                                              14
                                                               3
     100
          SuperBattleFranky37
                                                      comment comment_language_code \
     0
          i nsana insan yaşama fırsatı verildiğinde şimd...
                                                                                tr
     1
          looks like cat used know that sounds like wei...
                                                                                en
     2
          partitioning table would useful
                                             partition da...
                                                                                en
     3
          well swedens system open run government
                                                                                en
     4
                 lol said role play hard thats real thing
                                                                                  en
     . .
     96
          ive issue brought french press help hard clea...
                                                                                en
                              dont need war crime
     97
          logic incorrect
                                                                                en
     98
          but ive gotten many streamers 1t5 viewers bl...
                                                                                en
     99
          inside cats really helps also live fiv cats ...
                                                                                en
     100
           im curious ciscos source dna tested crime scene
                                                                                  en
         comment_language word_count
     0
                  turkish
                                   127
     1
                  english
                                    24
                  english
                                   111
     3
                  english
                                    40
     4
                  english
                                    12
                                    96
     96
                  english
     97
                  english
                                    19
     98
                  english
                                    37
     99
                                    32
                  english
     100
                  english
                                    16
     [101 rows x 10 columns]
[6]: import os
     import psycopg2
     import numpy as np
     import psycopg2.extras as extras
     from io import StringIO
     nltk.download('stopwords', quiet=True)
     def df_column_conversation(df, column_name, type):
```

```
if(type == 'timestamp'):
        df[column_name] = df[column_name].apply(lambda x: f"'{x}'::timestamp")
    if(type == 'text'):
        df[column_name] = df[column_name].apply(lambda x: f"'{x}'")
def remove_stopwords(text,text_language):
   text_without_stopwords = ' '
   try:
        text without stopwords = text without stopwords.join([word for word in,
 -text.lower().split() if word not in (stopwords.words(text_language))])
   except:
        text_without_stopwords = text_without_stopwords.join([word for word in_
 -text.lower().split() if word not in (stopwords.words('english'))])
   text_without_stopwords = re.sub("[\W]"," ",text_without_stopwords,re.
→UNICODE)
   return text_without_stopwords
def execute_mogrify(conn, df, schema, table):
    Using cursor.mogrify() to build the bulk insert query
    then cursor.execute() to execute the query
    # Create a list of tupples from the dataframe values
   tuples = [tuple(x) for x in df.to numpy()]
    # Comma-separated dataframe columns
   cols = ','.join(list(df.columns))
    # SQL quert to execute
   cursor = conn.cursor()
   try:
        for tup in tuples:
            query = """INSERT INTO "{schema}"."{table}"({cols}) VALUES,
 →({values})""".format(schema=schema,table=table, cols=cols, values=",".
 →join(map(str,tup)))
            cursor.execute(query)
            conn.commit()
    except (Exception, psycopg2.DatabaseError) as error:
       print("Error: %s" % error)
        conn.rollback()
       cursor.close()
        return 1
    #print("execute_mogrify() done")
    cursor.close()
cur.execute('SELECT MAX(ID) FROM "EDW"."DWH REDDIT_COMMENTS_DETAIL"')
start_row = cur.fetchone()[0]+1
row_per_loop = 10000
```

