

Version: 2.0

PREPARED FOR

QA Team

Global Pay

PREPARED BY

Kumari Usha Pandey

SDET 1



Website Link

[Company's Address Line 1] [Company's Address Line 2]

"NOTE: This message may contain Privileged/Confidential Information. If you are not the addressee indicated in this message (or responsible for delivery of the message to such person), you may not copy or deliver this message to anyone. In such case, you should destroy this message and kindly notify the sender by reply email. All opinions, conclusions and other information expressed in this message not of an official nature shall not be deemed as endorsed by Stylopay Limited or any of its subsidiaries unless otherwise indicated by an authorised representative independent of this message. The recipient should check this email and any attachment(s) for the presence of viruses. Stylopay accepts no liability for any damage caused by any virus transmitted by this email."



Total estimation of completion time: 6 months

| Milestone | Description | Page No | Status | | | | |
|----------------|---|---------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 - Executive | 1 - Executive Summary | | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Introduction | | | | | | |
| 1.2 | Project Overview | | | | | | |
| 1.3 | Objectives | | | | | | |
| 2 -Scope of T | esting and Approach | | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Scope of Testing (Inclusions, Exclusions) | | | | | | |
| 2.2 | Testing Approach | | | | | | |
| 3 - Testing S | trategy | | | | | | |
| 3.1 | Risk-Based Testing Approach | | | | | | |
| 3.2 | Adaptive Testing Strategy | | | | | | |
| 3.3 | Automation-First Strategy | | | | | | |
| 3.4 | Continuous Testing in CI/CD Pipeline | | | | | | |
| 3.5 | Customer-Centric Validation | | | | | | |
| 3.6 | Security and Compliance Testing | | | | | | |
| 3.7 | Performance and Scalability Testing | | | | | | |
| 3.8 | Continuous Improvement and Metrics | | | | | | |
| 3.9 | Defect Management and Reporting | | | | | | |
| 4 - Test Deliv | verables | | | | | | |
| 4.1 | Test Plan | | | | | | |
| 4.2 | Test Cases | | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Test Scripts | | | | | | |
| 4.4 | Defect Reports | | | | | | |
| 4.5 | Test Execution Reports | | | | | | |
| 4.6 | Traceability Matrix | | | | | | |

| 4.7 | Test Summary Report | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| 4.8 | Sign-Off Documentation | | | |
| 5 - Test Envir | ronment | | | |
| 6 - Test Sche | dule/ Roadmap | | | |
| 7 - Risk Mana | agement | | | |
| 7.1 | Risk Identification | | | |
| 7.2 | Risk Assessment | | | |
| 7.3 | Risk Mitigation Strategies | | | |
| 7.4 | Monitoring and Reporting | | | |
| 8 -Defect Ma | nagement | | | |
| 8.1 | Defect Life Cycle | | | |
| 8.2 | Metrics and Reporting | | | |
| 8.3 | Continuous Improvement | | | |
| 9 - Resources and Responsibilities | | | | |
| 10 - Trainin | g and Support | | | |
| 11 - Test Closure Activities | | | | |
| 12 - Appendices | | | | |
| 13 - Approval and Signoff | | | | |
| - | Any Recommendations? | | | |
| - | Key Points (For Testers) | | | |
| | | | | |



1. Executive Summary

1.1 Introduction

This test plan outlines the quality assurance strategy for **GlobalPay**, a fintech payment application designed to simplify and secure global financial transactions. With a focus on individuals, freelancers, and small businesses, GlobalPay provides a seamless platform for sending, receiving, and managing cross-border payments in multiple currencies.

GlobalPay integrates key features like real-time payment processing, multi-currency wallets, and secure data handling through robust encryption and fraud detection mechanisms. It also ensures regulatory compliance with global standards such as GDPR and AML.

The objective of this test plan is to ensure the application's functionality, performance, and security meet the highest standards. By following a structured testing approach, we aim to identify potential issues and validate that the platform delivers an exceptional user experience while maintaining the integrity of sensitive data.

This document will serve as a blueprint for testing, ensuring that the GlobalPay application is thoroughly verified for its core features, third-party integrations, and operational scalability.

1.2 Project Overview

GlobalPay is a fintech solution tailored to simplify global payments for individuals and businesses. It bridges the gap in traditional banking systems by offering:

- Real-time international payment processing.
- Multi-currency wallet management with seamless currency conversions.
- Integration with payment gateways like Paytm and PayPal.
- Comprehensive user account management, including KYC and AML compliance.

Key Goals:

- Deliver a user-friendly platform for hassle-free financial transactions.
- Ensure robust security to protect sensitive user data.
- Maintain scalability to handle high transaction volumes across multiple currencies and geographies.

The platform is built with modern technologies, including React.js, Node.js, and PostgreSQL, ensuring performance and reliability. By leveraging cutting-edge security features and intuitive design, GlobalPay aims to redefine how users interact with global financial systems.

Auxiliary Services:

- Name and details
- If any.

Third-Party Integrations:

- Name and details
- If any.

Target Audience:

The GlobalPay application is designed to cater to a diverse set of users, including:

1. Individuals

- Users looking for a secure and convenient platform to send and receive money across borders.
- Ideal for personal remittances, family support, or managing international expenses.

2. Freelancers

- Professionals working with international clients, requiring a platform to invoice and receive payments in multiple currencies.
- Features such as transaction history and multi-currency support are tailored for efficient financial management.

