








Forecasting and time variability analysis of Ozone concentrations using nitrate oxide and meteorological variables as predictors

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CE 492 Final Project Selection

1. Dataset description:

The dataset used in this project is a CSV file about the air quality in northern Taiwan collected in 2015 (<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/nelsonchu/air-quality-in-northern-taiwan>), which include air quality data and meteorological monitoring data for research and analysis, originally from Environmental Protection Administration, Executive Yuan, R.O.C. (Taiwan). There are 25 observation stations in total. Columns in this CSV file are the following.

1. Time - The first column is the observation time of 2015
2. Station - The second column is the station name, there are 25 observation stations [Banqiao, Cailiao, Datong, Dayuan, Guanyin, Guting, Keelung, Linkou, Longtan, Pingzhen, Sanchong, Shilin, Songshan, Tamsui, Taoyuan, Tucheng, Wanhua, Wanli, Xindian, Xinzhuang, Xizhi, Yangming, Yonghe, Zhongli, Zhongshan].

A table contain all stations in Taiwan.

		station		
Banqiao	Cailiao	Datong	Dayuan	Guanyin
Guting	Keelung	Longtan	Pingzhen	Sanchong
Shilin	Songshan	Tamsui	Taoyuan	Tucheng
Wanhua	Wanli	Xindian	Xinzhuang	Xizhi
Yangming	Yonghe	Zhongli	Zhongshan	Linkou

3. Items - From the third column to the last one

4. item - unit - description

- SO₂ - ppb - Sulfur dioxide
- CO - ppm - Carbon monoxide
- O₃ - ppb - ozone
- PM₁₀ - µg/m³ - Particulate matter
- PM_{2.5} - µg/m³ - Particulate matter
- NO_x - ppb - Nitrogen oxides
- NO - ppb - Nitric oxide
- NO₂ - ppb - Nitrogen dioxide
- THC - ppm - Total Hydrocarbons
- NMHC - ppm - Non-Methane Hydrocarbon
- CH₄ - ppm - Methane
- UVB - UVI - Ultraviolet index
- AMB_TEMP - Celsius - Ambient air temperature
- RAINFALL - mm
- RH - % - Relative humidity
- WIND_SPEED - m/sec - The average of the last ten minutes per hour
- WIND_DIREC - degrees - The average of the last ten minutes per hour
- WS_HR - m/sec - The average of an hour
- WD_HR - degrees - The average of an hour
- PH_RAIN - PH - Acid rain
- RAIN_COND - µS/cm - Conductivity of acid rain

Proposal:

The purpose of this project is to predict O₃ concentrations using measurements of concentration of other pollutants and available meteorological measurements. Ozone might be formed when heat and sunlight cause chemical reactions between oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), which are also known as Hydrocarbons. Therefore it could be hypothesized that using measurements of NO_x as an independent variable a model could be developed to predict O₃ concentrations. Additionally, meteorological variables such as air temperature, relative humidity(RH) and ultraviolet index (UVB - UVI) could be included as independent variables to assess their influence on temporal variability of ozone. As an additional step wind-related variables such as mean wind velocity and direction will be included to study their effect on temporal variability of ozone.

After the air quality data has been processed the strongest O₃ predictors will be determined using PCA. PCA could be used to identify the main axes of variance within the dataset and explore underlying correlations that exist in a set of variables. Variables that are highly correlated cluster together. Using PCA 2D figures per each pair of variables are not needed, instead all the variables could be visualized simultaneously. Differences on PC1 are more important than differences on PC2. After plotting PCA plots, a heatmap could also be plotted to check the results. As additional criteria to identify the strongest predictors a LSTM network (long short-term memory network) can be used since the data used is time dependent. The network should contain several LSTM layers and fully-connected layers. The output should contain the pollution concentration and will point out the weights assigned to each correlated criterion, the values of such weights should also indicate what the strongest predictors are. Once the strongest predictors have been identified, genetic programming will be used to develop the models to predict O₃ concentrations.

This manuscript is a template (aka "rootstock") for [Manubot](#), a tool for writing scholarly manuscripts. Use this template as a starting point for your manuscript.

The rest of this document is a full list of formatting elements/features supported by Manubot. Compare the input (`.md` files in the `/content` directory) to the output you see below.

Basic formatting

Bold text

Semi-bold text

Centered text

Right-aligned text

Italic text

Combined *italics* and **bold**

~~Strikethrough~~

1. Ordered list item
2. Ordered list item
 - a. Sub-item
 - b. Sub-item
 - i. Sub-sub-item
3. Ordered list item
 - a. Sub-item

- List item
- List item
- List item

subscript: H₂O is a liquid

superscript: 2¹⁰ is 1024.

[unicode superscripts](#)⁰¹²³⁴⁵⁶⁷⁸⁹

[unicode subscripts](#)₀₁₂₃₄₅₆₇₈₉

A long paragraph of text. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in voluptate velit esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint occaecat cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit anim id est laborum.

Putting each sentence on its own line has numerous benefits with regard to [editing](#) and [version control](#).

