Exam #2: 60 Minutes	Last name:	First name:	
questions than the time allows. 60 minutes. No question may be solving/answering problems/que more than one answer is provide	Attempt as many questions be re-visited (backtracking is estions in the space provided led, the grader will only selections.	ulator exam. There may be more as possible within the allowed tire disabled). Show all your work for d. Do not provide multiple answer to one answer at random. Take a start, you need to finish and subm	ers. If
You may use one 8.5"x11" doub	ble-sided blank sheet and pen/	pencil/eraser for scratch work.	
By proceeding to take this exam 1) alone in the room that I am ta 2) not communicating with anyo 3) not using any device (such as 4) not using an application other 5) not referencing any material (6) not recording questions in any	king the test in, one (other than the instructor) d a smartphone, a computer) oth than the browser I am using to (such as a book, printed/electro	er than the one that I am taking the to take the test through,	est on,
1) a) When RPi is connected to a laptor and where is the VNC viewer running	•	C server running on (RPi or the laptop) e answer in each case)	
b) Why is it important to properly shu	utdown RPi using <i>sudo shutdown</i>	–h 0 command?	
c) Why is it important to secure RPi w	rith proper login?		

d) On 000webhost.com, what is PhpMyAdmin used for?

b) What is an API-Key?

2) a) Briefly describe REST (REpresentational State Transfer) type of API:

c) Show a sample XML file to describe a record in person table (pname, city, state, zip):

d) What is the significance of DBOR?
3) a) What is the language (Python, SQL, PHP, HTML, etc.) used for interacting with the database on the Internet Platform, 000webhost.com, that you are using?
b) Based on the way that you are using 000webhost.com, would you consider 000webhost.com as an IaaS, PaaS, or SaaS?
c) Microsoft providing online Excel is an example of (IaaS/PaaS/SaaS). <i>(circle one)</i>
4) a) What does VNC provide?
b) How can one have access to your UTRGV username and password if you do not secure your RPi with a login?
c) What is the OS recommended to be used on Raspberry Pi?
d) Which module provides management of a database on 000webhost.com?
<u>5)</u> a) Even if access to an API is free, why is it a good idea to require an API-Key?
b) Why is it a bad idea to have DBOR on a local machine?

c) What is XML used for?

d) What is JSON used for?

6) Consider the following sample HTML/PHP script:

```
require_once __DIR__ . '/../required/db_connect.php';
?>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Welcome</title>
  </head>
  <body>
  Welcome to Jane Doe's Clients Main Page </br>
 if ($stmt=$mysqli->prepare("SELECT * FROM person LIMIT 100")) {
    $stmt->execute();
    $stmt->bind_result($pname,$street,$city);
    printf("Name Street City</br>");
    while ($stmt->fetch()) {
      echo $pname . " " . $street . " " . $city . "</br>";
    $stmt->close();
  else{ echo "error";
  $mysqli->close();
  ?>
        ========</br>
  </body>
</html>
```

Using the above as a template, generate the following webpage (retrieving relevant data):

Welcome to Toyota Community

<names of the persons, their streets and cities, along with the model and year of their Toyota vehicles>

(Answers in Assignment #6)

Consider the following Python program as a reference:

#!/usr/bin/python import RPi.GPIO as GPIO #import GPIO library import time GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM) #set the pins according to BCM scheme GPIO.setup(4,GPIO.OUT) #configure BCM Pin #4 as OUTPUT GPIO.setup(17,GPIO.IN) #configure BCM Pin #17 as INPUT print "Powering LED ON... BCM pin 4" GPIO.output(4,GPIO.HIGH) #set BCM Pin #4 to 1 time.sleep(2) #wait print "Powering LED OFF... BCM pin 4" #set BCM Pin #4 to 0 GPIO.output(4,GPIO.LOW) sw=GPIO.input(17) #read the status of BCM Pin #17 if sw==1: print "Switch is ON... BCM pin 17" else: print "Switch is OFF... BCM pin 17" GPIO.cleanup() #set BCM pins to default for next time

Based on the above, write a Python program to set LED connected to BCM Pin #22 to ON if the switch connected to BCM PIN #27 is OFF, otherwise, LED is set to OFF.

