

# Neural Coding

## Homework Problems 4.

**1.** Plot the Fisher Information  $J(s)$  for the Bernoulli neuron and for a Poisson, assuming  $f(s) = \frac{1}{1+s^2}$ , as a function of  $s$ . (2 points)

**2.** For the Bernoulli neuron with  $f(s) = \frac{1}{1+s^2}$  from previous task.  
 (a) Compute the minimum discrimination error for the two stimuli  $s_1 = 1$  and  $s_2 = 2$  assuming equal prior probability for the two stimuli. (2 points)  
 (b) Generalize the computation in (a) to arbitrary  $s_2$ . Plot the MDE as a function of  $s_2 > 1$ . (1 point)  
 (c) Plot the two MDE bounds from the lecture as a function of  $s_2 > 1$ . (2 points)

**3.** Let the stimulus have one of two values  $s_1$  and  $s_2$  with equal probabilities. Show that the Jensen-Shannon-Information:

$$I_{JS}(s_1, s_2) = \frac{1}{2} D_{KL}[p(r|s_1) \| p(r)] + \frac{1}{2} D_{KL}[p(r|s_2) \| p(r)]$$

Is equal to the mutual information between the response and the class of stimulus  $I \in \{1, 2\}$  ( $p(I = 1) = 0.5$ )

$$MI(r, I) = \sum_{i \in I} \int p(r|i) \log \frac{p(r|i)}{\sum_i p(r|i)p(i)} dr$$

(2 points)

**4.\*** In this task we will try to understand why  $d' = \Delta\mu^T \Sigma^{-1} \Delta\mu$  measures the minimal linear discrimination error via

$$LDE = 1 - \Psi(d'/2),$$

with  $\Psi$  a CDF of normal distribution  $\Delta\mu = f(s) - f(s + \Delta s)$  for any Gaussian population model with  $r \sim \mathcal{N}(f(s), \Sigma(s))$ .

(a) Write down the optimal linear classifier for two normal distributions with arbitrary means  $\mu_1, \mu_2$  covariance matrices  $\Sigma_1, \Sigma_2$  and equal class probabilities. (2 points)  
 (b) Show that  $d'$  measures the minimal linear discrimination error. (3 points)  
 (c) What are the conditions on the population covariance matrix  $\Sigma$  for the minimal linear discrimination error to be equal to the overall minimal discrimination error? For which population models (Poisson, additive Gaussian, multiplicative Gaussian) are they satisfied? (2 points)