# **Module 3: Transportation**

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# **Components of Urban Transportation Systems**

### Mode

Conveyances used for the mobility of passengers and freight

### Infrastructure

Physical support of modes of transportation such as routes, stations, and terminals

### Network

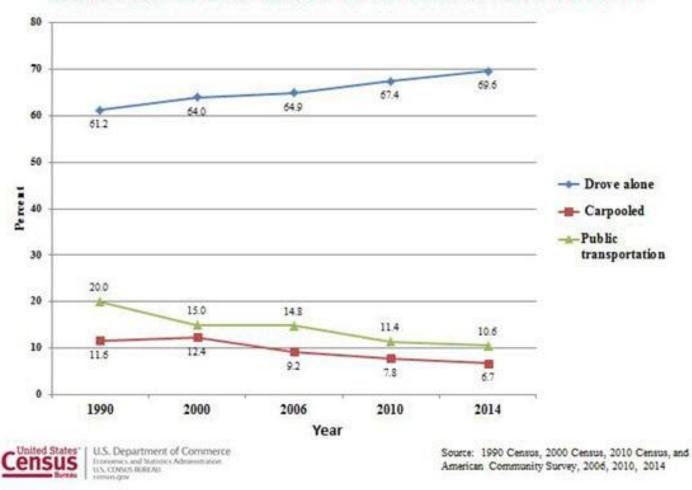
A system of linked locations that represent the functional and spatial organization of transportation

### Flow

Movements of people, freight, and information over their respective networks

### **Mode Share**

### Commute Mode Share in Atlanta: 1990 to 2014



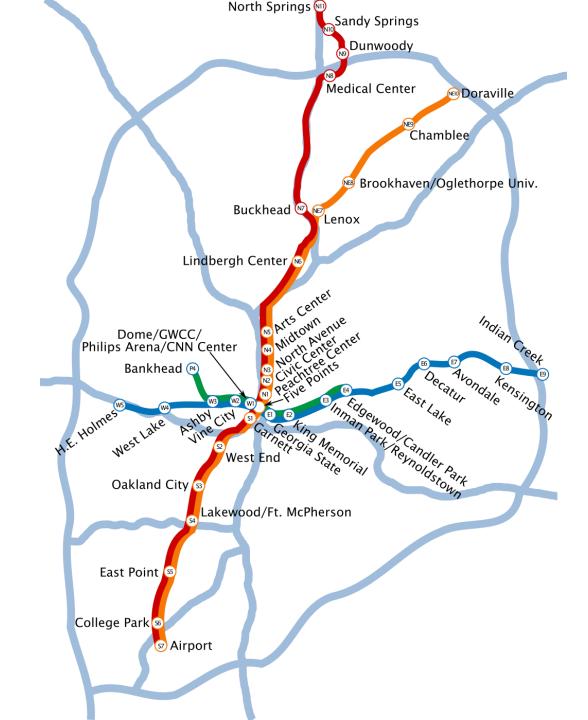
"2022 census estimates show that, of workers commuting within the city, about 68% drove alone, 8% carpooled, and 5% used public transportation. Atlanta has a reputation for bad traffic and has been ranked among the worst cities for commuters."

