

JSON Mappings

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Agenda

- Data mapping with JSON
- 2. Hands-on 1

- 3. Example mapping with MAST-U
- 4. Hands-on 2

5. Work-site visit



Outline



1) Introduction

- Example of End Goal
- Underlying Workflow
- Motivation and History
- Aims
- Infrastructure

3) Techniques + Tools

- JSON
- Inja for templating
- External Libraries
 - Nlohmann
 - GSL
 - ExprTK
- Validation and testing

2) Design, Structure, + Philosophy

- JSON mapping files
 - Directory structure
- Map types
 - VALUE
 - DIMENSION
 - PLUGIN
 - EXPR
 - CUSTOM
- Mapping File Validation

4) Implementation

- Random examples
- DRAFT examples
- Hands-on taster



Goal: MAST-U Mappings

"Pick a card, any card"



Select MAST-U shot

MU01: 43306 – 45513

MU02: 45514 – 47174

MU03: 47175 – Present

Select IDS to map

- magnetics
- pf_active
- pf_passive
- wall
- tf
- pulse_schedule

Live Demo

Wish me luck...



What Is Actually Happening?



```
IMAS Data Request
                              Inspect Mappings
                                                            Retrieve Experimental Data
                              UDA Server (remote host)
IMAS Client (local machine)
                                                            UDA Server (remote host)
                                                                                        DB
   MAST-U Example
   HOST = 'data.mastu.ukaea.uk'
                                                            Apply Transformations
   PORT = 56565
   MACHINE = 'MASTU'
                                                            UDA Server (remote host)
   SHOT = 45272
   IDS NAME = 'magnetics'
                                                            Return to IDS
   entry = imas.DBEntry(
             f'imas://{HOST}:{PORT}/uda?'
                                                            IMAS Client (local machine)
             f'mapping={MACHINE}&path=/&'
             f'shot={SHOT}', 'r'
   ids = entry.get(IDS NAME)
```

(Access Layer 5.0.0 Syntax)

imas://data.mastu.ukaea.uk:56565/uda?mapping=MASTU&path=/&shot=45272

Requires IP whitelist to externally access data.mastu.ukaea.uk



On Second thought.. I want to map JET data



Select JET pulse

 99518 – 99530 (not 99524 please)

Select IDS to map

- summary,
- summary,
- summary,
- .. or summary

Live Demo

Example - imas://<jet.server.jdc.uk>:<56560>/uda?mapping=JET&path=/&shot=99518



More Adventurous Example



DRAFT data: Definitely Real And Functioning Tokamak

Synthetic/dummy data created for the purpose of mapping (more in Hands-on)

```
"/APF/PF_COIL_0_tnp/z/data_type": "float",
"/APF/PF_COIL_0_tnp/z/data_rank": 1,
"/APF/PF COIL 0 tnp/width/data":
    0.1044773547119372,
   0.936980128743582
   0.12232255455261487
   0.502203923367993
   0.663690150629852
   0.6505158717454598
   0.24603096961743443
   0.13362911260516797
"/APF/PF_COIL_0_tnp/width/data_type": "float",
"/APF/PF_COIL_0_tnp/width/data_rank": 1,
"/APF/PF_COIL_0_tnp/height/data": [
    0.8199911891860594
   0.3913354569236497
   0.4495548442164511
   0.03338401464628249
   0.911362444782734
   0.9422272465629742
   0.3299225594094807
   0.5155881664835099
   0.3054102722331802
   0.3390917152215591
"/APF/PF_COIL_0_tnp/height/data_type": "float",
"/APF/PF_COIL_0_tnp/height/data_rank": 1,
"/APF/PF COIL 1 tgr/current/data":
```

```
Available Shots

45460, 48067, 48079

IDS to map

magnetics, pf_active, ....
```

Live Demo



Motivation: Mapping in the Past



JET Mappings

JET PPF >> CPO >> IDS Limited number of mappings (mapped by JH)

