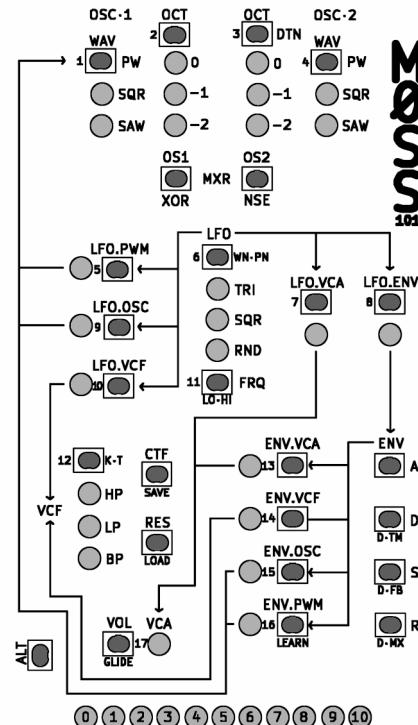


GLOSSARY	
WAV	= waveform
SQR	= square waveform
SAW	= sawtooth waveform
PW	= pulse width
OCT	= octave
MXR	= mixer
NSE	= noise generator
LFO	= low frequency oscillator
WN.PN	= white noise or pink noise
TRI	= triangle waveform
RND	= random waveform
FRQ	= frequency
LO-HI	= low or high range
CTF	= cutoff
RES	= resonance
HP	= high pass
LP	= low pass
BP	= band pass
K-T	= key tracking
A	= attack
D	= decay
S	= sustain
R	= release
D-TM	= delay time
D-FB	= delay feedback
D-MX	= delay mix

- 1) Activate MIDI learn mode (ALT + ENV\_PWM) - builts all ENV\_PWM - builts all glow orange.
  - 2) Select any control parameter - builts all glow yellow.
  - 3) Send any MIDI CC - builts all glow green (optionally repeat steps 2 and 3).
  - 4) Press ALT to exit.
- This CC is now mapped to this control To map aftertouch, hold a note on the keyboard, perform steps 1 and 2, then modulate the aftertouch. To map velocity, perform steps 1 and 2, then modulate the key on the keyboard.
- To map aftertouch, save the preset to conservative parameters. Save the preset to this control this mapping.
- To map aftertouch, hold a note on the keyboard, then press velocity, perform steps 1 and 2, then modulate the aftertouch.
- To map velocity, hold a note on the keyboard, then press aftertouch, perform steps 1 and 2, then modulate this mapping.
- \*NOTE\*

- ALT + LFO.ENV + click knob = Full Factory Reset  
 ALT + LFO.ENV + OSC-1 WAV + OSC-2 WAV + click knob = Full Factory Reset  
 ALT + LFO.ENV + click knob = Panic/Reset  
 ALT + ENV.VCA = ENV inversion mode  
 Hold ALT + turn knob = fine-tune pitch (cents)  
 Hold ALT + click knob = transpose pitch (semitones)  
 Hold ALT + click knob + turn knob = (de)activate  
 Hold (ALT + A) = ENV curves (1 ~ 9)  
 Hold (ALT + A) = ENV logarithmic, 5 = linear, 9 = very exponential  
 Hold (ALT + LFO.PWM) = MIDI channel 1 ~ 17, 17 = OMNI  
 Hold (ALT + LFO.OSC) = pitch-bend up semitones (1 ~ 12)  
 Hold (ALT + LFO.VCF) = pitch-bend down semitones (1 ~ 12)  
 There are some unmarked controls:  
 1) Activate save mode (ALT + CTF) - free slots glow green, occupied slots glow orange.  
 2) Press any slot to save (this can overwrite a slot).  
 3) Activate load mode (ALT + RES) - current slot glows green, loadable slots glow yellow.  
 4) Press your current settings, if not saved will lose your current settings, if not saved will indicate its state.
- LOAD  
 SAVE  
 SWATCH: the left 5 builts glow for on, the right 5 for off, each build represents the 1's, value represents the 10's, and its faded in one of two ways:  
 FADE: this shows a value from 0 to 100, near the bottom will often display its value in a slot, this control is deactivated, the ENV.VCA signal operates more intuitively, result in a higher gain for this signal. When this control is activated, the ENV.VCA signal will default attenuating the ENV.VCA signal will when this control is active (it is active by default secondary function). The secondary function is stamped to the right, or beneath the control, hold ALT to access the secondary function.
- The primary function of each control is stamped above the control.
- ENV GAIN INVERSION  
 MOSS-101 is a monophonic virtual analog synth, programmed in the Faust DSP language, on the BL616 microcontroller, which includes:  
 2 oscillators (OSC), with stackable square and sawtooth waveforms, each with octave (OCT) and pulse width (PW) control. Oscillator 2 can be detuned (DTN).  
 1 filter (VCF), with high-pass, low-pass or bandpass response, resonance control, and optional key-tracking (K-T).  
 1 low frequency oscillator (LFO), with square (SQR), triangle (TRI), or random (RND) waveforms, and a frequency (FRQ) range of 0.01hz to 10khz.  
 1 amplifier (VCA).  
 1 envelope generator (ENV), with attack, decay, sustain and release controls (ADSR), with timings from 0.1ms to 20s, adjustable curves, and a gain inversion mode.  
 1 noise generator (NSE) with pink (PN) or white (WN) noise algorithms.  
 1 XOR module, applied to the square waves of the 2 oscillators.  
 1 mixer (MXR) with inputs from each oscillator, the noise generator, and the XOR module.