### **Mode Share**

#### Metropolitan areas with over 1,000,000 inhabitants [edit]

Metro area	walking ÷	cycling ÷	public transport	private motor vehicle	year ÷	Survey Area +	Country +
Detroit	1%	0%	2%	92%	2016 <sup>[22]</sup>		USA
Indianapolis	1%	0%	1%	91%	2016 <sup>[33]</sup>	UA	USA
Houston	1%	0%	2%	91%	2016 <sup>[32]</sup>	UA	USA
Dallas	1%	0%	2%	90%	2016 <sup>[20]</sup>	UA	USA
San Antonio	2%	0%	3%	90%	2016 <sup>[55]</sup>	UA	USA
Las Vegas	1%	0%	4%	90%	2016 <sup>[36]</sup>	UA	USA
Phoenix	2%	1%	2%	87%	2016 <sup>[50]</sup>	UA	USA
Miami	2%	1%	4%	87%	2016 <sup>[40]</sup>	UA	USA
<b>■</b> Edmonton	3%	1%	6%	87%	2021 [26]	CMA	Canada
Atlanta	1%	0%	3%	86%	2016 <sup>[5]</sup>	UA	USA
San Diego	3%	1%	3%	85%	2016 <sup>[56]</sup>	UA	USA
Los Angeles	3%	1%	5%	85%	2016 <sup>[38]</sup>	UA	USA
*** Adelaide	3%	1%	11%	85%	2016 <sup>[4]</sup>	GCCSA	Australia
San Jose	2%	2%	5%	84%	2016 <sup>[58]</sup>	UA	USA
<b>Baltimore</b>	3%	0%	7%	84%	2016 <sup>[10]</sup>	UA	USA
<b>■●■</b> Calgary	4%	1%	8%	84%	2021 [17]	CMA	Canada
Perth	3%	1%	12%	84%	2016 <sup>[13]</sup>	GCCSA	Australia
<b>Austin</b>	2%	1%	3%	83%	2019 <sup>[9]</sup>		USA
Denver	2%	1%	4%	81%	2020 <sup>[23]</sup>	UA	USA
Auckland	5%	1%	12%	81%	2018 <sup>[8]</sup>	MUA	New Zealand
Brisbane	4%	1%	14%	81%	2016 <sup>[13]</sup>	GCCSA	Australia
Philadelphia	4%	1%	10%	80%	2016 <sup>[49]</sup>	UA	USA
Portland	3%	3%	7%	78%	2016 <sup>[51]</sup>	UA	USA
Jakarta	1%	0.2%	20%	78%*	2019 <sup>[34]</sup>	UA *67% motorbike	Indonesia
Seattle	4%	1%	10%	77%	2016 <sup>[61]</sup>	UA	USA
Chicago	3%	1%	13%	77%	2016 <sup>[18]</sup>	UA	USA
<b>I</b> ◆■ Toronto	5%	1%	16%	76%	2021 <sup>[66]</sup>	CMA	Canada

### **MARTA** rail system



# **Transit usage and population density**

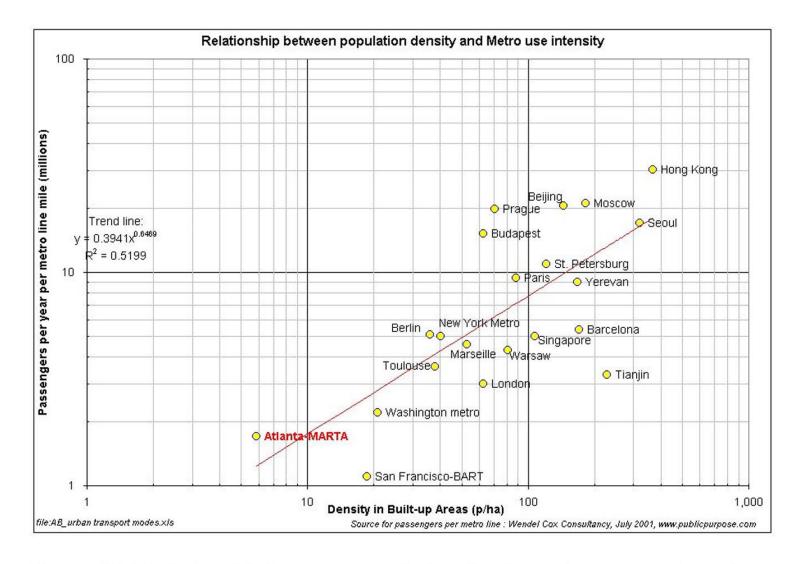
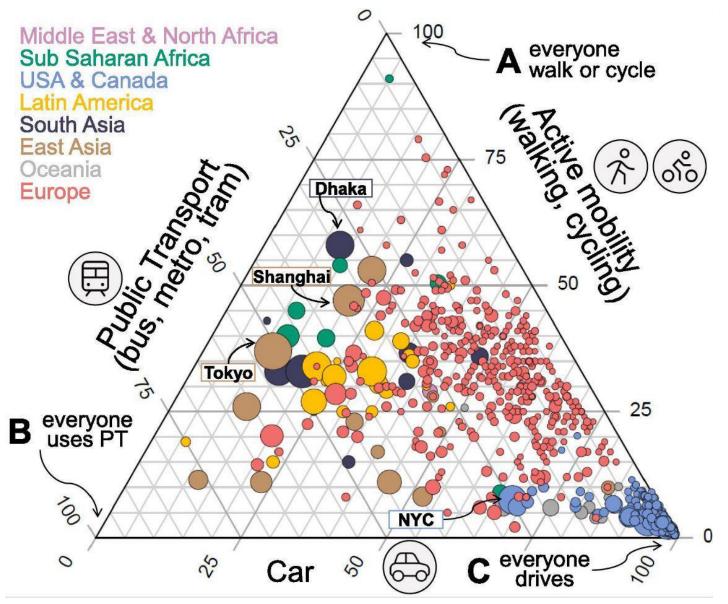