Line break without starting a new paragraph by putting two spaces at end of line.

Document organization

Document section headings:

Heading 1

Heading 2

Heading 3

Heading 4

Heading 5

Heading 6

A heading centered on its own printed page

Horizontal rule:

Heading 1's are recommended to be reserved for the title of the manuscript.

Heading 2's are recommended for broad sections such as *Abstract*, *Methods*, *Conclusion*, etc.

Heading 3's and Heading 4's are recommended for sub-sections.

Links

Bare URL link: <https://manubot.org>

[Long link with lots of words and stuff and junk and bleep and blah and stuff and other stuff and more stuff yeah](#)

[Link with text](#)

[Link with hover text](#)

[Link by reference](#)

Citations

Citation by DOI [1].

Citation by PubMed Central ID [2].

Citation by PubMed ID [3].

Citation by Wikidata ID [4].

Citation by ISBN [5].

Citation by URL [6].

Citation by alias [7].

Multiple citations can be put inside the same set of brackets [1,5,7]. Manubot plugins provide easier, more convenient visualization of and navigation between citations [2,3,7,8].

Citation tags (i.e. aliases) can be defined in their own paragraphs using Markdown's reference link syntax:

Referencing figures, tables, equations

Figure 1

Figure 2

Figure [3](#)

Figure [4](#)

Table [1](#)

Equation [1](#)

Equation [2](#)

Quotes and code

Quoted text

Quoted block of text

Two roads diverged in a wood, and I—
I took the one less traveled by,
And that has made all the difference.

Code `in the middle` of normal text, aka `inline code`.

Code block with Python syntax highlighting:

```
from manubot.cite.doi import expand_short_doi

def test_expand_short_doi():
    doi = expand_short_doi("10/c3bp")
    # a string too long to fit within page:
    assert doi == "10.25313/2524-2695-2018-3-vliyanie-enhansera-copia-i-
        insulyatora-gypsy-na-sintez-ernk-modifikatsii-hromatina-i-
        svyazyvanie-insulyatornyh-belkov-vtransfetsirovannyh-geneticheskikh-
        konstruktsiyah"
```

Code block with no syntax highlighting:

```
Exporting HTML manuscript
Exporting DOCX manuscript
Exporting PDF manuscript
```

Figures

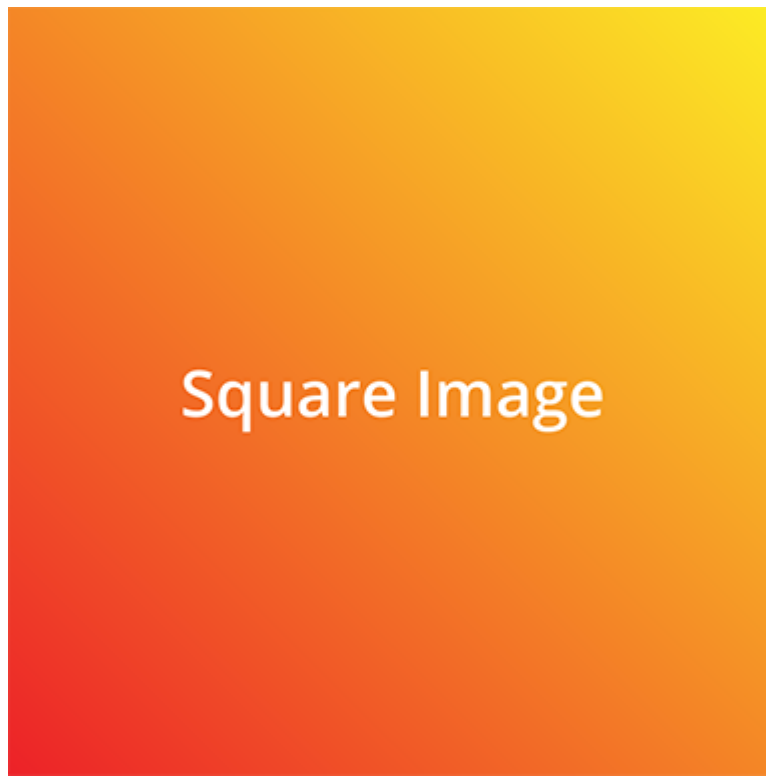


Figure 1: A square image at actual size and with a bottom caption. Loaded from the latest version of image on GitHub.

