Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) and Hormone Levels during the Menopausal Transition

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Supplemental Materials

Supplemental Table 1. Distributions of PFAS concentrations (ng/mL) in serum collected in 1999-2000 in the Study of Women's Health Across the Nation.

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Supplemental Figure 1. A schematic diagram of analytic samples.

Supplemental Figure 2. A correlation heatmap. Spearman correlation coefficients are shown. More intense color indicates a stronger correlation.

Supplemental Methods

Supplemental Table 1. Distributions of PFAS concentrations (ng/mL) in serum collected in 1999-2000 in the Study of Women's Health Across the Nation.

Analyte	Detection (%)	GM (GSD)	Percentiles					
	LOD=0.1		5 th	25 th	50 th	75 th	95 th	Maximum
Perfluoroalkyl car		FCAs)		1 = 3	1 2 2			
PFOA (total)		4.18 (1.80)	1.6	2.9	4.3	6.0	10.8	56.5
Linear	99.9	4.05 (1.82)	1.5	2.9	4.1	5.8	10.3	56.5
Branched	17.9	0.11 (2.44)	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>1</td><td>5.8</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>1</td><td>5.8</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>1</td><td>5.8</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>1</td><td>5.8</td></lod<>	1	5.8
PFNA	97.2	0.55 (1.82)	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.3	5.0
PFDA	41.3	0.13 (2.21)	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>0.3</td><td>0.5</td><td>2.7</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>0.3</td><td>0.5</td><td>2.7</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>0.3</td><td>0.5</td><td>2.7</td></lod<>	0.3	0.5	2.7
PFUnDA	32.3	0.12 (2.27)	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>0.2</td><td>0.6</td><td>3.8</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>0.2</td><td>0.6</td><td>3.8</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>0.2</td><td>0.6</td><td>3.8</td></lod<>	0.2	0.6	3.8
PFDoDA	3.8	0.08 (1.42)	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>9.8</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>9.8</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>9.8</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>9.8</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>9.8</td></lod<>	9.8
Perfluoroalkane s	sulfonic acids (PF	-SAs)						
PFHxS	99.6	1.58 (2.23)	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.4	6.9	46.5
PFOS (total)		25.41 (1.81)	10.3	17.6	24.9	35.8	69.9	376.0
Linear	100	17.87 (1.80)	7.2	12.5	17.5	24.9	48.5	250.0
Branched	99.8	7.15 (2.03)	2.5	4.7	7.3	11.0	22.1	126.0
Perfluoroalkane sulfonamide substances								
MeFOSAA	99.6	1.45 (2.04)	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.3	4.5	14.4
EtFOSAA	99.0	1.24 (2.54)	0.3	0.7	1.2	2.2	6.2	112.5

LOD, limit of detection; GM, geometric mean; GSD, geometric standard deviation; PFOA, perfluorooctanoate; PFNA, perfluorononanoate; PFDA, perfluorodecanoate; PFUnDA, perfluoroundecanoate; PFDoDA, perfluorodecanoate; PFHxS, perfluorohexane sulfonate; PFOS, perfluorooctane sulfonate; MeFOSAA, 2-(N-methyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; and EtFOSAA, 2-(N-ethyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate.

To compute GMs for the compounds with values below LOD, those values were replaced with LOD/ $\sqrt{2}$.

Supplemental Table 2. Percent changes (95% CIs) in serum concentrations of sex hormones for a doubling increase in and by tertiles of PFAS concentrations, **without adjustment for BMI**.

