National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences



Lab Manual

for

Data Structure

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Lab Manual 13

Objectives:

After performing this lab, students shall be able to revise:

- ✓ Graphs
- ✓ BFS
- ✓ DFS

Question 1

You are required to implement the adjacency list class. Assume the graph is directed.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Graph
{
     int V; // No. of vertices
     int **adj; // adjacency matrix
     bool isDirected; // 0 for undirected, 1 for directed
     Graph(int n); // Constructor
     void TakeInput(int v, int w); // add an edge to the graph
     void DFS(int start); // print the paths from start to every other vertex as generated by the DFS method
     void BFS(int start); // print the paths from start to every other vertex using BFS method.
     bool Is Connected(int n); // returns true if graph is connected using DFS and BFS both
     bool is Reachable (int u, int v); // Check and returns true if there is a path between any two given vertices.
     bool is SC(); A directed graph is said to be strongly connected if every vertex is reachable from every other
vertex. Returns true if it is strongly connected otherwise false?
     bool isCylic(); // returns true if there is a cycle in the graph for directed and undirected graph
};
```

Write a proper main to test all of these functions.

Question 2 (BONUS)

There are N cities connected by M bidirectional roads. Each of these cities has an Airport which can be used to travel from one to another city regardless of whether these are connected by a road or not. Your task is to help your friend visit all these cities using at most K flights.

Provide a sequence which makes your friend happy. If It's not possible to do so, print -1. Your friend is okay if he revisits a city, but he can't afford more than K flights

Input:

The first line contains three integers *N*, *M*, *K*; the number of cities, the number of roads and the maximum number of flights he can take.

Next M lines contains two integers x and y, denoting a road between city x and y.

Output:

Output N numbers separated by spaces, which is the order of all the cities to be visited. If it's not possible, output -1.

Sample Input	Sample Output
5 3 2	1 2 3 4 5
1 2	
3 4	
4 5	

Explanation:

This sequence can be achieved if your friend starts from city number 1 and takes the only flight from 2-3.

