

# Deforestation-to-biodiversity

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```
#change between 2000-2020 #https://www.globalforestwatch.org/dashboards/global/?category=for
forest_data <- read_csv("net_tree_change.csv")
head(forest_data)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 8
  iso      stable      loss      gain disturb net      change gfw_area_ha
  <chr> <chr>      <chr>      <chr> <chr>  <chr>  <dbl>      <dbl>
1 ABW  113.038689599999998  6.7644~ 19.2~ 0.6764~ 12.4~ 10.4      18194.
2 AFG  368081.866700000013225 16604.~ 1074~ 1146.2~ -586~ -1.52    64385933.
3 AGO  44546560.189999997615814 341261~ 1224~ 162392~ -218~ -4.41   124742581.
4 AIA  890.152399199999991  51.507~ 69.8~ 9.7319~ 18.3~ 1.93      8330.
5 ALA  76419.0285000000000349  7426.9~ 2582~ 12417.~ -484~ -5.03    150631.
6 ALB  814631.915999999968335 40701.~ 1647~ 41219.~ -242~ -2.70    2873543.
```

```
top_5_loss <- forest_data |>
  arrange(desc(as.numeric(loss))) |>
  slice_head(n = 20)
top_5_gain <- forest_data |>
  arrange(desc(as.numeric(gain))) |>
  slice_head(n = 20)

top_5_net_desc <- forest_data |>
  arrange(desc(as.numeric(net))) |>
  slice_head(n = 20)

top_5_net_asc <- forest_data |>
  arrange(as.numeric(net)) |>
  slice_head(n = 20)

top_5_net_desc # poland, ukraine, uruguay, ireland, bangladesh
```

# A tibble: 20 x 8

	iso	stable	loss	gain	disturb	net	change	gfw_area_ha
	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>
1	CHN	202215007.5999999994039536	4544~	6689~	171769~	2144~	0.958	938225140.
2	IND	59241391.7500000000000000	1007~	1881~	617156~	8740~	1.32	315280003.
3	URY	659122.2229000000051595	1127~	6544~	230107~	5417~	54.1	17746563.
4	BLR	7407088.671000000089407	4421~	9636~	683220~	5214~	6.11	20706981.
5	UKR	9065233.101999999955297	4998~	9263~	895296~	4265~	4.08	60136264.
6	POL	9114498.453999999910593	4853~	8920~	975192~	4066~	3.85	31240006.
7	SSD	25841911.940000001341105	8019~	1082~	96714.~	2809~	1.05	62810211.
8	BGD	3313032.510999999940395	1154~	3178~	612964~	2024~	5.01	13938445.
9	IRL	388037.844199999992270	9463~	2842~	77309.~	1896~	33.9	7036677.
10	SDN	3715927.944000000134110	8530~	2165~	2345.3~	1312~	3.45	187212843.
11	LTU	1722243.843000000109896	1166~	2415~	315129~	1248~	5.80	6501684.
12	ROU	7427728.728000000119209	1057~	2238~	534902~	1181~	1.46	23833860.
13	NPL	6718407.851999999955297	7372~	1740~	55029.~	1002~	1.46	14766264.
14	PAK	2057786.046000000089407	3869~	1334~	7457.5~	9478~	4.51	87417714.
15	THA	18845385.170000001788139	1747~	1842~	405750~	9441~	0.383	51405456.
16	TUR	12756770.300000000745058	3850~	4737~	510036~	8876~	0.650	78070436.
17	HUN	1677658.310000000055879	1226~	2073~	249845~	8463~	4.13	9305287.
18	GBR	2421686.652999999932945	3915~	4731~	184814~	8156~	2.72	24548584.
19	GEO	3238385.424999999813735	1795~	9353~	7227.5~	7558~	2.32	6984461.
20	PRK	6061637.154000000096858	2135~	2884~	394941~	7497~	1.12	12275513.

top\_5\_net\_asc#tanzania, Mozambique, indonesia, DCcongo, paraguay

# A tibble: 20 x 8

	iso	stable	loss	gain	disturb	net	change	gfw_area_ha
	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>
1	BRA	413722809.300000011920929	3614~	8062~	234216~	-280~	-5.93	850036547.
2	CAN	257102961.5000000000000000	2516~	1696~	148636~	-820~	-2.76	995519376.
3	COD	146862160.800000011920929	7593~	1591~	145662~	-600~	-3.55	232913006.
4	PRY	14232500.5000000000000000	5810~	6424~	883902~	-516~	-24.7	39958592.
5	MOZ	35317855.280000001192093	4897~	5831~	202499~	-431~	-10.2	78729703.
6	IDN	124187188.599999994039536	9000~	4882~	240569~	-411~	-2.62	189024479.
7	TZA	27968218.850000001490116	4374~	5572~	143782~	-381~	-11.3	94057605.
8	ARG	27610827.399999998509884	4664~	1107~	174446~	-355~	-10.5	278009661.
9	USA	237725811.800000011920929	1747~	1398~	283653~	-348~	-1.23	947301497.
10	BOL	52561114.219999998807907	3941~	6172~	270692~	-332~	-5.61	108339299.
11	ZMB	34159461.780000001192093	3640~	7681~	151400~	-287~	-7.31	75049045.
12	KHM	6195015.302000000141561	2787~	1473~	133709~	-264~	-25.6	18135962.
13	AGO	44546560.189999997615814	3412~	1224~	162392~	-218~	-4.41	124742581.

14	COL	73177488.3499999994039536	2825~	1085~	328654~	-174~	-2.20	113675882.
15	CIV	16844645.3999999998509884	2530~	8816~	437764~	-164~	-6.94	32165807.
16	MMR	35420448.8999999998509884	2227~	6366~	839121~	-159~	-3.46	66929741.
17	GIN	14569792.2899999999105930	1862~	2726~	262048~	-158~	-8.34	24481617.
18	LAO	13290214.820000000298023	1573~	1017~	568687~	-147~	-7.16	23000163.
19	NGA	20636992.1299999998956919	2396~	9278~	118123~	-146~	-6.07	90841014.
20	VEN	51803026.0799999998211861	1860~	4913~	133297~	-136~	-2.49	91249272.

species of interest (check exist for each country)

Most net negative: PRY, COD, MOZ, IDN, TZA

most positive: URY, UKR, POL, IRL, BGD

All columns of a RGBIF EOD dataset #“gbifID”, “datasetKey”, “occurrenceID”, “kingdom”, “phylum”, “class”, “order”, “family”, #“genus”, “species”, “infraspecificEpithet”, “taxonRank”, “scientificName”, #“verbatimScientificName”, “verbatimScientificNameAuthorship”, “countryCode”, “locality”, #“stateProvince”, “occurrenceStatus”, “individualCount”, “publishingOrgKey”, #“decimalLatitude”, “decimalLongitude”, “coordinateUncertaintyInMeters”, #“coordinatePrecision”, “elevation”, “elevationAccuracy”, “depth”, “depthAccuracy”, #“eventDate”, “day”, “month”, “year”, “taxonKey”, “speciesKey”, “basisOfRecord”, #“institutionCode”, “collectionCode”, “catalogNumber”, “recordNumber”, “identifiedBy”, #“dateIdentified”, “license”, “rightsHolder”, “recordedBy”, “typeStatus”, #“establishmentMeans”, “lastInterpreted”, “mediaType”, “issue”)

Ok, brainstorm time. Deforestation means removal of forests over time due to mostly due to human interference. Deforestation affects many things that contribute to human’s well-being indirectly in a negative way. A direct effect is observed on the biodiversity - specifically birds who roam freely in forests. Other