3. Small Businesses

- Business owners who need to manage global transactions with suppliers, vendors, and customers.
- Includes startups, e-commerce sellers, and service providers requiring quick and cost-effective payment processing.

4. Content Creators

 Digital creators or influencers who receive payments from global platforms and sponsorships.

5. Enterprises

 Companies with international teams or clients who require scalable solutions for handling high transaction volumes and diverse financial operations.

The application is built to support a wide range of user needs, from personal finance to professional business requirements, ensuring efficiency, security, and reliability.

1.3 Objective:

The objective of this test plan is to ensure that the **GlobalPay** application meets the highest standards of quality in terms of functionality, performance, security, and user experience. Specifically, the goal is to:

- 1. Validate Core Functionalities: Ensure key features such as real-time payment processing, multi-currency wallet management, user authentication, and third-party integrations (Stripe, PayPal) function as intended.
- 2. **Ensure System Scalability:** Test the application's ability to handle a high volume of transactions, especially in global payment scenarios, ensuring optimal performance under load.
- 3. **Verify Security Compliance:** Confirm that the application adheres to industry-standard security protocols, including data encryption, fraud detection, and protection of sensitive user data.
- 4. **Confirm Regulatory Compliance:** Ensure that the platform meets global regulatory requirements, including GDPR, KYC (Know Your Customer), and AML (Anti-Money Laundering).
- 5. **Achieve a Seamless User Experience:** Test usability and performance across various devices and platforms to ensure a consistent, intuitive experience for users in different regions.

This test plan aims to identify potential issues early, mitigate risks, and deliver a robust and secure payment platform that enhances the financial experience for individuals, businesses, and freelancers alike.

2. Scope of Testing and Approach

2.1 Scope of Testing

The scope of testing for the **GlobalPay** application will include the following key areas:

1. Functional Testing

- User Authentication & Registration: Test the login, multi-factor authentication, and user account management functionalities.
- Payment Processing: Validate payment transactions, including sending, receiving, and converting funds across multiple currencies.
- Wallet Management: Ensure the creation, balance checks, and withdrawal/deposit functionalities of multi-currency wallets work seamlessly.
- Third-Party Integrations: Test integration with external payment gateways like Stripe, PayPal, and bank APIs for smooth transaction processing.
- Notification System: Validate notifications related to payment success, failure, and account activities.

2. Non-Functional Testing

- Performance Testing: Conduct stress, load, and scalability testing to verify the platform can handle high traffic and transactions, especially in peak usage periods.
- Security Testing: Test for vulnerabilities using penetration testing, validating end-to-end encryption, fraud detection systems, and data privacy compliance.
- Usability Testing: Assess the ease of use and user experience across different devices and browsers, ensuring a consistent experience.

3. Regulatory and Compliance Testing

- Data Security & Privacy Compliance: Ensure adherence to GDPR, KYC, and AML regulations.
- Transaction Integrity: Verify that the app handles transactions according to legal requirements and banking regulations across multiple regions.

4. Cross-Platform Compatibility Testing

- Device Testing: Ensure GlobalPay performs optimally across different devices (smartphones, tablets, desktops).
- Browser Compatibility: Test the application's functionality on various browsers (Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge).

Key Focus Areas

1. Payment Processing:

Ensure that all payment transactions, including money transfers, refunds, and currency conversion, are accurate, timely, and secure.

2. Multi-Currency Management:

Test the management of different currencies, ensuring the exchange rates are accurate and the conversion process is seamless.

3. User Experience & Interface:

Focus on ensuring that the platform is intuitive and easy to use for all user types, with clear and efficient navigation.

4. Security & Fraud Prevention:

Pay special attention to data encryption, secure payment processing, and fraud detection mechanisms to protect user information.

5. System Scalability & Performance:

Test the application's ability to scale, especially when processing large numbers of transactions simultaneously, to ensure no degradation in performance.

6. Third-Party Integrations:

Ensure that integrations with payment gateways, banks, and other third-party services are working as expected and do not cause issues.

- Auxiliary Services: Testing the effectiveness of notification services and logging capabilities, ensuring timely alerts and comprehensive logging for audits.
- Third-Party Integrations: Ensuring seamless integration with key partners like Company A(for payments) and Company B(for accounting), validating API interactions and data flows.
- **Non-Functional Testing**: Ensuring performance, scalability, and security, especially under high usage loads.
- **UI and API Testing**: Comprehensive validation of both the user-facing elements (UI) and backend services (API) to ensure a smooth end-to-end user experience.

Out of Scope:

- Legacy Systems: Any functionality or components not impacted by the Global Pay platform will be excluded from the current testing scope.
- **Future Features**: Features or functionalities slated for future releases will not be included in the current test cycle.

2.2. Testing Approach

Our approach is a carefully crafted methodology designed to balance thoroughness with efficiency, ensuring that critical business workflows are validated without compromising time-to-market.

2.2.1. Test Case Documentation and Prioritization

- Coverage and Depth: Test cases will comprehensively cover key business
 workflows, including payments, subscription handling, and expense management.
 Test cases will include both functional and edge-case scenarios to ensure robust
 validation.
- **Prioritization Strategy**: Tests will be prioritised based on risk, business impact, and customer usage patterns, ensuring that the most critical functionalities (such as payment processing and invoicing) are tested first.

