



Building Hybrid Cloud Applications with Azure and Azure Stack

Agenda





1 Hybrid Cloud

2 Azure Stack

3 Data Migration

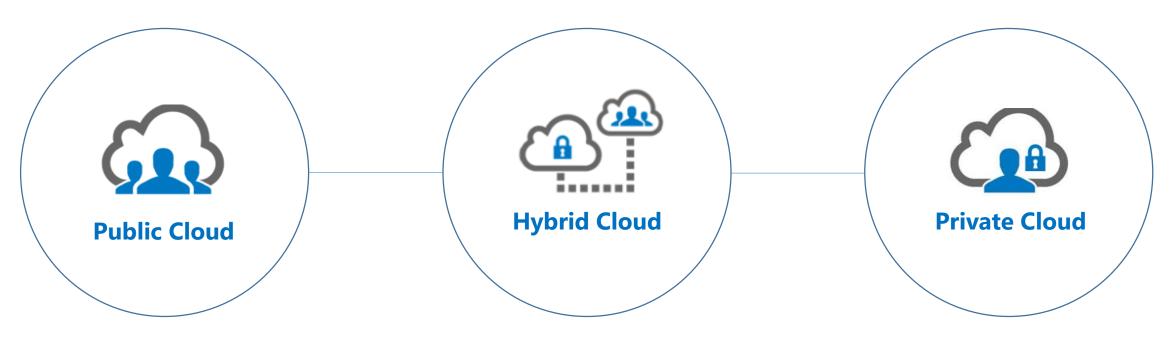
4 Hybrid Identity

5 Hybrid CI/CD

6 Q&A

Evolution of Cloud Computing





Advantages

- Cost-effective
- Zero maintenance
- Scalability, reliability

Disadvantages

- Compliance
- Data security
- Latency

Advantages

- Compliance
- Data security
- Performance

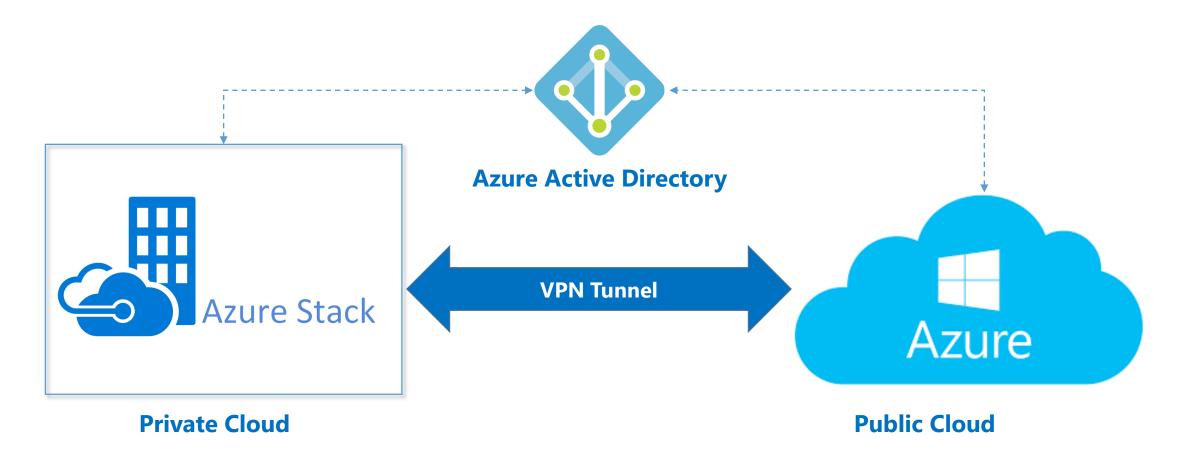
Disadvantages

- Capital cost
- Under utilization
- IT overheads

Hybrid Cloud



A computing environment that **combines two or more clouds** by allowing data and applications to be **shared** between them, and lets the on-premise infrastructure **scale seamlessly** on-demand, keeping business-critical data **secure**