```
cur.execute('SELECT COUNT(1) FROM "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS"')
end_row = cur.fetchone()[0]
start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
for i in range(start_row,end_row,row_per_loop):
    sql_command = """SELECT id, date, subreddit, author, __
→replace(author_flair_text,'''','') as author_flair_text, score, __
 \hookrightarrowreplace(COMMENT,'''','') as comment FROM "{schema}"."{table}" WHERE ID
 →BETWEEN {start_row} AND {end_row};""".format(schema='EDW',_
→table='DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS', start_row=i, end_row=i+row_per_loop-1)
    df = pd.read_sql(sql_command,conn)
    df['comment_language_code'] = df['comment'].str.replace(r'[^A-Za-z0-9]+','_
 \rightarrow').apply(pycld2.detect).apply(lambda x: x[2][0][1])
    df['comment_language'] = df['comment'].str.replace(r'[^A-Za-z0-9]+',' ').
 →apply(pycld2.detect).apply(lambda x: x[2][0][0]).str.lower()
    df['word count'] = df['comment'].str.count(' ') #We are getting original_
→word count without removing stopwords
    df['comment'] = df.apply(lambda x: remove_stopwords(x['comment'],_
 →x['comment_language']), axis=1)
    df['comment'] = df['comment'].str.replace(',','')
    df['author_flair_text'] = df['author_flair_text'].str.replace(',','')
    df_column_conversation(df, 'date', 'timestamp')
    df_column_conversation(df, 'subreddit', 'text')
    df_column_conversation(df, 'author', 'text')
    df_column_conversation(df, 'author_flair_text', 'text')
    df_column_conversation(df, 'comment', 'text')
    df_column_conversation(df, 'comment_language_code', 'text')
    df column conversation(df, 'comment language', 'text')
    execute_mogrify(conn,df,"EDW","DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS_DETAIL")
    print("Inserted rows between {start_row} and {end_row}".format(start_row=i,_
→end_row=i+row_per_loop-1))
end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
print("Data transformation completed in {execute_time} seconds.".
 →format(execute_time=end_time-start_time))
```

Data transformation completed in 0 seconds.

Inserting about 15,000,000 rows took about 11.13 hours. Data processing in this part took tremendous amount of time.

8 Data Analysis

8.1 Top 20 Most Commented Subreddits on Average

In this analysis we are going to see most commented subreddits on average. We are going to ignore subreddits which has less than 200 comments because they might be skewed from low comment count.

```
[7]: | if(check_if_table_exists('EDW','DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_COMMENTS')):
        print('Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_COMMENTS already exists')
    else:
        start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
        cur.execute("""
        CREATE TABLE "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_COMMENTS" AS
        SUBREDDIT,
        AVG(WORD COUNT) AS AVERAGE WORD COUNT,
        MIN(WORD_COUNT) AS MINIMUM_WORD_COUNT,
        MAX(WORD COUNT) AS MAXIMUM WORD COUNT,
        COUNT(*) AS COMMENT COUNT
        FROM "EDW". "DWH REDDIT COMMENTS DETAIL"
        GROUP BY SUBREDDIT;
        """)
        end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
        cur.execute('COMMIT;')
        print("Table EDW.DWH REDDIT SUBREDDIT COMMENTS created in {execute_time}_
```

Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_COMMENTS already exists

```
[8]:
                     subreddit average_word_count minimum_word_count
     0
              subredditreports
                                                 503
     1
                       dancing
                                                 473
                                                                         1
     2
               dailyprogrammer
                                                 344
                                                                         1
     3
                                                 344
                                                                         1
                         cissp
     4
                    csgocritic
                                                 323
                                                                         1
         DanceDanceRevolution
     5
                                                 299
                                                                         1
     6
             JonTronCirclejerk
                                                 283
                                                                         1
     7
           DestructiveReaders
                                                 234
                                                                         1
                        Kochen
     8
                                                 198
                                                                         1
     9
                     kundalini
                                                 183
                                                                         1
     10
                  Worldprompts
                                                                         1
                                                 171
     11
                      PSYC2371
                                                 170
                                                                         1
```

12	${\tt IronThroneRP}$	170	1
13	Dance	169	1
14	SeireiteiRP	162	1
15	Oneirosophy	160	1
16	WritingPrompts	155	1
17	Target	147	1
18	Sikh	145	1
19	ReasonableFaith	145	1

	maximum_word_count	comment_count
0	1135	3303
1	2044	663
2	5024	1577
3	1943	311
4	2002	239
5	3640	1007
6	3332	245
7	1986	1532
8	1021	221
9	1636	218
10	1746	537
11	1103	709
12	1625	2512
13	2069	506
14	757	223
15	1225	630
16	3224	44070
17	1698	995
18	1665	1159
19	1802	1429

8.2 Hourly Comment

```
[9]: if(check_if_table_exists('EDW','DWH_REDDIT_HOURLY_COMMENTS')):
    print('Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_HOURLY_COMMENTS already exists')
else:
    start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
    cur.execute("""
        CREATE TABLE "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_HOURLY_COMMENTS" AS
        WITH COMMENT_HOURLY AS(
        SELECT
        EXTRACT('HOUR' FROM DATE) AS UTC_HOUR,
        COUNT(*) AS COMMENT_COUNT
        FROM "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS_DETAIL"
        WHERE 1=1
        GROUP BY EXTRACT('HOUR' FROM DATE)
        )
```

