# Apache Spark and the Hadoop Ecosystem on AWS

Getting started with Amazon EMR

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## **Agenda**

- Quick introduction to Spark, Hive on Tez, and Presto
- Building data lakes with Amazon EMR and Amazon S3
- 3. Running jobs and security options
- 4. Customer use cases
- 5. Demo(s)



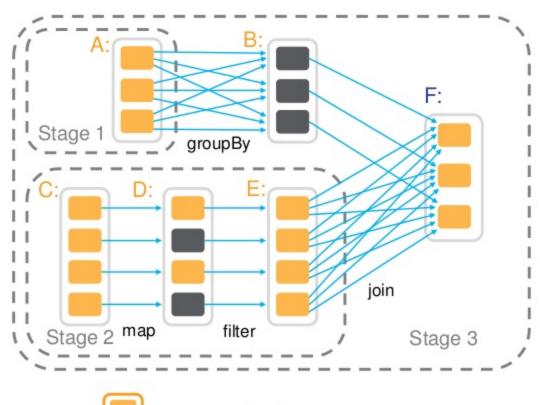
# Quick introduction to Spark, Hive on Tez, and Presto



## Spark for fast processing

- Massively parallel
- Uses DAGs instead of mapreduce for execution
- Minimizes I/O by storing data in DataFrames in memory
- Partitioning-aware to avoid network-intensive shuffle









### Spark components to match your use case











Spark SQL structured data Spark Streaming real-time

MLib machine learning

GraphX graph processing

Spark Core

Standalone Scheduler

YARN

Mesos



### Apache Zeppelin notebooks for Spark



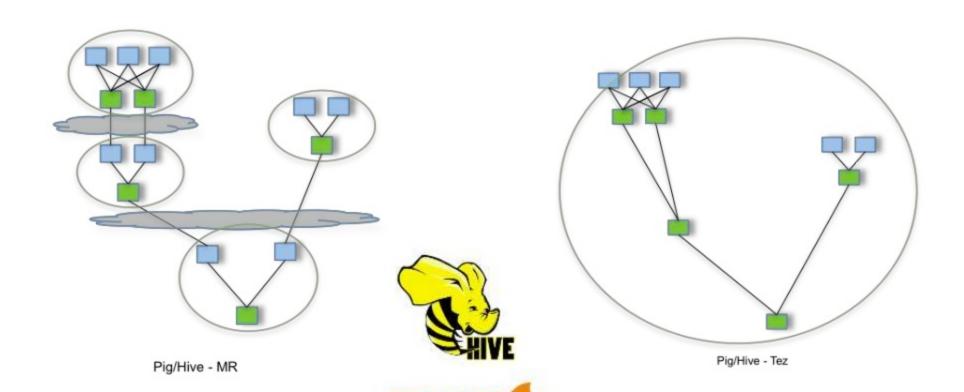
### Flight Info DataFrame

```
Create DataFrame
                                                          FINISHED D # 国 @
 //create dataFrame from Parquet files
 val flightData = spark.read.parquet("s3://flight-data-demo/data/")
 //show schema
 flightData.printSchema()
flightData: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [month: int, dayofmonth: int
 ... 107 more fields]
root
 |-- month: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- dayofmonth: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- dayofweek: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- flightdate: string (nullable = true)
 |-- uniquecarrier: string (nullable = true)
 |-- airlineid: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- carrier: string (nullable = true)
 |-- tailnum: string (nullable = true)
 -- flightnum: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- originairportid: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- originairportseqid: integer (nullable = true)
 -- origincitymarketid: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- origin: string (nullable = true)
 -- origincityname: string (nullable = true)
 |-- originatate: string (nullable - true)
Took 8 sec. Last updated by anonymous at August 10 2016, 12:29:00 PM. (outdated)
```

```
// Prepare training documents from a list of (id, text, label) tuple
val training = sqlContext.createDataFrame(Seq(
  (OL, "a b c d e spark", 1.0).
  (1L, "b d", 0.0),
  (2L, "spark f g h", 1.0),
  (3L, "hadoop mapreduce", 0.0)
)).toDF("id", "text", "label")
// Configure an ML pipeline, which consists of three stages: tokeni:
val tokenizer = new Tokenizer()
  .setInputCol("text")
  .setOutputCol("words")
val hashingTF = new HashingTF()
  .setNumFeatures(1000)
  .setInputCol(tokenizer.getOutputCol)
  .setOutputCol("features")
                                                           local
val lr = new LogisticRegre Fit
                                                         keyword
                           final
  .setMaxIter(10)
                          finally
                                                         keyword |
  .setRegParam(0.01)
val pipeline = new Pipelin Configure
                                                           local
  .setStages(Array(tokeni: classification
                                                           local
                          NoSuchFieldException
                                                         keyword
                          NoSuchFieldError
                                                         keyword
// Fit the pipeline to traunsatisfiedLinkError
                                                         keyword
val model = pipeline.fi
```

