

ASSIGNMENT 2

NUMERICAL METHODS (CS-406)

IMPLEMENTATION OF NEWTON RAPHSON IN
PYTHON

SUBMITTED BY: UMANG KANCHAN

SUBMITTED TO: DR. AYESHA CHOUDHARY

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# Assignment 2
# Subject: Numerical Methods
# Topic: Newton_Raphson implementation in python.
# Submitted By: UMANG KANCHAN (MCA sem-1).

from sympy import *
# taking function input from user
inp=input("Enter an equation\n")
function=sympify(inp)

def f(n):
    return float(function.subs('x',n))

Tol_Max=float(input("Enter the maximum tolerance\n"))

# Newton_Raphson function definition
def Newton_Raphson(a):
    x=symbols('x')
    root=float(a)
    condition=True
    while condition:
        if float(diff(function,x).subs('x',a))==0:
            a=a+1
        root=a-(f(a)/float(diff(function,x).subs('x',a)))
        condition=(abs(root-a)>=Tol_Max)
        a=root
    print(f"The root of given Equation is {round(root,6)}\n")
def Find_Root():
    a=float(input("Enter initial value\n"));
    Newton_Raphson(a)

try:
    Find_Root()
except:
    print("No root possible for this initial value\n")

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TEST CASE 1:

Enter an equation

$x^3 - 3x + 1$

Enter the maximum tolerance

0.0005

The root of given Equation is -1.879385

The root of given Equation is 0.347296

The root of given Equation is 1.532089

TEST CASE 2:

Enter an equation

$2 * \exp(x) * \sin(x) - 3$

Enter the maximum tolerance

0.0005

The Final root of given Equation is 0.768857

The Final root of given Equation is 3.072047