## **Key Concepts**

- Derivatives

  Derivatives represent a change of a certain function f(x)
- Examples

  Let f(x) represent a position of an object. Then the derivative, the change of the position of the object would be the velocity.
- Denoted: f'(x) or  $\frac{dy}{dx}$
- Definition of Derivatives

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

- Remember Cases where you still have to do limits  $\frac{0}{0}, \pm \frac{\infty}{\infty}$
- Example: Using the definition find the derivative of  $x^2$

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - x^2}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} 2x + h = 2x$$

## **Practice Problems**

1. Using the definition of a derivative, find the derivative of the following functions

(a) 
$$f(x) = x^3$$
 at  $x = 3$ 

b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4x+2}$$

$$c) f(x) = x^2 - 5x$$

- 2. The quantity in kilogram of strawberry that is sold by a supermarket at a price of Z dollars per kilogram is represented as P = f(Z)
  - a) What would the derivative, f'(9) represent? What would the units be?
  - b) Is f'(9) positive or negative? Explain your reasonings

3. Given the table where h(x) = f(x)g(x), find h'(3)

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c} f(x) & g(x) & f'(x) & g'(x) \\ -1 & 2 & -5 & 1 \end{array}$$