Mappings defined in XML files in two stages

— uses EXP2IMAS tool

MAST Mappings

Previously used the IDAM database for mappings

IMAS IDS path mapped to an entry in the database

- Corresponds to a function call
- 1) slow,
- 2) hard to maintain and update,
- lacking features,
- 4) opaque

```
TF/8 FIELD TOR VACUUM R/DATA ERROR UPPER

ALL/TOS PROPERTIES/HONGGENEOUS TIME

ALL/TOS PROPERTIES/HONGGENEOUS TIME

EFITMAGOML::put(value=2, type=int, unique=6447)

FETTMAGOML::put(value=1, type=int, unique=6448)

ALL/TOS PROPERTIES/HONGGENEOUS TIME

EFITMAGOML::put(value=1, type=int, unique=6448)

ALL/TOS PROPERTION 20/1/TYPE/THOREX

EFITMAGOML::put(value=1, type=int, unique=645)

ALL/TOS PROPERTION 20/1/TYPE/PLOS PROPERTION

EFITMAGOML::put(value=1, type=int, unique=645)

ALL/TOS PROPERTION 20/1/LIMITER/UNIT/J/COUTLINE/R/SHAPE OF

ALL/TOS PROPERTION 20/1/LIMITER/UNIT/J/OUTLINE/R/SHAPE OF

ALL/TOS PROPERTION 20/1/LIMITER/UNIT/J/OUTLINE/R/SHAPE OF

ALL/TOS PROPERTION 20/1/LIMITER/UNIT/J/OUTLINE/R/SHAPE OF

EFITMAGOMM::put(value=1, type=int, unique=645)

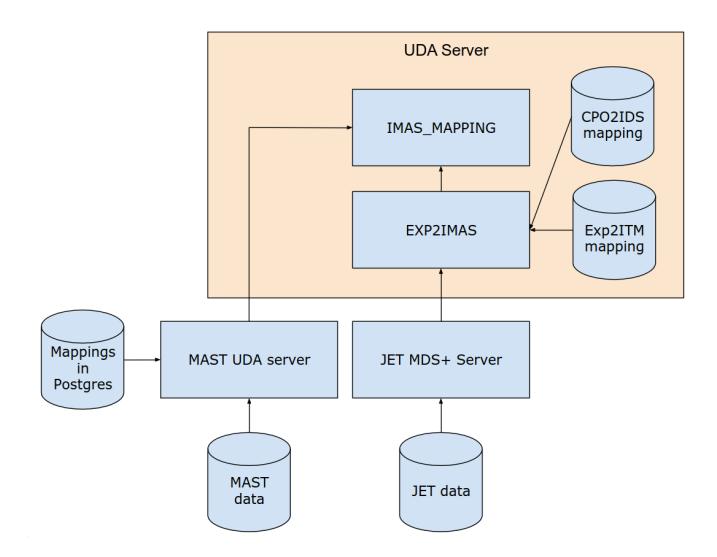
EFITMAGOMM::put(value=1, type=int,
```

+ numerous other secret techniques people kept quiet



Motivation: Mapping in the Past







Motivation: What Do We Need?



1) Speed!

Dynamic mappings on the fly, reducing storage, map in bulk

2) Portable

Setup server and client easily, in theory on any machine or architecture

3) Human Readable

Transparent, manageable by ROs and diagnosticians

4) Reproducible and Self-Describing

Easily updateable, version controlled, available metadata and provenance, can handle iterations to the DD

5) New Development: Machine Agnostic

Framework and functionality not specific to MAST-U



Infrastructure/Design Ideas (MAST-U)



Backend/Plugin (Open Repo)

- Reroutes IDS/IMAS to relevant point Diverts/routes requests and forward to appropriate
- Loads experiment mappings
 Parse and manipulate JSON objects
- Written in C++ (interface to legacy C)
 Utilise UDA backend
- Interface with UDA
 Tool already used for MAST-U data access
- Handle:
 - experimental data retrieval, (NetCDF, geometry XMLs, images)
 - type conversion,(IMAS types int, double, complex)
 - de-serialisation, tree traversal,
 (data often stored in complex structures)
 - and data output.
 (appropriately place on the DataBlock)

Mapping Files (Machine Specific Repo)

- Mappings from MAST-U signal to DD entry defined in mapping files per IDS
- Human readable (JSON)
- Managed by ROs and experts with no interface with the server or backend
- Handles multiple DD versions and updates

...not complicated at all



Mapping Files: JSON



JSON stands for **J**ava**S**cript **O**bject **N**otation

A lightweight format for storing and transporting data (used in web servers)

JSON is "self-describing" and easy to understand (compared to XML in my opinion)

```
"name": "Adam Parker",
"profession": "Data Manager",
"age": 32,
"address": {
    "city": "Oxford",
    "postal_code": "OX123456",
    "country": "England"
},
"languages": ["C++", "Python", "JSON"],
"contact": [
    {
        "name": "Twitter",
        "link": "https://X.com/donthaveone"
    },
    {
        "name": "email",
        "link": "mailto:adam.parker@ukaea.uk"
    }
}
```

Data is stored in key-value pairs

Multiple data types:

- strings,
- ints,
- floats,
- arrays,
- objects,
- etc.