```
# Parameters
countries <- c("RUS", "BRA", "CAN", "USA", "CHN", "IDN", "IND", "URY", "BLR", "UKR") # Target countries
years <- 2000:2020 # Year range
bird_data <- name_suggest(q = "Aves", rank = "class", curlopts = list(timeout = 60))
bird_taxon_key <- bird_data$data$key
eod_dataset_key <- "4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e" # EOD datasetKey
bird_taxon_key
```

[1] 212

```
# Define the target countries and years
countries <- c("URY", "BLR", "UKR", "POL", "SSD") # Target countries
years <- c(2000, 2010, 2020) # Year range
```

```
eod_dataset_key <- "4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e" # EOD datasetKey
species <- c("Coraciiformes", "Strigiformes", "Galliformes", "Ciconiiformes")
```

```
# Load necessary library
library(dplyr) # For data manipulation

# Initialize an empty dataframe to store the combined data
combined_data <- data.frame()

# List of country names (folders inside the "data" directory)
countries <- c("poland", "ukraine", "uruguay", "ireland", "bangladesh",
               "tanzania", "mozambique", "indonesia", "dcongo", "paraguay")
countries
```

```
[1] "poland"      "ukraine"     "uruguay"     "ireland"     "bangladesh"
[6] "tanzania"    "mozambique"  "indonesia"   "dcongo"      "paraguay"
```

```
# Loop through each country's folder and combine all CSV files
for (country in countries) {

  # Path to the country's folder
  country_path <- file.path("data", country)

  # Get the list of CSV files in the country's folder
  csv_files <- list.files(country_path, pattern = "\\*.csv$", full.names = TRUE)

  # Read each CSV file and add its content to the combined dataframe
  for (csv_file in csv_files) {
    tryCatch({
      # Read the CSV file (use read_delim for robustness)
      data <- read_delim(csv_file, delim = NULL, show_col_types = FALSE)

      # Add a column to identify the country
      data$country <- country

      # Append the data to the combined dataframe
      combined_data <- bind_rows(combined_data, data)
    }, error = function(e) {
      cat("Error reading file:", csv_file, "\n")
    })
  }
}
```

```

}

# Save the combined dataframe as a CSV file in the main directory
write.csv(combined_data, "all_bird_orders_data.csv", row.names = FALSE)

cat("Combined CSV file created as 'all_bird_orders_data.csv' in the main directory.\n")

```

Combined CSV file created as 'all\_bird\_orders\_data.csv' in the main directory.