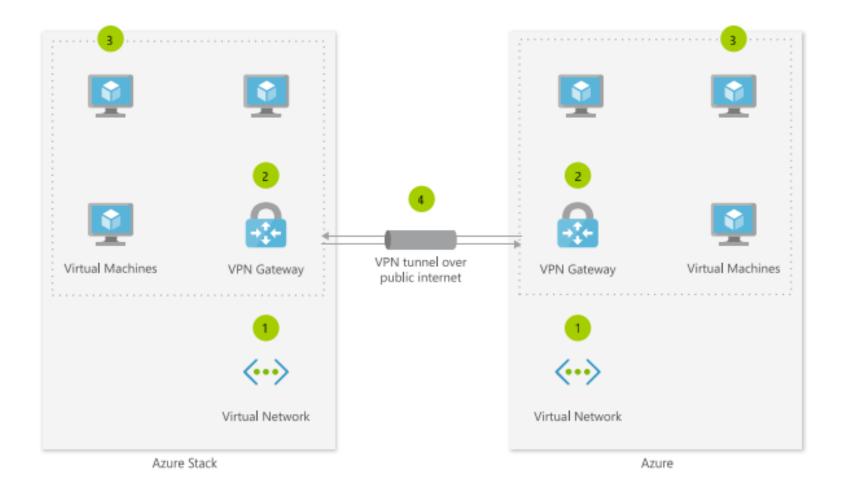


Azure Stack

Azure Stack



An extension of Azure to consistently run hybrid applications on-premises, a hybrid cloud platform that lets you use Azure services from your company's or service provider's datacenter



Azure Stack: Key Terms



Operator

- Configures Azure Stack by managing offers, plans, services, quotas, and pricing to provide resources for their tenant users
- Manage capacity and respond to alerts

User/Tenant

- Consumes services that the Operator offers
- Users can provision, monitor, and manage services that they have subscribed to, such as web apps, storage, and virtual machines

Deployment Options

- Azure Stack Development Kit
- Integrated Systems

Azure Stack: Hardware Partners











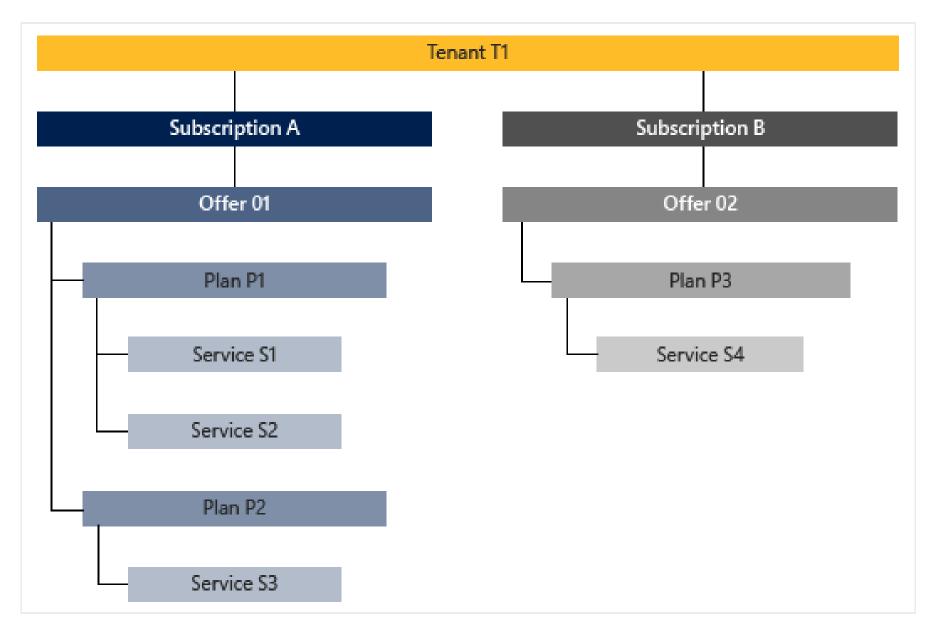






Azure Stack – Service Delivery Model





Azure vs Azure Stack



Area	Azure	Azure Stack
Operated by	Microsoft	Organization or Service Provider
Supported by	Microsoft	Organization or Service Provider
Available services	Azure services per region	Subset of Azure services, also dependent on service provider
Region	Region of your choice	Only one region
URLs	https://portal.azure.com https://management.azure.com	https://portal.local.azurestack.external https://management.local.azurestack.external
Resource Types, API versions, PowerShell	Latest versions	Specific versions

Data Migration

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance



New deployment model of Azure SQL Database that **brings together** the benefits of Microsoft's on-premises and cloud data platform

1

Allows existing SQL Server customers to lift and shift their on-premises applications to the cloud with minimal application and database changes

2

Provides near 100% compatibility with the latest SQL Server onpremises (Enterprise Edition) Database Engine 3

