

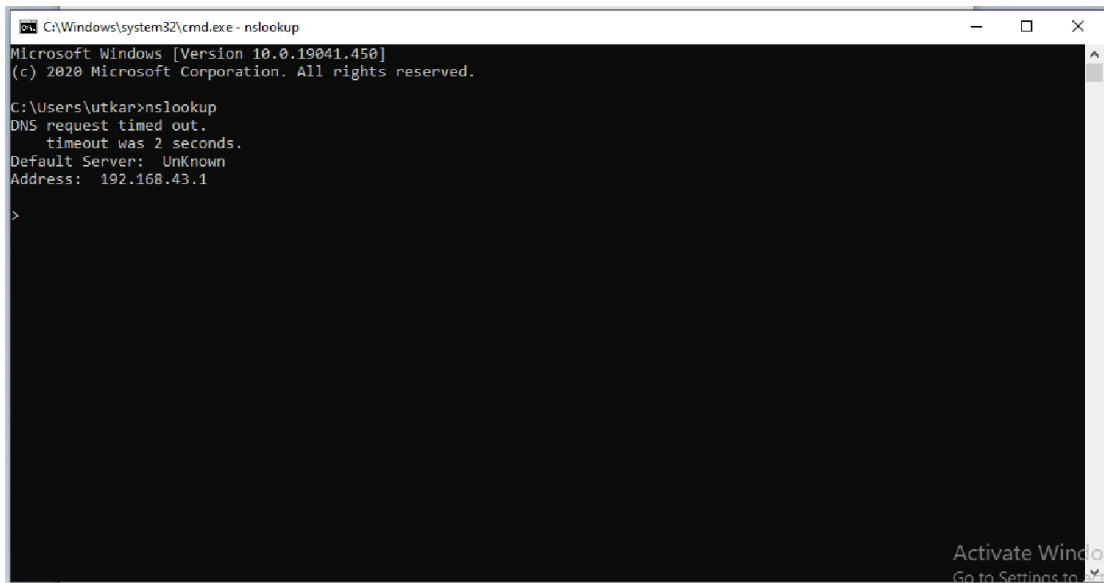
**Question 1: Find out the mail servers of the following domain.**

1) ibm.com

2) Wipro.com

Answer:

1) Open CMD from run (Win + R) and type nslookup



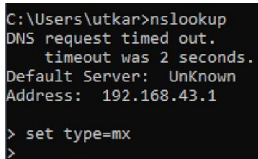
```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - nslookup
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19041.450]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\utkar>nslookup
DNS request timed out.
    timeout was 2 seconds.
Default Server:  UnKnown
Address:  192.168.43.1

>
```

2) Next set the search type to mail server with the help of commands:

set type=mx

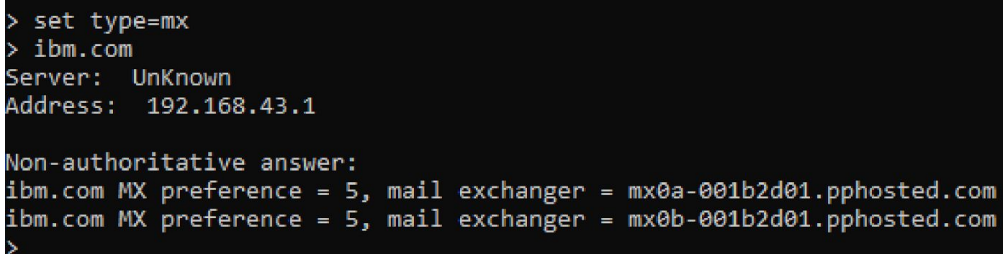


```
C:\Users\utkar>nslookup
DNS request timed out.
    timeout was 2 seconds.
Default Server:  UnKnown
Address:  192.168.43.1

> set type=mx
>
```

3) Next enter the domain name whose mail server is required.

a) IBM.com



```
> set type=mx
> ibm.com
Server:  UnKnown
Address:  192.168.43.1

Non-authoritative answer:
ibm.com MX preference = 5, mail exchanger = mx0a-001b2d01.pphosted.com
ibm.com MX preference = 5, mail exchanger = mx0b-001b2d01.pphosted.com
>
```

b) Wipro.com

```
> set type=mx
> wipro.com
Server: UnKnown
Address: 192.168.43.1

Non-authoritative answer:
wipro.com      MX preference = 0, mail exchanger = wipro-com.mail.protection.outlook.com
>
```