```

bird_orders <- read.csv("all_bird_orders_data.csv")
head(bird_orders)

```

	gbifID	datasetKey					
1	972752070	4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e					
2	962063576	4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e					
3	956424085	4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e					
4	956423830	4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e					
5	956334143	4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e					
6	584375475	4fa7b334-ce0d-4e88-aaae-2e0c138d049e					

	occurrenceID	kingdom	phylum	class	order
1	URN:catalog:CL0:EBIRD:OBS219042257	Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Ciconiiformes
2	URN:catalog:CL0:EBIRD:OBS207389323	Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Ciconiiformes
3	URN:catalog:CL0:EBIRD:OBS200802257	Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Ciconiiformes
4	URN:catalog:CL0:EBIRD:OBS200798945	Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Ciconiiformes
5	URN:catalog:CL0:EBIRD:OBS200758554	Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Ciconiiformes
6	URN:catalog:CL0:EBIRD:OBS96224279	Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Ciconiiformes

	family	genus	species	infraspecificEpithet	taxonRank
1	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia	ciconia	SPECIES
2	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia	nigra	SPECIES
3	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia	ciconia	SPECIES
4	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia	ciconia	SPECIES
5	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia	ciconia	SPECIES
6	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia	ciconia	SPECIES

	scientificName	verbatimScientificName
1	Ciconia ciconia (Linnaeus, 1758)	Ciconia ciconia
2	Ciconia nigra (Linnaeus, 1758)	Ciconia nigra
3	Ciconia ciconia (Linnaeus, 1758)	Ciconia ciconia
4	Ciconia ciconia (Linnaeus, 1758)	Ciconia ciconia
5	Ciconia ciconia (Linnaeus, 1758)	Ciconia ciconia
6	Ciconia ciconia (Linnaeus, 1758)	Ciconia ciconia

	verbatimScientificNameAuthorship	countryCode
--	----------------------------------	-------------



2	NA	NA	NA CC_BY_4_0	NA obsr116419
3	NA	NA	NA CC_BY_4_0	NA obsr119031
4	NA	NA	NA CC_BY_4_0	NA obsr119031
5	NA	NA	NA CC_BY_4_0	NA obsr119031
6	NA	NA	NA CC_BY_4_0	NA obsr116419

	typeStatus	establishmentMeans	lastInterpreted	mediaType
1	NA	NA	2024-04-17 08:23:22.915	NA
2	NA	NA	2024-04-17 08:24:17.292	NA
3	NA	NA	2024-04-17 09:07:13.585	NA
4	NA	NA	2024-04-17 08:45:14.385	NA
5	NA	NA	2024-04-17 09:51:22.303	NA
6	NA	NA	2024-04-17 09:02:29.332	NA

issue

1	CONTINENT_DERIVED_FROM_COORDINATES;TAXON_MATCH_TAXON_CONCEPT_ID_IGNORED
2	CONTINENT_DERIVED_FROM_COORDINATES;TAXON_MATCH_TAXON_CONCEPT_ID_IGNORED
3	CONTINENT_DERIVED_FROM_COORDINATES;TAXON_MATCH_TAXON_CONCEPT_ID_IGNORED
4	CONTINENT_DERIVED_FROM_COORDINATES;TAXON_MATCH_TAXON_CONCEPT_ID_IGNORED
5	CONTINENT_DERIVED_FROM_COORDINATES;TAXON_MATCH_TAXON_CONCEPT_ID_IGNORED
6	CONTINENT_DERIVED_FROM_COORDINATES;TAXON_MATCH_TAXON_CONCEPT_ID_IGNORED

country

1	poland
2	poland
3	poland
4	poland
5	poland
6	poland

#596024662,584212444

info: all belong to aves class #important columns to keep: order, family, genus, species, stateProvince, individualCount, decimalLatitude, elevation,decimalLongitude, day,month, year, country

```
filtered_bird_orders <- bird_orders |>
  select(order, family, genus, species, stateProvince, individualCount, decimalLatitude, elev
head(filtered_bird_orders)
```

	order	family	genus	species	stateProvince
1	Ciconiiformes	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia ciconia	Swietokrzyskie
2	Ciconiiformes	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia nigra	Malopolskie
3	Ciconiiformes	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia ciconia	Podlaskie
4	Ciconiiformes	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia ciconia	Podlaskie

	individualCount	decimallLatitude	elevation	decimallLongitude	day	month	year
5 Ciconiiformes Ciconiidae Ciconia Ciconia ciconia							
6 Ciconiiformes Ciconiidae Ciconia Ciconia ciconia							
1	NA	50.67987	NA	21.76563	18	7	2010
2	1	49.64294	NA	19.92021	21	7	2010
3	NA	52.77079	NA	23.85561	28	7	2000
4	NA	53.36978	NA	22.59019	28	7	2000
5	2	54.77334	NA	17.62782	24	7	2000
6	2	51.37454	NA	23.04717	30	7	2010

country

- poland
- poland
- poland
- poland
- poland
- poland

```
country_mapping <- data.frame(
  iso = c("POL", "UKR", "URY", "IRL", "BGD", "TZA", "MOZ", "IDN", "COD", "PRY"),
  country = c("poland", "ukraine", "uruguay", "ireland", "bangladesh",
    "tanzania", "mozambique", "indonesia", "dcongo", "paraguay")
)

filtered_bird_orders$country <- tolower(filtered_bird_orders$country)

filtered_forest_data <- forest_data %>%
  filter(iso %in% country_mapping$iso) %>% # Keep only rows with matching ISO codes
  left_join(country_mapping, by = "iso")

# Combine the datasets based on the "country" column
combined_data <- left_join(filtered_bird_orders, filtered_forest_data, by = "country")