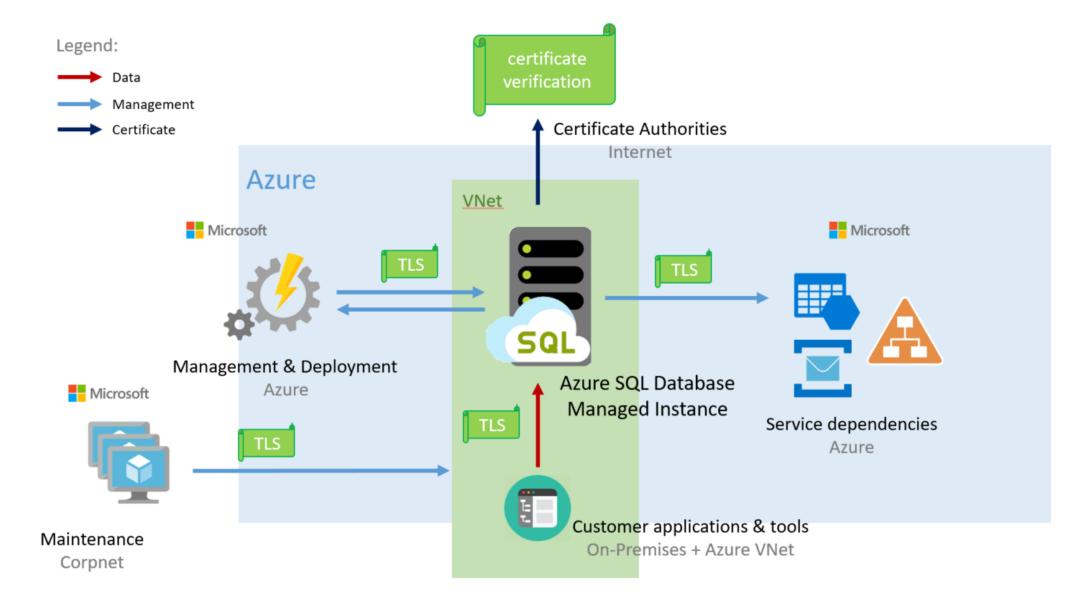
Addresses common security concerns via native virtual network implementation

4

Reduces management overhead and costs thanks to PaaS features

Managed Instance: Connectivity Architecture WinWire





Managed Instance: Key Benefits



PaaS Benefits

- No hardware purchasing/managem ent, quick provisioning
- Scalability
- Automated patches, upgrades

Business Continuity

- 99.99% uptime SLA
- High availability
- Backup & restore

Security

- Isolated environment
- Azure AD authentication, SSO
- SQL auditing

Management

- ARM API
- Azure portal
- Data Migration Service

Managed Instance: Limitations



Resource limits
- compute,
memory,
storage, IOPS,
etc.

- Instance level
- Region level



Available only in certain regions



- Enterprise Agreement (EA)
- Pay-as-you-go
- Cloud Service Provider (CSP)
- Enterprise Dev/Test
- Pay-As-You-Go Dev/Test

^{*} Limitations are temporary, will be overcome in future

^{*} More Managed Instances can be requested in a region by sending a support request to extend the quota using Azure portal

Hybrid Identity

Azure AD Connect



Integrates the on-premises active directory and Azure Active Directory

Creates a single user identity for authentication and authorization to all organizational resources – on-premises and on the cloud

Example: One identity for onpremises apps, Office 365, Azure and SaaS applications integrated with Azure AD

