

## Experiment based on R-JSON and Web

### AIM:

Experiment based on R-JSON and Web

### THEORY:

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a lightweight data interchange format that is easy for humans to read and write and easy for machines to parse and generate. It is widely used for transmitting data in web applications between a server and a client.

R is a programming language and environment commonly used for statistical computing and graphics. It has several packages that facilitate working with JSON data and interacting with web APIs.

Web APIs (Application Programming Interfaces) allow different software applications to communicate with each other over the internet. They often return data in JSON format, making it easy to integrate with R

### PRACTICAL 6 :

#### **CODE :-**

Create employee.json file with the following content:

```
[  
  {  
    "Name": "John",  
    "Age": 30,  
    "Department": "Finance",  
    "Salary": 80000  
  },  
  {  
    "Name": "Sarah",  
    "Age": 28,  
    "Department": "HR",  
    "Salary": 75000  
  }  
]
```

```
},  
{  
  "Name": "Mike",  
  "Age": 35,  
  "Department": "IT",  
  "Salary": 85000  
}  
]
```

**Code:**

```
# Load required libraries  
  
library(jsonlite)  
  
library(httr)  
  
library(dplyr) # For data manipulation  
  
  
# Define the path to the external JSON file  
json_file_path <- "employees.json" # Ensure the file exists in your working directory  
  
  
# Read JSON data from the file  
json_data <- fromJSON(json_file_path)  
  
  
# Print original JSON data  
print("Original JSON Data:")  
print(json_data)  
  
  
# Extract specific fields  
print("Extracted Names:")  
print(json_data$Name)  
  
  
print("Extracted Departments:")
```

```
print(json_data$Department)

# Modify Data: Increase Salary by 10%
json_data$Salary <- json_data$Salary * 1.10

# Add a new field (e.g., "Experience" with random years)
set.seed(123)
json_data$Experience <- sample(3:10, nrow(json_data), replace = TRUE)

# Convert JSON to a DataFrame
json_df <- as.data.frame(json_data)
print("Converted JSON to DataFrame:")
print(json_df)

# Filter employees earning more than 80,000
high_salary_employees <- json_df %>% filter(Salary > 80000)
print("Employees earning more than 80,000:")
print(high_salary_employees)

# Write modified JSON to a new file
write_json(json_data, "modified_employees.json", pretty = TRUE)

print("Modified JSON data saved to modified_employees.json")

# Fetch JSON data from a web API
url <- "https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users" # Example API endpoint
response <- GET(url)

# Convert response to text
```

```
response_text <- content(response, "text", encoding = "UTF-8")
```

```
# Parse JSON response
```

```
response_json <- fromJSON(response_text)
```

```
# Print API response data
```

```
print("API Response:")
```

```
print(response_json)
```

```
# Extract specific details from API data (Example: Extract user names)
```

```
user_names <- response_json$name
```

```
print("User Names from API:")
```

```
print(user_names)
```

```
# Load required libraries
install.packages("jsonlite")
install.packages("httr")
install.packages("dplyr")
library(jsonlite)
library(httr)
library(dplyr) # For data manipulation
```

```
> # Define the path to the external JSON file
> json_file_path <- "employees.json" # Ensure the file exists in your working directory
>
> # Read JSON data from the file
> json_data <- fromJSON(json_file_path)
>
> # Print original JSON data
> print("Original JSON Data:")
[1] "Original JSON Data:"
> print(json_data)
  Name Age Department Salary
1 John  30    Finance 80000
2 Sarah 28         HR  75000
3 Mike  35         IT  85000
>
> # Extract specific fields
> print("Extracted Names:")
[1] "Extracted Names:"
> print(json_data$name)
[1] "John" "Sarah" "Mike"
>
> print("Extracted Departments:")
[1] "Extracted Departments:"
> print(json_data$Department)
[1] "Finance" "HR"      "IT"
>
> # Modify Data: Increase Salary by 10%
> json_data$Salary <- json_data$Salary * 1.10
>
> # Add a new field (e.g., "Experience" with random years)
> set.seed(123)
> json_data$Experience <- sample(3:10, nrow(json_data), replace = TRUE)
>
> # Convert JSON to a DataFrame
> json_df <- as.data.frame(json_data)
> print("Converted JSON to DataFrame:")
[1] "Converted JSON to DataFrame:"
> print(json_df)
  Name Age Department Salary Experience
1 John  30    Finance 88000          9
2 Sarah 28         HR  82500          9
3 Mike  35         IT  93500          5
```

```

> # Filter employees earning more than 80,000
> high_salary_employees <- json_df %>% filter(Salary > 80000)
> print("Employees earning more than 80,000:")
[1] "Employees earning more than 80,000:"
> print(high_salary_employees)
  Name Age Department Salary Experience
1 John  30    Finance 88000          9
2 Sarah 28      HR    82500          9
3 Mike  35      IT    93500          5
>
> # Write modified JSON to a new file
> write_json(json_data, "modified_employees.json", pretty = TRUE)
> print("Modified JSON data saved to modified_employees.json")
[1] "Modified JSON data saved to modified_employees.json"
>
> # Fetch JSON data from a web API
> url <- "https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users" # Example API endpoint
> response <- GET(url)
>
> # Convert response to text
> response_text <- content(response, "text", encoding = "UTF-8")
>
> # Parse JSON response
> response_json <- fromJSON(response_text)

> # Print API response data
> print("API Response:")
[1] "API Response:"
> print(response_json)
  id      name      username      email      address.street
1  1    Leanne Graham      Bret      Sincere@april.biz      Kulas Light
2  2    Ervin Howell      Antonette      Shanna@melissa.tv      Victor Plains
3  3    Clementine Bauch      Samantha      Nathan@yesenia.net      Douglas Extension
4  4    Patricia Lebsack      Karianne      Julianne.OConner@kory.org      Hoeger Mall
5  5    Chelsey Dietrich      Kamren      Lucio.Hettinger@annie.ca      Skiles Walks
6  6    Mrs. Dennis Schulist      Leopoldo.Corkery      Karley.Dach@jasper.info      Norberto Crossing
7  7    Kurtis Weissnat      Elwyn.Skiles      Telly.Hoeger@billy.biz      Rex Trail
8  8    Nicholas Runolfsdottir V      Maxime.Nienow      Sherwood@rosamond.me      Ellsworth Summit
9  9    Glenna Reichert      Delphine      Chaim.McDermott@dana.io      Dayna Park
10 10   Clementina DuBuque      Moriah.Stanton      Rey.Padberg@karina.biz      Kattie Turnpike
  address.suite address.city address.zipcode address.geo.lat address.geo.lng
1      Apt. 556   Gwenborough   92998-3874      -37.3159      81.1496
2      Suite 879   Wisokyburgh   90566-7771      -43.9509      -34.4618
3      Suite 847   McKenziehaven 59590-4157      -68.6102      -47.0653
4      Apt. 692   South Elvis   53919-4257      29.4572      -164.2990
5      Suite 351   Roscoeview    33263          -31.8129      62.5342
6      Apt. 950   South Christy 23505-1337      -71.4197      71.7478
7      Suite 280   Howemouth     58804-1099      24.8918      21.8984
8      Suite 729   Aliyaview     45169          -14.3990      -120.7677
9      Suite 449   Bartholomebury 76495-3109      24.6463      -168.8889
10     Suite 198   Lebsackbury   31428-2261      -38.2386      57.2232
  phone      website      company.name      company.catchPhrase
1 1-770-736-8031 x56442 hildegard.org      Romaguera-Crona      Multi-layered client-server neural-net
2 010-692-6593 x09125 anastasia.net      Deckow-Crist      Proactive didactic contingency
3 1-463-123-4447 ramiro.info      Romaguera-Jacobson      Face to face bifurcated interface
4 493-170-9623 x156   kale.biz      Robel-Corkery      Multi-tiered zero tolerance productivity
5 (254)954-1289 demarco.info      Keebler LLC      User-centric fault-tolerant solution
6 1-477-935-8478 x6430 ola.org      Considine-Lockman      Synchronised bottom-line interface
7 210.067.6132 elvis.io      Johns Group      Configurable multimedia task-force
8 586.493.6943 x140   jacynthethe.com      Abernathy Group      Implemented secondary concept
9 (775)976-6794 x41206 conrad.com      Yost and Sons      Switchable contextually-based project
10 024-648-3804 ambrose.net      Hoeger LLC      Centralized empowering task-force