# Output the combined dataset
write.csv(combined_data, "filtered_forest_data.csv")

joined_data <- read.csv("filtered_forest_data.csv")
tail(joined_data)
```

	X	order	family	genus	species
92204	92204	Ciconiiformes	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia maguari
92205	92205	Ciconiiformes	Ciconiidae	Ciconia	Ciconia maguari
92206	92206	Ciconiiformes	Ciconiidae	Mycteria	Mycteria americana



	stateProvince	individualCount	decimalLatitude	elevation
92207	Ciconiiformes Ciconiidae Jabiru	Jabiru mycteria		
92208	Ciconiiformes Ciconiidae Mycteria	Mycteria americana		
92209	Ciconiiformes Ciconiidae Ciconia	Ciconia maguari		
92204	San Pedro	NA	-23.83000	NA
92205	San Pedro	2	-23.97583	NA
92206	Presidente Hayes	4	-22.55000	NA
92207	Presidente Hayes	1	-22.55000	NA
92208	Presidente Hayes	NA	-22.54028	NA
92209	Presidente Hayes	NA	-22.54028	NA

	decimalLongitude	day	month	year	country	iso	stable	loss	gain
92204	-56.16000	5	8	2000	paraguay	PRY	14232500	5810873	642486.4
92205	-57.24650	6	8	2010	paraguay	PRY	14232500	5810873	642486.4
92206	-59.38334	29	1	2010	paraguay	PRY	14232500	5810873	642486.4
92207	-59.38334	29	1	2010	paraguay	PRY	14232500	5810873	642486.4
92208	-59.67639	1	10	2000	paraguay	PRY	14232500	5810873	642486.4
92209	-59.67639	1	10	2000	paraguay	PRY	14232500	5810873	642486.4

	disturb	net	change	gfw_area_ha
92204	883902.8	-5168387	-24.6969	39958592
92205	883902.8	-5168387	-24.6969	39958592
92206	883902.8	-5168387	-24.6969	39958592
92207	883902.8	-5168387	-24.6969	39958592
92208	883902.8	-5168387	-24.6969	39958592
92209	883902.8	-5168387	-24.6969	39958592

```
# Aggregate bird count by order, country, and year
order_counts <- joined_data %>%
  group_by(order, country, year) %>%
  summarize(order_count = sum(individualCount, na.rm = TRUE), .groups = "drop")

# Merge aggregated counts back with deforestation data
model_data <- joined_data %>%
  select(country, year, iso, stable, loss, gain, disturb, net, change, gfw_area_ha) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  inner_join(order_counts, by = c("country", "year"))

head(model_data, 50)
```

	country	year	iso	stable	loss	gain	disturb	net	change
1	poland	2010	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
2	poland	2010	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
3	poland	2010	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563

4	poland	2010	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
5	poland	2000	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
6	poland	2000	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
7	poland	2000	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
8	poland	2000	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
9	poland	2020	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
10	poland	2020	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
11	poland	2020	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
12	poland	2020	POL	9114498.5	485398.35	892077.3	975192.80	406678.9	3.84563
13	ukraine	2010	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
14	ukraine	2010	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
15	ukraine	2010	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
16	ukraine	2010	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
17	ukraine	2020	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
18	ukraine	2020	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
19	ukraine	2020	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
20	ukraine	2020	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
21	ukraine	2000	UKR	9065233.1	499821.45	926367.2	895296.27	426545.8	4.07772
22	uruguay	2000	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
23	uruguay	2000	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
24	uruguay	2000	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
25	uruguay	2000	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
26	uruguay	2010	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
27	uruguay	2010	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
28	uruguay	2010	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
29	uruguay	2010	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
30	uruguay	2020	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
31	uruguay	2020	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
32	uruguay	2020	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
33	uruguay	2020	URY	659122.2	112760.42	654493.5	230107.58	541733.1	54.06570
34	ireland	2010	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
35	ireland	2010	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
36	ireland	2010	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
37	ireland	2010	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
38	ireland	2000	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
39	ireland	2000	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
40	ireland	2000	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
41	ireland	2020	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
42	ireland	2020	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
43	ireland	2020	IRL	388037.8	94639.68	284264.5	77309.85	189624.9	33.86240
44	bangladesh	2020	BGD	3313032.5	115404.60	317862.2	612964.06	202457.6	5.00959
45	bangladesh	2020	BGD	3313032.5	115404.60	317862.2	612964.06	202457.6	5.00959
46	bangladesh	2020	BGD	3313032.5	115404.60	317862.2	612964.06	202457.6	5.00959

47	bangladesh	2020	BGD	3313032.5	115404.60	317862.2	612964.06	202457.6	5.00959
48	bangladesh	2010	BGD	3313032.5	115404.60	317862.2	612964.06	202457.6	5.00959
49	bangladesh	2010	BGD	3313032.5	115404.60	317862.2	612964.06	202457.6	5.00959
50	bangladesh	2010	BGD	3313032.5	115404.60	317862.2	612964.06	202457.6	5.00959
	gfw_area_ha			order	order_count				
1	31240006	Ciconiiformes			244				
2	31240006	Coraciiformes			29				
3	31240006	Galliformes			153				
4	31240006	Strigiformes			22				
5	31240006	Ciconiiformes			617				
6	31240006	Coraciiformes			30				
7	31240006	Galliformes			68				
8	31240006	Strigiformes			191				
9	31240006	Ciconiiformes			4857				
10	31240006	Coraciiformes			2203				
11	31240006	Galliformes			3273				
12	31240006	Strigiformes			601				
13	60136264	Ciconiiformes			165				
14	60136264	Coraciiformes			129				
15	60136264	Galliformes			15				
16	60136264	Strigiformes			5				
17	60136264	Ciconiiformes			5776				
18	60136264	Coraciiformes			6836				
19	60136264	Galliformes			2922				
20	60136264	Strigiformes			826				
21	60136264	Ciconiiformes			390				
22	17746563	Ciconiiformes			10				
23	17746563	Coraciiformes			2				
24	17746563	Galliformes			0				
25	17746563	Strigiformes			14				
26	17746563	Ciconiiformes			122				
27	17746563	Coraciiformes			25				
28	17746563	Galliformes			19				
29	17746563	Strigiformes			43				
30	17746563	Ciconiiformes			3425				
31	17746563	Coraciiformes			1623				
32	17746563	Galliformes			686				
33	17746563	Strigiformes			1437				
34	7036677	Ciconiiformes			1				
35	7036677	Coraciiformes			40				
36	7036677	Galliformes			24				
37	7036677	Strigiformes			15				
38	7036677	Coraciiformes			13				

39	7036677	Galliformes	14
40	7036677	Strigiformes	5
41	7036677	Coraciiformes	334
42	7036677	Galliformes	1132
43	7036677	Strigiformes	90
44	13938445	Ciconiiformes	13444
45	13938445	Coraciiformes	13264
46	13938445	Galliformes	271
47	13938445	Strigiformes	886
48	13938445	Ciconiiformes	324
49	13938445	Coraciiformes	121
50	13938445	Galliformes	12