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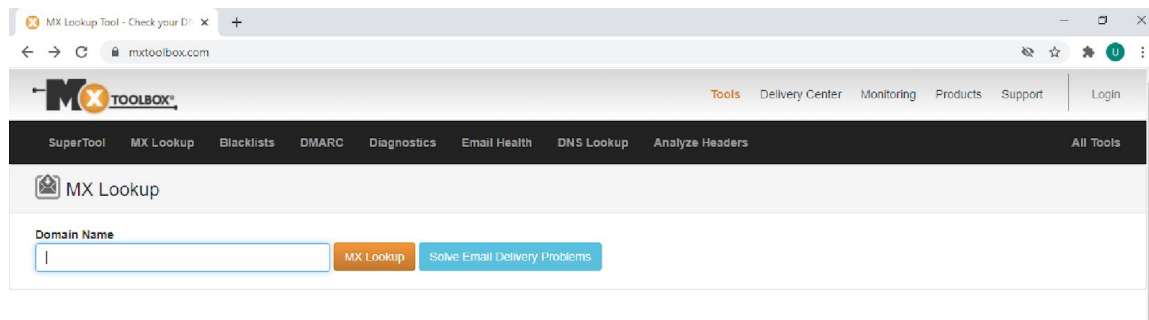
**Question 2: Find the locations, of these emails servers are hosted.**

1) ibm.com

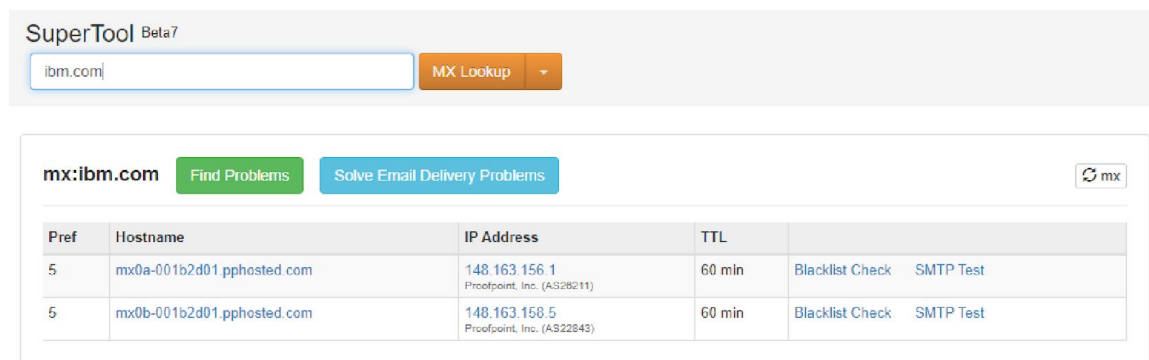
2) Wipro.com

Answer:

1) Open mxtoolbox.com in browser.



2) Type IBM.com and click the MX Lookup button.



3) We got 2 IP address now we search for these IP address to trace the location. For that we go to <https://whatismyipaddress.com/> and search the IP address.

## IP Details for 148.163.156.1

This information should not be used for emergency purposes, trying to find someone's exact physical address, or other purposes that would require 100% accuracy.

[Lookup IP Address](#)

### Details for 148.163.156.1

IP: 148.163.156.1

Decimal: 2493750273

Hostname: mx0a-001b2d01.pphosted.com

ASN: 26211

ISP: Proofpoint, Inc.

Organization: Proofpoint, Inc.

Services: None detected

Type: [Broadband](#)

Assignment: [Likely Static IP](#)

Blacklist: [Click to Check Blacklist Status](#)

Continent: North America

Country: United States 

Latitude: 37.751 (37° 45' 3.60" N)

Longitude: -97.822 (97° 49' 19.20" W)

Activate Wi

### Details for 148.163.158.5

IP: 148.163.158.5

Decimal: 2493750789

Hostname: mx0b-001b2d01.pphosted.com

ASN: 22843

ISP: Proofpoint, Inc.

Organization: Proofpoint, Inc.


