LOS ANGELES HERALD.

VOL. 36.—NO. 134. MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1891. PRICE 5 CENTS.

THE WAR ENDED.

Last Act in the Drama.

Santiago Taken By the Insurgents.

A Bloodthirsty Mob First Despoiled the City.

Balmaceda's Palace and Houses of Other Officers Burned.

The Tyrant's Flight Was All That Saved His Life.

He Is Supposed to Be Aboard One of His Vessels En Route to Buenos Ayres—Feeling Against the Americans Flagged.

Associated Press Dispatches.

NEW YORK, August 31.—The Herald's cable advices of date Valparaiso, August 30th, says: The Congressional regiment of the Congressional army took formal possession of Santiago tonight, and practically the last act in the bloody drama of the revolution which has torn Chile to pieces for the past seven months is closed. The capital city was in the hands of a bloodthirsty mob last night, and while it was unable to satisfy its murderous instincts, it destroyed a vast amount of property.

A MOB TO KILL BALMACEDA.

As soon as the news reached Santiago yesterday of the overwhelming defeat of the government troops on the heights of Placilla, and the fall of Valparaiso, and the people knew that Balmaceda's power was gone, their anxiety to his person soon broke forth. The cry was raised that the president should be killed and a mob started for his palace. It grew in numbers and fury as it went through the streets, and for the first time in years the executive mansion it was ripe for any bloody deed. Short shrift would have been made of the president had he been caught.

ATTEMPT TO THE TORCH.

The bloodthirsty fury of the mob was balked. Then the desire for revenge found vent in the application of the torch. Soon Balmaceda's home was a mass of flames. Before it had been destroyed the mob marched off to the house of Senor Godoy, ex-minister of the interior under Senor Balmaceda, and set fire to his house. Then the residences of Balmaceda's mother, General Barbosa, Senors McKenna and Eastman, the government newspaper offices, and the government arsenal property officials were burned to the ground. The city was panic-stricken, business was suspended, and the people outside the mob kept close to their houses. The police, fire department and army were demoralized, and made no attempt to maintain order.

DECIDED TO SURRENDER.

Balmaceda, when he first heard of the fall of Valparaiso, sent for General Baquedano, commander of the government troops in Santiago, to meet him. A council of war was held at Valparaiso, at which President Balmaceda and the leading Balmacedists were present. The situation was thoroughly canvassed, and it was decided to surrender the capital. Baquedano was given charge of the city and authorized to arrange terms of surrender.

THE CITY HANDED OVER.

Word was sent to General Castin that all the troops in Santiago had declared adhesion to the Congressional party and that Santiago was at his disposal. The Chanaral regiment was ordered to proceed to Santiago to assist the government troops in keeping order, and prepare the barracks for 2000 additional troops. Accompanying the regiment was Senor A. L. Timbaud, who will be the present act as intendente of the capital.

THE CITY IN A PERIOD OF STATE.

It is learned that the city of Santiago is in a terrible state. In addition to the destruction done by the mob, it is threatened with the occupation of the desperate characters in the surrounding country. General Baquedano has posted the imperial regiment in a garden about the city to prevent outlaws from entering the city, but it is almost a hopeless task. General Castin and staff have left Valparaiso for Santiago with 2000 more troops. A new chief of police of Santiago and a new municipal administrator have been appointed.

THE INCENDIARY MAGAZINE.

It is asserted on good authority that Balmaceda went by special train to Talcahuano yesterday. There he will make connection with the Condell and Imperial, and in one of those vessels make for Buenos Ayres or Montevideo. If this is so he will probably escape.

MOURNING IN VALPARAISO.

Comparatively quiet has been restored in this city. The riotous caught in their work were summarily dealt with, many being shot. But the rioting was not stopped until property worth $1,000,000, had been destroyed.

Many Spanish acts have been perpetrated here since the surrender of the government forces. Hundreds of every war ship in the bay has a corpse or cofagus. This goes due to honor from ashore. On the part of the Congressionalists, particularly against the Americans, for Admiral Brown has given asylum to many supporter officials on board of the San Francisco and Baltimore.

FRENZIED AGAINST AMERICANS.

Admiral Brown, of the San Francisco, this afternoon had a long conference with the junta leaders, and the intimation given against the Americans has been subdued. The junta is exceedingly anxious to secure recognition from the United States, and is now impatient that it will be accorded them.

