

Лаба: Вариант 12

$$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x \quad [-1, 2]$$

γ -равномерно $(\frac{1}{n})$ на $[-1, 2]$

Заметим, что $f(-x) = -f(x)$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad \int_{[-1, 2]} f(x) &= \int_{[0, 2]} f(x) - \int_{[0, 1]} f(x) = \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{i=0}^{2n-1} \left(\left(-\frac{i}{n}\right)^3 + 2\left(\frac{i}{n}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left(\left(-\frac{i}{n}\right)^3 + 2\left(\frac{i}{n}\right) \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{2n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{2n-1} \left(-\frac{i}{n}\right)^3 + 2 \sum_{i=0}^{2n-1} \left(\frac{i}{n}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left(-\frac{i}{n}\right)^3 + 2 \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left(\frac{i}{n}\right) \right) = \\ &= \left(-\frac{4n}{3} - \frac{1}{n} + 4 \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2n} + \frac{1}{n} (2n-1) \cdot \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(n-1)^2}{4n} \cdot \frac{1}{n} - \\ &- \frac{n-1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim(S_n) = -2 + 2 + \frac{1}{4} - 1 = -0,75.$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_n &= S_n(f) - S_n(f) = \frac{1}{2n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{2n} \left(-\frac{i}{n}\right)^3 + \sum_{i=1}^{2n} \left(2\frac{i}{n}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \left(-\frac{i}{n}\right)^3 + \sum_{i=1}^n \left(2\frac{i}{n}\right) \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2n} \left(\frac{(2n+1)^2}{n} \right) + \frac{1}{2n} (4n+2) + \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{(n+1)^2}{4n} \right) - \frac{1}{n} (n+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim(S_n) = -2 + 2 + \frac{1}{4} - 1 = -0,75.$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{Критерий Римана: } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (S_n - S_n) = 0$$

$$\lim(S_n) - \lim(S_n) = 0$$

$$\lim(S_n) = \lim(S_n)$$

$$-0,75 = -0,75$$

$$\textcircled{3} \Rightarrow \lim (S_n) = \lim (S_n) = \int_{-1}^2 f = -0,75.$$

$$\textcircled{4} \int_2 f = -\frac{x^4}{4} + x^2 + C$$

$$\int_{-1}^2 f = F(2) - F(-1) = 0 - 0,75 = -0,75$$

2 add (это был Дарду, а не Риман)
(Риман по определению)

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists \tau: S_{\tau}(f) - S(f) < \varepsilon.$$

Доказать, что $S_{\tau}(f) - S(f) < \varepsilon$ при моём τ .

$$\left(-\frac{(1+2n)^2}{2n^2} + \frac{n+1}{n} + \frac{(n+1)^2}{4n^2} - \frac{n+1}{n} \right) -$$

$$- \left(\frac{-(2n-1)^2}{2n^2} + \frac{2n-1}{n} + \frac{(n-1)^2}{4n^2} - \frac{(n-1)}{n} \right) < \varepsilon$$

$$\frac{-8n}{2n^2} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{4n}{4n^2} - \frac{2}{n} < \varepsilon.$$

$$\frac{-4+2+1-2}{n} < \varepsilon.$$

$$\frac{-3}{n} < \varepsilon$$

$$n_0 = \left\lceil \frac{-3}{\varepsilon} \right\rceil + 1.$$

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists n_0 / \exists \tau_{n_0} / S_{\tau}(f) - S(f) < \varepsilon.$$