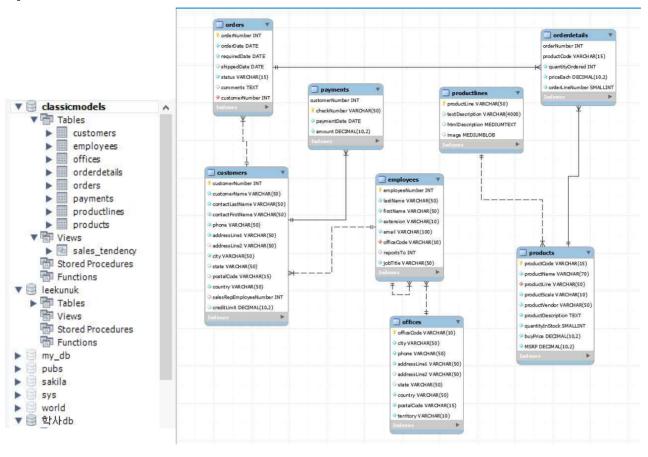
# A. MySQL 관련 문제

1.



#### 2-a. 3 /\*(a) 영국(UK)에 있는 도시에 근무하는 직원들의 이름(firstName + lastName)을 보이시오.\*/ select concat(e.firstName, e.lastName) as fullName from employees e, offices o 6 where e.officeCode = o.officeCode and o.country = 'UK'; 7 Result Grid Export: Wrap Cell Content: 1A ♦ Filter Rows: fullName LarryBott BarryJones 2-b. /\*(b) lastName이 'Patterson'인 직원이 담당하는 고객회사들의 이름(customerName)를 구하시오. \*/ select c.customerName from customers c, employees e where c.salesRepEmployeeNumber = e.employeeNumber and e.lastName = 'Patterson'; customerName Diecast Classics Inc. Auto-Moto Classics Inc. Marta's Replicas Co. Gifts4AllAges.com Online Diecast Creations Co. FunGiftIdeas.com Result 30 × 2-c. /\*(c) 담당 직원이 배정되지 않은 고객회사의 이름을 구하시오. \*/ select customerName from customers where salesRepEmployeeNumber is null; customerName ▶ Havel & Zbyszek Co Porto Imports Co. Asian Shopping Network, Co. Natürlich Autos ANG Resellers Messner Shopping Network Franken Gifts, Co BG&E Collectables Schuyler Imports Der Hund Imports

Cramer Spezialitäten, Ltd Asian Treasures, Inc.

#### 2-d.

	customerName	order_count	average_amount	max_amount
•	Atelier graphique	3	7438.120000	14571.44
	Signal Gift Stores	3	26726.993333	33347.88
	Australian Collectors, Co.	4	45146.267500	82261.22
	La Rochelle Gifts	3	38983.226667	49523.67
	Baane Mini Imports	4	26056.197500	50218.95
	Mini Gifts Distributors Ltd.	9	64909.804444	111654.40
	Blauer See Auto, Co.	4	18984,440000	33820.62
	Mini Wheels Co.	3	22236.853333	26248.78
	Land of Toys Inc.	3	35879.980000	50025.35
	Euro + Shopping Channel	13	55056.844615	120166.58
	Volvo Model Replicas, Co	2	21840.325000	36005.71
	Danish Wholesale Imports	4	26861.625000	53959.21
Re	sult 36 ×	Č.	******	*****

#### 2-e.

```
/*(e) 가장 많은 주문 금액의 주문의 고객회사 명, 주문 날짜, 주문금액을 구하시오.*/
select c.customerName, o.orderDate, p.amount
from orders o, payments p, customers c
where o.customerNumber=p.customerNumber
and c.customerNumber=p.customerNumber
and p.amount = (select max(amount) from payments)
and p.paymentDate between o.orderDate and o.shippedDate;
```



#### 3.

```
3. 2의 (d)를 View로 구현하고 View에 대한 조회의 예를 보이시오.
View의 정의와 조회 결과를 출력해서 제출하시오.
create view sales_tendency as
select c.customerName, count(*) as order_count,
       avg(p.amount) as average_amount, max(p.amount) as max_amount
from customers c, payments p
where c.customerNumber = p.customerNumber
group by c.customerName;
```