Numerous Congressional officials have been arrested, but such have been secured at a city hotel belonging to prominent authorities when order is restored. Senor Rosel and Senor Castro say there will be no measures taken towards the formation of a new government until all the members of Congress arrive here from Iquique. It is hardly probable an election will be held for some time, and in the meantime the junta will be continued.

SUFFERINGS OF WOUNDED SOLDIERS.

The ambulance service has been sadly disgraceful. Hundreds of wounded men were left in the battlefield to die who might have been saved if prompt measures of relief had been taken. The surgeons of the foreign warships have done most valuable service in caring for the wounded, and had it not been for their hard, effective work, the sufferings of the wounded soldiers would have been much greater. Especial credit is due to the medical staffs of the United States ships San Francisco and Baltimore.

BALMACEDA'S CHEST OF TREASURE.

It has been ascertained that 600,000 pesos of silver was shipped on the British sloop of war Espiegle. Informed the British naval officer here, is making every effort to communicate with the captain of the Espiegle with a view to detaining the bullion if possible. It is supposed Balmaceda intended to use the money to make payments on account of the interest Presidente Errazuriz and Presidente Pinto.

THE NEWS AT WASHINGTON.

Administration Officials Believe Balmaceda Has Not Heard Yet.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—A dispatch dated Valparaiso, August 29th, has been received at the navy department from Admiral Brown, which says: Insurgents have possession of Valparaiso. City taken yesterday morning after very sanguinary engagement. Government had advantage of a good position, but had generalship. Troops disobeyed, insurgent ships not granted. Forts not engaged. Loyal ships fired upon; also torpedo boats captured. Foreign admirals demanded guarantee in protecting lives and property of foreign subjects. I have one hundred men at my disposal. Many refugees aboard. Provisional president gone.

WHITNEY HAS'N HEARD.

The dispatch from Admiral Brown to the navy department was the only information received here today by the Chilean minister of the fall of Valparaiso. Nothing further has been heard from the minister at Valparaiso since his dispatch announcing the surrender of that city to the insurgents. Not has anything been received from Minister Egan at Santiago.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT WILL DOUBT.

It is believed by the officials of the state department, notwithstanding the dispatches to the contrary, that Balmaceda still is the hands of Balmacedis. They base this opinion on the fact that the department has not been informed by Egan of its capture. They say he would certainly have notified the department had the city been surrendered, as there is no interference with the cable line, as Admiral Brown says, so far as the department knows.

BALMACEDA NOT A FUGITIVE.

It is reliably reported that the Chilian minister received word today that Balmaceda is still in possession of Santiago, and that he has not fled.

THE JUNTA IN SOUTH TO SANTIAGO.

The following dispatch was received this afternoon by Mouit, one of the congressional envoys:

"LOTA, August 30.—Congressional government is en route for Santiago today. [Signed] EBRAZURIZ."

Consequently Errazuriz is coming.

The only news received here by the envoys of the congressional party, besides the dispatch from Lota, was a message from Lima, stating that Santiago is in the hands of the congressional party, and that they have established temporary authority looking to the safety of persons and property, and that Balmaceda's whereabouts is unknown.

IN FOREIGN CAPITALS.

Doubts and Fears Relative to Balmaceda's Fate—The Espiegle Affair.

LONDON, August 30.—The Santiago correspondent of the Times says the British naval officer has begged the insurgent party Balmaceda's silver only after an American man-of-war had declined a temporary offer to perform the same service. The press of both Berlin and Paris rejoiced at the fall of Balmaceda.

BALMACEDA'S FLIGHT.

PARIS, August 30.—The agents of the Chilean congressional party have received an official dispatch from Santiago, saying the congressional party is in supreme authority in the city. Balmaceda and Friday night, resigning in favor of General Baquedano.

THE NEWS WAKES NO DOUBT.

BERLIN, August 30.—The commander of the Chilean corvette Esmeralda, Prat, has asked the German authorities for permission to dock his vessel at Kiel.

Judge Schofield Dead.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—Judge C. W. Schofield died this morning of heart disease. He was a native of Illinois and the 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42d and 43d congresses; register of the treasury under President Hayes, and was appointed Judge of the court of claims by President Garfield, retiring last July.

Part of the Steamer Guay Captured.