```
SELECT
CH.*,
SUM(COMMENT_COUNT) OVER() AS TOTAL_COMMENT_COUNT,
COMMENT_COUNT/SUM(COMMENT_COUNT) OVER() AS PERCENTAGE
FROM COMMENT_HOURLY CH;
""")
end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
cur.execute('COMMIT;')
print("Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_HOURLY_COMMENTS created in {execute_time}_\_

Seconds".format(execute_time=end_time-start_time))
```

Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_HOURLY_COMMENTS already exists

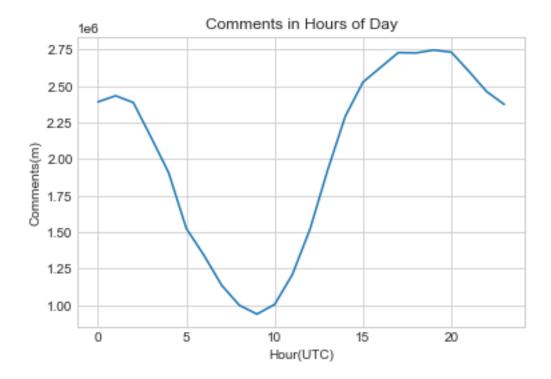
[10]:	utc_hour	comment_count	total_comment_count	percentage
0	0.0	2391819	48690748.0	4.91
1	1.0	2434179	48690748.0	5.00
2	2.0	2387353	48690748.0	4.90
3	3.0	2150783	48690748.0	4.42
4	4.0	1906910	48690748.0	3.92
5	5.0	1525142	48690748.0	3.13
6	6.0	1340774	48690748.0	2.75
7	7.0	1136063	48690748.0	2.33
8	8.0	998797	48690748.0	2.05
9	9.0	938141	48690748.0	1.93
10	10.0	1004587	48690748.0	2.06
11	11.0	1208687	48690748.0	2.48
12	12.0	1519600	48690748.0	3.12
13	13.0	1924457	48690748.0	3.95
14	14.0	2293496	48690748.0	4.71
15	15.0	2527095	48690748.0	5.19
16	16.0	2628807	48690748.0	5.40
17	17.0	2729762	48690748.0	5.61
18	18.0	2727110	48690748.0	5.60
19	19.0	2747001	48690748.0	5.64
20	20.0	2732594	48690748.0	5.61
21	21.0	2600597	48690748.0	5.34
22	22.0	2462657	48690748.0	5.06

23 23.0 2374337 48690748.0 4.88

```
[11]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')

plt.plot(df_hourly_comments['utc_hour'], df_hourly_comments['comment_count'])
plt.xlabel('Hour(UTC)')
plt.ylabel('Comments(m)')
plt.title('Comments in Hours of Day')
```

[11]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Comments in Hours of Day')



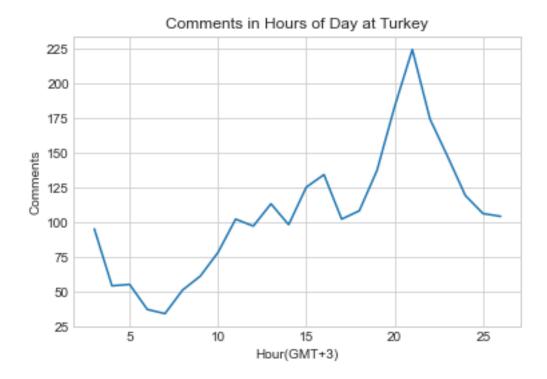
While this analysis made some sense we can't exactly understand it because timezones are in UTC and it is worldwide.

```
[12]: if(check_if_table_exists('EDW','DWH_REDDIT_LANGUAGE_HOURLY_COMMENTS')):
    print('Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_LANGUAGE_HOURLY_COMMENTS already exists')
else:
    start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
    cur.execute("""
    CREATE TABLE "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_LANGUAGE_HOURLY_COMMENTS" AS
    WITH COMMENT_HOURLY AS(
    SELECT
    COMMENT_LANGUAGE_CODE AS LANGUAGE_CODE,
```