#### select \* from sales\_tendency;

	customerName	order_count	average_amount	max_amount
sa	Atelier graphique	3	7438.120000	14571.44
	Signal Gift Stores	3	26726.993333	33347.88
	Australian Collectors, Co.	4	45146.267500	82261.22
	La Rochelle Gifts	3	38983.226667	49523.67
	Baane Mini Imports	4	26056, 197500	50218.95
	Mini Gifts Distributors Ltd.	9	64909.804444	111654.40
	Blauer See Auto, Co.	4	18984,440000	33820.62
	Mini Wheels Co.	3	22236.853333	26248.78
	Land of Toys Inc.	3	35879.980000	50025.35
	Euro + Shopping Channel	13	55056.844615	120166.58
	Volvo Model Renlicas Co les_tendency 37 ×	2	21840 325000	36005 71

#### 4.

```
1 .
       insert into customers values
 2 (497, 'Dankook Database', 'Lee', 'KunUk',
 3
        '01054845421', 'Jukjeonro', NULL,
  4
        'Yongin', 'Gyeonggi', '00000', 'South Korea', 1286, 1000.00);
  5
  6 •
       insert into orders values
        (10426, '2020-09-13', '2020-09-20', null, 'In Process', NULL, 497);
  8 .
       insert into orderdetails values
        (10426, '572_3212', 10, 46.10, 12);
  9
 10 .
       insert into orderdetails values
        (10426, '5700_4002', 10, 75.20, 2);
 11
 12
 13 .
        select c.customerName, o.ordernumber, od.productCode, od.priceEach
 14
        from customers c, orders o, orderdetails od
 15
        where c.customerName = 'Dankook Database'
        and c.customerNumber = o.customerNumber
 16
        and o.orderNumber = od.orderNumber;
 17
Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA
   customerName
                 ordernumber productCode priceEach
  Dankook Database
                 10426
                            S700_4002
                                       75.20
  Dankook Database 10426 S72_3212 46.10
```

## B. MS Sql 문제

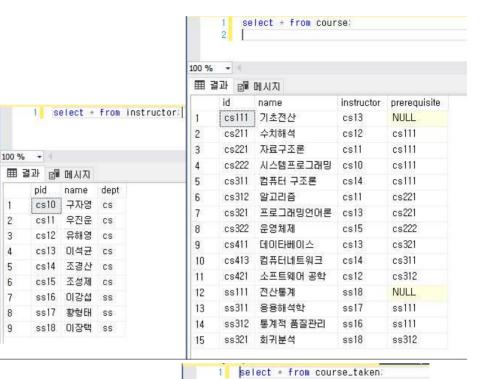
### 1. 고친부분을 빨간색으로 표시 했습니다.