Do Boro, Mex., August 30.—Marshal Wilson, with a posse of twenty men, recaptures Bob Simms and gang, of illicit distillers and murderers from Alamosa, Colorado, last Friday. Six miles right of the gang were here. Simms received twelve years.

WEST COAST NEWS.

A Big Fire at Winnemucca, Nevada.

The Business Part of the Town Destroyed.

An Electric Car and a Horse Car Collided in Oakland.

Three County Convicts to Be Bartered Before the Governor—Yosemite Fruit Shipments—Surgery at Stockton.

Associated Press Dispatches.

WINNEMUCCA, Nev., August 30.—A disastrous fire occurred here today. It originated in some unknown way in outbuildings attached to John Schmidt's boot and shoe store and spread with great rapidity. The waterworks failed utterly and in three hours every building in the line of the fire, except the Imperial First National bank building, had been utterly destroyed. The loss amounts to $100,000, with about $60,000 insurance.

The principal losses are as follows:

E. Levy & Co., general merchandise, loss, $75,000; insurance, $40,000.

John Schmidt, boots and shoes, store and residence, loss, $42,000; no insurance.

Chris Diehl, bakery, residence, saloon and auction building, loss, $15,000; partially insured.

Dr. Bennett, jeweler, loss $20,000; insurance, $12,000.

The Silver State (newspaper) loss, $4000; insurance, $1500.

Gee-wah's loss, $1000; no insurance.

Judge Bonnifield's law office and furniture loss $500; no insurance.

Gee-wah's loss, $1000; no insurance.

Judge Bonnifield's law office and furniture loss $500; no insurance.

Chris Diehl, bakery, residence, saloon and auction building, loss, $15,000; partially insured.

Dr. Bennett, jeweler, loss $20,000; insurance, $12,000.

The Silver State (newspaper) loss, $4000; insurance, $1500.

Gee-wah's loss, $1000; no insurance.

Judge Bonnifield's law office and furniture loss $500; no insurance.

Mrs. Bennett, dwelling, loss, $1200; partially insured.

The Bellmer residence, loss, $500; no insurance.

Miss Lee Chapelle, building, loss, $2000; no insurance.

Henry Warner, dwelling, loss, $1000; insurance, $500.

D. Pascale's residence, loss, $3000; insurance, $1500.

Mrs. Windle's residence, loss, $1500; no insurance.

Troublesome Glenn County.

SACRAMENTO, August 30.—Governor Markham will hear testimony and argument in behalf of Glenn county officials, relative to the constitutionality of the act organizing the county of Glenn. Attorney-General Hart held the act constitutional, but the Glenn people have appealed to the governor to overrule the attorney-general. If allowed to take the case to the court, if a trial is ordered, it will last several months, and probably a thousand witnesses will be called. The trouble is also involves the question of fraud in the election for the division of the county of Colusa.

Yosemite Fruit Shipments.

YOSEMITE, Cal., August 30.—According to a statement published in the Enterprise yesterday, there have been shipped from Yosemite valley carloads of green fruit and forty-five carloads of dried fruit, the largest by reason of the number of cars shipped at the same time last year. Edward Fisher, rather of the Yosemite valley, states that $205,000 has been paid to growers for fruit so far this season. This sum is slightly less than last year, at this time, by comparison of low prices, yet prices dried fruit has changed hands, and the returns are, therefore, behind.

Sunday Ball Games.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 30.—The fastest remarkable made three runs in the third inning today and the Tritons could not overtake them. Score: San Francisco, 3; Sacramento, 7. In the afternoon the San Francisco team had a close-contested game. Score, 6 to 5.

OAKLAND, Cal., August 30.—The Oaklands were defeated this afternoon in the game with San Jose by a score of 8 to 3. The Oaklands beginning to the end the home team outplayed them. There was a large attendance and fine weather.

An Electric Car Collision.

OAKLAND, Cal., August 30.—An electric car ran into a horse car at the crossing of Broadway and Fourteenth streets at eight, badly injuring the driver and accident said to the platform. Horse car was filled with people, and it was thought expected the electric car to stop, but it did not. The force of the shock shook all with passengers. The crossing is a dangerous one, and it is a wonder there have not several narrow escapes from accident there.

High School Entrance Under.

ALTADENA, August 30.—The county high school was opened under at ten o'clock today. The county superintendent called up solid majorities against the Altadena and Pasadena school districts give 320 majority against the proposition. There are six small precincts to hear from.

A Logger Killed.