```
COMMENT_LANGUAGE AS LANGUAGE,
   EXTRACT('HOUR' FROM DATE) AS UTC_HOUR,
   COUNT(*) AS COMMENT COUNT
   FROM "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_COMMENTS_DETAIL"
   WHERE 1=1
   GROUP BY
   COMMENT LANGUAGE CODE,
   COMMENT_LANGUAGE,
   EXTRACT('HOUR' FROM DATE)
   SELECT
   SUM(COMMENT COUNT) OVER(PARTITION BY LANGUAGE CODE) AS TOTAL COMMENT COUNT,
   COMMENT_COUNT/SUM(COMMENT_COUNT) OVER(PARTITION BY LANGUAGE_CODE) AS ...
\hookrightarrow PERCENTAGE
   FROM COMMENT_HOURLY CH;
   """)
   end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
   cur.execute('COMMIT;')
   print("Table EDW.DWH REDDIT LANGUAGE HOURLY COMMENTS created in ...
→{execute time} seconds".format(execute time=end time-start time))
```

Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_LANGUAGE_HOURLY_COMMENTS already exists

[13]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Comments in Hours of Day at Turkey')



We can clearly see that around 17:00 there is a huge increase of comments, this is probably caused by people leaving from work/school and have free time.

At 21:00 comment count peaks at it's highest then starts to decline because people starting to sleep.

8.3 End Goal - Smart Marketing Analytics

For our end goal we are going split every comment word by word and assume we are showing ads to our customers based on their comments and we sell every 5% of the ads we show to our customers. We must **estimate** how much profit we can get based on our predictions.

Table EDW.TRF_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD or EDW.DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD already exists

After our analysis we are just going to drop this table because it's size is 98,8GB(transformed in 18.5 min)

```
[15]: | if(check_if_table_exists('EDW','DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD')):
          print('Table EDW.DWH REDDIT SUBREDDIT LANGUAGE WORD already exists')
      else:
          start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
          cur.execute("""
          CREATE TABLE "EDW". "DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD" AS
          SELECT
          subreddit,
          comment_language,
          word,
          COUNT(*) AS word_count
          FROM "EDW"."TRF_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD"
          GROUP BY subreddit,
          comment_language,
          word;
          DROP TABLE "EDW"."TRF REDDIT SUBREDDIT LANGUAGE WORD";
          """)
          end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
          cur.execute('COMMIT;')
          print("Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD created in_
       →{execute_time} seconds".format(execute_time=end_time-start_time))
```

Table EDW.DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD already exists

Transforming this dataset took around 1 hour.

```
[16]: if(check_if_table_exists('EDW','DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES')):
    print('Table EDW.DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES already exists.')
else:
    start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
    cur.execute("""
    CREATE TABLE "EDW"."DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES"
    (
    key text,
    max_price numeric
    );
```

```
ALTER TABLE "EDW"."DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES"
    OWNER to postgres;
    """)
    end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
    cur.execute('COMMIT;')
    print("Table EDW.DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES created in {execute_time} seconds.".
→format(execute_time=end_time-start_time))
cur.execute('SELECT COUNT(*) FROM "EDW"."DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES"')
table_count = cur.fetchone()[0]
data_frame_count = len(keys_pricing_df.index)
if(table_count<data_frame_count):</pre>
    start_time = math.trunc(time.time())
    keys_pricing_df['key'] = keys_pricing_df['key'].str.replace("'",'')
    df_column_conversation(keys_pricing_df, 'key', 'text')
    execute_mogrify(conn,keys_pricing_df,"EDW","DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES")
    end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
    print("Data import to EDW.DWH ELECTRONIC PRICES completed in {execute time},
→seconds.".format(execute_time=end_time-start_time))
    print("Data already imported to EDW.DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES")
```

Table EDW.DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES already exists.

Data already imported to EDW.DWH_ELECTRONIC_PRICES

```
[17]: | if(check_if_table_exists('EDW','DWH_TOTAL_PRICE_BY_WORDS')):
          print('Table EDW.DWH TOTAL PRICE BY WORDS already exists.')
      else:
          start time = math.trunc(time.time())
          cur.execute("""
          CREATE TABLE "EDW"."DWH_TOTAL_PRICE_BY_WORDS" AS
          SELECT
          SLW.*,
          ROUND(PRC.MAX_PRICE) AS PRICE_PER_ITEM,
          ROUND(SLW.WORD_COUNT*PRC.MAX_PRICE) AS TOTAL_PRICE
          FROM "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD" SLW
          INNER JOIN "EDW". "DWH ELECTRONIC PRICES" PRC ON (SLW.word = PRC.key);
          end_time = math.trunc(time.time())
          cur.execute('COMMIT;')
          print("Table EDW.DWH_TOTAL_PRICE_BY_WORDS created in {execute_time} seconds.
       →".format(execute time=end time-start time))
```

Table EDW.DWH_TOTAL_PRICE_BY_WORDS already exists.