2.2.2. Automation Strategy

- **UI Automation**: Selenium-based automation will focus on core user flows (e.g., making payments, generating invoices), ensuring repeatable, reliable regression testing.
- API Automation: Automated API tests will cover request-response validation, security checks, and business logic, ensuring robustness in all service interactions.

2.2.3. CI/CD Integration

- Continuous Validation: The automation suite will be integrated into the CI/CD pipeline, enabling continuous testing throughout the development lifecycle. This ensures immediate feedback on code quality with each release, minimising risks of defects reaching production.
- Automated Regression: Regression tests will be automatically executed with each build, focusing on key functionalities and preventing potential disruptions.

2.2.4. Security and Performance Testing

- **Data Security**: Security testing will focus on verifying that all sensitive user and financial data is encrypted and protected against common vulnerabilities.
- Load and Scalability Testing: Performance testing using JMeter will simulate real-world usage conditions, ensuring the platform can scale and maintain responsiveness even under heavy loads.

2.2.5. Test Environment Setup

- **Dedicated Environments**: A set of test environments, including sandboxes for third-party integrations (e.g., [Company Names]), will closely replicate production conditions.
- **Test Data Preparation**: Realistic test data will be used to simulate actual business scenarios, ensuring the platform behaves as expected under real-world conditions.



3. Testing Strategy

Our **Testing Strategy** for the **Global Pay** platform is an adaptive, risk-driven approach, designed to ensure that the platform not only meets technical requirements but also aligns with individuals/ business goals and delivers a high-quality user experience. By integrating continuous feedback, automation, and collaboration across teams, this strategy will minimise risks and enhance product readiness.

3.1. Risk-Based Testing Approach

In fintech, reliability and security are paramount, and this strategy focuses on addressing high-risk areas first to ensure business continuity and regulatory compliance. The key risks include transaction failures, security breaches, and performance bottlenecks, all of which will be mitigated by the following measures:

- **Risk Identification**: We will assess high-impact areas (payments, user data handling, subscriptions) early to target testing where failure poses the greatest business risks.
- **Risk Mitigation**: Prioritised test cases for high-risk functionalities, such as secure payment gateways, API integrations, and financial reporting, will receive special attention in both manual and automated test efforts.

3.2. Adaptive Testing Strategy

As the platform evolves, the testing strategy will adapt to changes in scope, requirements, and business priorities. This adaptability ensures that the testing process remains efficient, cost-effective, and focused on delivering maximum business value.

- Agile Collaboration: By integrating testing into agile sprints, the strategy supports continuous collaboration between development, QA, and product teams. This ensures that test cycles adapt to feature development timelines.
- **Feedback Loop**: Continuous integration of stakeholder feedback will inform future testing cycles, ensuring that both functional and non-functional requirements evolve to meet customer needs.

3.3. Automation-First Strategy

Automation is at the core of our testing strategy, enabling faster validation and ensuring consistency across repetitive tasks. This will speed up regression testing and minimise manual intervention while maintaining a focus on quality.

• Automation of Critical Flows: Key business processes, such as cross-border payments, subscription management, and API interactions, will be automated using

- tools like Selenium and RestAssured, ensuring that these critical paths are validated during every build and release.
- Scalable Automation Framework: We will create an automation framework that is scalable, flexible, and easily maintainable, allowing test scripts to evolve with changing business needs.

For the automation testing of the Global Pay fintech platform, we have implemented a robust framework designed to ensure efficient and scalable test coverage. The test architecture follows industry best practices to support functional, regression, and smoke testing across different modules of the application. Our setup integrates seamlessly into the CI/CD pipeline, ensuring continuous feedback and rapid detection of defects. Below is a summary of the tools, frameworks, and strategies employed in our automation testing:

| Aspect | Details |
|----------------------|--|
| Automation Tool | Selenium/ Cypress |
| Programming Language | Java/ Python |
| Framework | Cucumber/ Hybrid |
| Architecture | Page Object Model (POM) |
| Test Runner | TestNG/ JUnit |
| Browser Support | Chrome, Firefox, Safari |
| CI/CD Integration | Jenkins (automated test execution integrated into the CI/CD pipeline) |
| Reporting Tool | Extent Reports, Jenkins generated report over email |
| Test Execution | Automated regression and smoke tests, executed across multiple browsers and environments |
| Test Scenarios | Functional tests, API tests (if applicable), and end-to-end user flow validation |
| Environment | Testing on QA/Staging environments with production-like data and configurations |
| Version Control | GitHub |
| Build Tool | Maven |

3.4. Continuous Testing in CI/CD Pipeline

To ensure ongoing quality and to catch issues as early as possible, the testing strategy incorporates continuous testing as part of the CI/CD pipeline. This guarantees that feedback loops are short, and bugs are caught in the early stages.

- Integration with Jenkins: Automated test suites for both UI and API will be integrated into Jenkins, ensuring that tests are executed automatically with every build. This continuous testing approach ensures that critical business functions are validated in real-time.
- **Early Defect Detection**: By integrating testing at every stage of the SDLC, the strategy will enable early defect detection, reducing the cost of fixing issues later in the development cycle.

3.5. Customer-Centric Validation

The strategy places a strong emphasis on customer-centric validation to ensure that Global Pay not only functions technically but also provides a seamless user experience that aligns with customer expectations.

- User Acceptance Testing (UAT): Business users will be involved early in the testing
 process through UAT cycles. This ensures that the platform's functionality aligns
 with real-world use cases and business needs, providing early insights into potential
 usability issues.
- End-to-End Testing: Real-life user scenarios will be created to simulate actual customer journeys, ensuring that cross-functional workflows such as invoicing, payments, and account management perform flawlessly.