WARTRAK, Cal., August 30.—A logger Co. Brookfield was killed in the logging woods at Rockport, yesterday, by a log rolling down a steep hillside on his back. He leaves four children in Alfonso, Ontario.

Safe Blower Open.

STOCKTON, Cal., August 30.—The safe at the Gazette printery store was blown open some time during the night. There were two employes sleeping in the rear of the building at the time of the burglary, but they did not hear the explosion. The burglars made away with a gold watch valued at $120, and a gold ring valued at $60, and a few dollars change from the till.

THE WORLD'S HARVEST.

Interesting Statistics Compiled by the Hungarian Government.

VIENNA, August 30.—The Hungarian government has issued an estimate of the world's grain harvest, based upon circular reports from all parts of the world. The yield of wheat is estimated at from 720,000,000 to 730,000,000 bushels, and rye from 250,000,000 to 300,000,000 bushels, being from 40,000,000 to 50,000,000 hectolitres below the average for wheat, and from 20,000,000 to 30,000,000 hectolitres below the average for rye.

Adverse reports to import from 10,000,000 to 12,000,000 hectolitres of wheat and 5,000,000 hectolitres of rye, countries, 10,000,000 hectolitres of wheat, and less, 20,000,000 to 30,000,000 hectolitres of rye, and France, 30,000,000 hectolitres of wheat.

Hungary has a surplus of 12,000,000 to 13,000,000 hectolitres of wheat, but of rye there is a large deficiency.

In Russia the wheat surplus amounts to 18,000,000 hectolitres, and the rye deficit amounts to 40,000,000 to 40,000,000 hectolitres.

THREE TIMES A MILLIONAIRE.

A Young Greek's Penchant for Inheriting and Spending Fortunes.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Constantine Ambargis, a young man who has been a millionaire twice, and is now clerking for $10 a week, is in luck again. A few years ago his father died, leaving $1,000,000 upon the death of his father, a wealthy manufacturer of silk goods, and proceeded to cut a wide swath. By the time he was 21 years of age, he was penniless. Shortly after he died, leaving him another million. By careful application he succeeded in squander this in eight months, when he went to the country, and made for San Francisco and beating his way to New York, where he has since resided. Now he made in Alexandria has died and left him a third fortune. Constantine says he will take care of this one.

STORM ON THE ATLANTIC.

Nothing Reports Along the Jersey Shore Badly Damaged.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., August 30.—A severe northeast storm is raging along the New Jersey coast tonight. Much damage is being done. The surf is rolling 12 feet in the high. Several bad sects have been made in Ocean Grove beach. At Long Branch the bath-houses are undermined and toppling over, and the 5th house of William Vanderbilt, is close to the edge of the North Bath avenue, on Long Branch, is entirely undermined.

A Settlement Effected.

NEW YORK, August 30.—A settlement of the affairs of John E. Plummer has been effected. His creditors will take one of his brother, Albert T. Plummer, have agreed to accept 50 cents on the dollar, retaining, however, all claims against William A. Darling of the firm. The settlement is due in part to the belief of the creditors that Darling disposed of a considerable part of the assets of the firm, and also in consequence of the uncertainty of the creditors claims against the the assigned estate.

The Venezuelan Treaty.

CARACAS, August 30.—It is stated on good authority that the reported rejection by the government of Venezuela of the reciprocity treaty with the United States is incorrect. The treaty has not been reported, but the government sent it back, asking that it be modified, for the reason that the conscious contention of the Venezuelan government that it enters thirty per cent. The Venezuelan government is willing to concede half that.

Peace Advice for Servia.

PARIS, August 30.—The Russian government has communicated with M. Ribot, French foreign minister, regarding the rumors of hostile demonstrations between Bulgaria and Servia, the porte having protested against the Servian troops, ostensibly for maneuvers, on the Bulgarian frontier. It is reported that Ribot advised Russia to adhere to its attitude and to refrain from offensive demonstrations against Bulgaria.

Excursion Train Wrecked.

CHICAGO, August 30.—This morning a passenger train on the Lake Shore and Western road collided with an excursion train on the Baltimore and Ohio at Lodi, Ohio. The rear car of the excursion train, containing twenty-eight passengers, was thrown from the track, being totally demolished. Four people were painfully injured. The others escaped with a shaking up.

Religion Free Verts.

