Getting Started with Amazon DynamoDB

Padma Malligarjunan Sr. Technical Account Manager AWS Enterprise Support

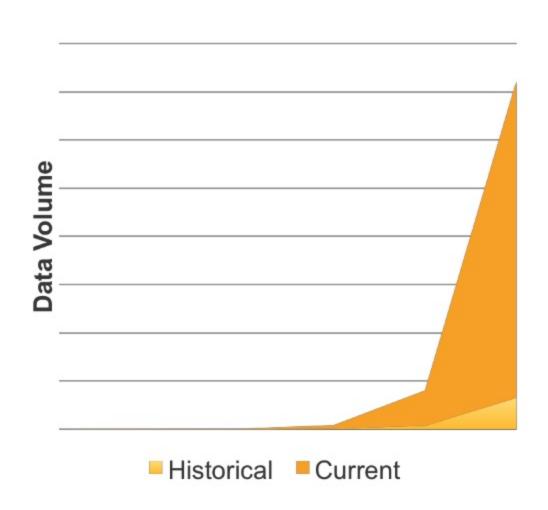


November 02, 2016

Agenda

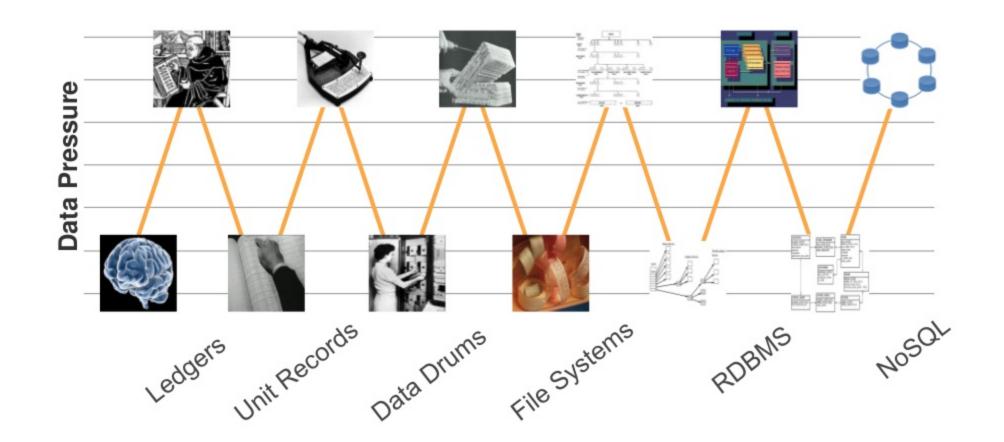
- Brief history of data processing
- Relational (SQL) vs. nonrelational (NoSQL)
- Fully managed features of DynamoDB
- Customer use cases
- Demo serverless applications
- Pricing and Free Tier

Data volume since 2010

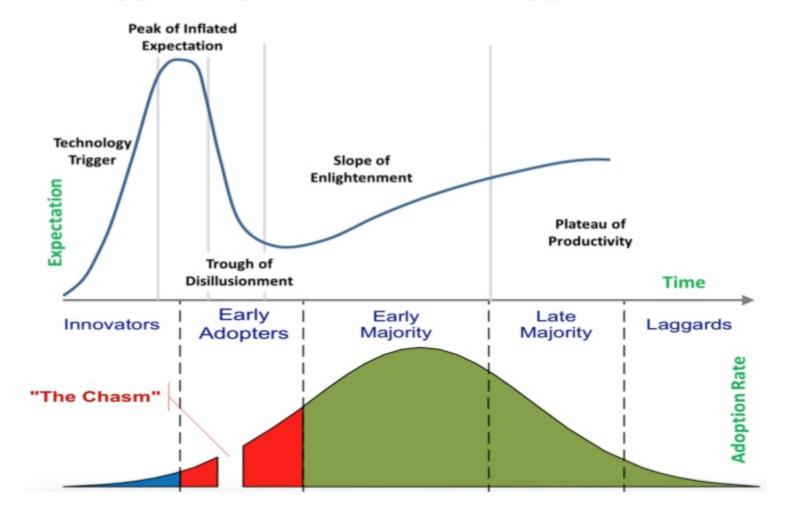


- 90% of stored data generated in last 2 years
- 1 terabyte of data in 2010 equals
 6.5 petabytes today
- Linear correlation between data pressure and technical innovation
- No reason these trends will not continue over time