3.6. Security and Compliance Testing

Given the critical nature of financial data in the fintech industry, the testing strategy emphasises stringent security testing and regulatory compliance validation.

- Security First Approach: We will conduct vulnerability assessments and penetration testing to detect any weak spots in data handling and transaction workflows. Tools like OWASP ZAP and Burp Suite will be used for in-depth security analysis.
- Regulatory Compliance: Special attention will be given to ensure the platform adheres to fintech regulations, such as PCI-DSS for payment card data and other applicable industry standards.

3.7. Performance and Scalability Testing

Ensuring that Global Pay can handle increasing transaction volumes, users, and system complexity without performance degradation is a key pillar of the testing strategy.

- Load Testing: Tools like JMeter will simulate heavy loads and concurrent users, ensuring the platform can handle high transaction volumes during peak times. This will safeguard against slowdowns or crashes during critical financial transactions.
- Scalability Testing: Performance tests will ensure that the platform scales effectively as usage increases, with a focus on maintaining low response times and high system throughput.

3.8. Continuous Improvement and Metrics

To ensure that the testing process delivers ongoing value, our strategy incorporates continuous improvement and data-driven decision-making. Testing metrics will be used to track performance and refine the process over time.

- **KPIs for Testing**: Key performance indicators (KPIs) such as test coverage, defect density, test execution rate, and automation efficiency will be regularly monitored to assess and improve the effectiveness of the testing process.
- **Lessons Learned**: Post-release reviews and retrospectives will provide insights into any areas for improvement, ensuring that the testing process evolves with each release cycle.

3.9. Defect Management and Reporting

Managing defects efficiently is critical to the success of the project. Our defect management process will ensure that issues are logged, tracked, and resolved promptly.

- Real-Time Reporting: Defects will be logged into a centralised system like JIRA, with real-time dashboards that provide clear visibility into test execution progress, defect status, and areas requiring immediate attention.
- Root Cause Analysis: For every high-severity defect, root cause analysis will be conducted to identify preventive measures and ensure long-term stability.



4. Test Deliverables

The success of the testing process will be measured by the quality and completeness of the following critical deliverables. Each deliverable is crafted to ensure a comprehensive evaluation of the platform's performance, security, and functionality, leaving no gaps in the system's validation.

4.1. Test Plan

The primary document that outlines the scope, approach, resources, and schedule of testing activities. This blueprint will guide all testing phases, ensuring that Global Pay's financial modules and auxiliary services are thoroughly validated. It defines the overall testing objectives and provides a roadmap to achieve them.

4.2. Test Cases

A detailed repository of test scenarios for both UI and API components, ensuring thorough validation across Global Pay's core modules. This will include:

- Positive Cases: To ensure transaction workflows operate correctly.
- Negative Cases: To validate system behaviour under invalid inputs and stress.
- Boundary Cases: To test the limits of input ranges and system constraints.

4.3. Test Scripts

Automated test scripts for UI and API components, created using tools like **Selenium**, **Postman**, and **RestAssured**. These scripts will allow rapid, repeatable test execution, focusing on high-priority flows such as payment processing and third-party integrations.

4.4. Defect Reports

Detailed documentation of all defects identified during testing, including:

- Severity and Priority Classifications: Defects categorised by business impact.
- Steps to Reproduce: Clear reproduction steps for developers.
- Root Cause Analysis: Insights into the origin of each defect to support faster resolutions.
- **Defect Tracking:** Managed via a defect tracking system (e.g., **JIRA, Testrail**) for transparency and timely resolution.

4.5. Test Execution Reports

Real-time reports on testing progress, highlighting:

- Execution Summary: Overview of completed tests across all modules.
- **Defect Summary:** Key insights into critical issues identified.
- Coverage Analysis: Detailed reports on how much functionality was validated, ensuring no gaps remain.

4.5.1 Performance Testing Report

A comprehensive report outlining the results of **Load** and **Stress Testing** using tools like **JMeter**. The report will focus on:

- System Responsiveness: Under high transaction volumes and concurrent user sessions.
- Throughput and Latency: Evaluating how efficiently the platform processes large datasets and financial transactions.
- Scalability Findings: Insights into how well the system scales with increased demand, ensuring performance benchmarks are met without degradation.

4.5.2. Security Testing Report

This report will detail the results of **Vulnerability Scanning** and **Penetration Testing** using tools like **OWASP ZAP** or **Burp Suite**, focusing on:

- **Data Protection:** Ensuring secure handling of sensitive information like user credentials and financial data.
- Vulnerabilities Identified: A comprehensive list of potential security threats (e.g., SQL injection, XSS, CSRF), categorised by risk level.
- Remediation Recommendations: Actionable suggestions to address identified security gaps, ensuring Global Pay adheres to financial compliance standards and data protection regulations.

4.6. Traceability Matrix

A mapping document that links test cases to the corresponding requirements, ensuring every functional and nonfunctional requirement is tested. This guarantees full test coverage and minimises the risk of any feature going unvalidated.

4.7. Test Summary Report

A final, high-level summary of testing activities, covering:

- Objective and Scope Fulfilment: Whether all test objectives were met.
- **Defect Closure Rates:** A breakdown of how many issues were found and resolved.
- Risk Assessment: Any remaining risks at the conclusion of testing.
- Platform Readiness: Overall analysis of Global Pay's readiness for production deployment.