	Per doubling increase	Tertile of PFAS concentrations			<i>P</i> for
PFAS	Percent Change (95%CI)	Percent Change (95%CI)			trend
=0		T1	T2	T3	
FSH					
n-PFOA	0.86 (-2.04, 3.85)	Ref	-0.52 (-6.17, 5.47)	1.92 (-4.10, 8.31)	0.53
PFNA	1.36 (-1.37, 4.16)	Ref	-3.24 (-8.47, 2.30)	1.92 (-4.16, 8.37)	0.56
PFHxS	0.03 (-2.05, 2.16)	Ref	-0.77 (-6.26, 5.04)	-0.57 (-6.34, 5.56)	0.85
n-PFOS	0.71 (-2.11, 3.61)	Ref	-3.15 (-8.43, 2.43)	0.35 (-5.35, 6.39)	0.94
Sm-PFOS	-0.48 (-2.80, 1.90)	Ref	-2.72 (-8.13, 3.01)	-2.38 (-8.01, 3.60)	0.43
Total PFOS	0.38 (-2.41, 3.24)	Ref	-3.70 (-8.96, 1.86)	-1.58 (-7.17, 4.34)	0.57
MeFOSAA	-1.37 (-3.72, 1.05)	Ref	-3.89 (-9.31, 1.86)	-3.04 (-8.76, 3.04)	0.34
EtFOSAA	0.04 (-1.75, 1.86)	Ref	-4.87 (-10.17, 0.74)a	-1.07 (-6.88, 5.11)	0.77
E ₂					
n-PFOA	-1.58 (-4.14, 1.05)	Ref	-4.75 (-9.63, 0.40)a	-2.35 (-7.58, 3.18)	0.43
PFNA	-2.54 (-4.91, -0.11) ^b	Ref	-0.35 (-5.21, 4.77)	-6.92 (-11.94, -1.61) ^b	0.01
PFHxS	-0.90 (-2.77, 1.01)	Ref	-1.14 (-6.08, 4.07)	-1.50 (-6.68, 3.96)	0.58
n-PFOS	-1.02 (-3.54, 1.56)	Ref	2.28 (-2.77, 7.60)	-1.49 (-6.56, 3.86)	0.60
Sm-PFOS	-0.25 (-2.37, 1.91)	Ref	-1.94 (-6.88, 3.25)	0.77 (-4.50, 6.32)	0.77
Total PFOS	-0.74 (-3.25, 1.83)	Ref	0.24 (-4.72, 5.47)	0.26 (-4.90, 5.70)	0.92
MeFOSAA	1.53 (-0.68, 3.78)	Ref	5.35 (-0.02, 11.02) ^a	0.69 (-4.70, 6.39)	0.87
EtFOSAA	0.98 (-0.66, 2.65)	Ref	1.93 (-3.22, 7.35)	2.11 (-3.34, 7.87)	0.46
Testosterone	,		,	,	
n-PFOA	1.73 (-1.34, 4.89)	Ref	1.11 (-4.89, 7.49)	2.10 (-4.22, 8.83)	0.53
PFNA	2.10 (-0.77, 5.05)	Ref	3.53 (-2.34, 9.75)	3.14 (-3.31, 10.02)	0.34
PFHxS	0.87 (-1.34, 3.13)	Ref	-3.40 (-9.00, 2.54)	1.62 (-4.55, 8.19)	0.62
n-PFOS	2.72 (-0.29, 5.81) ^a	Ref	5.43 (-0.59, 11.82) ^a	5.63 (-0.64, 12.30) ^a	0.07
Sm-PFOS	2.17 (-0.33, 4.73) ^a	Ref	7.93 (1.64, 14.60)b	3.96 (-2.30, 10.64)	0.24
Total PFOS	2.81 (-0.18, 5.88) ^a	Ref	4.79 (-1.21, 11.16)	6.13 (-0.16, 12.83) ^a	0.06
MeFOSAA	-0.54 (-3.03, 2.02)	Ref	-1.36 (-7.19, 4.83)	-0.86 (-7.01, 5.71)	0.80
EtFOSAA	-0.48 (-2.34, 1.43)	Ref	3.14 (-2.92, 9.57)	-1.49 (-7.57, 4.99)	0.60
SHBG			, , ,	, ,	
n-PFOA	-2.87 (-6.04, 0.39) ^a	Ref	-3.27 (-9.49, 3.37)	-6.48 (-12.72, 0.21)a	0.06
PFNA	0.45 (-2.62, 3.62)	Ref	-0.95 (-7.03, 5.53)	-0.42 (-7.15, 6.79)	0.90
PFHxS	0.47 (-1.91, 2.91)	Ref	-3.11 (-9.19, 3.37)	-0.39 (-6.94, 6.62)	0.91
n-PFOS	-2.63 (-5.71, 0.55)	Ref	3.30 (-3.08, 10.09)	-4.68 (-10.79, 1.85)	0.17
Sm-PFOS	-4.31 (-6.84, -1.72)°	Ref	-4.74 (-10.73, 1.65)	-10.89 (-16.68, -4.69) ^c	0.001
Total PFOS	-3.45 (-6.48, -0.32)b	Ref	1.45 (-4.82, 8.14)	-6.97 (-12.93, -0.60)b	0.04
MeFOSAA	-0.89 (-3.57, 1.87)	Ref	-4.36 (-10.46, 2.17)	-2.35 (-8.87, 4.64)	0.53
EtFOSAA	-1.67 (-3.66, 0.35)	Ref		-7.02 (-13.19, -0.41) ^b	0.04
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PFAS, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances; n-PFOA, linear perfluorooctanoate; PFNA, perfluorononanoate; PFHxS, perfluorohexane sulfonate; n-PFOS, linear perfluorooctane sulfonate; Sm-PFOS, sum of perfluoromethylheptane sulfonate isomers; MeFOSAA, 2-(N-methyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; and EtFOSAA, 2-(N-ethyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; FSH, follicle-stimulating hormone; E₂, estradiol; SHBG, sex hormone-binding globulin.

