

## **Practical Task 1: Install and Configure Azure CLI and PowerShell**

### **Requirements:**

- Install Azure CLI and Azure PowerShell on your local machine.
- Verify the installation by checking the versions of Azure CLI and PowerShell modules.
- Log in to your Azure account using both Azure CLI and PowerShell.
- List all available subscriptions in your Azure account using both tools.

## **Practical Task 2: Create and Manage Resource Groups**

### **Requirements:**

- Use Azure CLI to create a new resource group named MyResourceGroup in the East US region.
- Use Azure PowerShell to create a new resource group named MyPSResourceGroup in the West Europe region.
- List all resource groups in your subscription using both CLI and PowerShell.
- Delete the resource group MyResourceGroup using Azure CLI.
- Delete the resource group MyPSResourceGroup using Azure PowerShell.

## **Practical Task 3: Deploy and Manage Virtual Machines using Azure CLI and PowerShell**

### **Requirements:**

- Use Azure CLI to create a new virtual machine named MyVM1 in a new resource group VMResourceGroup.
- Use Azure PowerShell to create another virtual machine named MyVM2 in the same resource group.
- Retrieve details about both virtual machines using both CLI and PowerShell.
- Stop MyVM1 using Azure CLI and MyVM2 using Azure PowerShell.
- Delete the virtual machines using the respective tools.

## **Practical Task 4: Manage Storage Accounts using Azure CLI and PowerShell**

### **Requirements:**

- Use Azure CLI to create a new storage account named mystoragecli in the East US region.
- Use Azure PowerShell to create a new storage account named mystorageps in the West Europe region.
- List all storage accounts in the subscription using both CLI and PowerShell.
- Retrieve the connection string for the mystoragecli storage account using Azure CLI.
- Retrieve the connection string for the mystorageps storage account using Azure PowerShell.
- Delete both storage accounts using the respective tools.

## **Practical Task 5: Assign Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) Roles**

### **Requirements:**

- Create a new Azure Active Directory user named testuser@example.com using Azure CLI.
- Assign the Reader role to testuser@example.com for a specific resource group using Azure CLI.
- Use Azure PowerShell to assign the Contributor role to testuser@example.com for a specific storage account.
- Verify that the user has been assigned the correct roles using both CLI and PowerShell.
- Remove the user's role assignments using the respective tools.

## **Practical Task 6: Set Up a Scalable Web Server with VM, Storage, and Networking**

### **Requirements:**

#### **• Create a Resource Group**

- Use Azure CLI to create a resource group named WebServerGroup in the East US region.

#### **• Deploy a Virtual Network (VNet) and Subnet**

- Use Azure CLI to create a virtual network named WebVNet in WebServerGroup.
- Add a subnet named WebSubnet.

#### **• Create a Storage Account for Logs**

- Use Azure PowerShell to create a storage account named webserverlogs in WebServerGroup.
- Enable blob storage and set up a container named logs for storing application logs.

#### **• Deploy a Virtual Machine as a Web Server**

- Use Azure CLI to create a virtual machine named WebVM in WebServerGroup.
- Configure WebVM to use the WebVNet and WebSubnet.
- Open port 80 on the VM for web traffic.

#### **• Install and Configure Nginx on the VM**

- Use Azure CLI to execute a script on WebVM that installs and configures **Nginx** as a web server.

#### **• Enable Diagnostics and Store Logs in Storage Account**

- Use Azure PowerShell to enable diagnostics on WebVM, directing logs to webserverlogs storage account.

- **Verify the Web Server is Running**

- Retrieve the **public IP** of WebVM using Azure CLI.
- Access the Nginx default page from a web browser using `http://<Public-IP>`.

- **Clean Up Resources**

- Delete all created resources (WebVM, webserverlogs, WebVNet, WebServerGroup) using both Azure CLI and PowerShell.

## **Practical Task 7: Create and Run an Azure Automation Runbook**

### **Requirements:**

- Create an **Azure Automation Account** named MyAutomationAccount in the East US region using **Azure CLI**.
- Create a **PowerShell Runbook** named StartAzureVMRunbook inside MyAutomationAccount.
- Edit the Runbook to start a specified **Azure Virtual Machine** when executed.
- Test the Runbook manually by executing it and verifying that the VM starts.
- Publish the Runbook and set up a **schedule** to automatically run it every day at **6:00 AM**.

## **Practical Task 8: Automate Resource Cleanup Using a PowerShell Runbook**

### **Requirements:**

- Create a **new Runbook** named CleanupOldResources in MyAutomationAccount.
- Write a **PowerShell script** that:
  - Lists all **resource groups** that have not been used in the past **30 days**.
  - Deletes **unused** resource groups after user confirmation.
    - Test the Runbook in **Azure Automation**.
    - Publish the Runbook and configure a **webhook** to trigger it on demand.
    - Call the webhook using **Azure CLI** and verify the cleanup process.

## **Practical Task 9: Implement Desired State Configuration (DSC) to Enforce VM Settings**

### **Requirements:**

- Create a **new Azure Automation DSC Configuration** named MyDSCConfig.
- Define a DSC script that:
  - Ensures the Windows feature Web-Server (IIS) is installed on a **Windows VM**.
  - Ensures a specific configuration file (C:\inetpub\wwwroot\config.xml) exists with predefined content.
- Ensures that a required **Windows service** (e.g., w3svc) is always running.

- Compile and **publish** the DSC configuration in Azure Automation.
- Assign the DSC configuration to an **existing VM** and verify compliance.
- Force a **non-compliant** state (e.g., stop the service or delete the config file), then observe Azure Automation **remediating** the issue automatically.

## Practical Task 10: Automate Multi-Resource Deployment and Configuration Using Runbooks and DSC

### Requirements:

- Create a new **Runbook** named DeployAndConfigureWebServer.
- Inside the Runbook, automate the following tasks:
  - **Create a new VM** named WebServerVM.
  - **Attach a managed disk** to WebServerVM.
- **Deploy a DSC configuration** to ensure IIS is installed and a website is running.
  - Publish and **execute** the Runbook, ensuring the web server is deployed and configured automatically.
  - Verify the deployment by accessing the website hosted on the VM via its **public IP address**.
  - Implement **logging** within the Runbook to track execution progress.