Authentication Models

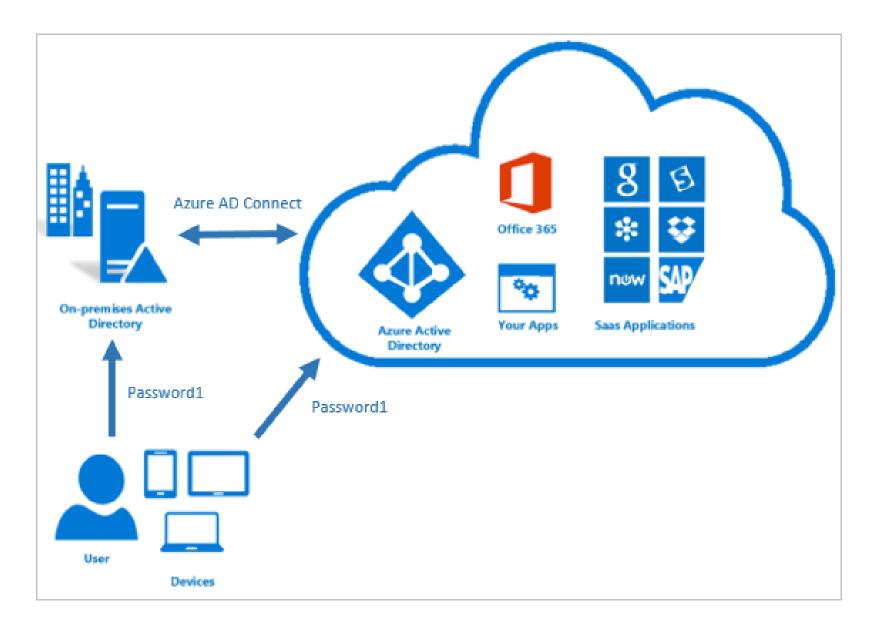
Password hash synchronization + Seamless SSO