```
set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
library(caret)

# Split the data into training and testing sets
split_index <- createDataPartition(model_data$order_count, p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
train_data <- model_data[split_index, ]
test_data <- model_data[-split_index, ]
```

```
library(randomForest)
library(caret)

# Random forest model with tuning
rf_model <- train(
  order_count ~ stable + loss + gain + disturb + net + change + gfw_area__ha,
  data = train_data,
  method = "rf",
  trControl = trainControl(method = "oob", search = "grid"),
  tuneGrid = expand.grid(mtry = 2:6) # Test different values of mtry
)

# Print results
print(rf_model)
```

Random Forest

222 samples  
7 predictor

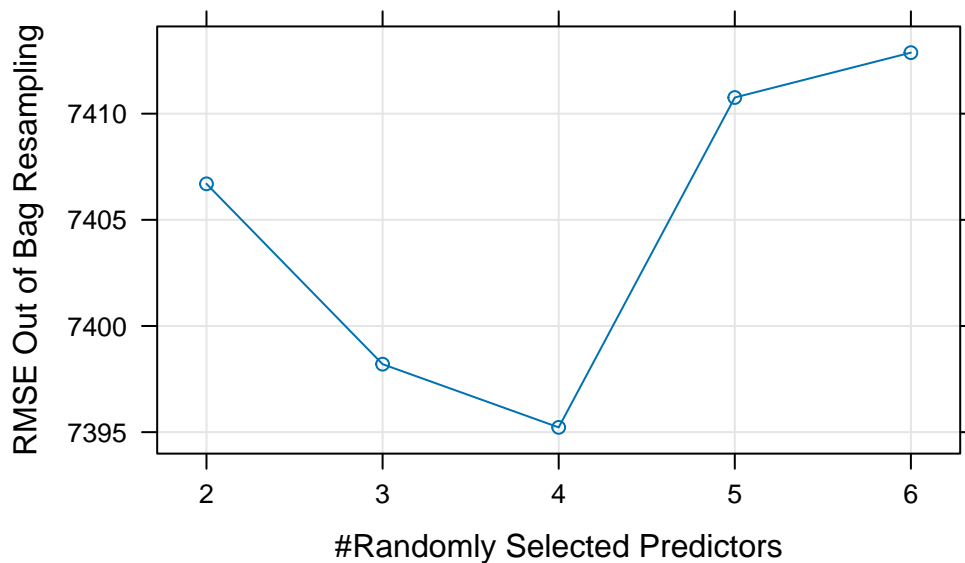
No pre-processing

Resampling results across tuning parameters:

mtry	RMSE	Rsquared
2	7406.695	0.0019690806
3	7398.202	0.0042567258
4	7395.225	0.0050577667
5	7410.761	0.0008730452
6	7412.873	0.0003035085

RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.  
The final value used for the model was mtry = 4.

```
# Visualize the trained random forest model  
plot(rf_model)
```



```
#calculate prediction accuracy for train and test data with the trained random forest
```

```
library(e1071)  
  
# SVM model with tuning  
svm_model <- train(  
  order_count ~ stable + loss + gain + disturb + net + change + gfw_area__ha,
```

```

data = train_data,
method = "svmRadial",
trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10), # 10-fold cross-validation
tuneGrid = expand.grid(sigma = seq(0.01, 0.1, length.out = 5), C = seq(0.1, 1, length.out = 5))
)