Services: None detected

Type: [Broadband](#)

Assignment: [Likely Static IP](#)

Blacklist: [Click to Check Blacklist Status](#)

Continent: North America

Country: United States 

Latitude: 37.751 (37° 45' 3.60" N)

Longitude: -97.822 (97° 49' 19.20" W)

As we see both the IP addresses are coming from North America.

Next we check for Wipro.

SuperTool Beta7

wipro.com| [MX Lookup](#)


mx:wipro.com [Find Problems](#) [Solve Email Delivery Problems](#) [mx](#)

**EMAILS BOUNCING?** MxToolbox has your email delivery solutions

Pref	Hostname	IP Address	TTL	
0	wipro-com.mail.protection.outlook.com	104.47.125.36 Microsoft Corporation (AS8075)	60 min	<a href="#">Blacklist Check</a> <a href="#">SMTP Test</a>

Now we locate the IP address of the mail server for Wipro.

**Details for 104.47.125.36**

IP: 104.47.125.36  
 Decimal: 1747942692  
 Hostname: mail-sg2apc010036.inbound.protection.outlook.com  
 ASN: 8075  
 ISP: Microsoft Corporation  
 Organization: Microsoft Azure  
 Services: Likely [mail server](#)  
 Type: [Corporate](#)  
 Assignment: [Likely Static IP](#)  
 Blacklist: [Click to Check Blacklist Status](#)  
 Continent: Asia  
 Country: Singapore   
 City: Singapore  
 Latitude: 1.2929 (1° 17' 34.44" N)  
 Longitude: 103.8547 (103° 51' 16.92" E)  
 Postal Code: 18

Activate Wir

For Wipro the mail server is located in Singapore.

### Question 3: Scan and find out the port numbers open 203.163.246.23

Answer:

```
urathod@kali:~$ sudo nmap -Pn -sS 203.163.246.23
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-08-28 14:12 IST
Stats: 0:01:41 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 49.50% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:01:43 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:41 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 49.85% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:01:42 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:42 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 50.00% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:01:42 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:56 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 57.00% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:01:28 remaining)
Stats: 0:02:25 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 71.00% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:00:59 remaining)
Stats: 0:02:26 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 71.50% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:00:58 remaining)
Stats: 0:02:45 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 81.00% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:00:38 remaining)
Stats: 0:03:11 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 94.00% done; ETC: 14:16 (0:00:12 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 203.163.246.23
Host is up.
All 1000 scanned ports on 203.163.246.23 are filtered
```

```
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 203.97 seconds
```

```
urathod@kali:~$
```

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

```
urathod@kali:~$ sudo nmap -Pn 203.163.246.23
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-08-28 14:17 IST
Stats: 0:00:21 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 10.00% done; ETC: 14:20 (0:03:09 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:56 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 57.00% done; ETC: 14:20 (0:01:28 remaining)
Stats: 0:02:20 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 69.00% done; ETC: 14:20 (0:01:03 remaining)
Stats: 0:02:56 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 86.50% done; ETC: 14:20 (0:00:27 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 203.163.246.23
Host is up.
All 1000 scanned ports on 203.163.246.23 are filtered

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 203.79 seconds
urathod@kali:~$ sudo nmap -F 203.163.246.23
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-08-28 14:20 IST
Nmap scan report for 203.163.246.23
Host is up (0.062s latency).
All 100 scanned ports on 203.163.246.23 are filtered
```

```
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 3.01 seconds
```

```
urathod@kali:~$
```

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

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#### Question 4: Install nessus in a VM and scan your Laptop/Desktop for CVE.

Answer:

We have a VM ready for the CVE scanning,

We install nessus from the official site <https://www.tenable.com/products/nessus/nessus-essentials>. We do need to register to receive an activation code to proceed ahead with the installation of nessus.

We install Nessus like any other .exe file in the server. Here we are choosing windows server 2016 for the scanning purpose.

Once installation has been completed. It will ask to open the site from browser. Once opened, Login with the activation code.

After everything is completed, it ask us the range of IP address to scan. Please find the below screenshot for the same.

