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ВІД АМЕРИКАНСЬКОГО НАРОДУ

CTO PEER MENTORING PROGRAM

TOPIC 3 MENTOR SESSION

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DEVELOPMENT OF AN OFFENSIVE CYBERSECURITY PROGRAM FOR PROACTIVELY IDENTIFYING AND REMEDIATING VULNERABILITIES

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According to Oxford Language, Offensive can be defined as “actively aggressive; attacking”. Yet, the phrase “the best defense is a good offense” (attributed to George Washington in 1799) is more accurate,

How does it apply to Cybersecurity?

- We all rely on tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTP)
 - Bad actors to take advantage of flaws or weakness
 - Cybersecurity to protect assets
- Vulnerabilities can be:
 - People (training, knowledge, etc.)
 - Process (configuration, workflow, development process, etc.)
 - Technology (known / unknown flaws, ports / protocols, application / hardware errors, etc.)

ATTACK OR NOT TO ATTACK

Nations can go to war, and Governments can declare hostile intentions.

Companies & Organizations are not nations or governments and should never:

- Proactively engage in cyber attacks
- Use TTPs to respond to perceived offensive acts against your operations
- Design offensive capabilities into operations

The intent of today's topic is to build a strong defense, and to have that act as the reason to not attack you. Most attackers will go after:

- Poorly defended organizations because they are easy & potentially a gateway to another target
- Known and 0-day, vulnerabilities because they can exploit them
- Exfil of data because they can get it and it could benefit them later
- Phishing / ransomware attacks

OFFENSIVE PROTECTION STARTS WITH DEFENSE

Start with the basics for offensive protection:

- Policies, Procedures, and KPI's
- Training is critical
- Identifying vulnerabilities:
 - Vendor and others (Governments, industry, InfoSec groups) provide notifications
 - Using vulnerability scanners on a frequent basis
 - Configuration checks (AWS, Azure, etc. scanners provided by the host to verify configurations)
- Close vulnerabilities based on Risk and Frequency:
 - Critical / High Risk may need immediate fixes:
 - Close ports, reconfigure applications, place a FW to protect it – non-patching fixes
 - Patching should be done with out fail:
 - Recommend Critical / High patches are deployed within 15 days of release and Medium / Low within 30
 - Schedule a patch window for monthly patches
 - Establish an emergency process for out of band patching

OFFENSIVE PROTECTION STARTS WITH DEFENSE - CONTINUED

- Scan for non-patch weakness:
 - New devices / applications added to your network
 - Open file shares
 - FTP sites (secure and unsecure)
- Continuously educate users:
 - Posters and signs
 - Email updates about social engineering, strange phone calls, active phishing campaigns your teams are seeing
 - Tabletop exercises
 - Work from Home
- Fixing known flaws, end of life hardware and software, secure code libraries, trusted repositories for source code
- Third party management: Contract language, Policies, Review of protections

UNDERSTANDING RISK

- Establish a program to evaluate risk:
 - All new hardware / software
 - New services (organizational wide)
 - Contract language – required cyber language
 - Plan to capture legacy risk (existing hardware / software / services / contracts).
- Engage with others:
 - Human Resources – background checks
 - Legal – contracts
 - Procurement – Services
 - Etc.
- Report risk to Management
 - Explain identified risk to Management; Make them aware of responsibilities / risk
 - Demonstrate how risk is / isn't improving by reporting metrics
 - Prioritize identified risk

NEXT STEPS...

Start Now

- Utilize resources you have:
 - Individuals who can help identify the highest risk
 - Vendor notifications
 - Establishing a patch window
- Bring Management onboard
 - Explain the large amounts of unknown risk and why understanding is needed
 - Leverage other departments (legal, HR, etc.)
- Educate. Educate, Educate...
 - An informed culture will make better decisions, but nothing is perfect
 - They will spot weakness you can't, now they will know to speak up and share the information
 - Every time they do something right, it one less potential incident for your team

Questions ... ?



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THANK YOU