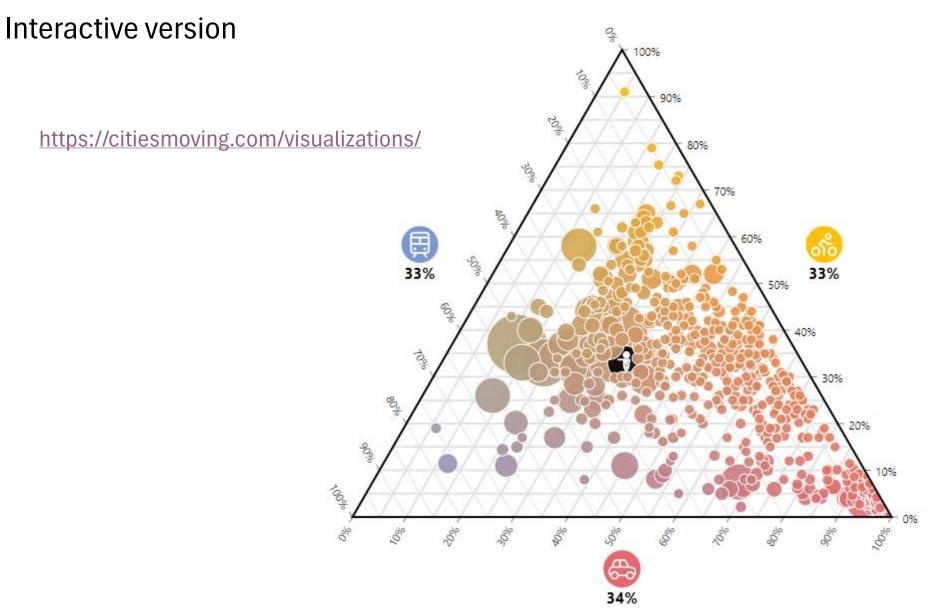
Figure 17.1 Relationship between population density and metro use intensity

Bertaud, A., & Richardson, H. W. (2004). Transit and density: Atlanta, the United States and western Europe. Urban Sprawl in Western Europe and the United States. London: Ashgate, 293-310.

# Car-dependency around the world

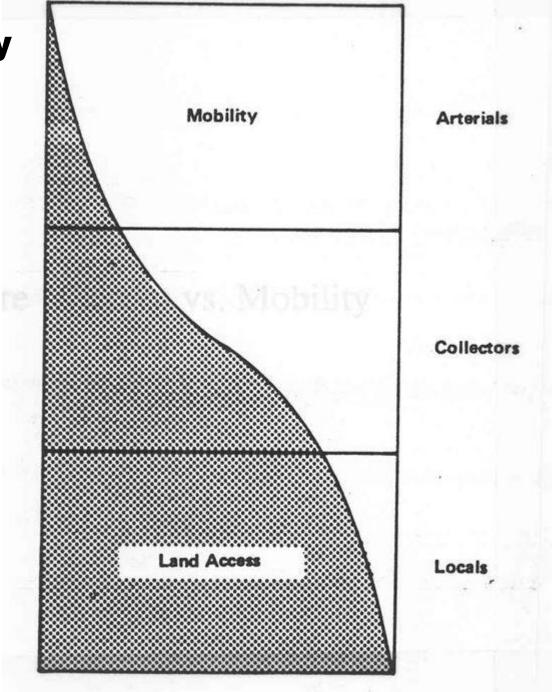


# Car-dependency around the world



Prieto-Curiel, R., & Ospina, J. P. (2024). The ABC of mobility. *Environment International*, 185, 108541.

