National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences



Lab Manual

for

Data Structure

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Objectives:

After performing this lab, students shall be able to revise:

Minheap

Problem 1

```
template <typename T>
class minHeap{
   public:
       minHeap(); // default constructor
       minHeap(T* arr, int N); // parameterized constructor that will take an array of
       random numbers and its size in parameters and initialize the heap with random
       values. It will call the buildMinHeap() function to convert the random values into
       a heap.
       void buildMinHeap() // It will generate heap from random values stored in the
       object.
       void insert(const T & x); // Inserts the key value in the heap array such that, the
       resultant heap tree is a complete binary tree and it follows min heap order.
       bool isEmpty() const; // returns true if it is empty
       const T & getMin() const; //returns minimum value this operation should be
       performed in O(1)
       void deleteMin(); // deletes minimum value this operation should be performed in
       O(logN)
       bool deleteAll(T key); //remove all occurrences of key value from the heap
       and update the heap accordingly.
private:
       vector<T> vector;
       void bubble up(int i); // A recursive method to heapify a subtree with the root at
       given index. It maintains heap property during insertion
       void bubble down(int i); // It maintains heap property during deletion
```

Your task is to create a template-based minHeap class with the functions mentioned above and write main to perform the following tasks;

};

- 1. Insert following items in heap; 10, 40, 50, 5, 60, 15, 20
- 2. Find first, second and third minimum in min heap

```
int main()
{
    int array[] = {10, 4, 5, 30, 3, 300};
    minHeap obj(array, 6);

    for(int i=0; i<3; ++i)
    {
        cout << obj.getMin()<< " ";
        obj.deleteMin();
    }

    return 0;
}</pre>
```

- 3. Implement a non-member function Heapsort (T* arr, int size, int sorting_order) that will take an array of random numbers, and its size in parameters from the user, along with the order of sorting 1 means ascending and 0 means descending. You may need to use the following functions to implement this.
 - I. Parameterized constructor
 - II. getMin()
 - III. deleteMin()