Timeline of database technology



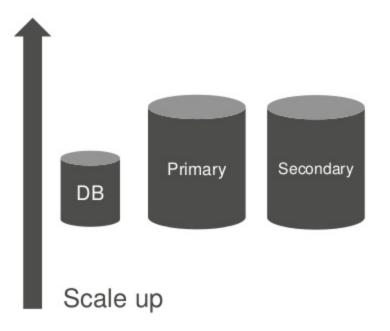
Technology adoption and the hype curve



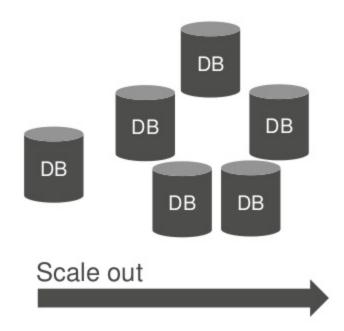
Relational (SQL) vs. nonrelational (NoSQL)

Relational vs. nonrelational databases

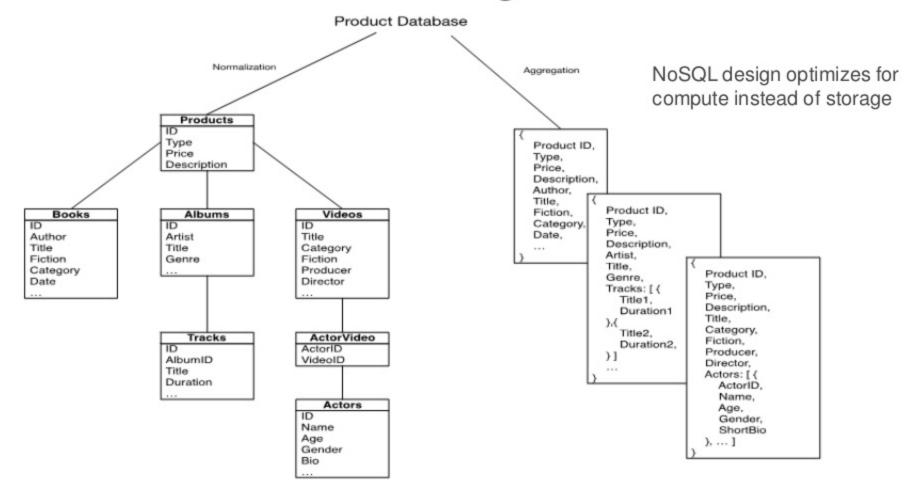
Traditional SQL



NoSQL



SQL vs. NoSQL schema design



Why NoSQL?

SQL

NoSQL

Optimized for storage	Optimized for compute
Normalized/relational	Denormalized/hierarchical
Ad hoc queries	Instantiated views
Scale vertically	Scale horizontally
Good for OLAP	Built for OLTP at scale