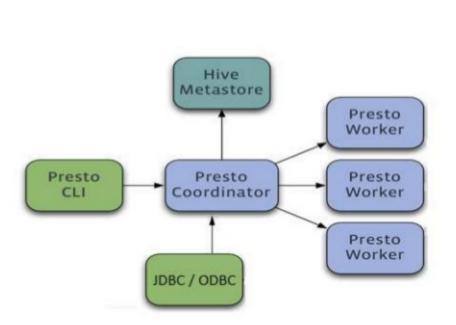


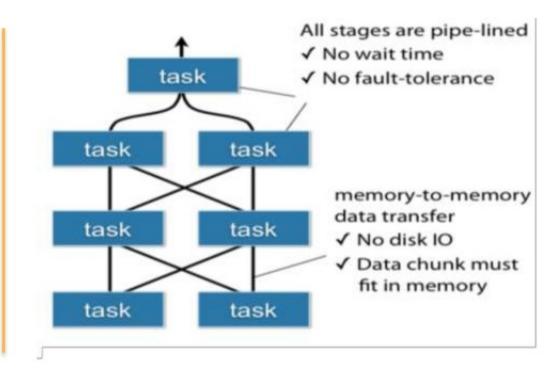
### Hive & Tez for batch ETL and SQL





### Presto: interactive SQL for analytics









### **Important Presto Features**

### **High Performance**

E.g. Netflix: runs 3500+ Presto queries / day on 25+ PB dataset in S3 with 350 active platform users

### Extensibility

- Pluggable backends: Hive, Cassandra, JMX, Kafka, MySQL, PostgreSQL, MySQL, and more
- JDBC, ODBC for commercial BI tools or dashboards
- Client Protocol: HTTP+JSON, support various languages (Python, Ruby, PHP, Node.js, Java(JDBC), C#,...)

#### **ANSI SQL**

complex queries, joins, aggregations, various functions (Window functions)



# Building data lakes with Amazon EMR and Amazon S3





Store anything (object storage)