```
[18]: cur.execute("""
SELECT
```

```
SUM(TOTAL_PRICE) AS TOTAL_PRICE
FROM "EDW"."DWH_TOTAL_PRICE_BY_WORDS"
ORDER BY SUM(TOTAL PRICE) DESC
LIMIT 200;
""")
total_price = float(cur.fetchone()[0])
print("""From this analysis we could potential sell {total_price:,}$ of value ∪
\hookrightarrowitems.
If we assume we can sell only 5% items from customers we show ad based on their
-comments we could sell {estimated_price_value_from_ads:,}$ of value.
However this doesn't calculates net gain or sites gain from profit if we assume⊔
→manufacturers get %20 percent profit per item and each successful purchase
⇒is shared with website that shows the ad by 1% we can assume that website,
→would gain {website_profit:,}$ monthly.""".format(total_price=total_price,__
→estimated_price_value_from_ads=round(total_price*0.
→05), website_profit=round(total_price*0.05*0.2*0.01)))
```

From this analysis we could potential sell 103,426,338,391.0\$ of value items. If we assume we can sell only 5% items from customers we show ad based on their comments we could sell 5,171,316,920\$ of value.

However this doesn't calculates net gain or sites gain from profit if we assume manufacturers get %20 percent profit per item and each successful purchase is shared with website that shows the ad by 1% we can assume that website would gain 10,342,634\$ monthly.

```
[19]: from wordcloud import WordCloud
      from PIL import Image
      import os.path
      import matplotlib.image as mpimg
      def check_if_file_exists(filepath):
          return os.path.isfile(filepath)
      if(not(check_if_file_exists('images/word_cloud_by_count_all.png'))):
          sql command = """
          SELECT
          WORD,
          SUM(WORD_COUNT) AS WORD_COUNT
          FROM "EDW"."DWH_REDDIT_SUBREDDIT_LANGUAGE_WORD"
          WHERE 1=1
          AND TRIM(WORD) IS NOT NULL
          AND LENGTH(TRIM(WORD)) > 2
          AND NOT(TRIM(WORD) \sim '^([0-9]+[.]?[0-9]*|[.][0-9]+)$')
          GROUP BY WORD
          ORDER BY SUM(WORD_COUNT) DESC;
          df_word_cloud = pd.read_sql(sql_command,conn)
```

```
reddit_mask = np.array(Image.open('images/reddit.png'))
word_cloud_data = dict(zip(df_word_cloud['word'].tolist(),
df_word_cloud['word_count'].tolist()))

wc = WordCloud(background_color='white', width=8000, height=4000,
max_words=10000, mask=reddit_mask).generate_from_frequencies(word_cloud_data)
wc.to_file('images/word_cloud_by_count_all.png')
Image.open('images/word_cloud_by_count_all.png')
```

[19]:



Word cloud based on word counts where words are more than 2 characters and not numeric.

[20]: #cur.close() #conn.close()

9 Sources:

- 1. About Reddit
- 2. Data source
- 3. Checking if a table exist with psycopg2 on postgreSQL
- 4. Using current time in UTC as default value in PostgreSQL. This is important because date is utc in the data
- 5. Creating multicolumn index on PostgreSQL
- 6. Checking if index exist
- 7. How to execute start time and end time in python
- 8. Truncating numbers in python
- 9. Removing stopwords
- 10. Prevent SQL Injection in Python
- 11. Preventing SQL Injection resulted errors but It needed to be done, data type conversation is the key here
- 12. About stopwords
- 13. How to detect language
- 14. Increasing timeout while installing new packages
- 15. PyCld2 is only works in linux systems
- 16. Replacing text to change unknown values to english
- 17. Electronic Products and Pricing Data
- 18. Remove all commas between quotes
- 19. Check if file exist in directory
- 20. Download files
- 21. Deleting empty files
- 22. Removing unnamed columns
- 23. Split (explode) pandas dataframe string entry to separate rows
- 24. Dropping numeric values
- 25. Join function
- 26. Apply function with two arguments to columns
- 27. Pandas to PostgreSQL using Psycopg2: Bulk Insert Performance Benchmark

- 28. Print number with commas as thousands separators
- 29. How to create a wordcloud according to frequencies in a pandas dataframe
- 30. Choosing the right colormaps