# Mobility vs. Accessibility



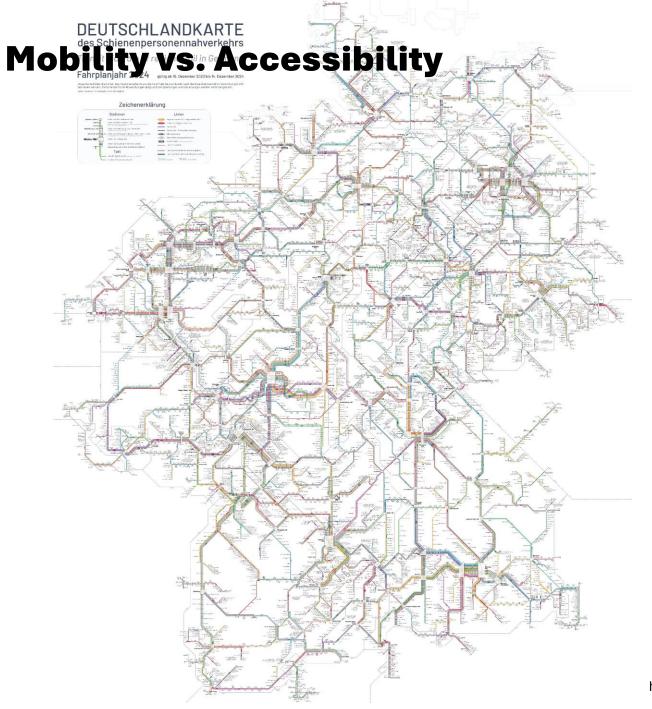
# **Mobility vs. Accessibility**

### **Mobility**

The ability to move people and goods from one place to another. Mobility is often measured by how far someone can travel in a given amount of time.

### **Accessibility**

The ability to access a particular site or area. Accessibility is often measured by how much someone can get to in a given amount of time.



#### ICE - HOCHGESCHWINDIGKEITSSTRECKEN SCHNELLFAHRSTRECKEN IN DEUTSCHLAND



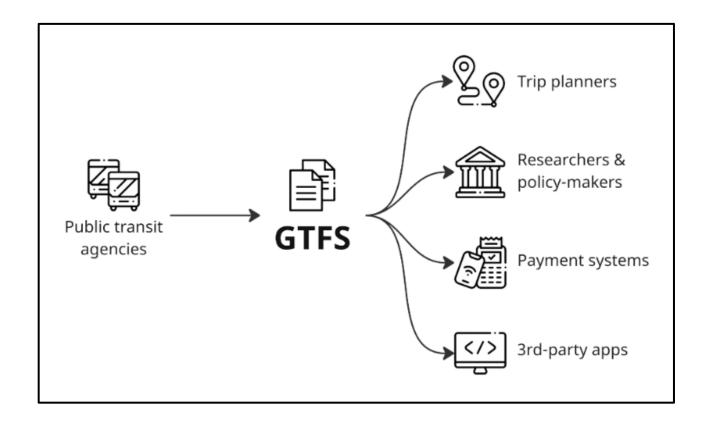
ICE Hochgeschwindigkeitsstrecken in Deutschland (schematisierte Darstellung) und alle Flughäfen. Grafik (©) 2012/2013 by flashbooks Verlag! Link: www.wiki-info.de

https://www.reddit.com/r/transit/comments/19fg3id/germanys\_entire\_regional\_rail\_network\_notoc/http://www.wiki-info.de/bahn-verbindungen-ice/ice-hochgeschwindigkeitsstrecken.htm

# **Transportation Data Sources**

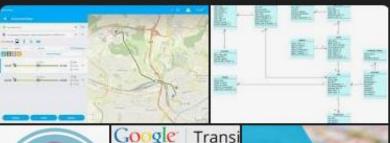
- General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS)
- OpenStreetMap (OSM)
- Household Travel Surveys: NHTS; region-wide surveys
- Sensor & GPS data

### **GTFS**



# General Transit Feed Specification

Format :





GTFS or the General Transit Feed Specification defines a common data format for public transportation schedules and associated geographic information. Wikipedia