<u>8)</u>

Using the program given in Problem #2 as a reference, write a Python program to blink the LED connected to BCM Pin #22 if the switch connected to BCM PIN #27 is ON, otherwise, LED is set to OFF. The blinking interval time is 3 seconds (both on time and off time).

a) Briefly explain what the following statements accomplish:

```
$login_check = hash('sha512', $password . $user_browser);
if (hash_equals($login_check, $login_string)) {
    return true;
}
```

b) Add php code within the while statement (in the space provided) to print (on the website) persons from "harlingen" and also the persons living on the street named "freedom" in any city.

10) Consider the following Python program as a reference:

#!/usr/bin/python
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(4,GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(17,GPIO.IN)
print "Powering LED ON... BCM pin 4"
GPIO.output(4,GPIO.HIGH)
time.sleep(2)
print "Powering LED OFF... BCM pin 4"
GPIO.output(4,GPIO.LOW)
sw=GPIO.input(17)
if sw==1: print "Switch is ON... BCM pin 17"
else: print "Switch is OFF... BCM pin 17"
GPIO.cleanup()

Based on the above, consider that an LED is connected to BCM Pin #22, and a switch connected to BCM Pin #27. Write a Python program to power ON the LED for 2 seconds and power OFF the LED for 2 seconds, if the switch is ON. However, if the switch is OFF, the LED should be powered ON for 5 seconds and powered off for 5 seconds. The checking of the switch and powering ON/OFF of the LED must be done in a continuous loop (forever).

<u>11)</u>	
a) Answer the following:	
i) Is \$user_id an integer or a string?	
ii) What does hashing of the combinat	cion of \$password and \$user_browser accomplish in \$login_check =
hash('sha512', \$password . \$user_brows	ser) statement?

- b) Given the sample code at the end of the exam, write a Python code to implement the following:
 - -LED connected to Pin #17 blinks every 2 seconds if SW1 (connected to Pin #22) is OFF. Otherwise, the LED remains OFF.
 - -LED connected to Pin #23 blinks every second if SW1 (connected to Pin #22) is ON. Otherwise, the LED remains OFF.

<u>12)</u>

Assume the following:

- -RPi has the following table (primary key underlined) in MySQL: persons (pname, street, city, salary)
- -RPi needs to send the salary of Kochab to the server https://approve.hello.org using JSONRequest
- -The server responds with OK or NOT_OK as a response to a successful interaction
 - -If RPi receives OK from the server, it prints "Kochab's salary approved."
 - -If RPi receives NOT_OK from the server, it prints "Kochab's salary out of range."

Given the sample code at the end of the exam, write a Python code on the RPi side to implement the above.