```

```

company.us
1     harness real-time e-markets
2     synergize scalable supply-chains
3     e-enable strategic applications
4 transition cutting-edge web services
5     revolutionize end-to-end systems
6     e-enable innovative applications
7         generate enterprise e-tailers
8     e-enable extensible e-tailers
9     aggregate real-time technologies
10    target end-to-end models
>
> # Extract specific details from API data (Example: Extract user names)
> user_names <- response_json$name
> print("User Names from API:")
[1] "User Names from API:"
> print(user_names)
[1] "Leanne Graham"          "Ervin Howell"          "Clementine Bauch"
[4] "Patricia Lebsack"       "Chelsey Dietrich"      "Mrs. Dennis Schulist"
[7] "Kurtis Weissnat"        "Nicholas Runolfsdottir V" "Glenna Reichert"
[10] "Clementina DuBuque"

```

## Conclusion :

- **JSON and APIs:** JSON is a widely used format for data exchange in web applications, and R provides powerful tools for working with JSON data and web APIs.
- **Data Manipulation:** The combination of **dplyr** for data manipulation and **ggplot2** for visualization makes R a robust choice for data analysis tasks.
- **Real-World Applications:** This approach can be applied to various domains, such as finance, social media, and health, where data is often accessed via APIs

For Faculty Use

Correction Parameters	Formative Assessment [40%]	Timely completion of Practical [ 40%]	Attendance / Learning Attitude [20%]	
Marks Obtained				