4.8. Sign-Off Documentation

The formal approval document, signed by all stakeholders, indicating that testing is complete and the platform is ready for release. This document will confirm that Global Pay meets all quality standards and business expectations.



5. Test Environment

The test environment for Global Pay is a critical component in ensuring that the platform operates as expected under production-like conditions. It will simulate real-world usage scenarios, including financial transactions, API interactions, third-party integrations, and data exchanges. This environment will be carefully set up to mirror the actual production environment as closely as possible, allowing for comprehensive and reliable testing.

1. Environment Setup

• **Production-like Environments**: The test environments will replicate key elements of the production setup, including network configurations, hardware specifications, software versions, and third-party integrations (Company Names). This will ensure that the behaviour observed during testing closely mirrors real-world conditions.

Url: [Production Url]

• Sandbox Integrations: Global Pay integrates with third-party services for payment processing and [Company A] for accounting. Sandbox environments will be used for these integrations, allowing for safe and isolated testing without affecting live data.

Url: [Sandbox Url]

- **Multiple Test Environments**: Multiple environments will be set up for different testing phases:
 - **Development/Test Environment**: For initial testing and bug fixes.
 - QA/Staging Environment: For comprehensive testing (functional, non-functional) and user acceptance testing (UAT).
 - Production Environment: Post-release validation.

2. Hardware and Software Requirements

- **Hardware**: The environment will be configured with appropriate CPU, memory, and storage specifications to simulate real production load and performance.
- **Software**: The latest versions of required OS, browsers (Chrome, Firefox, Safari), databases, APIs, and security certificates will be used. Configuration will include:
 - Web Servers: AWS.
 - **Application Servers**: Node.js, Java Spring Boot.
 - o Database: MySQL

3. Data Requirements

- **Test Data Simulation**: To ensure testing is thorough and realistic, test data will be generated to reflect actual user scenarios. This will include:
 - Sample user accounts (e.g., corporate Solopreneurs, Individual Users).

- Financial transactions (e.g., payments, pay-ins, payouts).
- Expense records (e.g., invoices, bill tracking).
- Subscription details.
- Data Masking: Any production data used during testing will be anonymized to comply with privacy and security standards.

4. Third-Party Integrations

- **Company A Integration**: A sandbox version of A will be used to test payment flows, ensuring accurate validation of pay-ins, payouts, and bulk payments.
- Company B Integration: B's sandbox environment will be utilised to test accounting and financial management functionalities, ensuring smooth interaction between Global Pay and external accounting systems.
- **Notification and Logging Services**: Testing will ensure that these auxiliary services function properly in the test environment, simulating how they will work in production.

5. CI/CD Integration

- Jenkins Setup: The test environment will be integrated with Jenkins to support Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD). Automated test scripts for UI and API will be executed on this setup, ensuring that each code commit is tested in a production-like environment. This will help catch bugs early and provide quick feedback to developers.
- Automated Test Execution: Automated test suites for functional and non-functional testing will run in this environment, with results automatically fed into the CI/CD pipeline for faster iteration and deployment.

6. Monitoring and Maintenance

- Environment Monitoring: The test environment will be continuously monitored to ensure its stability and performance during testing. Logs and performance metrics will be collected and analysed to detect any issues early.
- Environment Maintenance: Regular updates and patches will be applied to keep the environment up-to-date with the latest security and software updates.

 Maintenance windows will be scheduled to minimise impact on testing activities.

By setting up a robust and production-like test environment, we aim to ensure the reliability, scalability, and performance of Global Pay across all its components and integrations.

6. Test Schedule/ Roadmap

At Global Pay, we understand that agility is key in a dynamic startup environment. Our roadmap is designed to be adaptable, ensuring that we can respond effectively to evolving project requirements while maintaining a high standard of quality. The following table outlines our projected timelines for each testing phase. While specific dates may vary based on development progress and business priorities, this roadmap serves as a strategic guide for our testing efforts, allowing us to deliver a robust and reliable product efficiently.

| Test Phase | Status | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Test Planning & Preparation | Ongoing with Version [Number] | This phase involves finalising the test strategy, preparing the test plan, and creating test cases and test data. It's crucial for setting the foundation for effective testing. |
| Test Case Development | Ongoing [Mention Date or Status] | During this phase, we will write detailed test cases for both manual and automated testing to ensure comprehensive coverage of all functionalities. |
| Test Environment Setup | Completed [Mention Date or Status] | Setting up and validating the test environments, including sandbox integrations with third-party services, to ensure testing aligns with production-like conditions. |
| Manual Testing Execution | Continuous [Mention Date or Status] | Execution of manual test cases across the UI and API layers, focusing on core functionalities to catch issues early. |
| Unit Testing | Continuous [Mention Date or Status] | An integral part of our development process, unit testing will be conducted concurrently by developers to identify and address issues at the earliest stage, ensuring each component functions as intended. |
| Integration | 2 Weeks | This phase will initiate once the core |

