

# PWM PROTOTYPE

## Manual de Usuario

1. Conecte su PWM PROTOTYPE a una fuente de 5V DC.
2. Compruebe el funcionamiento de cada dispositivo accionando los switches correspondientes.
  - ✕ Switch amarillo acciona Pilot Light Amarillo
  - ✕ Switch Verde acciona Pilot Light Verde
  - ✕ Switch Rojo acciona Pilot Light Rojo
  - ✕ Switch negro acciona el abanico
  - ✕ Switch de palanca acciona la bocina
3. Si desea varia la velocidad de encendido y apagado de cada uno de los componentes, modifique los valores en la programación base.



```
1  `timescale 1ns / 1ps
2
3  module top(                                ## Clock signal
4      input CLK,                             set_property -dict {PACKAGE_PIN E3 IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33} [get_ports {CLK}]; #IO_L12P_T1_MRCC_35 Sch=golk[100]
5      output reg [3:0] out                  create_clock -add -name sys_clk_pin -period 10.00 -waveform {0 5} [get_ports {CLK}];
6  );
7
8      reg [32:0] counter;                    ##Pmod Header JB
9
10
11      always @ (posedge CLK)                set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN E15 IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { out[0] }]; #IO_L11P_T1_SRCC_15 Sch=jb_p[1]
12  begin                                     set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN E16 IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { out[1] }]; #IO_L11N_T1_SRCC_15 Sch=jb_n[1]
13      counter <= counter + 1;               set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN D15 IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { out[2] }]; #IO_L12P_T1_MRCC_15 Sch=jb_p[2]
14      out[0] <= counter[23];                set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN C15 IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { out[3] }]; #IO_L12N_T1_MRCC_15 Sch=jb_n[2]
15      out[1] <= counter[24];
16      out[2] <= counter[25];
17      out[3] <= counter[18];
18
19  end
20 endmodule
21
```