Most toggling and switching controls have a slot, this signal pulsing with its signal level, when the LFO is set to its high range (LO-HI), this signal will instead show as red/yellow, and the control temperature indicates its frequency. Some controls will have a specific numeric value (ex. MIDI channel), which has a small number stamped to its left. There are builts and controls for numbers 1 ~ 17.

For most signals, a corresponding builts glow below them to indicate its state. Right 5 for off, left 5 builts glow for on, the value represents the 10's, and its faded in one of two ways:  
 FADE: this shows a value from 0 to 100, near the bottom will often display its value in a slot, this control is deactivated, the ENV.VCA signal operates more intuitively, result in a higher gain for this signal. When this control is activated, the ENV.VCA signal will default attenuating the ENV.VCA signal will when this control is active (it is active by default secondary function). The secondary function is stamped to the right, or beneath the control, hold ALT to access the secondary function.

The primary function of each control is stamped above the control.

ENV GAIN INVERSION  
 MOSS-101 is a monophonic virtual analog synth, programmed in the Faust DSP language, on the BL616 microcontroller, which includes:  
 2 oscillators (OSC), with stackable square and sawtooth waveforms, each with octave (OCT) and pulse width (PW) control. Oscillator 2 can be detuned (DTN).  
 1 filter (VCF), with high-pass, low-pass or bandpass response, resonance control, and optional key-tracking (K-T).  
 1 low frequency oscillator (LFO), with square (SQR), triangle (TRI), or random (RND) waveforms, and a frequency (FRQ) range of 0.01hz to 10khz.  
 1 amplifier (VCA).  
 1 envelope generator (ENV), with attack, decay, sustain and release controls (ADSR), with timings from 0.1ms to 20s, adjustable curves, and a gain inversion mode.  
 1 noise generator (NSE) with pink (PN) or white (WN) noise algorithms.  
 1 XOR module, applied to the square waves of the 2 oscillators.  
 1 mixer (MXR) with inputs from each oscillator, the noise generator, and the XOR module.

1 delay module, with time (D-TM), feedback (D-FB), and mix (D-MX) controls.  
 1 glide module with adjustable speed.  
 1 pitch-bend module with adjustable upward and downward range.  
 9 modulation paths with individual gain, connecting the LFO and ENV to the VCF cutoff, PW, OSC-1 pitch, and VCA, or to trigger the ENV from the LFO square wave.  
 1 flash memory unit to store up to 17 presets, and to remap MIDI channels per preset.  
 2 MIDI inputs (USB-A Host and 1/8" Type-A input), with OMNI / assignable channel.  
 1 MIDI thru 1/8" Type-A output.  
 1 1/4" mono audio output, line level, 100kOhm impedance.  
 1 9V dc power input, center negative.  
 1 knob to adjust parameters, which can be depressed (clicked) to trigger the ENV.