Key Concepts

- Power Rule $\frac{d}{dx}x^n = .nx^{n-1}$
- Constant Rule Let c be a constant number then $\frac{d}{dx}c = 0$
- Product Rules Suppose you have h(x) = f(x)g(x) then h'(x) = f'(x)g(x) + f(x)g'(x)
- Quotient Rule Let $h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ then

$$h'(x) = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{(g(x))^2}$$

Practice Problems

1.
$$f(x) = \pi^{100}$$

2.
$$f(t) = 2.5t^6 - 1.4t^5 + 2t^2 + 3$$

3.
$$y = \frac{2x+7}{5-2x}$$

4.
$$g(t) = t^2(-3t^2 - 2)$$

5.
$$y = (-2x^4 - 3)(-2x^2 + 1)$$

6. Find the second order derivatives

a)
$$y = -x^2$$

b)
$$g(x) = 4x^3$$