Amazon DynamoDB

Run your business, not your database



DynamoDB Benefits





Fully managed



Fast, consistent performance



Highly scalable



Flexible

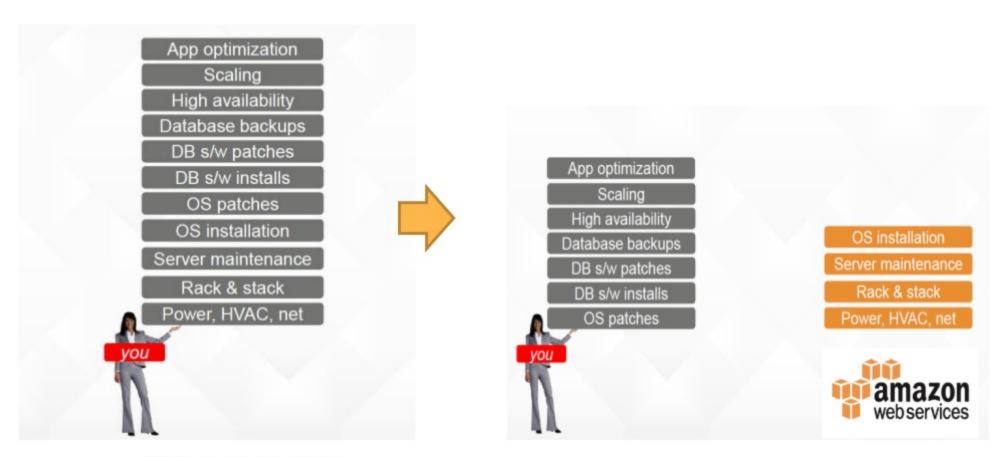


Event-driven programming



Fine-grained access control

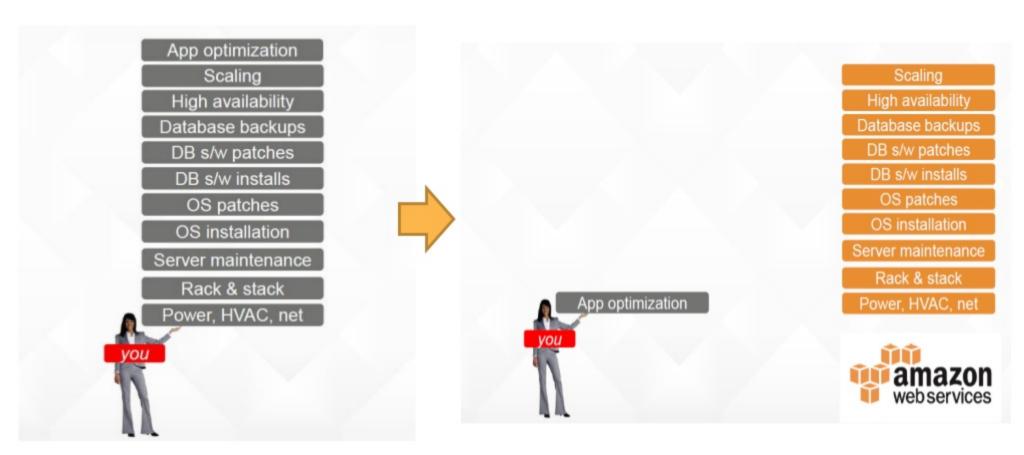
Fully managed service = automated operations



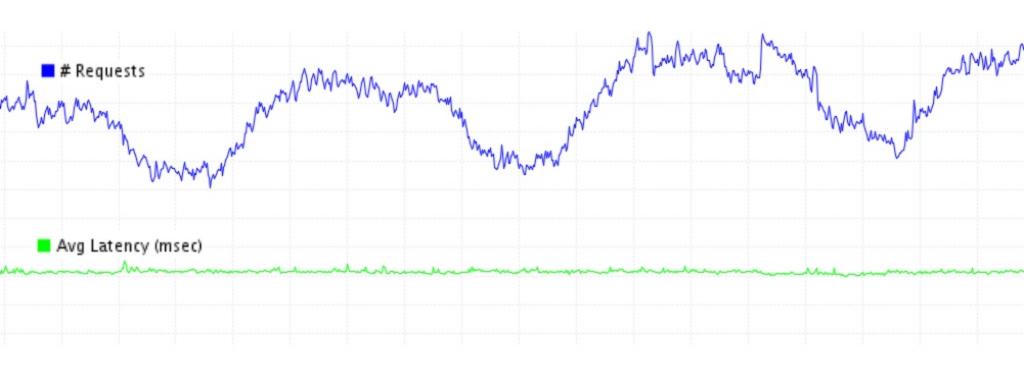
DB hosted on-premises

DB hosted on Amazon EC2

Fully managed service = automated operations

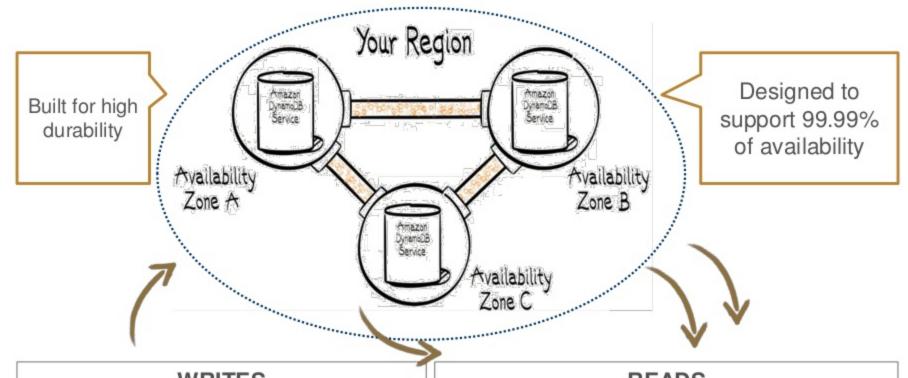


Consistently low latency at scale



PREDICTABLE PERFORMANCE!