Models adjusted for age (time-varying), race/ethnicity, site, smoking status, parity, and menopausal status (time-varying).

^aP<0.10, ^bP<0.05, ^cP<0.01.

Supplemental Table 3. Percent changes (95% CIs) in serum concentrations of sex hormones for a doubling increase in PFAS concentrations by time-varying BMI categories.

		DMI /1cm/mc ² \		
	-25	BMI (kg/m²)	30+	P for
	<25	25-29.9	30+	
FSH				trend
n-PFOA	1.02%	2.88%	4.07%	0.540
II-I I OA	(-2.70%, 4.89%)	(-1.03%, 6.95%)	(-0.21%, 8.54%) ^a	0.540
PFNA	0.70%	-0.08%	2.17%	0.604
	(-2.80%, 4.33%)	(-4.03%, 4.04%)	(-1.69%, 6.17%)	0.00
PFHxS	-1.52%	0.80%	1.28%	0.212
l	(-4.22%, 1.25%)	(-2.16%, 3.86%)	(-1.58%, 4.23%)	
n-PFOS	0.05%	3.51%	3.41%	0.369
	(-3.70%, 3.94%)	(-0.41%, 7.57%) ^a	(-0.66%, 7.64%)	
Sm-PFOS	-0.16%	2.10%	2.29%	0.542
	(-3.28%, 3.05%)	(-1.20%, 5.51%)	(-1.15%, 5.85%)	
Total PFOS	-0.04%	3.50%	3.34%	0.391
	(-3.78%, 3.84%)	(-0.41%, 7.57%) ^a	(-0.69%, 7.55%)	
MeFOSAA	-2.40%	3.33%	-1.31%	0.553
	(-5.31%, 0.59%)	(-0.04%, 6.82%) ^a	(-4.85%, 2.36%)	0.404
EtFOSAA	-1.19%	4.09%	1.40%	0.164
E ₂	(-3.47%, 1.15%)	(1.51%, 6.74%) ^b	(-1.24%, 4.12%)	
n-PFOA	-2.55%	-3.27%	-1.01%	0.382
II-I I OA	(-6.24%, 1.28%)	(-7.31%, 0.94%)	(-5.22%, 3.38%)	0.302
PFNA	-4.47%	-1.81%	-0.04%	0.094
	(-7.83%, -0.99%) ^b	(-6.24%, 2.83%)	(-3.87%, 3.94%)	0.00
PFHxS	0.83%	-1.74%	-2.22%	0.190
	(-1.99%, 3.72%)	(-4.98%, 1.62%)	(-5.04%, 0.68%)	
n-PFOS	-1.07%	-3.34%	-0.68%	0.633
	(-4.92%, 2.94%)	(-7.39%, 0.88%)	(-4.75%, 3.55%)	
Sm-PFOS	-0.02%	-2.45%	-0.87%	0.981
	(-3.19%, 3.26%)	(-5.93%, 1.16%)	(-4.39%, 2.78%)	
Total PFOS	-0.72%	-3.27%	-0.67%	0.692
M-500AA	(-4.57%, 3.28%)	(-7.31%, 0.95%)	(-4.70%, 3.53%)	0.705
MeFOSAA	1.75%	-0.14%	1.91%	0.795
EtFOSAA	(-1.32%, 4.92%) 2.33%	(-3.75%, 3.60%) -1.02%	(-1.89%, 5.86%) -0.42%	0.214
EIFOSAA	(-0.08%, 4.79%) ^a	(-3.75%, 1.79%)	(-3.15%, 2.38%)	0.214
Testosterone	(-0.0070, 4.1370)	(-0.7070, 1.7070)	(-3.1370, 2.3070)	
n-PFOA	-2.20%	0.91%	1.81%	0.362
	(-3.94%, 3.64%)	(-2.88%, 4.85%)	(-2.54%, 6.36%)	0.002
PFNA	4.35%	0.68%	0.52%	0.095
	(0.66%, 8.17%) ^b	(-3.15%, 4.66%)	(-3.40%, 4.60%)	
PFHxS	1.51%	0.66%	0.23%	0.527
	(-1.35%, 4.46%)	(-2.26%, 3.67%)	(-2.72%, 3.28%)	
n-PFOS	2.47%	0.90%	1.97%	0.840
	(-1.39%, 6.48%)	(-2.85%, 4.79%)	(-2.18%, 6.29%)	
Sm-PFOS	0.94%	0.79%	1.82%	0.666

	(-2.24%, 4.23%)	(-2.41%, 4.10%)	(-1.80%, 5.57%)	
Total PFOS	2.04%	1.02%	2.18%	0.945
	(-1.79%, 6.03%)	(-2.72%, 4.91%)	(-1.94%, 6.48%)	
MeFOSAA	-0.73%	-0.86%	-1.98%	0.646
	(-3.77%, 2.40%)	(-4.09%, 2.48%)	(-5.62%, 1.79%)	
EtFOSAA	-1.77%	-0.74%	-0.32%	0.339
	(-4.09%, 0.62%)	(-3.16%, 1.75%)	(-2.99%, 2.41%)	
SHBG				
n-PFOA	-1.49%	1.03%	0.65%	0.327
	(-5.11%, 2.27%)	(-2.64%, 4.83%)	(-3.44%, 4.91%)	
PFNA	-0.47%	-0.56%	1.57%	0.437
	(-3.94%, 3.12%)	(-4.18%, 3.21%)	(-2.24%, 5.54%)	
PFHxS	1.22%	1.23%	-0.62%	0.319
	(-1.55%, 4.06%)	(-1.55%, 4.10%)	(-3.42%, 2.27%)	
n-PFOS	-1.96%	0.39%	1.39%	0.170
	(-5.56%, 1.79%)	(-3.19%, 4.11%)	(-2.53%, 5.47%)	
Sm-PFOS	-1.89%	-1.31%	-1.09%	0.746
	(-4.93%, 1.24%)	(-4.32%, 1.80%)	(-4.35%, 2.28%)	
Total PFOS	-2.10%	0.08%	0.60%	0.267
	(-5.70%, 1.63%)	(-3.49%, 3.78%)	(-3.27%, 4.63%)	
MeFOSAA	0.99%	-0.52%	1.60%	0.956
	(-2.02%, 4.09%)	(-3.59%, 2.65%)	(-1.96%, 5.28%)	
EtFOSAA	-0.71%	0.20%	0.69%	0.390
	(-3.00%, 1.64%)	(-2.14%, 2.59%)	(-1.87%, 3.31%)	