Mapping Files: Directory Structure



Syntax / Naming / Helper file

<ids name>/globals.json

+

JSON Mapping File

<ids name>/mappings.json

Note, a top-level non-ids specific globals.json is included to avoid duplication



Mappings are separated by DD version

Version specified by the IMAS client requesting the given IDS decides which mappings are used

Example DD $3.X.X \rightarrow 4.0.0$:

- global_quantities/li → li_3,
- local/magnetic_axis/b_field → b_field_tor
- distribution/global_quantities/thermalisation → thermalization





Mapping Files: Top-level globals.json



```
"UNIT SF": 1000.
    "COMMENT": "Random comment description about the
mappings file of this machine, if necessary",
    "DEG2RAD": 0.0174532925199.
    "PLUGIN ARGS": {
        "DRAFT JSON": {
            "source": "{{ shot }}",
        },
        "UDA": {
            "source": "{{ shot }}",
            "host": "uda2.hpc.1",
            "port": "56565"
```

PLUGIN_ARGS keyword object used to define extra required fields for each plugin, these are forwarded on to the server

Variables in here can be used for templated by any IDS



Mapping Files: Per IDS globals.json



```
"COIL_NAMES_GEOM": [
    "d1-upper", "d2-upper", "d3-upper", "d5-upper", "d6-upper", "d7-upper", "dp-upper",
    "p4-upper", "p5-upper", "p6-upper", "px-upper", "d1-lower", "d2-lower", "d3-lower",
    "d5-lower", "d6-lower", "d7-lower", "dp-lower", "p4-lower", "p5-lower", "p6-lower",
    "px-lower", "p1-inner", "p1-outer", "pc"
],
    "COIL_NAMES": [
        "D1U", "D2U", "D3U", "D5U", "D6U", "D7U", "DPU", "P4U",
        "P5U", "P6U", "PXU", "D1L", "D2L", "D3L", "D5L", "D6L",
        "D7L", "DPL", "P4L", "P5L", "P6L", "PXL"
],
    "UNIT_SF": 1000.0,
...
}
```

Global keys, values, and names unique to each experiment/IDS (– Used in templating and expression evaluation)

MAST-U real example COIL_NAMES used to access signal : /AMC/FLUX_LOOPS/D1U

MAST-U currents are also in kAmps so are scaled by UNIT_SF for the IDS



Mapping Files: Map Types



Strategy

Mapping type / transformations: (~90% of cases)

- Value mapping
- Direct unmodified mapping
- Simple mathematical operation (+/x by float)
- Slice/Concatenate/Transpose
- Slightly more complicated mathematical expression

... and then 10% of 'cross that bridge when we get to it'

Aims of strategy

- common framework,
- reduce code duplication,
- stop unnecessary machine specific operations

"Fine line between mapping, post-processing, and analysis"

- Wise Data Manager, 2023 Beginners Guide to IMAS Mapping



Mapping Types: VALUE



```
"ids properties/homogeneous time": {
    "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
   "VALUE": 0
},
"test_signal/value_map_float": {
    "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
    "VALUE": 4.5
},
"test_signal/value_map_string": {
    "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
    "VALUE": "Hello World"
},
"test signal/value map array": {
    "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
    "VALUE": [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
},
```

Very simple, hard-coded value, retrieved from mapping file on request

JSON library handles implicit type deduction

(Please get in touch if type not supported)



Mapping Types: DIMENSION



```
"coil/element": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "DIMENSION",
    "DIM_PROBE": "_random/data"
},
    ""_random/data": {
        "MAP_TYPE": "VALUE",
        "VALUE": [1, 6, 3, 2, 10]
},
    ...
}
```

Reference another mapping within the file (using DIM_PROBE)

and take the size of the returned data

In this simple case **coil/element** would return **5**

This mapping type is mostly used when the probe is actual data retrieval

E.g. on MAST-U
R positions of pf_active coil elements
are stored as an array for the number
of elements



Mapping Types: PLUGIN

```
{
    "b field pol probe[#]/field": {
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
       "PLUGIN": "UDA",
        "ARGS": {
            "signal": "/AMB/PICKUP/{{ BPOL NAME }}"
    },
    "random data/signal/current": {
       "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
        "PLUGIN": "MY DATA READER",
        "ARGS": {
            "name": "/MY DATA/SIGNAL",
            "key": "current"
    },
```