# Print results
print(svm_model)

```

## Support Vector Machines with Radial Basis Function Kernel

222 samples

7 predictor

No pre-processing

Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)

Summary of sample sizes: 200, 201, 199, 199, 201, 199, ...

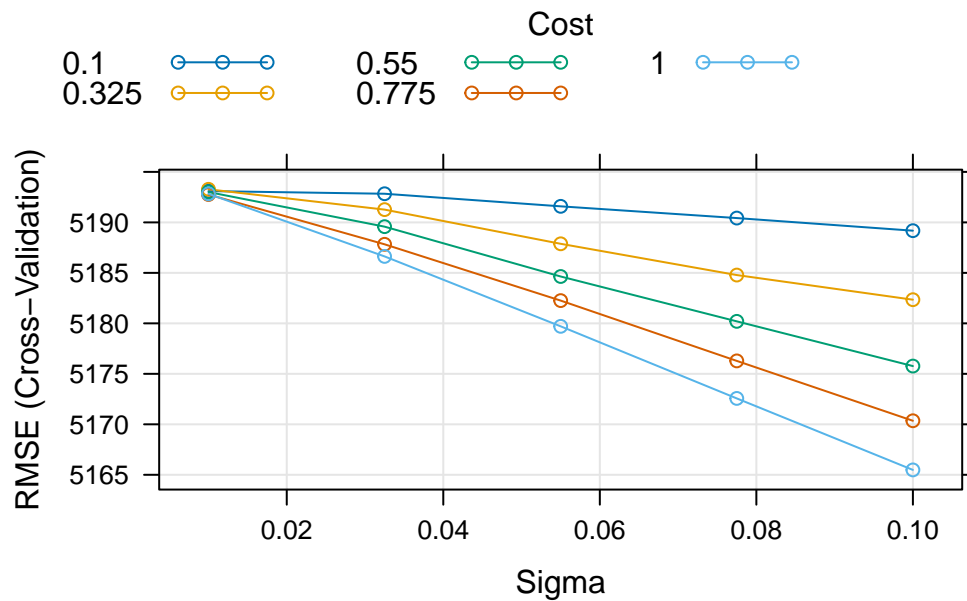
Resampling results across tuning parameters:

sigma	C	RMSE	Rsquared	MAE
0.0100	0.100	5193.100	0.04018114	2107.596
0.0100	0.325	5193.277	0.03981184	2108.696
0.0100	0.550	5193.004	0.04461879	2109.582
0.0100	0.775	5192.759	0.05404095	2110.365
0.0100	1.000	5192.823	0.05325378	2111.190
0.0325	0.100	5192.834	0.04116418	2107.789
0.0325	0.325	5191.265	0.07461531	2109.733
0.0325	0.550	5189.576	0.08402846	2111.327
0.0325	0.775	5187.828	0.08816266	2111.616
0.0325	1.000	5186.629	0.08987722	2112.388
0.0550	0.100	5191.589	0.07087069	2107.861
0.0550	0.325	5187.879	0.09220405	2108.424
0.0550	0.550	5184.640	0.09511911	2108.904
0.0550	0.775	5182.253	0.09502212	2109.094
0.0550	1.000	5179.705	0.09637355	2109.390
0.0775	0.100	5190.426	0.08277199	2107.188
0.0775	0.325	5184.782	0.10469783	2107.142
0.0775	0.550	5180.197	0.10263361	2106.774
0.0775	0.775	5176.282	0.09960804	2106.473
0.0775	1.000	5172.566	0.10097168	2106.297
0.1000	0.100	5189.177	0.10033087	2107.029
0.1000	0.325	5182.343	0.11313518	2106.548

0.1000	0.550	5175.770	0.11342420	2104.673
0.1000	0.775	5170.351	0.11031806	2104.505
0.1000	1.000	5165.484	0.10745459	2104.500

RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.  
The final values used for the model were  $\sigma = 0.1$  and  $C = 1$ .

```
# Visualize SVM model performance
plot(svm_model)
```



```
#calculate prediction accuracy
```

```
# KNN model with tuning
knn_model <- train(
  order_count ~ stable + loss + gain + disturb + net + change + gfw_area_ha,
  data = train_data,
  method = "knn",
  trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10), # 10-fold cross-validation
  tuneGrid = expand.grid(k = seq(1, 15, by = 2)) # Test different values of k
)

# Print results
print(knn_model)
```

k-Nearest Neighbors

222 samples

7 predictor

No pre-processing

Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)

Summary of sample sizes: 199, 200, 200, 201, 200, 201, ...

Resampling results across tuning parameters:

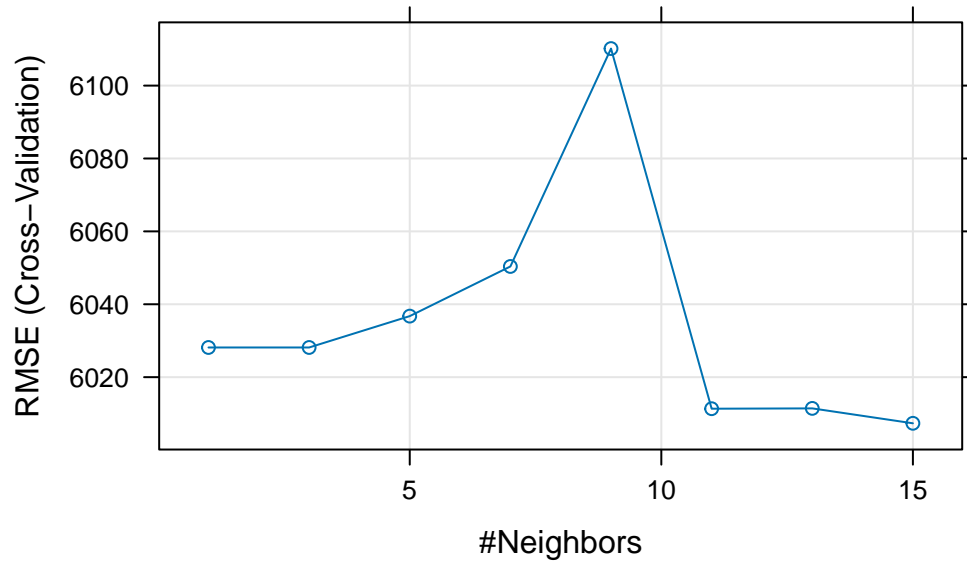
k	RMSE	Rsquared	MAE
1	6028.143	0.11998616	2723.384
3	6028.143	0.11998616	2723.384
5	6036.748	0.11881044	2741.087
7	6050.376	0.11633222	2761.100
9	6110.161	0.08989554	2781.701
11	6011.341	0.05558459	2662.650
13	6011.432	0.05555491	2663.248
15	6007.338	0.05769225	2645.292

RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.

The final value used for the model was k = 15.