| Testing | [Mention Date or Status] | modules are stabilised. We will rigorously validate the interactions between different components, ensuring seamless integration and data flow across the platform. |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| System Testing | 3 Weeks [Mention Date or Status] | Comprehensive end-to-end testing will be performed to verify that all functionalities meet specified requirements. This includes validating user journeys across all modules and services, ensuring a flawless user experience. |
| Functional Testing | 1 Week [Mention Date or Status] | Validation of core modules, such as Global Payment Solutions and Expense Management, to ensure they function correctly in alignment with business objectives. |
| Non-Functional Testing | 2 Weeks [Mention Date or Status] | Performance, security, and scalability testing will be conducted to ensure the platform's robustness and reliability under varying conditions. |
| User Acceptance Testing (UAT) | 1 Week [Mention Date or Status] | In this critical phase, stakeholders and business users will engage in testing to ensure that the product aligns with business objectives and user expectations. Feedback from UAT will be invaluable for final adjustments. |
| Automated Testing Execution | Continuous [Mention Date or Status] | Our commitment to quality will be reinforced through continuous automated testing as part of our CI/CD pipeline. This allows for rapid validation of changes, ensuring that new features do not introduce regressions. |
| Bug Fixes and Re-Testing | Ongoing [Mention Date or Status] | Addressing defects and conducting re-tests to maintain system stability and quality throughout the testing process. |

Note: While the durations and timelines are indicative, they will remain flexible to accommodate the agile nature of our development process. Regular updates will be provided to stakeholders, ensuring transparency and alignment throughout the project lifecycle.



7. Risk Management

In the rapidly evolving landscape of fintech solutions, effective risk management is paramount to ensuring the success of our testing efforts. At Global Pay, we proactively identify, assess, and mitigate risks to safeguard project timelines and deliverables. The following outlines our approach to risk management throughout the testing lifecycle:

7.1. Risk Identification

We will conduct regular assessments to identify potential risks that may impact the quality, scope, or timeline of our testing activities. Common risks include:

- **Technical Risks**: Integration challenges with third-party services (e.g., Company Names) or platform-specific issues that may arise during testing.
- Resource Risks: Limited availability of skilled testers or developers, potentially
 affecting testing timelines.
- **Scope Creep**: Unanticipated changes in project requirements that may extend the testing scope beyond initial estimates.
- Environment Risks: Inconsistent test environments leading to inaccurate results or delays in testing activities.

7.2. Risk Assessment

Each identified risk will be evaluated based on its potential impact and likelihood of occurrence. We will categorise risks into three tiers:

- **High Impact**: Risks that could severely affect project success or lead to significant delays.
- **Medium Impact**: Risks that could cause moderate disruptions or require additional resources to address.
- Low Impact: Risks with minimal effect on the testing process or project timeline.

7.3. Risk Mitigation Strategies

For each high and medium risk identified, we will develop and implement mitigation strategies to minimise their impact:

- **Technical Risks**: Engage in early integration testing and collaboration with third-party providers to address potential issues before they escalate.
- Resource Risks: Maintain a pool of qualified testers and cross-train team members to ensure resource flexibility during peak testing periods.
- **Scope Creep**: Establish clear change control processes to evaluate the impact of new requirements before approval, keeping stakeholders aligned with project goals.
- **Environment Risks**: Regularly maintain and update test environments to ensure consistency with production conditions, reducing discrepancies in test results.

7.4. Monitoring and Reporting

Risk management is an ongoing process. We will continuously monitor identified risks, track their status, and provide regular updates to stakeholders through structured reports. Any new risks that emerge during testing will be documented and assessed promptly, ensuring that our risk management efforts remain proactive and effective.



8. Defect Management

Effective defect management is pivotal in ensuring the delivery of a high-quality product at Global Pay. Our approach emphasises early detection, thorough tracking, and efficient resolution of defects to minimise their impact on project timelines and quality standards.

8.1 Defect Life Cycle

The defect life cycle consists of several stages, from identification to closure. This structured approach ensures that all defects are managed consistently and transparently:

- 1. **Defect Identification**: During testing phases, any deviation from expected behaviour or functionality will be logged as a defect. Testers will document the defect details, including severity, steps to reproduce, and relevant screenshots or logs.
- 2. **Defect Logging**: All identified defects will be recorded in JIRA, our centralised defect management tool. Each defect will be assigned a unique identifier and categorised by severity (Critical, High, Medium, Low) and priority (Urgent, High, Normal, Low).
- 3. **Defect Assignment**: Defects will be triaged and assigned to the appropriate development team members based on their expertise and the defect's nature. Clear ownership is essential for timely resolution.
- 4. **Defect Resolution**: Developers will address defects based on their severity and priority, implementing fixes and performing necessary tests to ensure the defect has been effectively resolved.
- 5. **Verification and Closure**: Once the defect is resolved, it will undergo verification testing by the QA team. If the resolution is satisfactory, the defect will be marked as closed in JIRA. If not, it will be re-opened for further investigation.

8.2 Metrics and Reporting

To maintain transparency and facilitate informed decision-making, we will track key defect metrics throughout the project:

- **Defect Density**: The number of defects per module or functionality to identify areas requiring additional attention.
- **Defect Turnaround Time**: The average time taken to resolve defects, allowing us to assess the efficiency of our defect management process.
- **Defect Reopen Rate**: The percentage of defects that are reopened after closure, indicating the effectiveness of the resolution process.

Regular defect reports will be generated from JIRA and shared with stakeholders, highlighting the current status of defects, trends, and any emerging patterns. This proactive communication ensures that all team members are aligned on quality goals and can make informed decisions as the project progresses.

8.3 Continuous Improvement

Defect management is not only about resolving issues but also about learning from them. We will conduct regular retrospectives to analyse defect trends and identify root causes, allowing us to implement preventive measures and improve our overall testing and development processes.

