DSCI 310: Historical Horse Population in Canada

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This project explores the historical population of horses in Canada between 1906 and 1972 for each province.

Data

Horse population data were sourced from the Government of Canada's Open Data website. Specifically, [the Government of Canada, 2017] 1 and [the Government of Canada, 2017] 2.

Methods

The R programming language [R Core Team, 2019] and the following R packages were used to perform the analysis: knitr [Xie, 2014], tidyverse [Wickham, 2017], and bookdown [Xie, 2016]. *Note: this report is adapted from [Timbers, 2020].*

Results

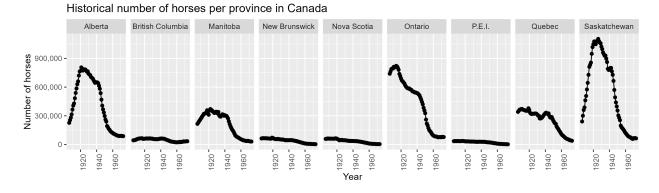


Fig. 1: Horse populations for all provinces in Canada from 1906 - 1972

We can see from Figure 1: Horse populations for all provinces in Canada from 1906 - 1972 that Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta have had the highest horse populations in Canada. All provinces have had a decline in horse populations since 1940. This is likely due to the rebound of the Canadian automotive industry after the Great Depression and the Second World War. An interesting follow-up visualisation would be car sales per year for each Province over the time period visualised above to further support this hypothesis.

Suppose we were interested in looking in more closely at the province with the highest spread (in terms of standard deviation) of horse populations. We present the standard deviations here:

Note that we define standard deviation (of a sample) as:

$$s = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})/(n-1)}.$$

Additionally, note that in Figure 2: Standard deviation of number of horses for each province between 1940 - 1972. we consider the sample standard deviation of the number of horses during the same time span as Figure 1: Horse populations for all provinces in Canada from 1906 - 1972.

In Figure 3: Horse populations for the province with the largest standard deviation we zoom in on the province of Saskatchewan, which had the largest spread of values in terms of standard deviation.

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```
Province
                              Std
0
       Saskatchewan 377265.575896
           Ontario 266435.317269
1
2
           Alberta 266063.191824
3
          Manitoba 122403.871037
4
            Quebec 111411.104370
5
      New Brunswick 22019.494316
       Nova Scotia 19879.253759
6
7
   British Columbia 14945.664171
                     11355.747559
            P.E.I.
```

Fig. 2: Standard deviation of number of horses for each province between 1940 - 1972

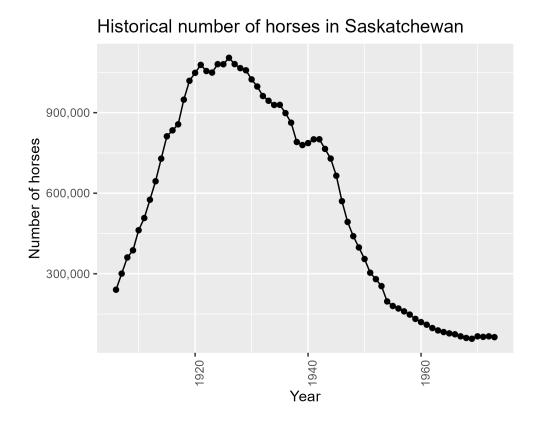


Fig. 3: Horse populations for the province with the largest standard deviation

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