13) Briefly describe the following:
a) XML:
b) JSONRequest:
c) Significance of hashing a password:
d) A sensor:
e) An Actuator:
c) All Actuator.

```
Sample Python Code:
#!/usr/bin/python
        import MySQLdb
        db = MySQLdb.connect(host="localhost", user="user",passwd="pass",db="insurance")
        cur = db.cursor()
        cur.execute("select * from person")
        n = cur.rowcount
        print "pname\t" + "street\t" + "citv\t"
        print "=====\t" + "====\t" + "====\t"
        for r in range (0,n):
                row = cur.fetchone()
                if row[2]== "harlingen":
                         print row[0] + "\t" + row[1] + "\t" + row[2]
. . .
#!/usr/bin/python
                                          #import JSONRequests library
import requests
import time
                                          #import time library for sleep function
import datetime
                                          #import datetime library for timestamp
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
                                          #import GPIO library
GPIO.cleanup()
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
                                          #set the pins according to BCM scheme
                                          #configure BCM Pin #4 as OUTPUT
GPIO.setup(4,GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(17,GPIO.IN)
                                          #configure BCM Pin #17 as INPUT
i=0; n=5; delay=20
                                          #limit number of tries to 5 (initially set it to 1 for debugging)
while i<n:
        LED1=GPIO.input(4)
                                                  #read what BCM Pin #4 is set to (LED1)
        SW1=GPIO.input(17)
                                                  #read the status of BCM Pin #17 (SW1)
        data = {'username': 'ben', 'password': 'benpass', 'SW1': SW1, 'LED1': LED1}
        res = requests.post("https://yourdomain.000webhostapp.com/scripts/sync_rpi_data.php", json=data)
#in case of errors (especially, syntax), you may want to print res.text and comment out the statements below
        r = res.json()
        ts = datetime.datetime.now()
                                          #get the time stamp
                      ======Server Response at " + str(ts) + "============="
        print "=====
        if r['success']==1:
        print "+++++Server request successful: "
                if LED1!=r['LED1']:
                         print "Changing LED status as requested by the server"
                         if r['LED1']==1:
                                 GPIO.output(4,GPIO.HIGH)
                         else: GPIO.output(4,GPIO.LOW)
                         print "The status of LED1 is " + str(r['LED1'])
                         print "The status of SW1 is " + str(r['SW1'])
        else: print ">>>> Server request failed - Error #" + str(r['error'])
                                          #wait for delay seconds before sending another request
        time.sleep(delay)
        i+=1
GPIO.cleanup()
```

Sample PHP Code:

```
require_once __DIR__ . '/../../required/db_connect.php';
$input = file_get_contents("php://input");
$error=0; $out_json = array(); $out_json['success'] = 1; //assume success
$SW1 status=0; $LED1_status=0;
if ($input) {
    $json = json decode($input, true);
                                              //check if it json input
    if (json_last_error() == JSON_ERROR NONE) {
        if (isset($json["username"]) && isset($json["password"]) && isset($json["SW1"])
                && isset($json["LED1"])) {
             $in username = $json["username"];
             $in_password = $json["password"]; //if the expected fields are not null, get them
             \sin^{-}SW1 = \frac{\sin^{-}SW1"}{\pi}
             \sin LED1 = \frac{\sin ["LED1"]}{\sin LED1}
             if ($stmt=$mysqli->prepare("SELECT password FROM webuser WHERE pname = ? LIMIT 1")) {
                 $stmt->bind param('s', $in username);
                 $stmt->execute(); $stmt->store result(); //store result to get num rows etc.
                 $stmt->bind_result($db_password); //get the hashed password
                 $stmt->fetch();
                 if ($stmt->num rows == 1) {
                                                        //if user exists, verify the password
                     if (password_verify($in_password, $db_password)) {
                          $stmt->close();
                          if ($stmt = $mysqli->prepare("UPDATE device set status=?")
                                                          where devname = 'SW1'")) { //update LED1
                            $stmt->bind param('i', $in SW1); $stmt->execute();
                          } else {$error=1;}
                          $stmt->close();
                          if (!$error && ($stmt = $mysqli->prepare("SELECT status FROM device
                                                         where devname = 'SW1'"))) { //read SW1
                            $stmt->execute(); $stmt->bind result($SW1 status); $stmt->fetch();
                          } else {$error=2;}
                          $stmt->close();
                          if (!$error && ($stmt = $mysqli->prepare("SELECT status FROM device
                                                          where devname = 'LED1'"))) { //read LED1
                            $stmt->execute(); $stmt->bind result($LED1 status); $stmt->fetch();
                          } else {$error=3;}
                          $stmt->close();
                     } else {$error=4;}
                 } else {$error=5;}
             } else {$error=6;}
        } else {$error=7;}
    } else {$error=8;}
} else {$error=9;}
if ($error){
   $out json['success'] = 0; //flag failure
$out json['SW1'] = $SW1 status; $out json['LED1'] = $LED1 status;
$out_json['error'] = $error; //provide error (if any) number for debugging
echo json_encode($out_json); //encode the data in json format
```