PFAS, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances; n-PFOA, linear perfluorooctanoate; PFNA, perfluorononanoate; PFHxS, perfluorohexane sulfonate; n-PFOS, linear perfluorooctane sulfonate; Sm-PFOS, sum of perfluoromethylheptane sulfonate isomers; MeFOSAA, 2-(N-methyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; and EtFOSAA, 2-(N-ethyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; FSH, follicle-stimulating hormone; E₂, estradiol; SHBG, sex hormone-binding globulin.

All models were adjusted for age, race/ethnicity, site, smoking status, menopausal status, and parity.

aP<0.10, bP<0.05.

Supplemental Table 4. A sensitivity analysis with adjustment for baseline BMI instead of time-varying BMI.

	Baseline (time-constant) BMI		
FSH	, ,		
n-PFOA	3.22% (0.48%, 6.04%) ^b		
PFNA	1.07% (-1.44%, 3.64%)		
PFHxS	-0.19% (-2.12%, 1.77%)		
n-PFOS	2.77% (0.11%, 5.51%) ⁶		
sm-PFOS	2.37% (0.14%, 4.65%) ^b		
Total PFOS	2.99% (0.34%, 5.71%) ^b		
Me-PFOSA	-0.19% (-2.40%, 2.06%)		
Et-PFOSA	1.40% (-0.27%, 3.11%)		
E2			
n-PFOA	-2.10% (-4.64%, 0.50%)		
PFNA	-2.54% (-4.88%, -0.13%) ^b		
PFHxS	-0.83% (-2.68%, 1.07%)		
n-PFOS	-1.58% (-4.07%, 0.97%)		
sm-PFOS	-0.98% (-3.09%, 1.16%)		
Total PFOS	-1.44% (-3.92%, 1.10%)		
Me-PFOSA	1.16% (-1.03%, 3.38%)		
Et-PFOSA	0.58% (-1.04%, 2.23%)		
Т			
n-PFOA	0.67% (-2.35%, 3.79%)		
PFNA	2.07% (-0.77%, 4.99%)		
PFHxS	0.94% (-1.26%, 3.18%)		
n-PFOS	1.55% (-1.41%, 4.61%)		
sm-PFOS	0.77% (-1.71%, 3.31%)		
Total PFOS	1.43% (-1.51%, 4.46%)		
Me-PFOSA	-1.26% (-3.73%, 1.26%)		
Et-PFOSA	-1.30% (-3.15%, 0.58%)		
SHBG			
n-PFOA	-0.71% (-3.73%, 2.40%)		
PFNA	0.06% (-2.78%, 2.98%)		
PFHxS	0.14% (-2.06%, 2.40%)		
n-PFOS	-0.63% (-3.57%, 2.39%)		
sm-PFOS	-1.60% (-4.05%, 0.91%)		
Total PFOS	-0.95% (-3.86%, 2.05%)		
Me-PFOSA	0.47% (-2.06%, 3.07%)		
Et-PFOSA	-0.30% (-2.18%, 1.62%)		

PFAS, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances; n-PFOA, linear perfluorooctanoate; PFNA, perfluorononanoate; PFHxS, perfluorohexane sulfonate; n-PFOS, linear perfluorooctane sulfonate; Sm-PFOS, sum of perfluoromethylheptane sulfonate isomers; MeFOSAA, 2-(N-methyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; and EtFOSAA, 2-(N-ethyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; FSH, follicle-stimulating hormone; E₂, estradiol; SHBG, sex hormone-binding globulin.