High availability and durability



WRITES

Replicated continuously to 3 AZs Persisted to disk (custom SSD)

READS

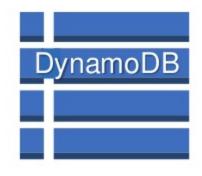
Strongly or eventually consistent No latency trade-off

Customer use cases

Amazon's Path to DynamoDB









Dynamo: Amazon's Highly Available Key-value Store

Giuseppe DeCandia, Deniz Hastorun, Madan Jampani, Gunavardhan Kakulapati, Avinash Lakshman, Alex Pilchin, Swaminathan Sivasubramanian, Peter Vosshall and Werner Vogels

Amazon com

ABSTRACT

Reliability at massive scale is one of the biggest childrages we face at Amazeus cone, one of the largest e-connectes operations in the world, even the slightest outage has significant financial consequences and impacts contours trust. The Amazeus consuprations, which provides services for many web sites worldwise, in implemented on top of an infinitestence of two of thousands of services and nervel; components located in many datacenture around the world. At this scale, small and large components full continuously and the way persistent state is managed in the face of these fallows drives the reliability and scathfidity of the

This paper presents the design and implementations of Dynamo. a highly available key-value strongs system that some of Anason's core services use to provide an "absorption" experience. To adhere this level of availability. Dynamo santifices consistency scale certain follows consists. In adder ottensive use of object versioning and application-assisted conflict resolution is a measure that provides a novel interface for developen to see

One of the lessons our organization has learned from operating Anazon's plotform in that the reliability and scalability of a system is dependent on how its application state is managed. Anazons uses a highly decentralized, lossely coupled, service sometical achieveture consisting of lumilurels of services. In this arctivomment there is a particular need for strongs technologies that are always available. For example, enclosures blead to achie to stem and add irons to their shapping cut even if disks are hilling, network cooles are flapping, or data contents are being destroyed by tomanies. Therefore, the survice responsible for ananquing despring corts requires that it can always write to and rend from its data store, and that its data needs to be available across markingle data content.

Dealing with findness in an advanturbure comprised of millions of components is our standard mode of operation, there are always a small bet significant annalse of server and network components that are finding at any given time. As such Amazon's software systems need to be constructed in a measure that teach follow houlding in the normal case without imposing coulability or



Major League Baseball Fields Big Data, Excitement with Amazon DynamoDB



For the first time, we can measure things we've never been able to measure before.

Joe Inzerillo
Executive Vice President and CTO, MLBAM



- MLBAM can scale to support many games on a single day.
- Amazon DynamoDB powers queries and supports the fast data retrieval required.
- MLBAM distributes 25,000 live events annually and 10 million streams daily.

MLBAM (MLB Advanced Media) is a full service solutions provider, operating a powerful content delivery platform.

Redfin Is Revolutionizing Home Buying and Selling with Amazon DynamoDB



We have billions of records on DynamoDB being refreshed daily or hourly or even by seconds.

Yong Huang Director, Big Data Analytics, Redfin

REDFIN.

- Redfin provides property and agent details and ratings through its websites and apps.
- With DynamoDB, latency for "similar" properties improved from 2 seconds to just 12 milliseconds.
- Redfin stores and processes five billion items in DynamoDB.

"

Redfin is a full-service real estate company with local agents and online tools to help people buy & sell homes.

Expedia's Real-time Analytics Application Uses Amazon DynamoDB



With DynamoDB we were up and running in a less than day, and there is no need for a team to maintain.

> Kuldeep Chowhan Principal Engineer, Expedia



- Expedia's real-time analytics application collects data for its "test & learn" experiments on Expedia sites.
- The analytics application processes ~200 million messages daily.
- Ease of setup, monitoring, and scaling were key factors in choosing Amazon DynamoDB.



Expedia is a leader in the \$1 trillion travel industry, with an extensive portfolio that includes some of the world's most trusted travel brands.

Nexon Scales Mobile Gaming with Amazon DynamoDB



By using AWS, we decreased our initial investment costs, and only pay for what we use.

Chunghoon Ryu Department Manager, Nexon



- Nexon used Amazon DynamoDB as its primary game database for a new blockbuster mobile game, HIT
- HIT became the #1 Mobile Game in Korea within the first day of launch and has > 2M registered users
- Nexon's HIT leverages DynamoDB to deliver steady latency of less than 10ms to deliver a fantastic mobile gaming experience for 170,000 concurrent players

Nexon is a leading South Korean video game developer and a pioneer in the world of interactive entertainment.

Scaling high-velocity use cases with DynamoDB

Ad Tech











Gaming











loT











Mobile

duolingo.









Web



Nordstrom

NY Summit 2015

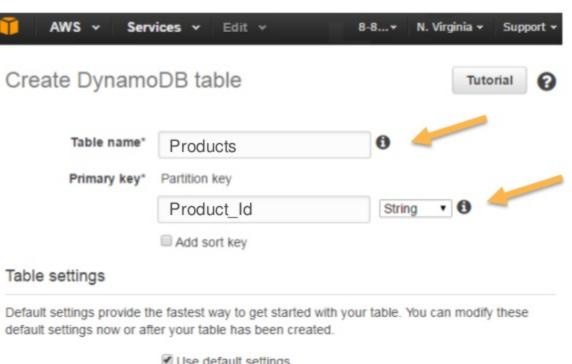


jobandtalent



That sounds really good. How do I get started?