**Welcome to Nessus Essentials**

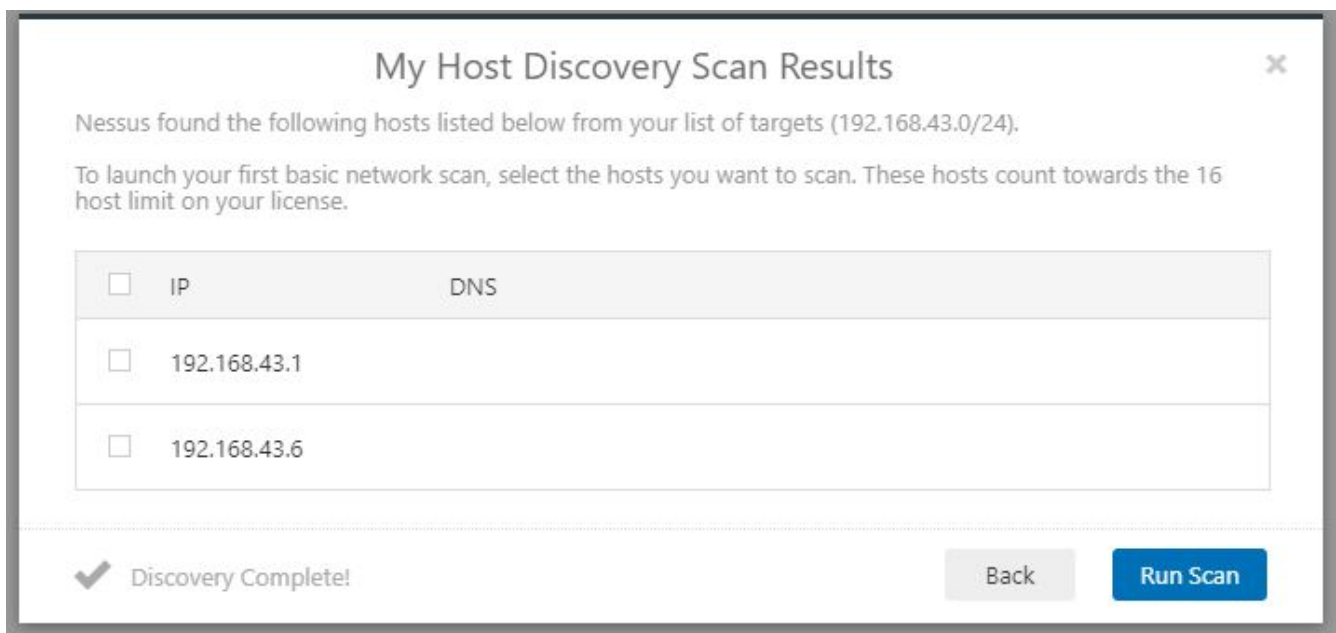
To get started, launch a host discovery scan to identify what hosts on your network are available to scan. Hosts that are discovered through a discovery scan do not count towards the 16 host limit on your license.

Enter targets as hostnames, IPv4 addresses, or IPv6 addresses. For IP addresses, you can use CIDR notation (e.g., 192.168.0.0/24), a range (e.g., 192.168.0.1-192.168.0.255), or a comma-separated list (e.g., 192.168.0.0, 192.168.0.1).

