

Comoros

Continent: Africa

Languages Spoken: Comorian (Shikomori), Arabic, French

Population: 900,000

Currency: Comorian franc (KMF)

Area: 1,861

Main Landmarks:

- {'name': 'Mount Karthala', 'writeup': 'An active volcano and the highest point in Comoros, offering unique biodiversity and hiking opportunities.'}

- {'name': 'Medina of Moroni', 'writeup': 'The historic old town of the capital city, featuring traditional Swahili architecture and vibrant markets.'}

- {'name': 'Chomoni Beach', 'writeup': 'A scenic beach known for its clear waters and coral reefs, popular for snorkeling and relaxation.'}

Head of State / Government:

President Azali Assoumani

Main Cultural Events:

- {'name': 'Mwaka Kogwa', 'writeup': 'A traditional New Year celebration involving ritual fights and ceremonies to bring good fortune.'}

- {'name': "Sultan's Festival", 'writeup': 'An event celebrating the history and culture of the Comorian sultanates with music, dance, and parades.'}

Food & Cuisine:

Comorian cuisine blends African, Arabic, and French influences, featuring staples like rice, seafood, coconut, and spices such as vanilla and cloves.

Brief History:

Comoros gained independence from France in 1975. The islands have a history of Arab and African influences, with periods of sultanate rule and French colonialism.

Important People:

- Ahmed Abdallah - First President of Comoros

- Azali Assoumani - Current President

- Ali Soilih - Former revolutionary leader

Current Conflicts:

Comoros faces political instability and occasional tensions related to secessionist movements, particularly on the island of Anjouan.

Youtube Links:

- Discovering Comoros: Africa's Hidden Gem

- Comoros Travel Guide - What to See and Do
- The Culture and Traditions of Comoros
- Mount Karthala Volcano Hike in Comoros
- Comorian Cuisine: Flavors of the Indian Ocean