Let's create a table...

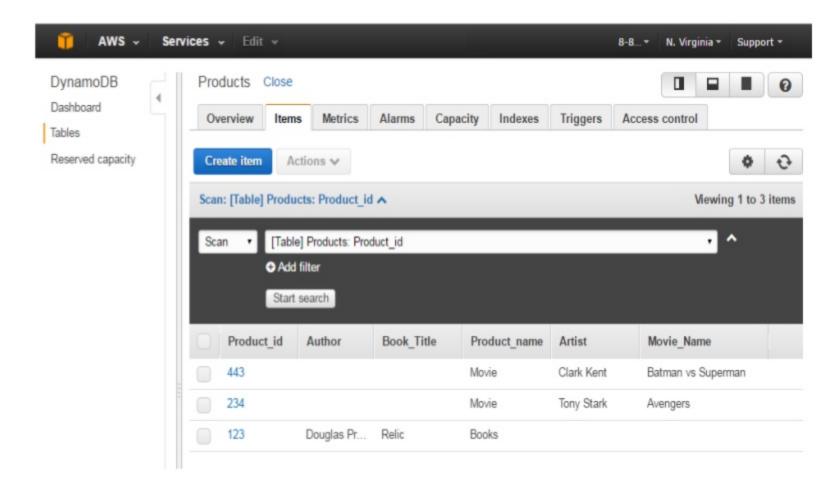


■ Use default settings

- No secondary indexes
- Provisioned capacity set to 5 reads and 5 writes.
- . Basic alarms with 80% upper threshold using SNS topic "dynamodb".

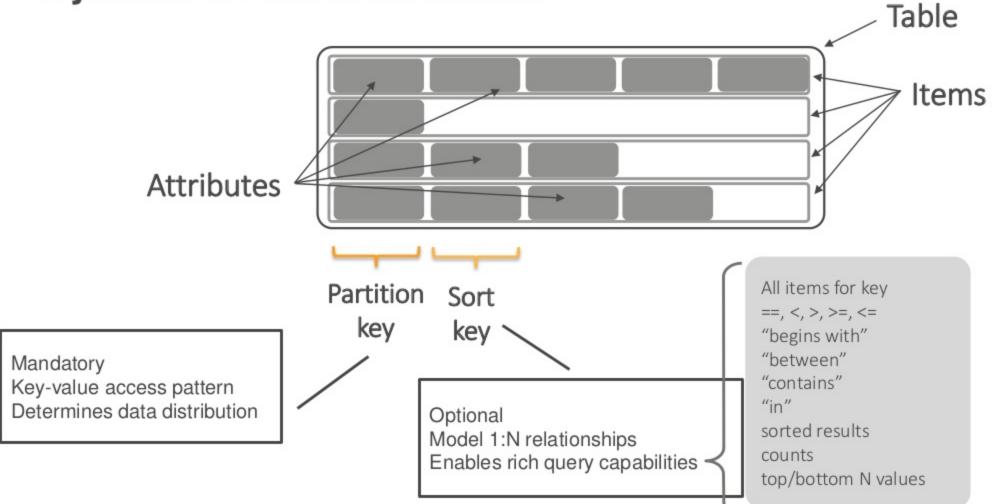
Additional charges may apply if you exceed the AWS Free Tier levels for CloudWatch or Simple Notification Service. Advanced alarm settings are available in the CloudWatch management console.