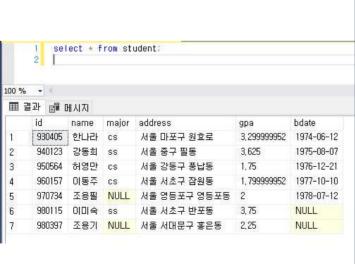
```
/* 본 과제는 간단한 수준의 학사DB를 구성하는 내용으로
  student, course, department, instructor, course taken으로
  구성된다. 본 과제를 통해 학생들은 테이블 간의 참조 관계를 고려한 테이븓들의 생성,
  그리고 자기 참조 테이블의 경우 데이터들 간의 참조 관계를 고려한 데이터 입력을 경험한다.
  또한 기본 키, 외래 키를 포함한 주요 제약조건 constraint의 이름을
  명시하여 오류 발생 시 어떤 오류인지 확인할 수 있도록 한다.
*/
/* 데이터베이스의 생성 */
IF NOT EXISTS (select name from sys.databases where name = N'학사DB')
drop database if exists 학사DB;
CREATE DATABASE 학사DB;
/* department 테이블의 생성과 데이터 입력 */
IF NOT EXISTS (select * from information schema tables where table name='department')
CREATE TABLE department (
      id CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
      name CHAR(10),
      constraint pk department PRIMARY KEY (id)
)
INSERT INTO department (id, name) VALUES
      ('cs', '전산전공'),
      ('ss', '통계전공');
/* instructor 테이블의 생성과 데이터 입력 */
IF NOT EXISTS (select * from information schema tables where table name='instructor')
CREATE TABLE instructor (
      pid CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
      name CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
      dept CHAR(10),
      constraint pk_instructor PRIMARY KEY (pid),
      constraint uniq instructor UNIQUE (name),
      constraint fk instructor department foreign key(dept) references department(id)
)
INSERT INTO instructor (pid, name, dept) VALUES
      ('cs10', '구자영', 'cs'),
      ('cs11', '우진운', 'cs'),
```

```
('cs12', '유해영', 'cs'),
       ('cs13', '이석균', 'cs'),
       ('cs14', '조경산', 'cs'),
       ('cs15', '조성제', 'cs'),
       ('ss16', '이강섭', 'ss'),
       ('ss17', '황형태', 'ss'),
       ('ss18', '이장택', 'ss');
/* course 테이블의 생성과 데이터 입력 */
IF NOT EXISTS (select * from information_schema.tables where table_name='course')
CREATE TABLE course (
       id CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
       name CHAR(20),
       instructor CHAR(10),
       prerequisite CHAR(10),
       PRIMARY KEY (id),
       Constraint fk_Course_Instructor foreign key(instructor) references instructor(pid),
       CONSTRAINT fk_Prerequisite_Course foreign key(prerequisite)
                      references course(id)
)
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs111', '기초전산', 'cs13', NULL);
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('ss111', '전산통계', 'ss18', NULL);
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs211', '수치해석', 'cs12', 'cs111');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs221', '자료구조론', 'cs11', 'cs111');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs222', '시스템프로그래밍', 'cs10', 'cs111');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs311', '컴퓨터 구조론', 'cs14', 'cs111');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs312', '알고리즘', 'cs11', 'cs221');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs321', '프로그래밍언어론', 'cs13', 'cs221');
```

```
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs322', '운영체제', 'cs15', 'cs222');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs411', '데이타베이스', 'cs13', 'cs321');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs413', '컴퓨터네트워크', 'cs14', 'cs311');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('ss311', '응용해석학', 'ss17', 'ss111');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('ss312', '통계적 품질관리', 'ss16', 'ss111');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('cs421', '소프트웨어 공학', 'cs12', 'cs312');
INSERT INTO course (id, name, instructor, prerequisite)
VALUES ('ss321', '회귀분석', 'ss18', 'ss312');
/* student 테이블의 생성과 데이터 입력 */
IF NOT EXISTS (select * from information_schema.tables where table_name='student')
CREATE TABLE student (
       id CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
       name CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
       major CHAR(10) DEFAULT NULL,
       address CHAR(30) DEFAULT '단국대학교',
       gpa FLOAT,
       bdate date,
       constraint pk_student PRIMARY KEY (id),
       constraint fk_student_department foreign key(major) references department(id)
)
INSERT INTO student (id, name, major, address, gpa, bdate) VALUES
       ('930405', '한나라', 'cs', '서울 마포구 원효로', 3.299999952, '1974-06-12'),
       ('940123', '강동희', 'ss', '서울 중구 필동', 3.625, '1975-08-07'),
       ('950564', '허영만', 'cs', '서울 강동구 풍납동', 1.75, '1976-12-21'),
       ('960157', '이동주', 'cs', '서울 서초구 잠원동', 1.799999952, '1977-10-10'),
       ('970734', '조용필', NULL, '서울 영등포구 영등포동', 2, '1978-07-12'),
       ('980115', '이미숙', 'ss', '서울 서초구 반포동', 3.75, NULL),
       ('980397', '조용기', NULL, '서울 서대문구 홍은동', 2.25, NULL);
```

```
/* course taken 테이블의 생성과 데이터 입력 */
IF NOT EXISTS (select * from information schema, tables where table name='course taken')
CREATE TABLE course_taken (
       no INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
       sid CHAR(10).
       cid CHAR(10),
       grade FLOAT,
       year_taken INT,
       foreign key(sid) references student(id),
       CONSTRAINT fk CourseTaken Course foreign key(cid) references course(id)
)
INSERT INTO course_taken (sid, cid, grade, year_taken) VALUES
       ('930405', 'cs111', 2.0, 1993),
       ('930405', 'cs211', 4.0, 1996),
       ('930405', 'cs221', 3.0, 1996),
       ('930405', 'cs222', 3.0, 1996),
       ('930405', 'cs311', 3.0, 1997),
       ('930405', 'cs321', 4.0, 1997),
       ('930405', 'cs411', 4.0, 1998),
       ('940123', 'ss111', 2.0, 1994),
       ('940123', 'cs111', 4.0, 1997),
       ('940123', 'cs221', 4.0, 1997),
       ('940123', 'ss311', 4.0, 1997),
       ('940123', 'ss312', 4.0, 1998),
       ('940123', 'ss321', 3.0, 1998),
       ('950564', 'cs111', 2.0, 1995),
       ('950564', 'cs211', 2.0, 1996),
       ('950564', 'cs222', 1.0, 1997),
       ('950564', 'cs311', 2.0, 1998),
       ('950564', 'cs411', 2.0, 1999),
       ('960157', 'cs111', 1.0, 1996),
       ('960157', 'cs211', 2.0, 1997),
       ('970734', 'cs111', 1.0, 1997),
       ('970734', 'cs211', 3.0, 1998),
       ('970734', 'cs222', 2.0, 1998),
       ('980115', 'ss111', 4.0, 1998),
       ('980115', 'cs111', 3.0, 1998),
       ('980115', 'cs221', 3.0, 1998),
       ('980115', 'cs222', 4.0, 1998),
       ('980115', 'cs311', 4.0, 1999),
       ('980397', 'cs111', 2.0, 1998),
       ('980397', 'cs211', 2.0, 1999);
```