MAST-U - Example

```
UK Atomic
Energy
Authority
```

```
IDS field
b_field_pol_probe[1]/field

MAST-U UDA plugin request
UDA::get(signal=/AMB/PICKUP/B_BL1_N04, ...)
(More on templating later)
```

```
IDS field
random_data/signal/current

Plugin request
MY_DATA_READER::get(
    name=/MY_DATA/SIGNAL,
```

Random Data - Example

key=current,

Map type to generate plugin requests to return relevant data For MAST-U this could be UDA but also could be your data read plugin



Mapping Types: PLUGIN Extensions



```
{
    "b field pol probe[#]/field": {
                                                              MAST-U UDA plugin request
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
                                                              UDA::get(signal=/AMB/PICKUP/B BL1 N04, ...)
        "PLUGIN": "UDA",
        "ARGS": {
                                                              Data will be offset by 4.5
                                                              Scalar signal: 2.0 - returns: 6.5
            "signal": "/AMB/PICKUP/{{ BPOL NAME }}"
                                                              Array signal: [1.3, 4.5, 3.3] - returns [5.8, 9.0, 7.8]
        },
        "OFFSET": 4.5
   },
     "ip[#]": {
                                                              MAST-U UDA plugin request
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
                                                              UDA::get(signal=/AMC/PLASMA CURRENT, ...)
        "PLUGIN": "UDA",
        "ARGS": {
                                                              Data to be scaled by 1000
            signal": "/AMC/PLASMA CURRENT"
                                                              Works with both scalar and array data (1D)
                                                              MAST-U plasma current (kAmps) x 1000
        "SCALE": 1000.0
                                                              --- IDS plasma current (Amps)
    },
```

Simple mathematical operation extension to PLUGIN map type

Note: can be combined



Mapping Types: PLUGIN Extensions



```
{
    "b field_pol_probe[#]/field": {
       "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
       "PLUGIN": "UDA",
        "ARGS": {
            "signal": "/AMB/PICKUP/{{ BPOL NAME }}"
        },
       "SLICE": "[1]" (string type)
   },
     "adams function example/current": {
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
       "PLUGIN": "MY PLUGIN",
        "ARGS": {
           signal": "/ADAM/PLASMA CURRENT"
        "FUNCTION": "my func"
    },
```

```
SLICE – Work in Progress
```

UDA::get(signal=/AMB/PICKUP/B_BL1_N04, ...)[1]

Slice functionality appended to request Relies on UDA server-side slicing and user knowledge of requested data and dimensions (tests ongoing)

Slice to get 2nd element Array signal: [1.3, 4.5, 3.3] - returns 4.5

FUNCTION

```
MY_PLUGIN::my_func(
    signal=/ADAM/PLASMA_CURRENT, ...
)
```

Default PLUGIN function is 'get' FUNCTION variable if present described a separate function within your plugin to call

Simple mathematical operation extension to PLUGIN map type

Note: can be combined



Mapping Type: EXPR



```
{
   "b field pol probe[#]/poloidal angle": {
       "MAP TYPE": "EXPR",
       "PARAMETERS": {
           "Z": " pickup[#]/unit vector/Z",
           "R": "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/R"
       },
       "EXPR": "2*PI-atan2(Z,R)"
   },
    "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/Z": {
       "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/R": {
       "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
```

```
EXPR
"b_field_pol_probe[4]/poloidal_angle"

Retrieves _pickup[4]/unit_vector/Z assigns to Z

Retrieves _pickup[4]/unit_vector/R assigns to R

Evaluates 2*PI - atan2(Z/R)

Returns result to data_block and IMAS
```

Implementation of third-party C++ Mathematical Expression Toolkit Very powerful manipulation of data, many preset functions available



Mapping Types: CUSTOM



```
{
    "custom/concat_example": {
        "MAP TYPE": "CUSTOM",
        "CUSTOM TYPE": "CONCAT",
        "ARGS": {
            "example/unit vector/A",,
            "example/unit vector/B",
            "example/unit vector/C"
    },
     "example/unit_vector/A": {
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
     "example/unit_vector/B": {
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
     "example/unit vector/C": {
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
```