Models adjusted for age (time-varying), race/ethnicity, site, smoking status, menopausal status (time-varying), parity, and baseline BMI (time-constant).

^aP<0.10, ^bP<0.05.

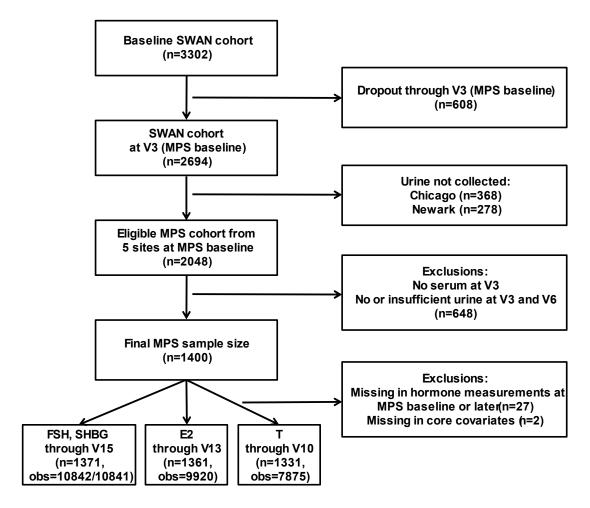
Supplemental Table 5. Sensitivity analysis results with adjustment for education, physical activity and secondhand smoking.

