Birth-death processes

• Steady-state probabilities:

$$d_0 = 1 d_j = \frac{\lambda_0 \lambda_1 \cdots \lambda_{j-1}}{\mu_1 \mu_2 \cdots \mu_j} \text{for } j = 1, 2, \dots D = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} d_i \pi_j = \frac{d_j}{D} \text{for } j = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

- Expected number of customers in the system: $\ell = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n\pi_n$
- Expected number of customers in the queue, s parallel servers: $\ell_q = \sum_{n=s+1}^{\infty} (n-s)\pi_n$
- Effective arrival rate: $\lambda_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \lambda_i \pi_i$
- Little's law (system-wide): $\ell = \lambda_{\text{eff}} w$
- Little's law (queue only): $\ell_q = \lambda_{\text{eff}} w_q$

Standard queueing models

 $M/M/\infty$:

• Steady-state probabilities: $\pi_i = \Pr\{L = j\}$ where $L \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda/\mu)$

M/M/s:

• Steady-state probabilities:

$$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{s\mu} \qquad \pi_0 = \left[\left(\sum_{j=0}^s \frac{(s\rho)^j}{j!} \right) + \frac{s^s \rho^{s+1}}{s!(1-\rho)} \right]^{-1} \qquad \pi_j = \begin{cases} \frac{(\lambda/\mu)^j}{j!} \pi_0 & \text{for } j = 1, 2, \dots, s \\ \frac{(\lambda/\mu)^j}{s! s^{j-s}} \pi_0 & \text{for } j = s+1, s+2, \dots \end{cases}$$

- Expected number of customers in queue: $\ell_q = \frac{\pi_s \rho}{(1-\rho)^2}$
- Expected number of customers in the system: $\ell = \ell_q + \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$

G/G/s:

• Whitt's approximation:

$$G$$
 = generic interarrival time random variable with rate $\lambda = \frac{1}{E[G]}$ X = generic service time random variable with rate $\mu = \frac{1}{E[X]}$
$$\varepsilon_a = \frac{\text{Var}[G]}{E[G]^2} \qquad \varepsilon_s = \frac{\text{Var}[X]}{E[X]^2} \qquad \hat{w}_q \approx \frac{\varepsilon_a + \varepsilon_s}{2} w_q$$

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Useful distributions

	$X \sim \text{Poisson}(\mu)$	$X \sim \text{Exponential}(\lambda)$	$X \sim \operatorname{Erlang}(n, \lambda)$
pmf / pdf	$p_X(a) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{-\mu}\mu^a}{a!} & \text{if } a = 0, 1, 2, \dots \\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$	$f_X(a) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda a} & \text{if } a \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$	$f_X(a) = \begin{cases} \frac{\lambda(\lambda a)^{n-1}e^{-\lambda a}}{(n-1)!} & \text{if } a \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$
cdf	$F_X(a) = \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor a \rfloor} \frac{e^{-\mu} \mu^k}{k!}$	$F_X(a) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-\lambda a} & \text{if } a \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$	$F_X(a) = \begin{cases} 1 - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{e^{-\lambda a} (\lambda a)^k}{k!} & \text{if } a \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$
expected value	$E[X] = \mu$	$E[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda}$	$E[X] = \frac{n}{\lambda}$
variance	$Var(x) = \mu$	$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$	$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \frac{n}{\lambda^2}$