PARIS, August 30.—The journal of the chamber of commerce today publishes a Belgian government will declare Antwerp and other Belgian ports free ports, aiming to make Belgium the warehouse of Europe. Many French and other manufacturers have agreed to transfer their business to Belgium in order to escape the burdens of the protective tariff.

The Rescue Report of Austria Issued.

PARIS, August 30.—The Austrian minister to Brussels, from Vienna, says the Austrian empress shows symptoms of insanity. The Austrian minister, among other things declaring bizarre notions to which he expresses no public. Medical experts called by the emperor pronounced her mind a grave case, being associated with an hereditary malady.

Colonel Sumner's Death.

TOPEKA, Kansas, August 30.—Col. Thomas S. Sumner, one of the directors of the banking house of Sumner & Sumner, and one of the leaders of the Congregational and Great Northern railroad, died here this afternoon.

Safe Works Burned.

LITTLE, Pa., August 30.—The Keystone department of the Pennsylvania Safe Company was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $100,000.

Wm. L. Scott Dying.

ERIE, Pa., August 30.—Ex-Congressman William L. Scott is dying at his city residence. His physicians have decided to take him to Newport tomorrow.

$13.45!

SPECIAL SALE!

For the above sum we place on sale for one week only, about 200 Sack and Frock Suits, mostly small lots. They are selected from $16.50, $17.50 and $20.00 Suits.

This will be our last Special Sale of the season. After this we will begin to tell you about our new Fall Stock, which is the largest we have ever purchased. The New Goods are coming in so fast that it keeps us busy to find room, because these extraordinary cuts in prices.

The special prices on Knee Pants and Mothers' Friend Waists will prevail during this sale.

London Clothing Co.

Cor. Spring and Temple Streets.

FINE TAILORING. MODERATE PRICES.

Our new Stock of Woolens for the season, Fall and Winter, 1891, represents one of the largest collections imported into this city, selected from the best looms of the world. We avoid the two extremes usually practiced among the tailoring trade, viz., deceptive cheapness and fancy high prices. Our work is reliable, styles correct and charges reasonable.

Polaski Bro's.

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS,

No. 113 South Spring Street, Adjoining Nadeau Hotel.

SOME OF THE REASONS WHY

The Mutual Life Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK

IS THE BEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WORLD:

Because it is the OLDEST active Life Insurance Company in the UNITED STATES and has done the most good.

It is the LARGEST, STRONGEST and BEST company in THE WORLD. Its assets exceeding one hundred and fifty millions of dollars.

It has paid in dividends to its policy holders over one hundred millions of dollars; an amount greater than the total dividends of the next two largest companies in the world.

It has paid more Cash surrender values to its retiring members than any other company.

Its total payments to policy holders exceed the combined payments of the next two largest companies in the world.

It has more Insurance in force in the United States than any other company, and has more policies in force in the State of California than the next two largest companies.

It shows actual results of profits on policies already paid and on contracts now in force that have never been equalled by any other company in the world. From organization to January 1, 1891, it has paid back in cash to its members and now (annually) is paying to them in payments $41,376,000, OVER SIXTY-TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS MORE than ever received from them, besides paying all taxes and expenses for the past forty-eight years. A record not even remotely approached by any other company.

It issues every legitimate contract consistent with human life and its policies are the most liberal and profitable known to underwriting.

For rates or description of the company's bonds, annuity and investment securities, or life and endowment policies, address, giving date of birth,

SUPERVISOR DEPARTMENT, SUMNER COUNTY AGENCY, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

214 South Broadway, Telephone 33.

ALBERT D. THOMAS, MANAGER. DONNISON & VETTER, LOCAL AGENTS.

A GHASTLY SPOT.

SAN NICOLAS ISLAND COVERED WITH HUMAN BONES.

Thousands of Skeletons Strewn on the Beach for a Distance of Five Miles. An Old Indian Graveyard.

The party who recently went to San Nicolas Island on a prospecting tour with a view to taking up government land, returned after a few days' visit on the island. They succeeded, not to exhaust their rights on land as valueless, says the Ventura Free Press.