Seconditation Smoking	Education	Physical Activity	Secondhand Smoking
FSH	N=1363	N=1367	N=1370
n-PFOA	3.32% (0.54%, 6.17%) ^b	3.12% (0.36%, 5.95%) ^b	3.19% (0.43%, 6.02%) ^b
PFNA	1.15% (-1.39%, 3.76%)	1.15% (-1.38%, 3.75%)	1.20% (-1.33%, 3.79%)
PFHxS	0.03% (-1.92%, 2.01%)	0.01% (-1.93%, 1.98%)	-0.01% (-1.95%, 1.95%)
n-PFOS	3.01% (0.30%, 5.78%) ^b	2.84% (0.16%, 5.60%) ^b	2.93% (0.25%, 5.69%) ^b
Sm-PFOS	2.34% (0.09%, 4.64%) ^b	2.23% (-0.004%, 4.52%) ^a	2.32% (0.08%, 4.60%) ^b
Total PFOS	3.15% (0.46%, 5.91%) ^b	2.99% (0.32%, 5.73%) ^b	3.08% (0.42%, 5.82%) ^b
MeFOSAA	0.06% (-2.17%, 2.35%)	0.08% (-2.15%, 2.36%)	0.12% (-2.10%, 2.40%)
EtFOSAA	1.85% (0.15%, 3.58%) ^b	1.69% (-0.005%, 3.41%) ^a	1.71% (0.02%, 3.43%) ^b
E ₂	N=1354	N=1358	N=1361
n-PFOA	-2.54% (-5.08%, 0.08%) ^a	-2.42% (-4.96%, 0.19%) ^a	-2.48% (-5.02%, 0.13%) ^a
PFNA	-2.29% (-4.66%, 0.14%) ^a	-2.45% (-4.82%, -0.03%) ^b	-2.49% (-4.85%, -0.08%) ^b
PFHxS	-1.01% (-2.88%, 0.88%)	-0.86% (-2.73%, 1.04%)	-0.87% (-2.73%, 1.02%)
n-PFOS	-1.85% (-4.35%, 0.72%)	-1.81% (-4.32%, 0.76%)	-1.86% (-4.36%, 0.71%)
Sm-PFOS	-1.32% (-3.43%, 0.84%)	-1.26% (-3.37%, 0.90%)	-1.32% (-3.43%, 0.84%)
Total PFOS	-1.76% (-4.25%, 0.80%)	-1.71% (-4.20%, 0.85%)	-1.76% (-4.24%, 0.79%)
MeFOSAA	1.11% (-1.08%, 3.36%)	1.01% (-1.19%, 3.25%)	0.98% (-1.21%, 3.21%)
EtFOSAA	0.27% (-1.37%, 1.93%)	0.38% (-1.25%, 2.05%)	0.36% (-1.27%, 2.03%)
Testosterone	N=1324	N=1328	N=1331
n-PFOA	-0.04% (-3.04%, 3.05%)	0.30% (-2.70%, 3.39%)	0.31% (-2.68%, 3.40%)
PFNA	2.10% (-0.74%, 5.03%)	2.23% (-0.60%, 5.15%)	2.21% (-0.62%, 5.11%)