1 select \* from department;

100 % -

2

▦ 결과 ₫ 메시지

SS

id name

cs 전산전공

통계전공

2

3

4

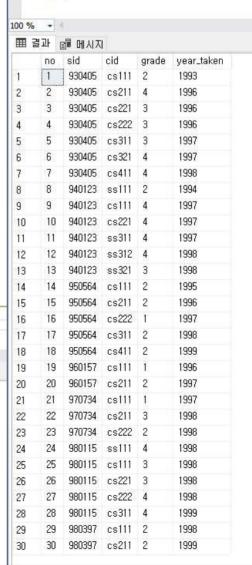
5

6

7

8

9



#### 2-a.

```
1 ⊡/*
      (a) 이석균 교수가 강의한 과목을 수강한 학생들의
      이름과 수강 과목명 그리고 소속 전공 명을 구하라.
      전공이 미정인 학생들로 포함하시오.
     */
    7 ⊟select s.name, s.major, d.name, c.name
       from course c, course_taken ct, student s left join department d on d.id = s.major
    8
       where s.id = ct.sid
    9
    10
       and c.id = ct.cid
       and ct.cid
    11
       in (select id from course where instructor =
    12
   13 (select pid from instructor where name = '이석균'))
   14 90
100 % - 4
▦ 결과 ♬️ 메시지
    name name
                name
     한나라 전산전공 기초전산
2
     한나라 전산전공 프로그래밍언어론
3
     한나라 전산전공 데이타베이스
     강동희 통계전공 기초전산
4
     허영만 전산전공 기초전산
5
     허영만 전산전공 데이타베이스
6
7
     이동주 전산전공 기초전산
8
     이미숙 통계전공 기초전산
```

#### 2-b.

```
1 =/*
       (b) 통계 학과에서 개설된 과목(통계학 과목)을 한 과목도
       수강하지 않은 학생의 이름을 구하라.
       */
     5 ⊟select st:name
        from course_taken ct, student st
        where ct.sid = st.id
     8 and ct.sid in (select sid from course_taken where cid like 'cs%')
     9 and ct.sid not in (select sid from course_taken where cid like 'ss%')
    10 group by stiname
    11
        90
100 % + 4
▦ 결과 ▮를 메시지
     name
     이동주
1
2
     조용기
3
     조용필
4
     한나라
     허영만
5
```

### 2-c.

```
1 ⊡/*
    2 (c) 기초전산과 데이타베이스를 둘 다 수강한 학생들의 이름을 구하라.
    3 */
    4 ⊡select s.name
       from student s right join course_taken ct on s.id = ct.sid
    6 where ct.cid in (select id from course where name in ('기초전산', '데이타베이스'))
    7 group by s.name
    8 having count(*) = 2;
    9 90
100 % + 4
▦ 결과 📴 메시지
    name
    한나라
1
     허영만
2
```