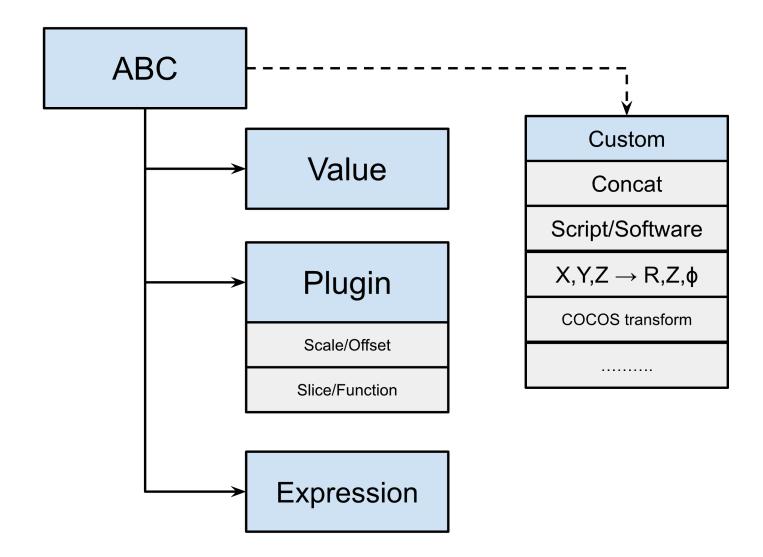


Custom Function Library for all machines?



Custom Function Library







Tools: *Inja* for Dynamic Templating



Inja is a template engine for modern C++, loosely inspired by **jinja** for python (syntax also commonly used in static web development)

```
Simple Example
name = "World";
post_inja_string = inja::render("Hello {{ name }}!", name);
-> "Hello World!"
JSON Mapping Example
"SPECIAL COIL": "P1",
"COIL NAMES": ["D1U", "D2U", "D3U"],
"signal": "/AMC/PF COIL/{{ SPECIAL COIL }}",
-> "/AMC/PF COIL/P1"
"signal 2": "/AMC/PF COIL/{{ at(COIL NAMES, 2) }}"
-> "/AMC/PF COIL/D3U"
"VALUE": "{{ length(COIL NAMES) }}"
-> "3" -> can be converted to Integer within plugin
```

Used extensively in MAST-U Mappings
Able to dynamically substitute strings

Plus, many more complicated examples



Useful Links



C++ Resources (including C++17)

Nlohmann JSON for Modern C++

<u>Documentation</u> - <u>Repository</u>

Inja - Template engine for modern C++, loosely inspired by jinja Documentation - Repository

ExprTk - The C++ Mathematical Expression Toolkit Library

<u>Documentation</u> - <u>Repository</u>

GSL - Guidelines Support Library
Many implementations, Microsoft/GSL or header-only gsl-lite

Boost - Boost C++ Libraries

Documentation



Hidden Mappings and Comments



Hidden Mappings

Not every entry within the mapping file has to be an IDS path to be requested

Any entry can be added, used for intermediate calculations or 'turned off'

The accepted convention is to prefix keys by an underscore '_'

Comments

JSON by default does not allow comments

The file would be invalidated as this is not valid JSON syntax

Within the mapping file, each map type is allowed a COMMENT field.

This is purely for the mapper, the field is ignored when the mappings are ingested

```
{
     b field pol probe[#]/poloidal angle": {
        "MAP TYPE": "EXPR",
        "PARAMETERS": {
            "Z": " pickup[#]/unit vector/Z",
            "R": " pickup[#]/unit vector/R"
        },
       "EXPR": "2*PI-atan2(Z,R)"
    },
     " hidden signal": {
        "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
        "PLUGIN": "UDA",
        "ARGS": {
            signal": "/AMC/PLASMA CURRENT"
   },
     " pickup[#]/unit vector/R": {
        "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
        "VALUE": 23.4,
        "COMMENT": "This is a random comment"
    },
```



Structure Size & Number of Elements



Within the DD, there exists a 'struct_array', where it expands into a structure (below) distinguished by i1

When requesting an IDS through IMAS, the imas_plugin will request the toplevel path to get the number of elements

E.g. when getting the flux_loop(i1) below, IMAS will request /magnetics/flux_loop for example.