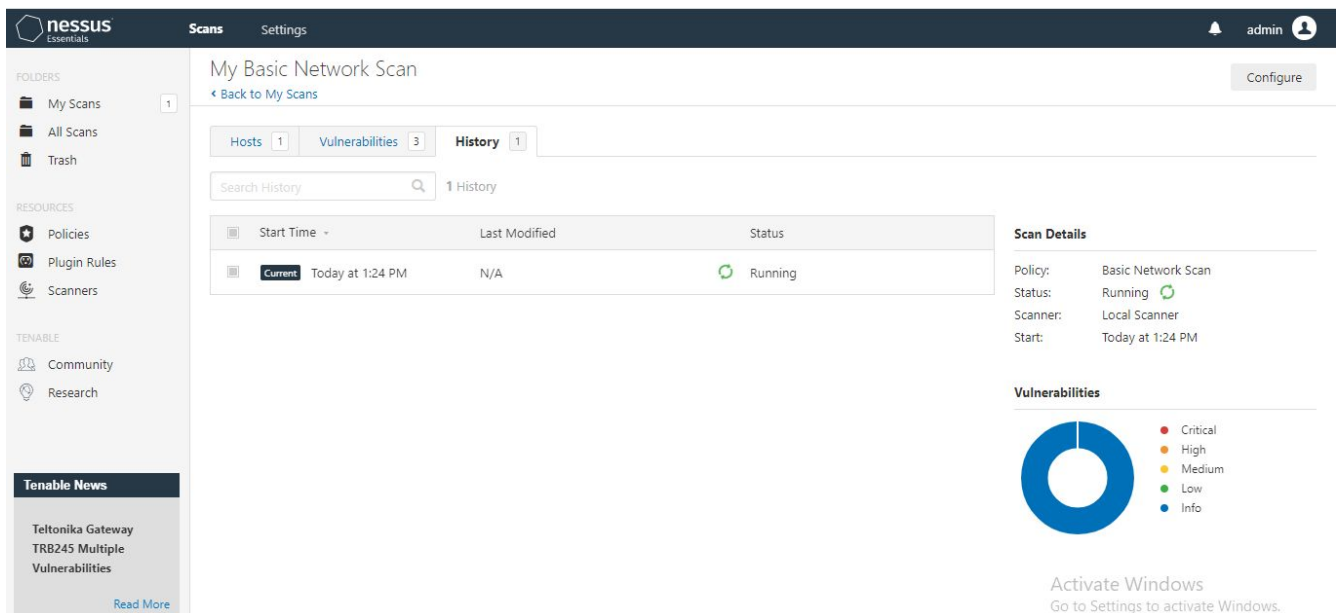
**Targets**

192.168.43.0/24

Submitting...



2 host have been found. We select the 2<sup>nd</sup> one for the scan.



Once the scanning is running, we found 5 vulnerabilities



**nessus Essentials** Scans Settings admin

My Basic Network Scan [Configure](#)

[Back to My Scans](#)

Hosts 1 Vulnerabilities 5 History 1

Filter Search Vulnerabilities 5 Vulnerabilities

Sev	Name	Family	Count
INFO	DCE Services Enumeration	Windows	9
INFO	SMB (Multiple Issues)	Windows	5
INFO	Microsoft Windows (Multiple Issues)	Windows	2
INFO	Host Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) Resolution	General	1
INFO	VMware ESX/GSX Server detection	Service detection	1

**Scan Details**

Policy: Basic Network Scan  
 Status: Running  
 Scanner: Local Scanner  
 Start: Today at 1:24 PM

**Vulnerabilities**

Donut chart showing severity distribution: Critical (0), High (0), Medium (0), Low (0), Info (5).

**Tenable News**

Microsoft's August 2020 Patch Tuesday Addresses 1...

When we select the vulnerabilities, it give details on it.

**nessus Essentials** Scans Settings admin

[Back to Vulnerability Group](#)

Hosts 1 Vulnerabilities 14 History 1

**Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection**

**Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

**Output**

An SMB server is running on this port.

Port	Hosts
139 / tcp / smb	192.168.43.6

A CIFS server is running on this port.

Port	Hosts
445 / tcp / cifs	192.168.43.6

**Plugin Details**

Severity: Info  
 ID: 11011  
 Version: 1.42  
 Type: remote  
 Family: Windows  
 Published: June 5, 2002  
 Modified: August 20, 2020

**Risk Information**

Risk Factor: None

**Vulnerability Information**

Asset Inventory: True


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 Go to Settings to activate Windows.

**Tenable News**

Teltonika Gateway TRB245 Multiple Vulnerabilities [Read More](#)

It also provides medium level vulnerabilities, like



 **nessus**  
Essentials

ScansSettings

admin

FOLDERS

- My Scans
- All Scans
- Trash

RESOURCES

- Policies
- Plugin Rules
- Scanners

TENABLE

- Community
- Research

Tenable News

Ubiquiti UniFi Protect Username Discovery

Read More

MEDIUMSMB Signing not required

Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

See Also

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/887429/overview-of-server-message-block-signing>  
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723>  
<https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea>

Output

No output recorded.

Port	Hosts
445 / tcp / cifs	192.168.43.6

Plugin Details

Severity:Medium

ID:57608

Version:1.18

Type:remote

Family:Misc.

Published:January 19, 2012

Modified:November 15, 2018

Risk Information

Risk Factor:Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score:5.3

CVSS v3.0 Vector:CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Vector:CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score:4.6

CVSS Base Score:5.0

CVSS Temporal Score:3.7

CVSS Vector:CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/CN/I:P/A:N

CVSS Temporal Vector:CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C

Activate Windows

Vulnerability Information

CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft/windows cpe:/a:samba/samba