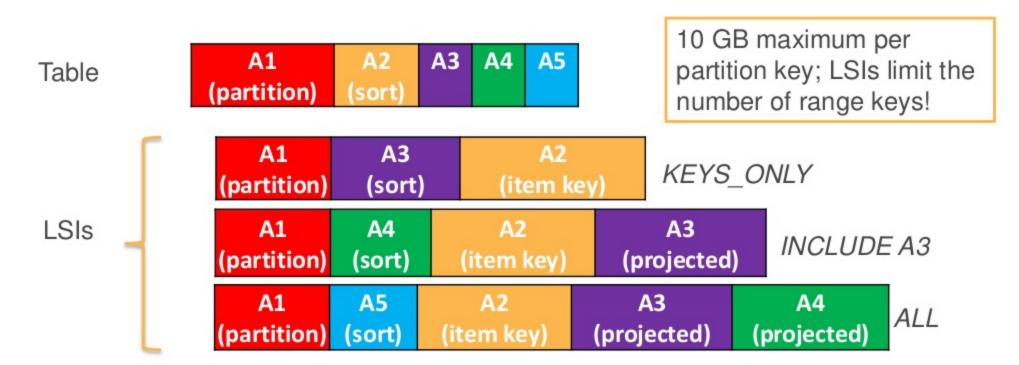


DynamoDB table structure



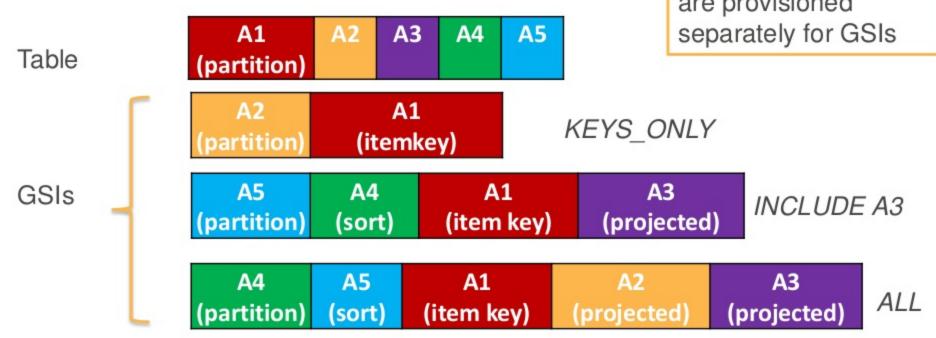
Local secondary index (LSI)

Alternate sort key attribute Index is local to a partition key



Global secondary index (GSI)

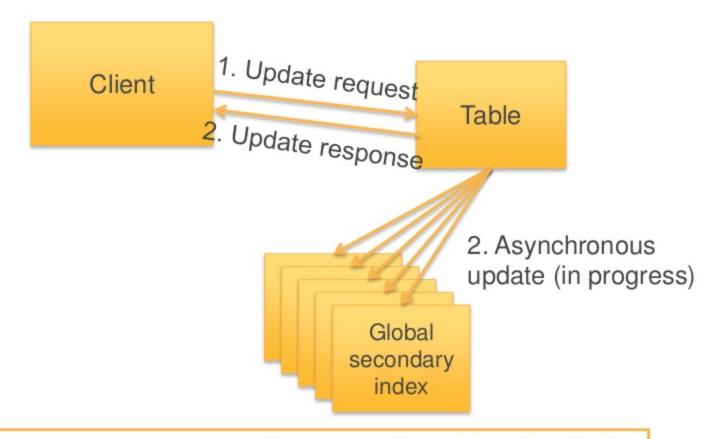
Alternate partition and/or sort key Index is across all partition keys



Online indexing

Read capacity units (RCUs) and write capacity units (WCUs) are provisioned separately for GSIs

How do GSI updates work?



If GSIs don't have enough write capacity, table writes will be throttled!

LSI or GSI?

LSI can be modeled as a GSI

If data size in an item collection > 10 GB, use GSI

If eventual consistency is okay for your scenario, use
GSI!

Advanced topics in DynamoDB

- Data modeling
- Understanding Partitions
 - # of partitions depend on table throughput and size
- DynamoDB Scaling
- Design patterns and best practices

To learn more, please attend:

Deep Dive on Amazon DynamoDB
Sean Shriver, AWS NoSQL Solutions Architect

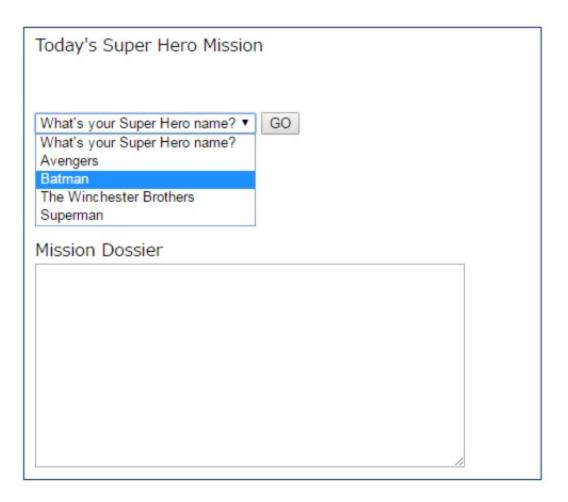
Hands on 90 minute lab (Serverless Web apps)
Sam Elmanak & Scott Kellish

