This document is part of openLilyLib¹, a collection of resources for the LilyPond notation software² and the Large typesetting system.

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Songbooks with LilyPond and LATEX

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¹http://www.openlilylib.org

²http://www.lilypond.org

Songbooks with LilyPond and LATEX

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Abstract

There are different ways to combine text and music to books. This tutorial describes step by step how to compile a songbook consisting of textual parts and complete scores using Lagrang Lagrange and LilyPond.

1 Songbooks

A songbook is a book that contains pieces of music, but also contains various bits of text. It may include a general introduction, and specific introductions or performance notes for each piece. It should have frontmatter, including a table of contents that lists all of the pieces of music included in the book.

LilyPond provides a python script called lilypond-book that is designed to incorporate Lily-Pond output into Lare documents. However, lilypond-book is best suited for musicological documents, wherein musical examples are presented for consideration rather than for perfomance. lilypond-book is not designed to preserve all of the format and layout decisions that make LilyPond scores excellent for musical use, such as system length and between-system spacing.

In a songbook, the musical scores should be given an optimal presentation for use as musical scores, while the text should be given an optimal presentation for reading. Attempts to use lilypond-book for songbook production result in an unfruitful opposition between Layout procedures and those of LilyPond.

The best situation for producing a songbook with LilyPond and LaTeX is one in which LaTeX's layout and formatting are simply suspended while the musical score is inserted into the final output. To this end we will use \includepdf.

1.1 Preparing Your LilyPond Scores

- LilyPond scores must be compiled and the resulting PDFs must be to hand before we can do anything with LTEX to turn them into a songbook. It will be easiest if we keep our finished LilyPond scores in the same directory as out LTEX source, so as not to have to type long paths when we call the PDFs into LTEX.
- Since we want our LilyPond scores to be separable within the the songbook, we should compile them separately, producing one PDF for each piece of music.
- Since the page-numbering must be done by LTEX, we should turn off page numbering in our LilyPond source. This is done in the \paper block:

```
\paper{ print-page-number = ##f}
```

1.2 Using \includepdf

The \includepdf command is part of the pdfpages package. You must have this package installed and have \usepackagepdfpages in the preamble of your LTFX document.

By default, \includepdf includes only the first page of the PDF. To include all of your PDF score, your basic use of \includepdf should look like this:

```
\includepdf[pages=-]{path/to/myScore.pdf}
```

This use of \includepdf brings your LilyPond scores into the flow of your LTEX output. Each score will begin on its own page, and regular LTEX business will follow on the the page that follows the last page of your PDF.

Also by default, \includepdf removes all headers and footers supplied by LageX. This includes page-numbering. In order to restore page-numbering to your music pages, include this line in the body of your LageX document:

```
\includepdfset{pagecommand=\thispagestyle{plain}}
```

This sets the pagestyle to plain for all PDF pages. The plain pagestyle provides a page number at the bottom center of each page, but no headers. It is likely that the placement of the page number will interfere with your LilyPond score. We shall deal with this issue later.

1.3 Getting Your Scores into the Table of Contents

Your songbook probably needs a table of contents, and you will want your scores to be listed. The regular LTEX \section and \chapter commands provide a TOC listing, but they also print a numbered title above the section to which they refer. This will not be appropriate for scores, since the scores already have their own titles produced by LilyPond. To provide a TOC listing without printing a title, you can use:

```
\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{The Name of a Piece of Music}
```

This should be immediately before the \includepdf command. So now each inclusion of a piece of music in your book looks something like this:

```
\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{The Name of a Piece of Music}
\includepdf[pages=-]{path/to/thePDFscoreOfThatPiece.pdf}
```

Note that \section is used when your Lagrange document uses the article class, while \chapter should be substituted if you are making a book.

These PDF-inclusions can be interspersed with regular \section or \chapter commands. This is useful if you want to provide introductions to your pieces or other textual interludes. Of course, if the introduction has the same title as your piece, then you should omit the \addcontentsline for that piece.

By default, \section and \chapter are numbered, both in their titles and in their TOC entries. \addcontentsline entries are not numbered. To turn off numbering for all TOC entries for the sake of uniformity, include this line the body of your LATEX document:

```
\setcounter{secnumdepth}{-1}
```

With \chapter/section numbering turned off, you can freely intersperse textual sections with scores however you please:

```
[frame=single]
\section{Excellent Song}
The introduction to 'Excellent Song' goes like this.
It elaborates upon the excellence of 'Excellent Song.'
% We don't need a second TOC entry
% after the introduction, so straight to:
\includepdf[pages=-]{path/to/ExcellentSong.pdf}
% The next song doesn't need an introduction, so:
\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{Mediocre Song}
\includepdf[pages=-]{path/to/MediocreSong.pdf}
\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{Another Song}
\includepdf[pages=-]{path/to/anotherSong.pdf}
\section{Verbose Preamble to the Next Bit}
```

Please note that LATEX must compile your file at least twice in order to get the TOC right.

1.4 Getting LilyPond Scores and LaTEX Page-numbers out of Each Other's Way

We have page numbers on our scores, but they're in the wrong place with regard to the score. The way that we fix this will depend on the final dimensions of the book we intend to produce, and will be affected by our manipulation of layout variables in both LilyPond and LTEX. Basically, we need enough room for everything. We need the scores to stop in time to leave enough room for the page number, and we also need the page number to be low (or high) enough that the score doesn't need to stop (or start) in a silly-looking place. Fortunately, the page-numbers can be moved around a bit in LTEX without mucking up the rest of the layout.

In LETEX we can use both the geometry package (which will be necessary anyway if our book is an odd size) and the \setlength command. We will be primarily interested in the length of the \footskip variable, which determines how far away the footer is from the body of the text.

In LilyPond, we need to work with the \paper block. Assuming that we want to leave out page numbers on the bottom, we will most likely be interested in adjusting the bottom-margin and the foot-separation.

If the book is limited to a standard paper size like A4 or US-letter, the desired affect can be acheived simply by making LilyPond's bottom margin slightly wider, and Lagranger value somewhat larger.

1 Songbooks

If the dimensions of the book allow for it, we might also be interested in moving the page numbers to the top of the page on alternate sides, as happens by default in LilyPond. This can be done with the help of the fancyhdr package, which allows the redefinition of pagestyles.

Using fancyhdr, we can also apply a different pagestyle to the text-only pages of our book. This can be useful if we want the headers of our pages to have fancy things on them like head-rules and chapter names. To do this, we set the pagestyle of the document to something other than style given to the score pages in the \includepdfset{pagecommand=\thispagestyle{plain}} command. So the body of our Late document might contain the command \pagestyle{fancy}. This setting will be overriden and the pagestyle replaced whenever \includepdf is invoked.