```
# Visualize the KNN model performance  
plot(knn_model)
```





```
# Make predictions
rf_preds <- predict(rf_model, test_data)
knn_preds <- predict(knn_model, test_data)
svm_preds <- predict(svm_model, test_data)

# Evaluate performance (example: RMSE)
rf_rmse <- RMSE(rf_preds, test_data$order_count)
knn_rmse <- RMSE(knn_preds, test_data$order_count)
svm_rmse <- RMSE(svm_preds, test_data$order_count)

cat("Random Forest RMSE:", rf_rmse, "\n")
```

Random Forest RMSE: 4146.357

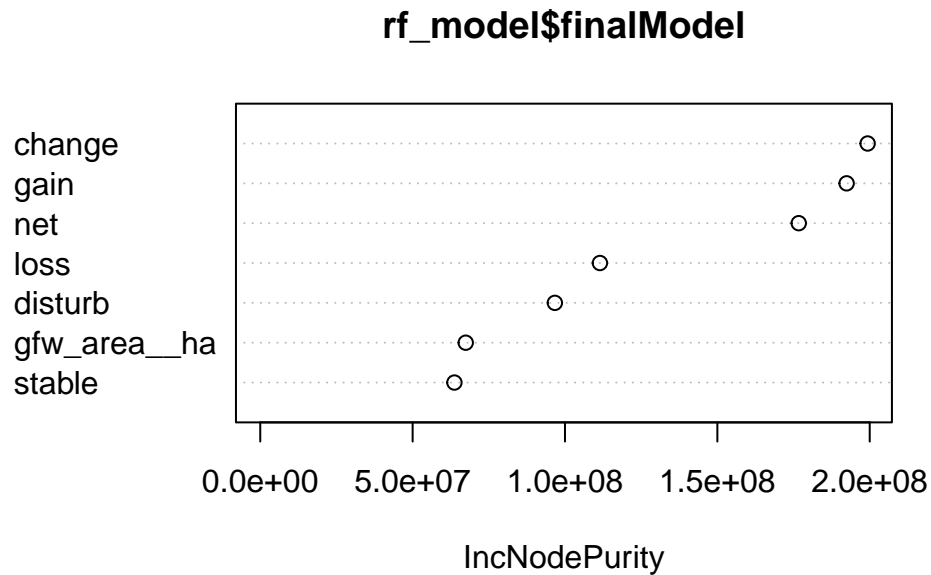
```
cat("KNN RMSE:", knn_rmse, "\n")
```

KNN RMSE: 4057.214

```
cat("SVM RMSE:", svm_rmse, "\n")
```

SVM RMSE: 4276.841

```
# Variable importance plot
varImpPlot(rf_model$finalModel)
```



```
# Predict order_count using each model
rf_preds <- predict(rf_model, test_data) # Random Forest predictions
knn_preds <- predict(knn_model, test_data) # KNN predictions
svm_preds <- predict(svm_model, test_data) # SVM predictions

# Load necessary library for evaluation metrics
library(Metrics)

# Define metrics
calc_metrics <- function(actual, predicted) {
  r_squared <- cor(actual, predicted)^2
  rmse_val <- rmse(actual, predicted)
  mae_val <- mae(actual, predicted)

  return(data.frame(
    R_Squared = r_squared,
    RMSE = rmse_val,
    MAE = mae_val
  ))
}
```

```

}

# Calculate metrics for each model
rf_metrics <- calc_metrics(test_data$order_count, rf_preds)
knn_metrics <- calc_metrics(test_data$order_count, knn_preds)
svm_metrics <- calc_metrics(test_data$order_count, svm_preds)