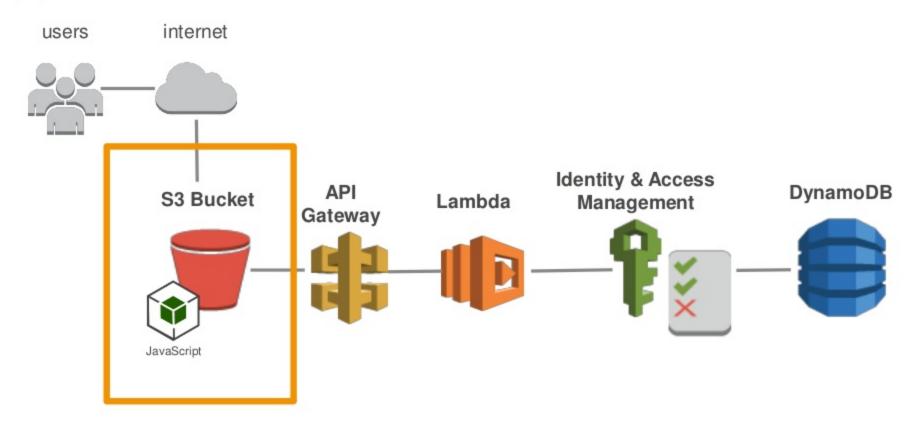
Amazon DynamoDB: https://aws.amazon.com/dynamodb/

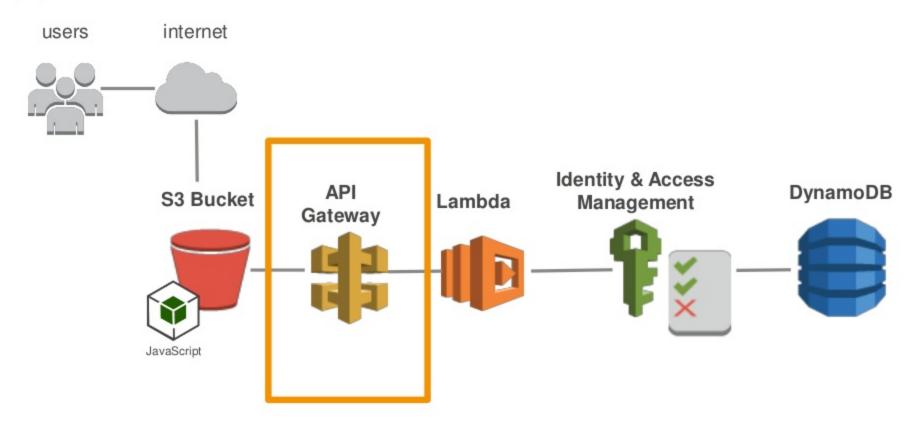
Demo

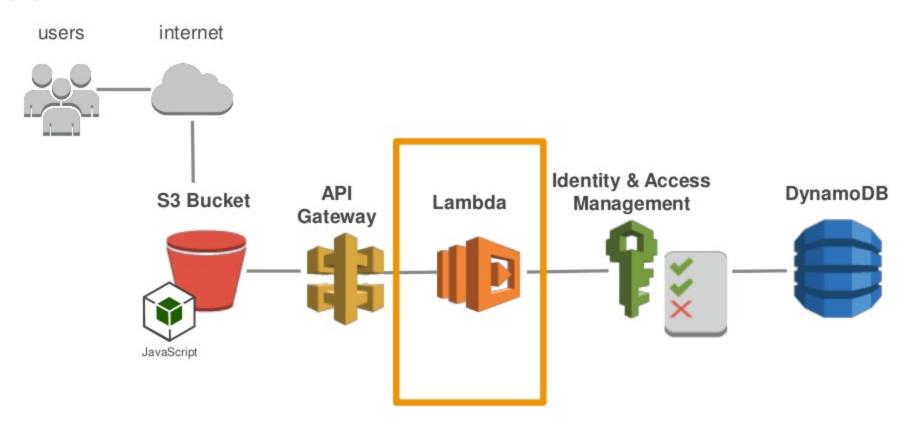
Serverless Web Apps with Amazon DynamoDB, API Gateway, and AWS Lambda

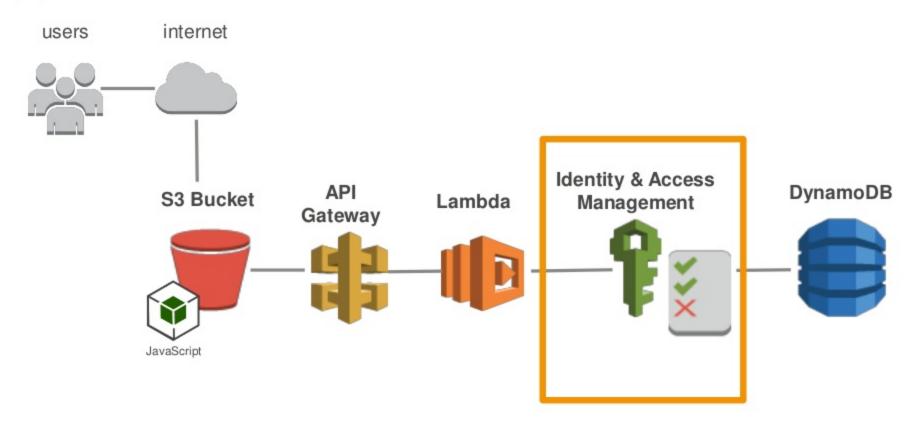
Simple serverless web application – use case

