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package edu.gmu.classifier.naivebayes;

import java.io.File;
import java.io.FilenameFilter;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;

import edu.gmu.classifier.io.DataLoader;
import edu.gmu.classifier.io.TrainingExample;
import edu.gmu.classifier.neuralnet.util.NeuralNetUtils;

public class Homework7
{
    public static void main( String[] args ) throws IOException
    {
        // list the test data files
        File dataDirectory = new File( "/home/ulman/CSI873/midterm/data" );
        String[] testDataFiles = dataDirectory.list( new FilenameFilter( )
        {
            @Override
            public boolean accept( File dir, String name )
            {
                return name.startsWith( "test" );
            }
        } );

        // sort the testDataFiles
        Arrays.sort( testDataFiles );

        // list the training data files
        String[] trainingDataFiles = dataDirectory.list( new FilenameFilter( )
        {
            @Override
            public boolean accept( File dir, String name )
            {
                return name.startsWith( "train" );
            }
        } );

        // sort the trainingDataFiles
        Arrays.sort( trainingDataFiles );

        // load all test data examples
        List<TrainingExample> testDataList = new ArrayList<TrainingExample>( );
        for ( String fileName : testDataFiles )
        {
            testDataList.addAll( DataLoader.loadFile( new File( dataDirectory, fileName ) ) );
        }

        // load all training data examples
        List<TrainingExample> trainingDataListAll = new ArrayList<TrainingExample>( );
        final Map<Integer, List<TrainingExample>> trainingDataMap = new HashMap<Integer, List<TrainingExample>>( );
        for ( String fileName : trainingDataFiles )
        {
            List<TrainingExample> list = DataLoader.loadFile( new File( dataDirectory, fileName ) );
            int digit = list.get( 0 ).getDigit( );
            trainingDataMap.put( digit, list );
            trainingDataListAll.addAll( list );
        }

        // create a data structure to store the training frequencies
        Map<P, Double> p0map = new HashMap<P, Double>( );

        // loop over digits and input indices, calculating the conditional probabilities:
        // p( index i = 0 | digit = d )
        for ( int d = 0; d < 10; d++ )
        {
            List<TrainingExample> examplesForDigit = trainingDataMap.get( d );

            for ( int i = 0; i < DataLoader.INPUT_SIZE; i++ )
            {
                P key = new P( i, d );
                Double p = calculateTrainingProbability( examplesForDigit, d, i );
                p0map.put( key, p );
            }
        }

        // calculate error and 95% confidence interval for test, training, and validation data sets
        double trainErrorRate = calculateErrorRate( p0map, trainingDataListAll );
        double testErrorRate = calculateErrorRate( p0map, testDataList );

        double trainErrorInterval = 1.96 * Math.sqrt( trainErrorRate * ( 1 - trainErrorRate ) / trainingDataListAll.size( ) );
        double testErrorInterval = 1.96 * Math.sqrt( testErrorRate * ( 1 - testErrorRate ) / testDataList.size( ) );
    }
}

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        System.out.printf( "Train Error: %.3f Train Interval: (%.3f, %.3f)%n", trainErrorRate, trainErrorRate -
trainErrorInterval, trainErrorRate + trainErrorInterval );
        System.out.printf( "Test Error: %.3f Test Interval: (%.3f, %.3f)%n", testErrorRate, testErrorRate - testErrorInterval,
testErrorRate + testErrorInterval );

        System.out.printf( "Training Error Rate: %.3f Testing ErrorRate: %.3f%n", trainErrorRate, testErrorRate );

//      ResultsUploader.uploadTrainingResults( p0map, trainingDataListAll, "NaiveBayesTraining" );
//      ResultsUploader.uploadTestingResults( p0map, testDataList, "NaiveBayesTesting" );
    }

    /**
     * Calculate the conditional probability p( index i = 0 | digit = d )
     *
     * @param examplesForDigit the set of training digits for digit d
     * @param digit the digit which the array of training examples corresponds to
     * @param inputIndex the input data index (i in the above expression)
     * @return the probability p( index i = 0 | digit = d )
     */
    public static double calculateTrainingProbability( List<TrainingExample> examplesForDigit, int digit, int inputIndex )
    {
        int count = 0;

        // count the number of training examples for the given digit which have a 0
        // at inputIndex in their input data array
        for ( TrainingExample example : examplesForDigit )
        {
            if ( example.getInputs( )[inputIndex] == 0.0 ) count++;
        }

        if ( count == 0 )
        {
            System.out.printf( "Zero probability warning: index: %d digit: %d%n", inputIndex, digit );
        }

        return (double) count / ( double ) examplesForDigit.size( );
    }

    /**
     * Calculate the error rate for a given set of data.
     *
     * @param p0map a map containing pre-computed conditional probabilities p( index i = 0 | digit = d )
     * @param dataList the set of data to compute the error rate for
     *
     * @return the percentage of incorrect classifications in the data set
     */
    public static double calculateErrorRate( Map<P, Double> p0map, List<TrainingExample> dataList )
    {
        int correctCount = 0;

        // loop through each training data example, counting the number which are classified correctly
        for ( TrainingExample data : dataList )
        {
            double[] likelihoods = calculateOutputLikelihoods( p0map, data );
            int predictedDigit = NeuralNetUtils.getLargestIndex( likelihoods );

            if ( predictedDigit == data.getDigit( ) )
            {
                correctCount++;
            }
        }

        return 1.0 - ( double ) correctCount / (double) dataList.size( );
    }

    /**
     * Use the pre-calculated conditional probabilities stored in p0map to calculate the probability
     * that the TrainingExample represents each of the ten possible digits.
     *
     * @param p0map a map of pre-computed conditional probabilities p( index i = 0 | digit = d )
     * @param data the training data element
     * @return the probability that data represents each of the possible ten digits
     */
    public static double[] calculateOutputLikelihoods( Map<P, Double> p0map, TrainingExample data )
    {
        // allocate an array to return the 10 calculated probabilities for each digit
        double[] likelihoods = new double[10];
        // get the input data for the training example
        double[] input = data.getInputs( );

        // apply the naive bayes classifier using the pre-calculated conditional probabilities
        // the result is one likelihood value for each digit
        for ( int d = 0; d < 10; d++ )
        {
            // in our case, all the digits have the same number of values, so p(v) is always 0.1
            double likelihood = 0.1;

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        for ( int i = 0 ; i < DataLoader.INPUT_SIZE; i++ )
        {
            // get the pre-computed conditional probability for the current digit and input index
            double p = p0map.get( new P( i, d ) );
            // the pre-computed probabilities are for input = 0, subtract one minus the probability
            // if the input value at the index is a 1
            likelihood *= input[i] == 0 ? p : 1-p;
        }

        likelihoods[d] = likelihood;
    }

    return likelihoods;
}
}
```