Math 256C: From Schemes to Conspiracies

Fall 2020

Chapter I: Points with Endomorphisms

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Tutorial

Basics

I tend to use chapter headings for larger sections of a course (as opposed to individual lectures); to keep track of where lectures start you can use the bmn (boxed margin note) command, which writes to the margin.

Here is where lecture content goes, generally a summary or transcription of what is being said or written. Here is a theorem:

Theorem 1.1: Kontsevich

The number N_d of rational plane curves of degree d passing through 3d-1 points in general position is given recursively by

$$N_{d} = \sum_{d_{A}+d_{B}=d} N_{d_{A}} N_{d_{B}} d_{A}^{2} d_{B} \left(d_{B} \binom{3d-4}{3d_{A}-2} - d_{A} \binom{3d-4}{3d_{A}-1} \right)$$

The above result, is, of course, thoroughly unrelated to the following fact:

In a k-free graph on n vertices, there are at most $\binom{k-1}{r} (\frac{n}{k-1})^r$ rcliques.

Setting r=2 in the above, we recover the following result:

Corollary 1.3: Turan's Theorem

In a k-free graph on n vertices, there are at most $\frac{k-2}{k-1}\frac{n^2}{2}$ edges.

You can insert a hyperlinked reference for any theorem box if you add a reference tag (see the LATEX code at Corollary 1.3 for formatting, and see the style file for the reference prefixes for each theorem style).

PROOF: There is also a proof environment; the proof heading is configured to live in the left margin.

Lecture 1: September 3rd, 1752

Here is a margin note: I use these generally to annotate my own thoughts or questions during lecture.

You can have multi-paragraph margin notes, which are configured to not have indented paragraphs.

Citations live in the right margin, 1 but will not work correctly if placed inside a theorem box. Repeated citations appear as ibid. 2 The available theorem boxes are theorem, lemma, corollary, proposition, definition, example, remark, question, exercise, counterexample, and conjecture. Unnnumbered versions of all the theorem boxes exist:

Proposition: Hurwitz

The group of orientation-preserving conformal automorphisms of a compact Riemann surface of genus g > 1 has order at most 84(g-1).

- ¹ Fantechi, "Stacks for Everybody", p. 232.
- ² Ibid.

References do not work for unnumbered theorems.

References

Fantechi, Barbara. "Stacks for Everybody". In: European Congress of Mathematics. Ed. by Carles Casacuberta et al. Basel: Birkhäuser Basel, 2001, pp. 349–359. ISBN: 978-3-0348-8268-2.

Hartshorne, Robin. Algebraic Geometry. Springer, 1977.

Kontsevich, Maxim and Yuri Manin. "Gromov-Witten classes, quantum cohomology, and enumerative geometry". In: *Communications in Mathematical Physics* 164 (1994), pp. 525–562. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1007/BF02101490.

Witten, Edward. "Two-Dimensional Gravity and Intersection Theory on Moduli Space". In: *Surveys Diff. Geom.* 1 (1991), pp. 243–310. DOI: 10.4310/SDG.1990.v1.n1.a5.