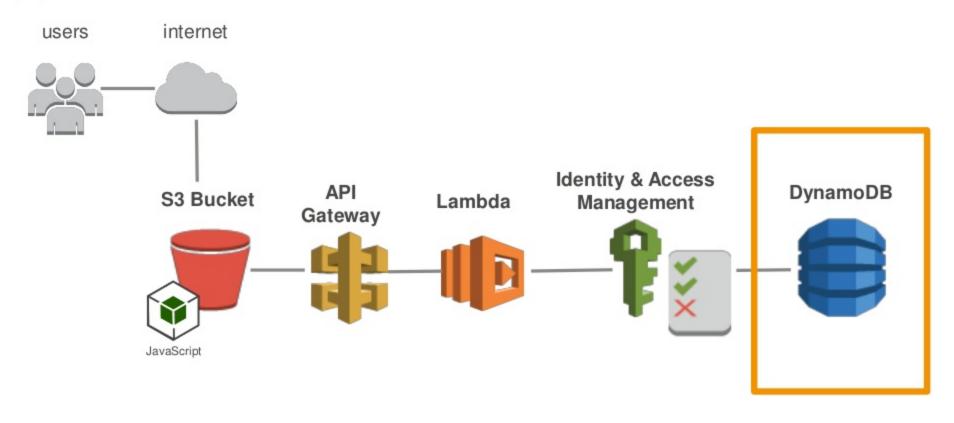




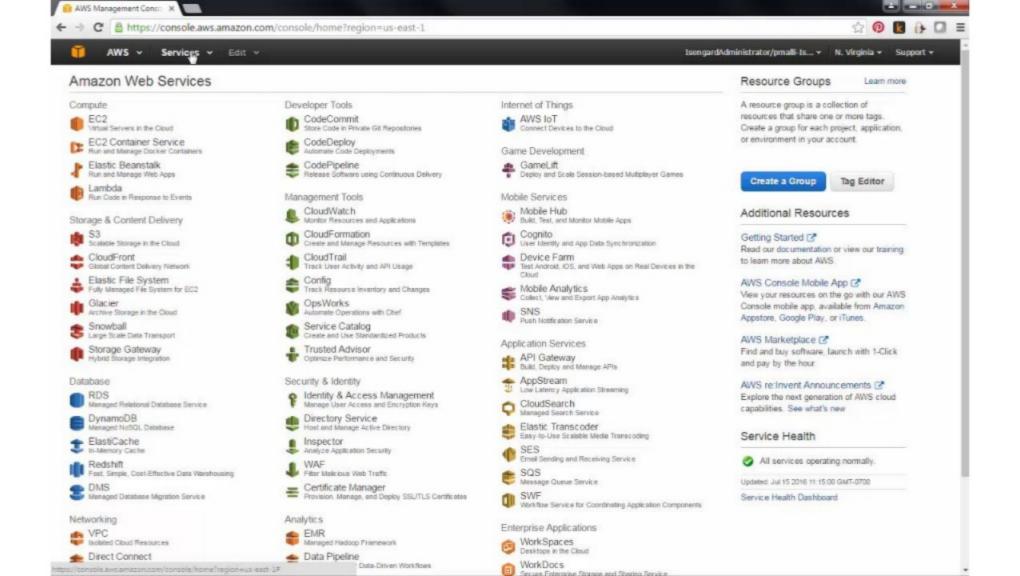








Demo



DynamoDB Pricing & Free Tier



- Free Tier
 - 25GB of storage
 - 25 Reads per second
 - 25 Writes per second
- Pricing for additional usage in US East (N. Virginia)
 - \$0.25 per GB per month
 - ☐ Write throughput: \$0.0065 per hour for every 10 units of Write Capacity
 - ☐ Read throughput: \$0.0065 per hour for every 50 units of Read Capacity

THANK YOU!

Don't forget...

- SURVEY: emailed to you within 12 hours. We value your feedback!
- SLIDES: links will display on screen when you complete the survey
- MORE QUESTIONS? Visit the Ask an Architect bar on the 1st Floor





Everything and Anything Startups Need to Get Started on AWS

aws.amazon.com/activate