**Developed by: Google** 

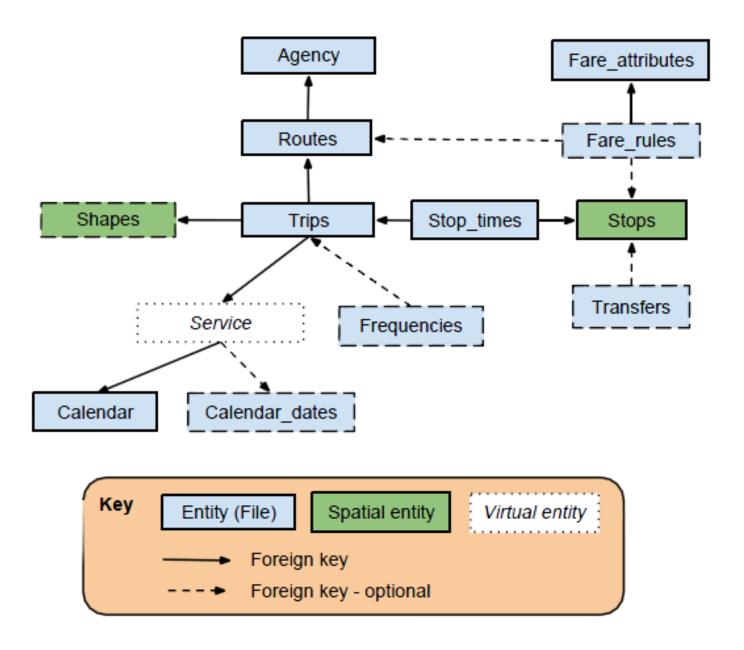
Filename extension: zip

Initial release: 27 September 2006; 18 years ago

Open format?: Yes, CC BY 3.0

Standard: De facto standard

### **GTFS**



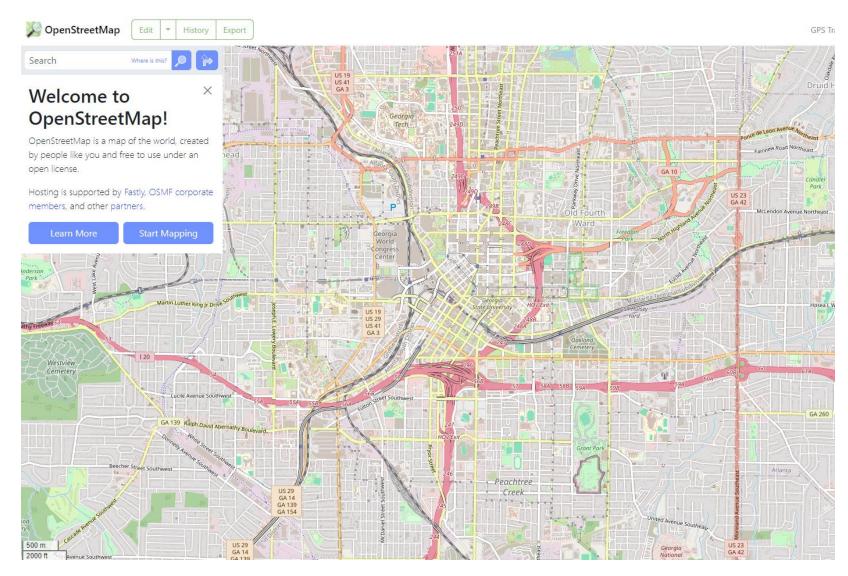
### **OSM**

"OpenStreetMap (abbreviated OSM) is a website that uses an open geographic database which is updated and maintained by a community of volunteers via open collaboration."

- Wikipedia

"The project that creates and distributes free geographic data for the world. We started it because most maps you think of as free actually have legal or technical restrictions on their use, holding back people from using them in creative, productive, or unexpected ways."

- OSMwiki



### **OSM**

#### Maps/Routing

#### General Purpose Maps

- OpenStreetMap.org (Mapnik, Osmarender, Cyclemap)
- OpenStreetMap.org with marker
- The Information Freeway
- OpenStreetBrowser World
- Mobile Map World
- OSM WMS Europe Europe

#### Specialized Maps

- OpenCycleMap World
- · Reit- und Wanderkarte Europe
- · Hiking Map World
- OpenPisteMap
- ÖPNV-Karte Europe (Public transport map)
- FreieTonne (See- und Gewässerkarte, siehe Startseite)
- OpenSeaMap (Start)
- OpenLinkMap
- Parking Map
- Wheelmap World

#### Routing

- Mapquest (Open) World
- OpenRouteService Europa
- yournavigation.org World
- CloudMade Maps World

#### Specialized Maps Germany

Mauerkarte

#### Tools

- Geofabrik Map
- bigmap
- · Place marker on map

#### Debug data

- Geofabrik OSM Inspector World
- · keep right World
- NoName Layer
- Relation Analzyer
- Restriction Analyser World

#### Analyse data

- Tagwatch
- Taginfo

#### Edit map/report errors

- Edit map in Potlatch
- OpenStreetBugs (appspot.com)
- · OpenStreetBugs (schokokeks.org)