Pass-through authentication + Seamless SSO

Federation with AD FS

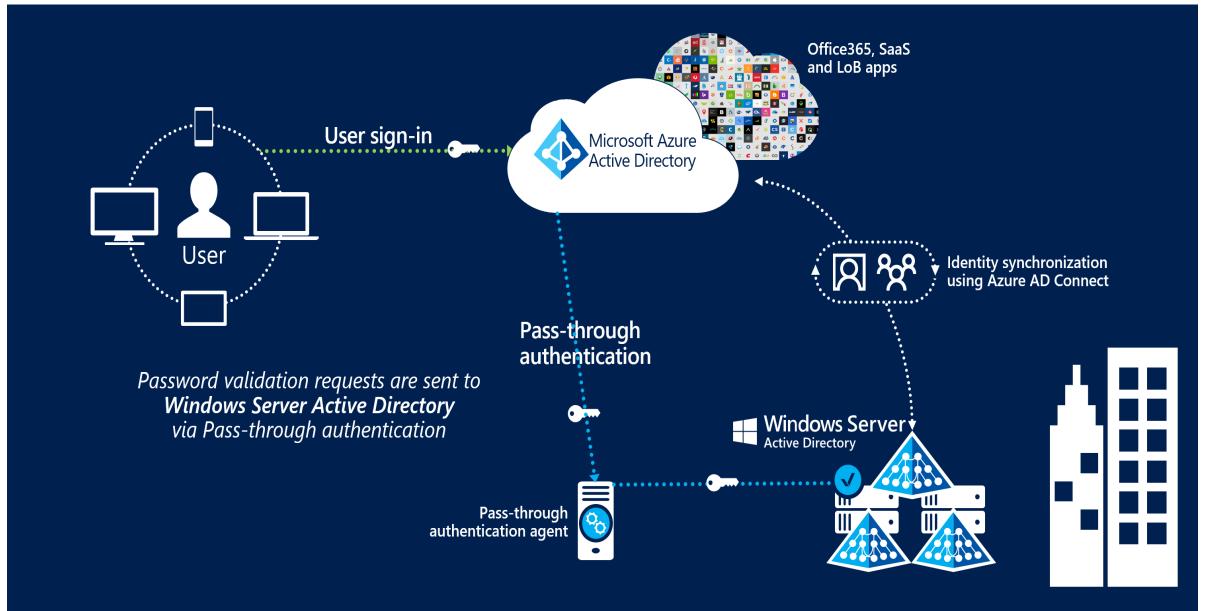
Password hash synchronization





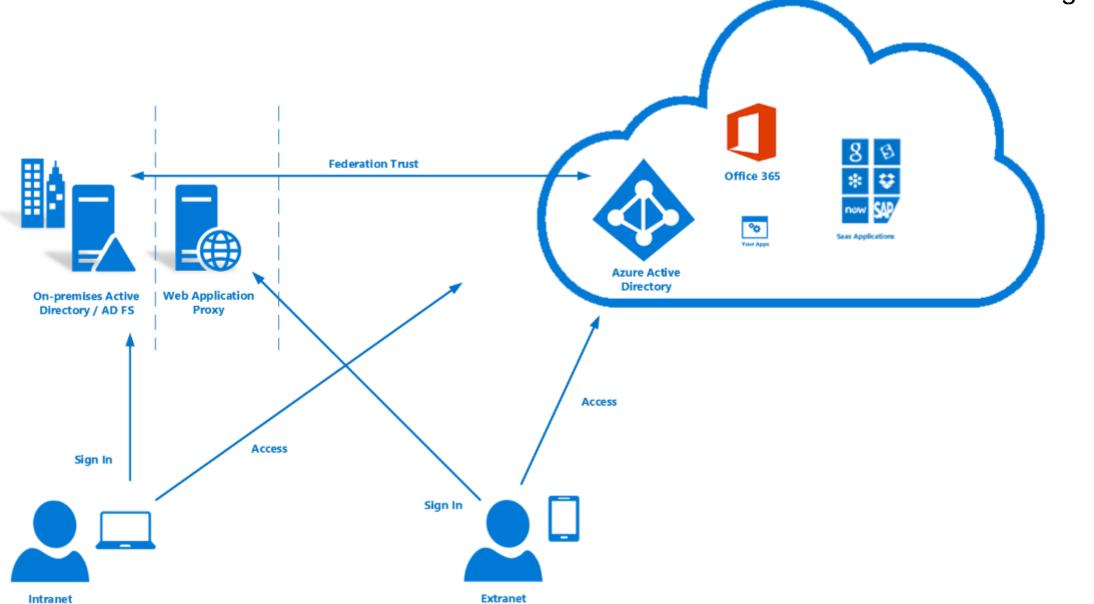
Pass-through authentication





Federation with AD FS

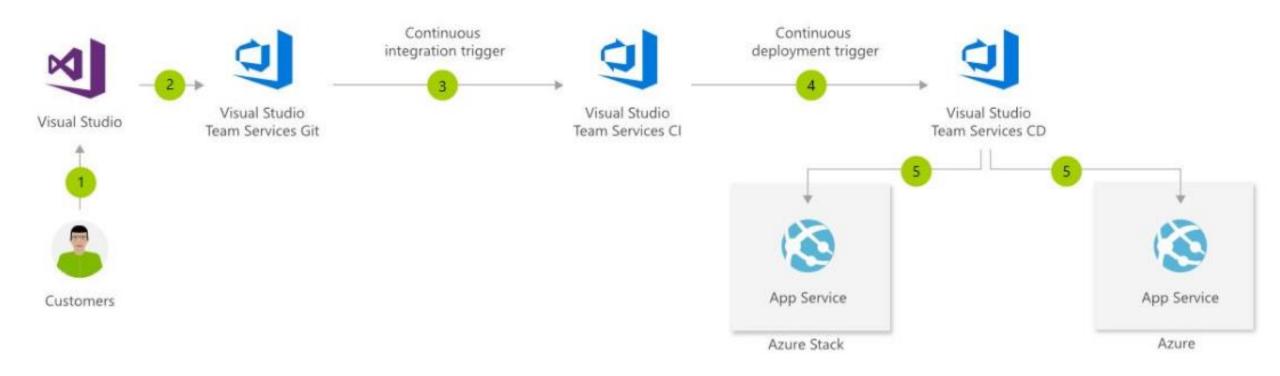




Hybrid CI/CD

Hybrid CI/CD





Deploying to Azure & Azure Stack



- Prepare private Azure Pipelines
 Agent
 - ✓ Create Service Principal
 - ✓ Create access key
 - ✓ Grant service principal rights to deploy
 - ✓ Add a PAT to access Azure DevOps Services
 - ✓ Install Azure DevOps Services build agent

Create Azure Stack endpoint

Develop your build

Create a release

Hybrid CI/CD: Key Benefits



1 Continuity, security, reliability

Consistent set of development tools across your on-premises Azure Stack environment and the Azure public cloud

Consolidates your build pipes across your on-premises environment and the public cloud

Apps and services deployed in Azure or Azure Stack are interchangeable and the same code can run in either location

Change deployment locations without changing your application

Take advantage of on-premises and public cloud features and capabilities

Azure Hybrid Benefit



Cost

 AWS is 5 times more expensive than Azure for Windows Server and SQL Server

Migration

Migrate your SQL
 Server workloads to
 Azure with your on premises licenses

Standard Edition License

 You can use the benefit with Windows Server Datacenter and Standard edition licenses covered with Software Assurance or Windows Server Subscriptions

Security

 Receive free extended security updates when you migrate your Windows Server and SQL Server 2008 and 2008 R2 workloads to Azure virtual machines



Q & A

- Website: <u>www.winwire.com</u>
- Email: <u>marketing@winwire.com</u>
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