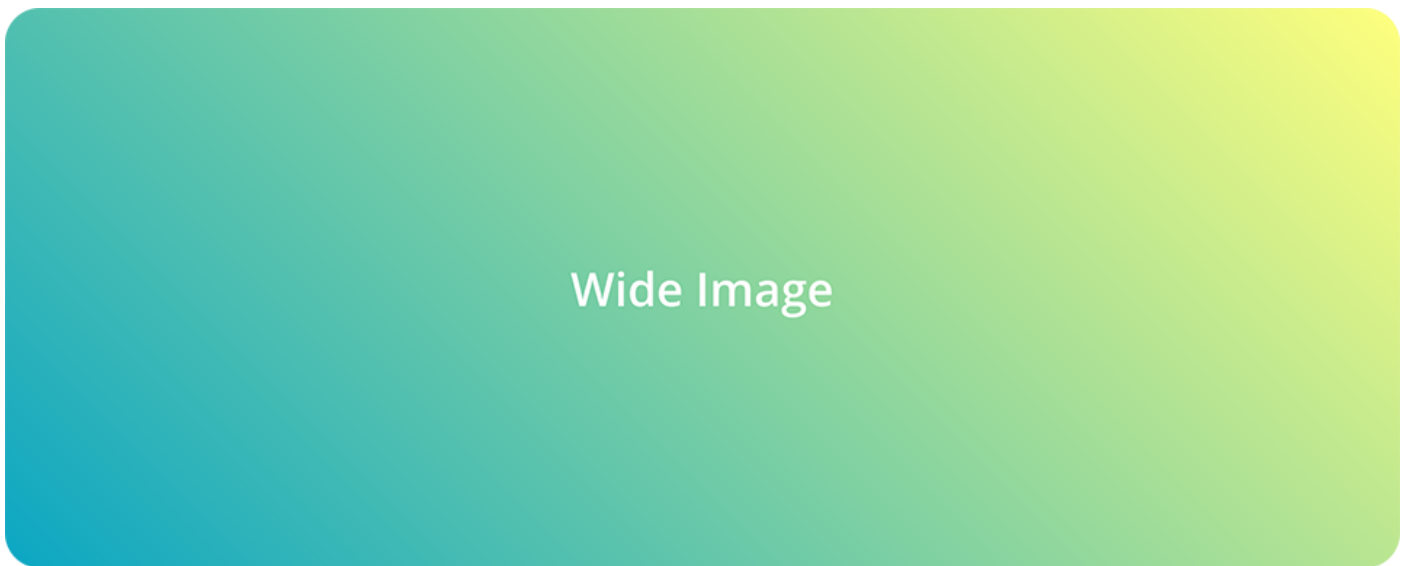


Figure 2: An image too wide to fit within page at full size. Loaded from a specific (hashed) version of the image on GitHub.

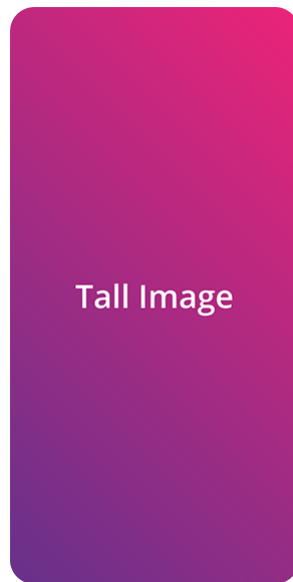


Figure 3: A tall image with a specified height. Loaded from a specific (hashed) version of the image on GitHub.



Figure 4: A vector `.svg` image loaded from GitHub. The parameter `sanitize=true` is necessary to properly load SVGs hosted via GitHub URLs. White background specified to serve as a backdrop for transparent sections of the image.

Tables

Table 1: A table with a top caption and specified relative column widths.

<i>Bowling Scores</i>	Jane	John	Alice	Bob
Game 1	150	187	210	105
Game 2	98	202	197	102
Game 3	123	180	238	134

Table 2: A table too wide to fit within page.

	Digits 1-33	Digits 34-66	Digits 67-99	Ref.
pi	3.14159265358979323846264338327950	288419716939937510582097494459230	781640628620899862803482534211706	piday.org
e	2.71828182845904523536028747135266	249775724709369995957496696762772	407663035354759457138217852516642	nasa.gov

Table 3: A table with merged cells using the `attributes` plugin.

	Colors	
Size	Text Color	Background Color
big	blue	orange
small	black	white

Equations

A LaTeX equation:

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \tag{1}$$

An equation too long to fit within page:

$$x = a + b + c + d + e + f + g + h + i + j + k + l + m + n + o + p + q + r + s + t + u + v + w + x + y + z + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 \tag{2}$$

Special

⚠ WARNING The following features are only supported and intended for `.html` and `.pdf` exports. Journals are not likely to support them, and they may not display correctly when converted to other formats such as `.docx`.

LINK STYLED AS A BUTTON

Adding arbitrary HTML attributes to an element using Pandoc's attribute syntax:

Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot. Manubot.

Adding arbitrary HTML attributes to an element with the Manubot `attributes` plugin (more flexible than Pandoc's method in terms of which elements you can add attributes to):

Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot. Manubot.

Available background colors for text, images, code, banners, etc:

white lightgrey grey darkgrey black lightred lightyellow lightgreen lightblue lightpurple red orange yellow green blue purple

Using the [Font Awesome](#) icon set:

✓ ? ★ 🔔 ✖ …



Light Grey Banner

useful for *general information* - manubot.org



Blue Banner

useful for *important information* - manubot.org



Light Red Banner

useful for *warnings* - manubot.org

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