#### Compare maps

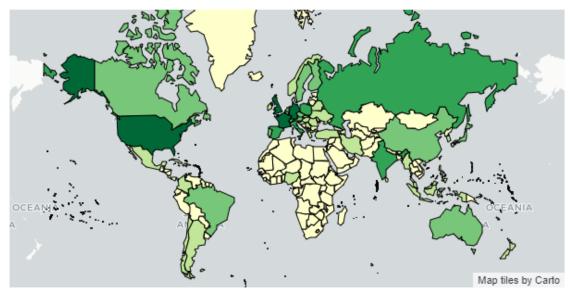
- · Geofabrik Map Compare
- · Transparent Map Compare (sautter.com)

#### Community

- Forum (Subforum: Germany)
- OSM in Twitter

#### Edits per country for Oct, 06th 2024

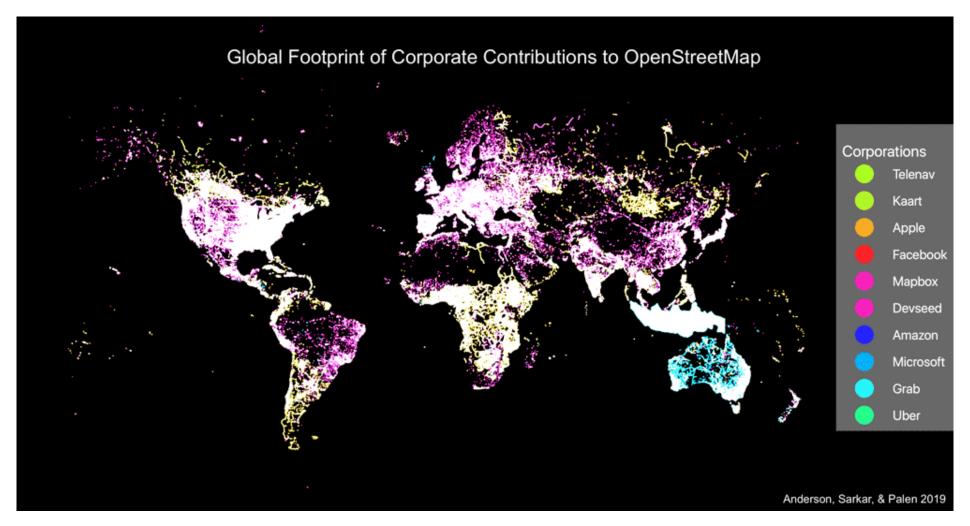
Classification by amount of contributors contributors per population contributors per area mapping activity



Notice: The changeset's bbox center is utilized for counting. This can cause inaccuracies between ~2% and ~10%.

No.	Country	Contributors (organised)	Map changes (organised)	Created	Modified	Deleted
1.	Germany	1156 (0%)	158542 (0%)	65679	84434	8429
2.	United States	600 (1%)	460338 (0%)	356760	75669	27909
3.	France	454 (0%)	137089 (0%)	74505	50298	12286
4.	United Kingdom	286 (0%)	111343 (0%)	80051	27275	4017
5.	Poland	244 (0%)	77298 (0%)	44887	25760	6651
6.	Italy	228 (0%)	84949 (0%)	54611	22342	7996
7.	Spain	194 (0%)	61462 (0%)	46094	13229	2139
8.	Russia	172 (0%)	116172 (0%)	67541	36852	11779
9.	India	133 (0%)	102814 (0%)	59235	18359	25220
10.	Canada	128 (1%)	297594 (0%)	273459	15719	8416

### **Corporate Participation in OSM**



"While we tend to think the community involved in OSM is made up of mainly individuals, there is an increasing participation by large firms in the development of OSM. Companies such as Uber, Facebook, Microsoft, and Apple are just some of the companies that have hired people to review and edit data on OSM. This often includes reviewing data captured through the use of artificial intelligence from satellite data and confirming specific observations such as roads."

### **Travel Survey**

- A data collection method to gather information about travel patterns and behaviors.
- Key components include:
  - Trip details
  - Household characteristics
  - Individual demographics
- Methods:
  - Ouestionnaires
  - Travel diaries
  - GPS tracking

### **Diary Instructions**

Use this diary to record information about **ALL** the **PLACES** you visit on your assigned travel days. Record one **PLACE** per page. **Answer all of the questions on each page for each place.** 

#### What is a PLACE?

A **PLACE** is any location where you do something. You may stay there for a long time (like at work or school) or just a few minutes (like at a drive-thru window).

- IF YOU DRIVE, include places where you drop off or pick up passengers or buy fuel.
- IF YOU ARE A PASSENGER, only include places where you got in or out of a vehicle, but do not include stops to let other people on or off.