Frank Brown, Frank Allen, who took them over, some interesting details of the trip are learned. The island is about four miles wide by twelve miles long, and is located some seventy miles off this coast, almost due south of here. The soil has all been blown off and the rocks are almost entirely bare and destitute of soil, giving the whole island a very barren appearance. On the western side sand is about the only thing seen and this has been blown from the beach clear to the top of the island, 700 or 800 feet high. On the other side of the island, the east side, they found human bones for a distance of a quarter of a mile beach. They were very thick and looked as if it had been a graveyard. They also discovered the remains of a village near on the ridge which runs lengthwise through the island. In some places the skeletons were seen close together as if they had been buried there in the same grave. The wind had blown off what covering of soil had been thrown over them, and it looked very ghastly. Bones were thickly strewn along this ridge for upwards of three miles. From appearances upwards of 2000 or 3000 Indians must have been buried there.

A stauty, which had been built on the west side, was found in a good state of the roof in sand. There are now about 2000 sheep on the island and there is a good rough grass they seem to keep fat. The party went into a cave which showed no Indian woman, the sole occupant of the island, a home for seven years. It seems that when last party was here on the island, that she jumped overboard and swam ashore in the night. She was sent by force after she was taken off. The party enjoyed the trip immensely, but say the island is not worth much.

The Coming Game in England.

At the Queen's club, West Kensington, an exhibition was given of the new game Tennis, which has recently been introduced. The game, which can be played with equal success indoor or out, possesses many claims to popular favor. It can be followed in any season, and by one or four as easily as fourteen persons at once. Skill, agility and a good eye are far more requisite than strength or endurance, and the proper manipulation of the wand by means of quick wrist turns develops and renders flexible the muscles of the arm and wrist.

A screen of wood or canvas, fixed on a light frame, and having in the center a circular aperture eighteen inches in diameter is erected. Behind this is fixed a tag net, and the main object of the players, who stand some distance away, is to throw a number of colored balls by means of the wand into this bag. The wand has at one end a peculiar shaped cup for the balls to rest in, and some little skill is necessary to retain the ball in it for the requisite time for the throw. The number of "pot balls" to be scored by each side before it can complete the first game, is regulated by agreement with the number of players on each side.

When either side has scored the number of "pot balls" agreed upon, it scores upon the second stage and it once obtains a single "scored" ball. Whichever side then first succeeds in scoring "six scored ball" wins the game. The public exhibition of the new game created much interest, and a favorable opinion of its merits was expressed by many of the spectators.—London Queen.

Two Hindrances Invalids.

Gomul is at his villa at St. Cloud, and is reported to be in very bad health. He feels he has been forbidden by his physician not only to undertake any work, but even to receive callers. The Count de Lesseps is also in very bad health, and he does not rally from the attack which prostrated him after the investigation of the affairs of the old Panama canal were commenced. But when a man has reached the age of eighty-seven every disturbance of health at once assumes an alarming aspect.

It is no wonder that the "grand old Frenchman" should feel anxious during the past few weeks, especially since the seizure of the books and papers of the company has been effected, an operation which took place some days ago. The once busy and cheerful rooms of the offices on the Rue Cassagnes were want to present has been exchanged for a dreary aspect of desolation. The fifty years of misplaced public confidence are ended at last.—Paris Cor. Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Theatre's Sway.

Ah, those are gay times up in the country, for the sway of the theatre has soon to reach to the big farmyard, and the women folk will be hard pressed to find time to make pin cushions enough to satisfy those hungry men.

Threshing time is always welcome on the farm, where it lasts but a day, like a touch of winter gayety injected into the midst of summer. Of course I am talking now of the threshing of the wheat. The big threshing machine goes from farm to farm, and the men hard around, take turns in helping out one another, and quack the girls with sweaty aprons and bare arms.

Threshing, the farmer's wife tells me, is the hungriest work there is, and you would think so if you saw the way the fellows eat. A crock of doughnuts melts away like butter before a roaring fire, and as for pies, potatoes or pancakes you have to hustle to keep up with them.—New York Herald.

A Hoss for Travelers.

The people who preach against stylish attire of dull, lackadaisic indigestion, distorted liver, sick headache, nervousness, or blues, or other disorder and waste which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will cure, should be the victims of cramp in the calf of Allcock's Porous Plasters. Work on the all of the stomach may well, and will, be expected of people that you can not always anything, and they will do it, too, if you will.

Prevent infectious and do not be deceived by worthless substitutes. Allcock's Porous Plaster is so superior to all others that it is useless to attempt a comparison.

ALLCOCK'S CORN AND BUNION PLASTER effects quick and perfect relief.

PASADENA.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. May, who was quite ill, is improving.