PFHxS	0.72% (-1.47%, 2.95%)	0.91% (-1.26%, 3.14%)	0.90% (-1.27%, 3.12%)
n-PFOS	1.26% (-1.69%, 4.30%)	1.44% (-1.50%, 4.47%)	1.41% (-1.53%, 4.43%)
Sm-PFOS	0.32% (-2.13%, 2.84%)	0.50% (-1.95%, 3.01%)	0.52% (-1.93%, 3.03%)
Total PFOS	1.05% (-1.87%, 4.06%)	1.24% (-1.68%, 4.24%)	1.22% (-1.69%, 4.22%)
MeFOSAA	-1.55% (-4.00%, 0.96%)	-1.56% (-4.01%, 0.95%)	-1.55% (-3.99%, 0.95%)
EtFOSAA	-1.50% (-3.34%, 0.37%)	-1.53% (-3.36%, 0.34%)	-1.51% (-3.34%, 0.35%)
SHBG	N=1363	N=1367	N=1370
n-PFOA	0.76% (-2.30%, 3.92%)	0.88% (-2.17%, 4.03%)	0.85% (-2.19%, 4.00%)
PFNA	0.42% (-2.44%, 3.36%)	0.17% (-2.67%, 3.08%)	0.20% (-2.63%, 3.11%)
PFHxS	0.39% (-1.82%, 2.65%)	0.43% (-1.77%, 2.69%)	0.38% (-1.82%, 2.62%)
n-PFOS	1.15% (-1.85%, 4.24%)	0.92% (-2.05%, 3.98%)	0.99% (-1.98%, 4.04%)
Sm-PFOS	0.25% (-2.24%, 2.81%)	0.16% (-2.31%, 2.69%)	0.18% (-2.30%, 2.71%)
Total PFOS	1.07% (-1.91%, 4.13%)	0.85% (-2.09%, 3.89%)	0.91% (-2.03%, 3.95%)
MeFOSAA	1.83% (-0.73%, 4.47%)	1.69% (-0.86%, 4.31%)	1.77% (-0.77%, 4.39%)
EtFOSAA	1.09% (-0.82%, 3.03%)	1.15% (-0.75%, 3.08%)	1.15% (-0.75%, 3.08%)

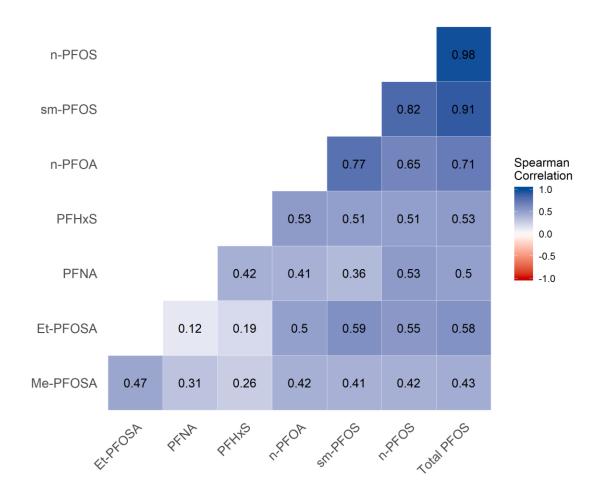
PFAS, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances; n-PFOA, linear perfluorooctanoate; PFNA, perfluorononanoate; PFHxS, perfluorohexane sulfonate; n-PFOS, linear perfluorooctane sulfonate; Sm-PFOS, sum of perfluoromethylheptane sulfonate isomers; MeFOSAA, 2-(N-methyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; and EtFOSAA, 2-(N-ethyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetate; FSH, follicle-stimulating hormone; E₂, estradiol; SHBG, sex hormone-binding globulin.