Keep your completed Travel Diary by the phone. We'll call you to collect the information, or you can call us toll-free at 1-877-261-4621. If you are unable to complete the diary, please have a caregiver or other adult complete the diary for you. Thank you!

#### Confidentiality:

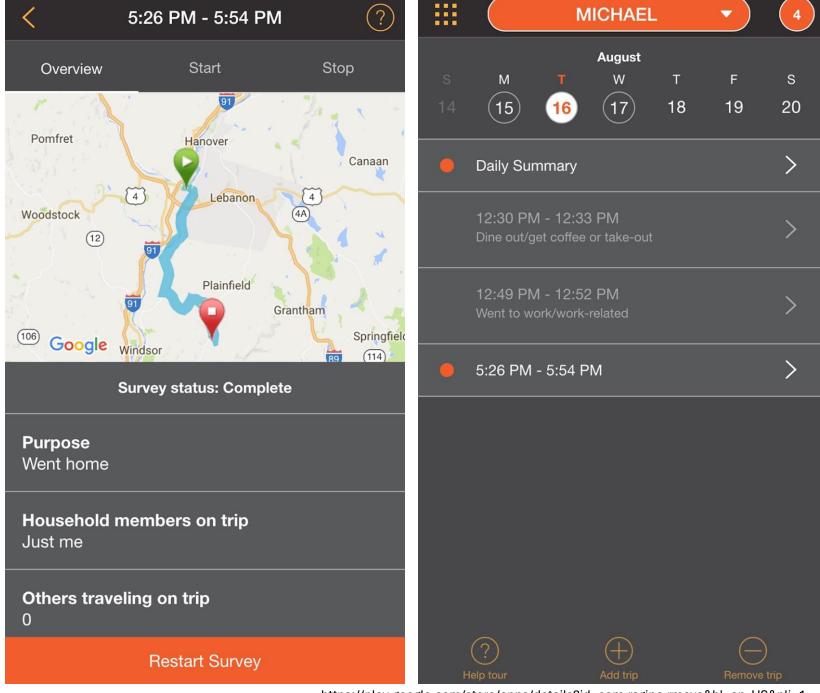
This survey is conducted in accordance with strict privacy provisions. All information, whether related to personal identity or travel and activities, will remain completely confidential. The information will not be published, sold, distributed, or otherwise made available to any third party.

Questions? Call the toll-free Survey Hotline:

What is the NAME and ADDRI	ESS of this PLAC	E?		
Sunny Farms Supermarket				
Name of place (if any)				
901 Main St.				
Street address OR nearest cross-streets				
A	TV	00000		
Anytown Gty	State	99999 Zib		
What TIME did you ARRIVE? (	Please record exact	time)		
11:35 🛛 am 🗆 pm				
HOW did you travel there? (Ch	eck one MODE)			
□ Walk	☐ DART Paratransit			
□ Wheelchair/Electric Scooter	☐ MITS Paratransit			
(not on a vehicle)	□ Other Specialized Transit or			
☐ Auto/Van/Truck - Driver	Shuttle Service			
X Auto/Van/Truck - Passenger	☐ Taxi			
☐ Transit (DART or The T)	☐ School Bus			
☐ Other:				
How many people traveled	D2 Of those, ho	w many		
with you? (DON'T include	were house			
yourself) 1	members?	1		
What ACTIVITIES did	M.S 35 S. Z I	e): 11		
you do there?	Main activity (code	e):		
(Write code from LIST 1 on flap)	Other activity (co	de):14		
What TIME did you LEAVE?	12:52 am	Nex Nex		
	10 Oc   Oll	a pin - rea		

### **Travel Survey**

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### **Travel Survey**

My Daily Travel data.

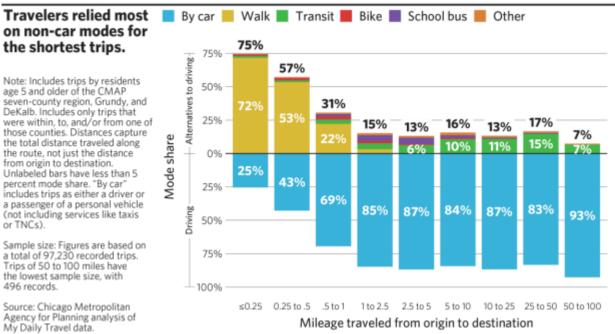
#### **Travel choices** ■ Driver Passenger Walk Transit Bicycle School bus Other differ significantly Work between peak and 12% 75% off-peak trips. Peak 72% 12% Off-peak Note: Includes trips by residents age 5 and older of the CMAP seven-county region, Grundy, and DeKalb. Includes only trips that Shopping were within, to, and/or from one of those counties. Peak trips include 22% 62% Peak all trips that were in motion between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. 16% Off-peak 70% or between 3:00 p.m. and 7:00 p.m. Unlabeled bars have less than 5 percent mode share. Other Sample size (Work/Shopping/Other): 29% 5% 41% Peak Peak (28.768/6.229/24.556); Off-peak (13,800/8,818/15,016). Off-peak 55% 22% 0% 25% 75% 50% 100% Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of Mode share by trip chain type