# Combine results for comparison
model_metrics <- rbind(
  cbind(Model = "Random Forest", rf_metrics),
  cbind(Model = "KNN", knn_metrics),
  cbind(Model = "SVM", svm_metrics)
)

print(model_metrics)

```

	Model	R_Squared	RMSE	MAE
1	Random Forest	0.03483658	4146.357	2430.778
2	KNN	0.05433674	4057.214	2443.194
3	SVM	0.01165616	4276.841	1993.172

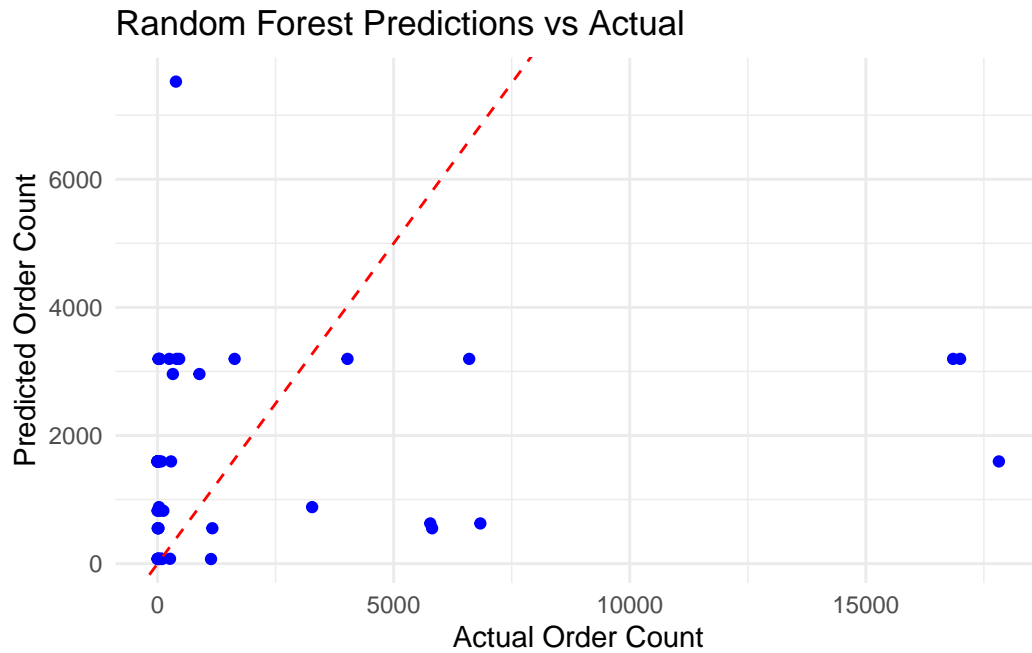
```

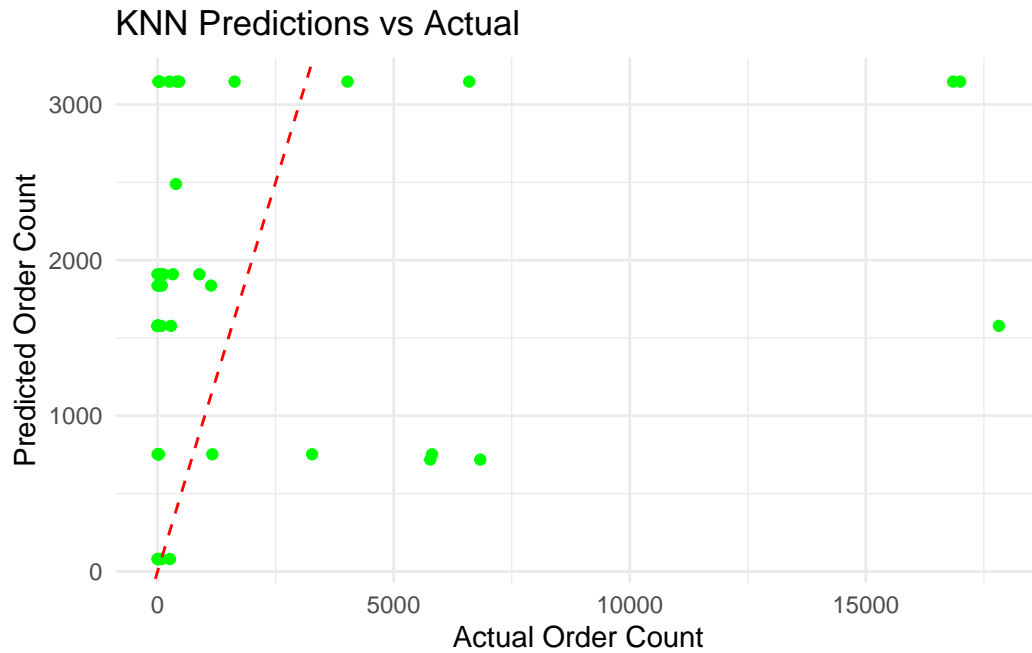
# Combine actual and predicted data for visualization
test_results <- test_data %>%
  mutate(
    RF_Preds = rf_preds,
    KNN_Preds = knn_preds,
    SVM_Preds = svm_preds
  )

# Create scatter plots for each model
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(test_results, aes(x = order_count, y = RF_Preds)) +
  geom_point(color = "blue") +
  geom_abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0, linetype = "dashed", color = "red") +
  labs(
    title = "Random Forest Predictions vs Actual",
    x = "Actual Order Count",
    y = "Predicted Order Count"
  ) +
  theme_minimal()

```





```
ggplot(test_results, aes(x = order_count, y = SVM_Preds)) +  
  geom_point(color = "purple") +  
  geom_abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0, linetype = "dashed", color = "red") +  
  labs(  
    title = "SVM Predictions vs Actual",  
    x = "Actual Order Count",  
    y = "Predicted Order Count"  
  ) +  
  theme_minimal()
```