Models adjusted for age (time-varying), race/ethnicity, site, smoking status, parity, menopausal status (time-varying), and BMI (time-varying).

^aP<0.10, ^bP<0.05, ^cP<0.01.



Supplemental Figure 1. A schematic diagram of analytic samples.



Supplemental Figure 2. A correlation heatmap. Spearman correlation coefficients are shown. More intense color indicates a stronger correlation. PFOA, perfluorooctanoate; PFNA, perfluoronanoate; PFDA, perfluorodecanoate; PFUA, perfluoroundecanoate; PFDoA, perfluorododecanoate; PFHxS, perfluorohexane sulfonate; PFOS, perfluorooctane sulfonate; MeFOSAA, 2-(N-methyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetic acid; and EtFOSAA, 2-(N-ethyl-perfluorooctane sulfonamido) acetic acid.

Supplemental Methods

Description of the mixture analysis

To evaluate the associations of hormones with PFAS as mixtures as an exploratory analysis, we conducted a two-stage modeling approach to account for correlations for both dependent and independent variables (1). In stage-1, to account for correlations in repeatedly measured outcomes within each participant, hormone levels were regressed on time-varying covariates (age, menopausal status, BMI) in linear mixed effects models and participant-specific hormone levels (random intercepts) were estimated. In stage-2, to account for correlations among exposure variables, adaptive elastic-net was used (2). Participant-specific hormone estimates from the stage-1 as the outcome and a linear combination of standardized PFAS variables as exposures were fit with adjustment for site/race-ethnicity, smoking status, and parity (time-constant covariates).

Elastic-net is a hybrid approach of LASSO (least absolute shrinkage and selection operator) and ridge regression that was developed to not only perform variable selection by shrinking coefficients of predictors to zero's but deal with complex correlations among predictors (3). Adaptive elastic-net is an adaptive version of elastic-net that allows it to conduct statistical inference and hypothesis testing with the asymptotic normality assumption (2). The adaptive elastic-net models were fitted as follows:

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \Sigma \beta_i X_{ii} + Z_i + \varepsilon_i$$

where Y_i represents participant-specific hormone estimates from the stage-1, X_{jj} indicates serum concentration of J^{th} PFAS, Z_i represents the vector of time-constant covariates (site/race-ethnicity, smoking status, and parity), and ε_i indicates error terms.

Then the estimates from the adaptive elastic-net method are defined by

$$\widehat{\beta}_{i} = \left(1 + \frac{\lambda_{2}}{N}\right) \left\{ argmin\left(\sum_{i=1}^{N} (Y_{i} - X_{i}\beta)^{2} + \lambda_{1} \sum_{j=1}^{P} \widehat{\omega}_{j} |\beta_{j}| + \lambda_{2} \sum_{j=1}^{P} \beta_{j}^{2} \right) \right\},$$

where $\widehat{\omega}_j$ represents the weight of j^{th} PFAS, which can be determined by the beta coefficient from elastic net. These weights can allow coefficients of relatively less important variables (components of PFAS) to be shrunk to zero's more efficiently. Optimal tuning parameters (λ_1 and λ_2) were chosen based on 5-fold cross-validations to minimize prediction errors. The R package gcdnet (version 1.0.5) was used to implement adaptive elastic-net.

References

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