### on non-car modes for the shortest trips.

Note: Includes trips by residents age 5 and older of the CMAP seven-county region, Grundy, and DeKalb, Includes only trips that were within, to, and/or from one of those counties. Distances capture the total distance traveled along the route, not just the distance from origin to destination. Unlabeled bars have less than 5 percent mode share, "By car" includes trips as either a driver or a passenger of a personal vehicle (not including services like taxis or TNCs).

Sample size: Figures are based on a total of 97,230 recorded trips. Trips of 50 to 100 miles have the lowest sample size, with 496 records.

Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of My Daily Travel data.

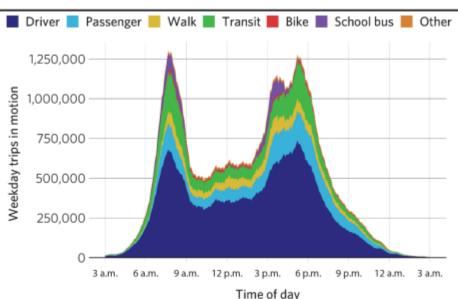


#### The morning and evening peaks in travel demand were very pronounced, although the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on these travel patterns remains uncertain.

Note: Trips in motion are 25-minute rolling averages. Includes trips by residents age 5 and older of the CMAP seven-county region. Grundy, and DeKalb. Includes only trips that were within, to, and/or from one of those counties.

Sample size: Figures are based on a total of 97.224 records.

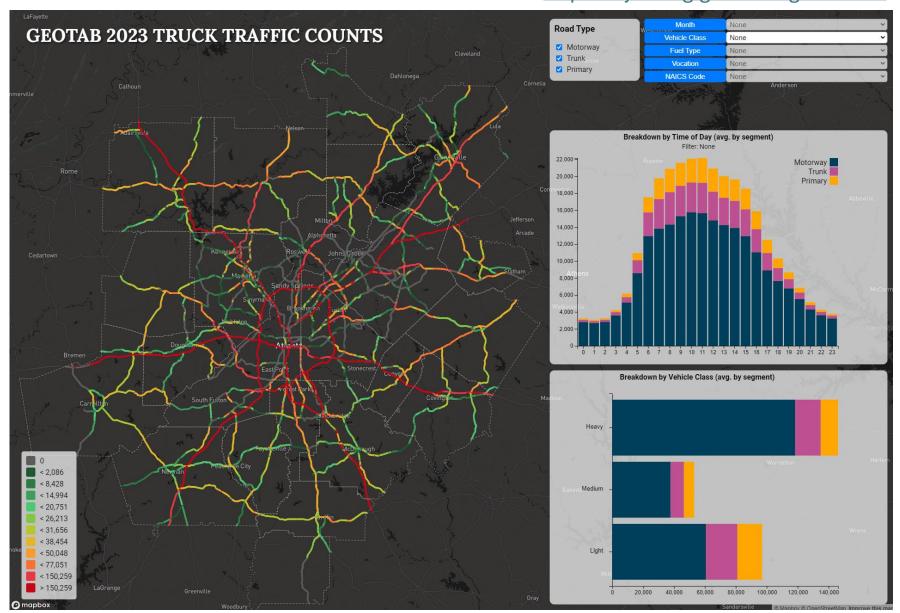
Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of My Daily Travel data.



https://cmap.illinois.gov/wp-content/uploads/My-Daily-Travel-pre-pandemic-travel-1.pdf

# **GPS-based Freight Data**

### https://ujhwang.github.io/geotab-viz



# **Transportation Data Sources**

- General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS)
- OpenStreetMap (OSM)
- Household Travel Surveys: NHTS; region-wide surveys
- Sensor & GPS data

Mode Infrastructure Network Flow