Scalable / Elastic

99.99999999% durability

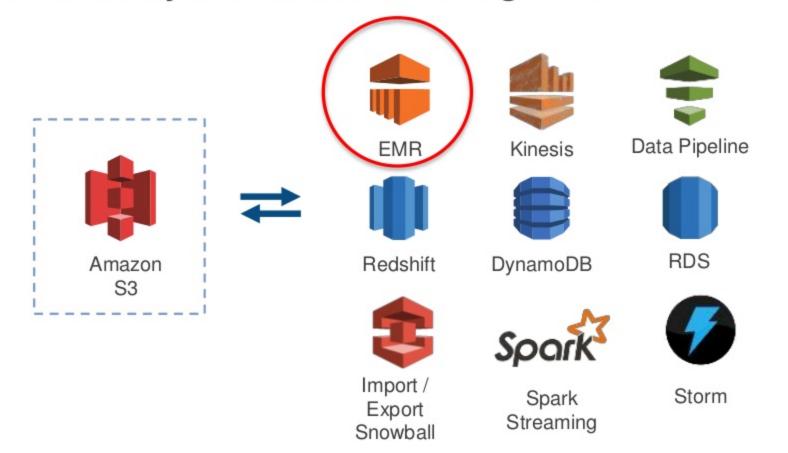
Effectively infinite inbound bandwidth

Extremely low cost: \$0.03/GB-Mo; \$30.72/TB-Mo

Data layer for virtually all AWS services



# Future-Proof Data: Aggregate all Data in S3 as your *Data Lake* Surrounded by a collection of the right tools





### Why Amazon EMR?







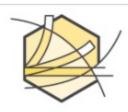
Easy to Use Launch a cluster in minutes

Low Cost Pay an hourly rate

Open-Source Variety
Latest versions of software







Managed
Spend less time monitoring

Secure Easy to manage options

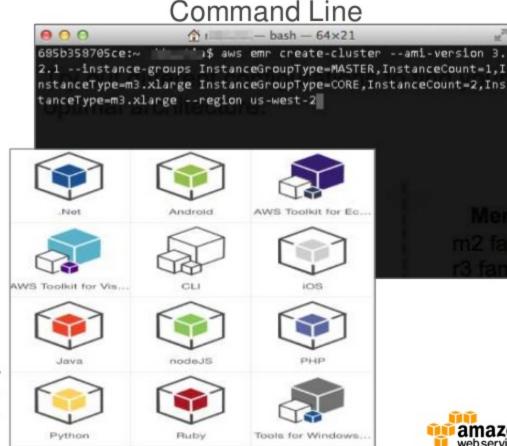
Flexible
Customize the cluster



### Create a fully configured cluster with the latest versions of Presto and Spark in minutes

AWS Management Console AWS - Services - Edit -Victoria Kouyoum(lan + Gregori + Suo Elastic MapReduce - Create Cluster EMR Help-Configure sample application Cluster Configuration Cluster name: No Avenue Cluster Termination protection @ Yes. Prevents accidental termination of the cluster, to shut. down the cluster, you must turn off termination protection. Livers more Copy the clusters log files automatically to S3. Learn Logging Brabled Log folder 53 location s3: (/aws-logs-578200906010-us-west-2) elasticnupridu still-abunieri-nemen/-dolden-/ Indee logs to enable comucie debugging functionality. Debugging B Enabled Peguine Inspire): Learn more

or use the EMR API with your favorite SDK



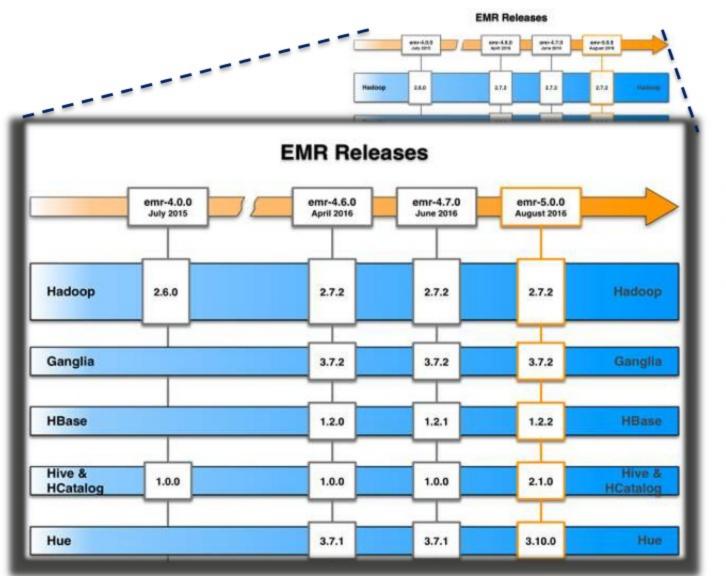
### EMR 5.0 - Applications

- ✓ Hadoop 2.7.2
- Ganglia 3.7.2
- ✓ Hive 2.1.0
- Sqoop 1.4.6
- Phoenix 4.7.0
- HCatalog 2.1.0