Then it will know the number of subsequent requests to iterate over /magnetics/flux_loop[0]/name /magnetics/flux_loop[1]/name /magnetics/flux_loop[2]/name

This can be mapped and is where DIMENSION mapping type comes in handy, or you could template using the length from globals.json VALUE"{{ length(my_array) }}"

▶ flux_loop(i1)

Flux loops; partial flux loops can be described

struct_array [max_size=200 (limited in MDS+ backend only)]

1- 1...N



Mapping Schema and Validation



Testing and validation step available through pytest (and CI)

1) JSON Verification

Test that all JSON globals.json and mappings.json are valid JSON syntax and can be read / parsed

2) JSON Schema Validation

Validate all mappings.json against the top-level schema defining map types and required fields

3) Inja Templating Render

Using globals.json, verify that all Inja templating strings complete and render to a valid string

4) EXPR Map Type Validation

Test EXPR strings, substitute random floats to the parameters, check the output is sensible and of float type



Mapping Schema and Validation



Мар Туре	Required Fields	Type	Optional Fields	Туре
VALUE	MAP_TYPE	enum	COMMENT	string
	VALUE	string		
DIMENSION	MAP_TYPE	enum	COMMENT	string
	DIM_PROBE	string		
PLUGIN	MAP_TYPE	enum	COMMENT	string
	PLUGIN	string	OFFSET	float
	ARGS	object (string)	SCALE	float
			SLICE	string
			FUNCTION	string
EXPR	MAP_TYPE	enum	COMMENT	string
	PARAMETERS	object (string)		
	EXPR	string		
CUSTOM	MAP_TYPE	enum	COMMENT	string
	CUSTOM_TYPE	string	TBD	TBD



Mapping Schema and Validation



```
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_cexprtk_wrapper PAS
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_cexprtk_throw[(A+B)*C-dependents0-expected0] PASSED
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_cexprtk_throw[(A+B)*C-dependents1-expected1] PASSED
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_cexprtk_throw[-dependents2-expected2] PASSED
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents0] PASSED
tests/test expr dependents.pv::test ison expr strings valid[retrieve expr and dependents1]
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents2]
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents3]
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents4]
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents5]
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents6]
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents7] PASSED
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents8] PASSED
tests/test_expr_dependents.py::test_json_expr_strings_valid[retrieve_expr_and_dependents9] PASSED
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals0] PASSED
tests/test schema.py::test valid globals[map globals1] PASSED
tests/test schema.py::test valid globals[map globals2] PASSED
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals3] PASSED
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals4] PASSED
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals5] PASSED
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals6]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals7]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals8]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_globals[map_globals9] PASSED
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema0]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema1]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema2]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema3]
tests/test schema.py::test valid structure[map schema4]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema5]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema6]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema7]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema8]
tests/test_schema.py::test_valid_structure[map_schema9] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_cython_include PASSE
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_template_syntax_fail[/magnetics/pfcoil/{{indices.1/test-expected0] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_template_syntax_fail[/magnetics/pfcoil/{{unknown}}/test-expected1] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals0]
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals1] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals2] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals3] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals4] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals5] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals6] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals7] PASSED
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals8]
tests/test_templating_inja.py::test_templating_in_json[get_keys_and_globals9] PASSED
tests/test_validator.py::test_json_open PASSE
tests/test_validator.py::test_json_open_fail PASSED
tests/test_validator.py::test_json_schema_pass PASSED
tests/test_validator.py::test_json_schema_fail PASSED
tests/test_validator.py::test_json_schema_comp_PASSED
```



JSON Mapping Plugin



Nothing special or revolutionary happening within the JSON Mapping Plugin and the surrounding framework

Majority of situations, requests are just being redirected to the relevant data access plugin with the useful information needed for the data retrieval (+ then apply small corrections)

Majority of MAST-U Mappings





Cheat Sheet



```
{
    "ids_properties/homogeneous_time": {
       "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
       "VALUE": 0
   },
   "test_signal/value_map_float": {
       "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
       "VALUE": 4.5
   },
    "test_signal/value_map_string": {
        "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
        "VALUE": "Hello World"
   },
    "test_signal/value_map_array": {
        "MAP TYPE": "VALUE",
        "VALUE": [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
   },
}
```

```
"b_field_pol_probe[#]/field": {
    "MAP TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "UDA",
    "ARGS": {
        "signal": "/AMB/PICKUP/{{ BPOL NAME }}"
    },
    "SLICE": "[1]",
    "FUNCTION": "my_function",
    "OFFSET": 4.5,
    "SCALE": 2.0
},
 "b_field_pol_probe[#]/poloidal_angle": {
    "MAP TYPE": "EXPR",
    "PARAMETERS": {
        "X": "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/Z",
        "Y": " pickup[#]/unit_vector/R"
    },
    "EXPR": "2*X + Y"
},
"coil/element": {
    "MAP TYPE": "DIMENSION",
    "DIM_PROBE": "_random/data"
},
```

{





Thanks for listening Questions / Comments?

Start Day 2 Hands-on 1

