USA UH 2023 Antibiogram % Susceptible All culture types	TOTAL ISOLATES	Amikacin ^{b.c}	Ampicillin	Ampicillin-sulbactam	Aztreonam	Cefazolin	Cefepime	Ceftazidime	Ceftriaxone	Clindamycin	Daptomycin	Ertapenem	Gentamicin ^{b,d}	Levofloxacin	Linezolid	Meropenem	Nitrofurantoin	Oxacillin	Penicillin	Piperacillin-tazobactam	Tetracycline	Tobramycin ^b	Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin
Enterobacter cloacae	87	100			76	0	80	74	70			71	91	82		91	27			72	90	89	77	
Enterococcus faecalis	139		100								93			94	97		92		100		30			100
Enterococcus faecium	55		16								67			22	91				15		16			31
Escherichia coli	1234	100	46	53	88	71	89	88	87			99	90	78		99	98			96	77	90	72	
Klebsiella aerogenes	33	100			82		94	82	79			94	97	94		100	40			76	94	97	100	
Klebsiella pneumoniae	387	100		68	79	73	80	79	79			95	91	83		99	51			82	73	91	80	
Klebsiella varicola	33	100		85	91	85	91	85	88			94	94	94		94	87			85	85	94	88	
Proteus mirabilis	171	100	91	95	99	2	98	99	96			96	94	91						99		94	93	
Pseudo aeruginosa	238	100			83		90	87						80		91				81		99		
Serratia marcescens	60	100			98		97	100	92			88	98	97		95				95		88		
Strep. pneumoniae ^a	20						100		95	89				90	100	90			100		70		70	100
Staphylococcus aureus	431									70	100		97	70	100		100	63			92		95	100
Staph. epidermidis	125									51	98		100	70	99			38			68			100

^aNon-meningitis

- The numbers displayed above represent the percentage of organisms susceptible to the specified antibiotic.
- Antibiogram data helps guide clinicians to choose appropriate empiric antibiotics for infectious syndromes before susceptibility is available. Once susceptibility is known, tailor to most narrow-spectrum agent for the patient's specific organism.
- Blank cells indicate drug not tested or usually not indicated.
- 30 isolate threshold (exception: S. pneumoniae).
- Clinical practice guidelines generally recommend selecting antibiotics with >80% susceptibility for the known pathogen or most likely pathogens.

^bGentamicin, tobramycin, and amikacin should only be used in combination when treating Gram-negative infections.

^cAmikacin anti-Pseudomonal activity is applicable to urine cultures only.

^dGentamicin should only be used in combination when treating Gram-positive infections.