By fostering a culture of quality and transparency, our defect management approach ensures that Global Pay delivers a reliable and high-performing product that meets and exceeds stakeholder expectations.

9. Resources and Responsibilities

In order to ensure the successful execution of the testing process for the Global Pay platform, it is essential to clearly define the resources required and the responsibilities assigned to each team member. The following outlines the key personnel involved in the testing activities, their roles, and the specific responsibilities they will hold throughout the testing lifecycle.

1. Test Manager

Responsibilities:

- Oversee the overall testing process, ensuring alignment with project objectives.
- Coordinate between development and testing teams to facilitate smooth communication.
- Manage testing schedules and resource allocation.
- o Provide regular updates to stakeholders on testing progress and outcomes.

2. Test Lead

Responsibilities:

- Lead the testing team and coordinate daily testing activities.
- Review and approve test plans, test cases, and testing strategies.
- Monitor testing progress and manage any issues that arise.
- Ensure compliance with testing standards and best practices.

3. Test Engineers/QA Analysts

Responsibilities:

- Develop and execute test cases for manual and automated testing.
- o Identify, document, and track defects using Jira.
- Collaborate with developers to understand requirements and functionality.
- Conduct exploratory testing to identify potential issues.

4. Automation Engineer

Responsibilities:

- Design and implement automation scripts using Selenium and Cucumber framework.
- Integrate automated tests into the CI/CD pipeline for continuous testing.
- Maintain and update automated test scripts to align with application changes.
- Analyse automation test results and report findings.

5. DevOps Engineer

Responsibilities:

- Manage the testing environment, ensuring it mirrors the production setup.
- Collaborate with the testing team to integrate testing into the CI/CD pipeline.
- Monitor system performance and stability during testing phases.

6. Business Analyst

Responsibilities:

- Provide insights into business requirements and user expectations.
- Assist in developing acceptance criteria for User Acceptance Testing (UAT).
- Facilitate communication between stakeholders and the testing team.

7. Stakeholders

• Responsibilities:

- o Provide input on business requirements and objectives.
- Participate in UAT to validate that the product meets business needs.
- Offer feedback on testing progress and outcomes.

Resource Requirements

To support the above roles, the following resources will be required:

Software Tools:

- Jira for defect tracking and management.
- Selenium and Cucumber for automation testing.
- Continuous Integration tools (e.g., Jenkins) for CI/CD integration.
- Security Testing tools (OWASP, Snyk)

Hardware:

- Dedicated testing machines or virtual environments to simulate production conditions and for security testing..
- Access to necessary third-party services (e.g.,[Company Names]) in sandbox mode for integration testing.
- To ensure clarity in responsibilities and effective collaboration, the following table
 outlines the modules within the Global Pay platform, along with the associated
 developers and the designated tester. This structure facilitates streamlined
 communication and accountability, allowing us to efficiently address issues and
 optimise testing efforts as we progress through the development cycle.

Project Manager: [Name]

Test Lead : [Name]

| Module | Related Developer(s) | Related Tester(s) | |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| Cognito | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Registration | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Dashboard | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Profile | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Account | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Payment | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Settings | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Subscription | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |
| Log | [Developer's Name] | [Tester's Name] | |

By clearly delineating resources and responsibilities, we aim to foster collaboration and accountability among team members, ensuring an efficient and effective testing process for the Global Pay platform.



10. Training and Support

In the fast-paced landscape of software development, equipping our team with the right skills and knowledge is paramount to the success of our testing initiatives. At Global Pay, we are committed to fostering a culture of continuous learning and development, ensuring that our testing group not only meets but exceeds industry standards. This section details our comprehensive training and support framework, designed to empower our team members and enhance our testing capabilities.

1. Training Objectives

- **Empowerment through Knowledge**: To cultivate a highly skilled testing team capable of executing rigorous testing methodologies, identifying critical defects, and ensuring seamless functionality across the platform.
- Familiarisation with Tools: To ensure proficiency in essential testing tools such as JIRA for defect tracking, Selenium for automation, and Cucumber for behaviour-driven development, thereby streamlining our testing processes.
- Specialised Training in Performance and Security Testing: To provide in-depth knowledge and hands-on experience in performance and security testing, ensuring our team is well-equipped to evaluate the system's resilience and safeguard against vulnerabilities.

2. Training Methods

- Structured Onboarding Sessions: Engaging and informative onboarding sessions will provide new team members with a deep dive into our project architecture, testing protocols, and tool usage, ensuring a smooth integration into the team.
- Interactive Workshops: Regularly scheduled workshops led by industry experts will focus on advanced testing techniques and innovative best practices, including performance and security testing strategies. These sessions will encourage hands-on participation, promoting knowledge sharing and collaboration.
- Mentorship Program: We will implement a mentorship initiative pairing
 experienced developers with testers to foster an environment of continuous support
 and guidance. This will allow testers to navigate complex challenges and enhance
 their problem-solving skills.

3. Documentation and Resources

- Comprehensive Knowledge Base: A centralised repository will be developed, containing best practices, testing guidelines, troubleshooting resources, and FAQs. This will serve as a go-to resource for our testing team, ensuring easy access to vital information.
- Access to Cutting-edge Learning Platforms: We will provide subscriptions to leading online training platforms, allowing team members to enhance their skills at

their own pace. This commitment to ongoing education will ensure our team remains at the forefront of industry advancements, particularly in performance and security testing.