Dr. and Mrs. Michener leave Pasadena today for their new home in Los Angeles, to the regret of their many friends in this city.

The tennis players and many enthusiasts leave early this morning for the Santa Monica tournament. Miss Shumaker, Messrs. Batty, May and Gilmore, of the Pasadena club, have entered for several events.

Mrs. Wixlow, of Los Angeles, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dr. Lyons, the over Sunday.

Mrs. Hoag, of San Francisco, and Miss Nelms leave for a short stay at Cacapa Springs today.

Miss Lewis, of the Chellan, is spending a few days at Long Beach.

Harley A. Cooper spent four days from the Sunnemah ranch properly last week.

Mrs. Vail has engaged a suite of rooms at Mrs. Sunderland's, which she will occupy this winter.

HARMLESS.

TO ASSIST NATURE IN RESTORING the lost vigor of the system, to the body in the great mission of SWIFT'S SPECIFIC. Marvel cannot exist in the blood when SSS is properly taken, as it promptly forces them out, and cures the patient. It has relieved thousands in a few days who had suffered for years.

Mr. F. Z. Nauman, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Nebraska, writes us for years with SCROFULA, and suffered intensely from it in spite of all treatment. Finally, *Four Bottles* of SSS cured him. He writes: "Words are inadequate to express my gratitude and favorable opinion of

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Baron Liebig

The great chemist pronounced the well known Liebig Company's Extract of Beef made of the finest River Plate ox-ox, to be unsurpassed for all purposes for which it is made of cattle grown in Europe or elsewhere. No substitute can be "just as good."

Ask for the Signature of Baron Liebig on the Yellow Label and Trade Mark Signature of J. Fortune Liebig on every jar.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S Extract of Beef

For Delicious Beef Tea. For Invalids and Delicate Cookery.

LOST AND FOUND.

L. OST—AT SANTA MONICA, SUNDAY, A lady's gold watch, with initials on back and back of case, and the letters D. W. C. on front of case. Finder return to the office and receive reward. 8-31-1m.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—BAKERY, RESTAURANT & CONFECTIONERY business, good stationary trade; owner leaving on account of health. Address Box 1, Los Angeles w. 8-30-2t

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—THE SOUTH Pasadena Hotel, 40 rooms, 2 acres of land, 1 block from depot, 2 blocks from car line, 2 miles from Los Angeles, in the city of South Pasadena, the most beautiful city in the world, total number of wintering guests, and in general boarders, 1 hotel, 1 cow, 2 horses, and other stock, 1 hack, 1 buggy, 2 hacks, 1 hotel, 1 cow, 2 horses, 1 hack, 1 buggy

A GHASTLY SPOT.

SAN NICOLAS ISLAND COVERED WITH HUMAN BONES.

Thousands of Skeletons Strewn on the Beach for a Distance of Five Miles. An Old Indian Graveyard.

The party who recently went to San Nicolas Island on a prospecting tour with a view to taking up government land, returned after a two days' visit on the island. They concluded not to exhaust their rights on land so valueless, says the Ventura Free Press.

From Frank Fazzio, who took them over, some interesting details of the trip are learned. The island is about four miles wide by twelve miles long, and is located some seventy miles off this coast, almost due south of here. The soil has all been blown off and the rocks are almost entirely bare and destitute of soil, giving the whole island a very barren appearance. On the western side sand is about the only thing seen and this has been blown from the beach clear to the top of the island, 700 or 800 feet high. On the other side of the island, the east side, they found human bones for a distance of five miles along the beach. They were very thick and looked as if it had been a graveyard. They also discovered the remains of human bodies on the ridge which runs lengthwise through the island. In some places two

on the ridge which runs lengthwise through the island. In some places two skeletons were seen close together as if they had been buried together in the same grave. The wind had blown off what covering of soil had been thrown over them, and it looked quite ghastly. Bones wore thickly strewn along this ridge for upwards of three miles. From appearances upwards of 3000 or 4000 Indians must have been buried there.

A shanty, which had been built on the west side, was found buried clear to the roof in sand. There are now about 2000 sheep on the island and from a sort of rough grass they seem to keep fat. The party went into a cave which afforded an Indian woman, the sole occupant of the island, a home for seven years. It seems that when her party was leaving the island, that she jumped overboard and swam ashore in the night. Years went by before she was taken off. The party enjoyed the trip immensely, but soy the island is not worth much.