Module (JQuery Basic, Effects & Advanced) – 5

1. What is jQuery?

jQuery is a lightweight, "write less, do more", JavaScript library. The purpose of jQuery is to make it much easier to use JavaScript on your website. jQuery takes a lot of common tasks that require many lines of JavaScript code to accomplish, and wraps them into methods that you can call with a single line of code.

2. How to Apply CSS Using JQuery, How to Add Class and Remove Class in Jquery , JQuery Animation?

```
3. <!DOCTYPE html>
4. <html lang="en">
5. <head>
6.
       <meta charset="UTF-8">
       <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
   scale=1.0">
8.
       <title>Document</title>
   src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.7.0/jquery.min.
   js"></script>
10.
       <style>
11.
           div{
12.
               height: 100px;
13.
               width: 100px;
14.
               background-color: black;
15.
               position: relative;
16.
               left: 20px;
17.
               background-color: aqua;
18.
19.
      </style>
20.</head>
21. <body>
22.
       <div></div>
23.
       <button>xyz</button>
24.
25.
           $(document).ready(function () {
               $("button").click(function () {
26.
27.
                   // $("div").animate({ "left": "20%"})
                     $("div").animate({ "height":
28.
   "toggle"}).css({"background-color":" aqua"})
29.
                    // $("div").animate({ "width": "toggle"})
30.
               })
31.
           })
32.
       </script>
33.</body>
```

34.</html>



How to create slider with animation?

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<style>
* {box-sizing: border-box}
.mySlides1, .mySlides2 {display: none}
 img {vertical-align: middle;}
.slideshow-container {
   max-width: 1000px;
   position: relative;
   margin: auto;
 .prev, .next {
   cursor: pointer;
   position: absolute;
   top: 50%;
   width: auto;
   padding: 16px;
   margin-top: -22px;
   color: white;
   font-weight: bold;
   font-size: 18px;
   transition: 0.6s ease;
   border-radius: 0 3px 3px 0;
   user-select: none;
 .next {
```

```
right: 0;
   border-radius: 3px 0 0 3px;
.prev:hover, .next:hover {
  background-color: #f1f1f1;
  color: black;
</style>
</head>
<body>
Slider
<div class="slideshow-container">
  <div class="mySlides1">
     <img src="https://www.w3schools.com/howto/img_nature_wide.jpg"</pre>
style="width:100%">
  <div class="mySlides1">
     <img src="https://www.w3schools.com/howto/img snow wide.jpg"</pre>
 style="width:100%">
  </div>
  <div class="mySlides1">
     <img src="https://www.w3schools.com/howto/img_mountains_wide.jpg"</pre>
style="width:100%">
   </div>
  <a class="prev" onclick="plusSlides(-1, 0)">&#10094;</a>
  <a class="next" onclick="plusSlides(1, 0)">&#10095;</a>
</div>
<script>
let slideIndex = [1,1];
let slideId = ["mySlides1", "mySlides2"]
showSlides(1, 0);
showSlides(1, 1);
function plusSlides(n, no) {
   showSlides(slideIndex[no] += n, no);
function showSlides(n, no) {
  let i;
  let x = document.getElementsByClassName(slideId[no]);
  if (n > x.length) {slideIndex[no] = 1}
  if (n < 1) {slideIndex[no] = x.length}</pre>
  for (i = 0; i < x.length; i++) {
     x[i].style.display = "none";
```

```
}
x[slideIndex[no]-1].style.display = "block";
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