4. Ongoing Support

- Regular Feedback and Check-ins: We will conduct periodic evaluations to assess
 the effectiveness of our training programs. Constructive feedback will be
 encouraged, allowing us to continually refine and adapt our training strategies to
 meet evolving needs.
- Resource Availability: We will ensure that all necessary tools, documentation, and support are readily available to our testing team throughout the project lifecycle. A dedicated support channel will be established for real-time assistance, facilitating quick resolutions to any challenges that arise.

By prioritising training and support, we aim to create a robust testing environment that not only enhances individual skills but also strengthens team cohesion and performance. Our commitment to continuous improvement will drive quality and innovation in our testing processes, ultimately leading to a superior product for our users.

11. Test Closure Activities

The Test Closure Activities represent a vital culmination of our testing efforts at Global Pay, ensuring that we not only meet our quality standards but also enhance our practices for future projects. This phase is designed to provide a holistic view of the testing outcomes while capturing insights and learnings that will shape our future endeavours. The following activities will be meticulously executed during the test closure phase:

- 1. Comprehensive Test Summary Report: A detailed report will be crafted to encapsulate the entire testing lifecycle. This report will provide an in-depth analysis of testing activities, including metrics on test coverage, defect discovery, and resolution effectiveness. By showcasing both successes and challenges, it will serve as a key resource for stakeholders to gauge the overall health of the application.
- 2. **Thorough Defect Analysis:** Each defect identified during the testing process will undergo rigorous scrutiny. We will categorise defects by severity and status, allowing us to draw insightful conclusions about quality trends and areas needing attention. This analysis will not only inform our current project but also provide data-driven insights for future initiatives.
- 3. Lessons Learned Workshop: A collaborative session will be organised to gather valuable feedback from team members, developers, and stakeholders. This workshop will facilitate open discussions about successes and challenges faced during testing, helping us identify best practices and areas for improvement. Documenting these insights will fortify our testing methodologies and foster a culture of continuous improvement.
- 4. Archiving of Test Artefacts: All essential test artefacts—ranging from test cases and scripts to test data—will be systematically archived. This ensures that critical knowledge is preserved for future reference, enabling new team members to leverage prior learnings and improving overall testing efficiency in subsequent projects.
- 5. **Formal Stakeholder Sign-off:** We will engage stakeholders for formal sign-off, confirming that testing has been executed satisfactorily and that the application meets the defined quality criteria. This step solidifies the alignment between our testing outcomes and business objectives, fostering trust and transparency.
- 6. Seamless Transition to Production: In collaboration with the deployment team, we will ensure a smooth transition of the tested application into the production environment. This involves detailed communication regarding any known issues, recommendations, and necessary workarounds, ensuring that the deployment is executed without disruption.

By diligently implementing these Test Closure Activities, we aim to not only validate the quality of our product but also to refine our testing practices. This comprehensive approach reflects our commitment to excellence and continuous enhancement at Global Pay, ultimately driving success in delivering robust and reliable solutions to our stakeholders.

12. Appendices

This section provides supplementary information and resources that support the contents of this test plan.

12.1 Glossary of Terms

- **Test Case**: A set of conditions or variables under which a tester will determine whether an application or software system is working correctly.
- **UAT (User Acceptance Testing)**: A phase of testing where real users test the software to ensure it meets their needs and requirements.
- CI/CD (Continuous Integration/Continuous Deployment): A practice that
 encourages frequent code changes and automated testing to ensure quality and
 quick delivery.

12.2 Templates

- **Test Case Template**: A standardised format used to create detailed test cases for both manual and automated testing.
- **Bug Report Template**: A structured format for reporting defects identified during testing, ensuring clarity and consistency in communication.

12.3 Tools and Software

- Jira: Used for issue tracking and project management.
- Selenium: A widely used automation tool for testing web applications.
- Cucumber: A framework that supports behaviour-driven development (BDD) for writing tests in a human-readable format.

12.4. Reference Documents

• Nium's API Document: [https://docs.nium.com]

12.5. Contact Information

For any questions or further information regarding this test plan, please contact:

Kumari Usha Pandey

Role: SDET-1

Email: [usha@stylopay.com]

Skype: [live:.cid.fe4788f094313ff6]

12.5. Change Log

| Version | Date | Description of Changes | Author |
|---------|--------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1.0 | [Date] | Test plan and test Strategy | Kumari Usha Pandey |
| 2.0 | [Date] | Integration of few more Indices | Kumari Usha Pandey |

Approval and Signoff

Sign-Off and Request for Recommendations

In my capacity as the lead tester at Global Pay, I have meticulously crafted this test plan to provide a structured and strategic roadmap for our testing processes. This document has been prepared with a deep understanding of our product goals and the dynamic nature of our startup environment.

Given the critical role that quality assurance plays in the success of our platform, I would like to invite the key stakeholders—our Team Lead, Project Manager, and Directors—to review this plan. Your expert feedback and recommendations are highly valued to ensure that the approach we adopt is robust, comprehensive, and in alignment with both our technical and business objectives.

Please provide any insights or suggestions that could further refine this plan, helping us to continually enhance the quality of our product and meet our shared business goals.

| | , | • | , | • | | J | |
|-----------|----------|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| Signatur | es: | | | | | | |
| Team Le | ad: | | | | | | |
| Project N | Manager: | | | | | | |
| Directors | s: | | | | | | |

Any Recommendations?