- Zeppelin 0.6.1
- HBase 1.2.2
- Presto 0.150
- Mahout 0.12.2
- Oozie 4.2.0

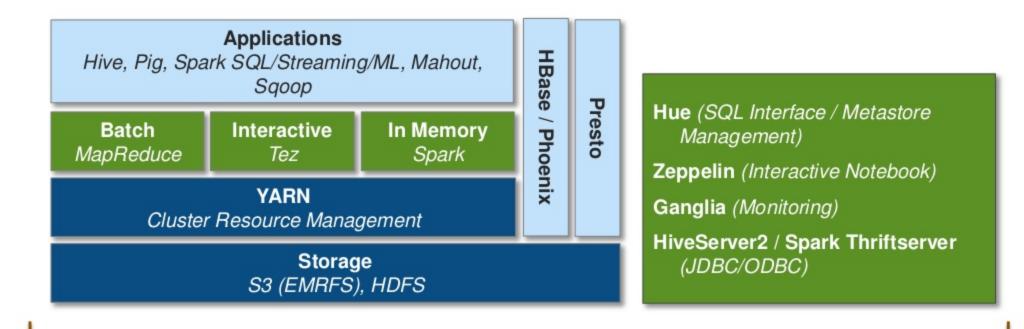
- Tez 0.8.4
- Pig 0.16.0
- ZooKeeper 3.4.8
- Hue 3.10.0
- ✓ Spark 2.0.0





See AWS
documentation
website for
components and
versions in each
EMR release

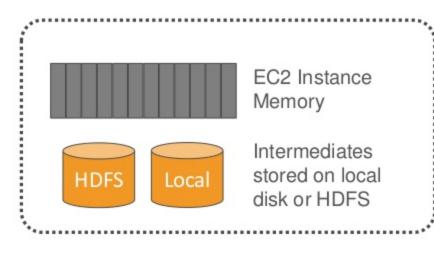




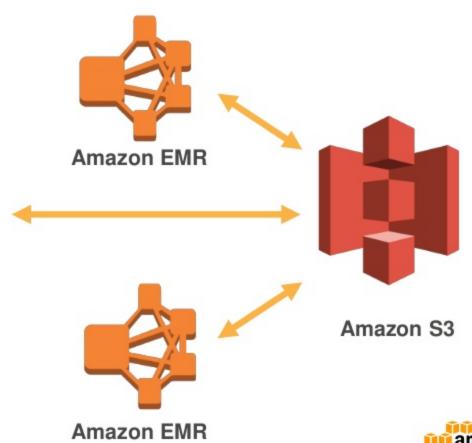
#### Amazon EMR service



# Decouple compute and storage by using S3 as your data layer



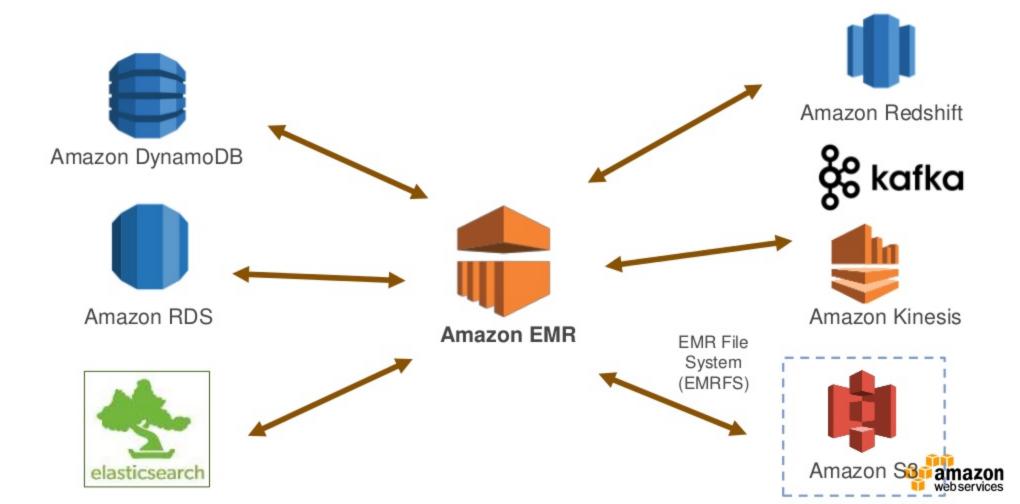
S3 is designed for 11 9's of durability and is massively scalable



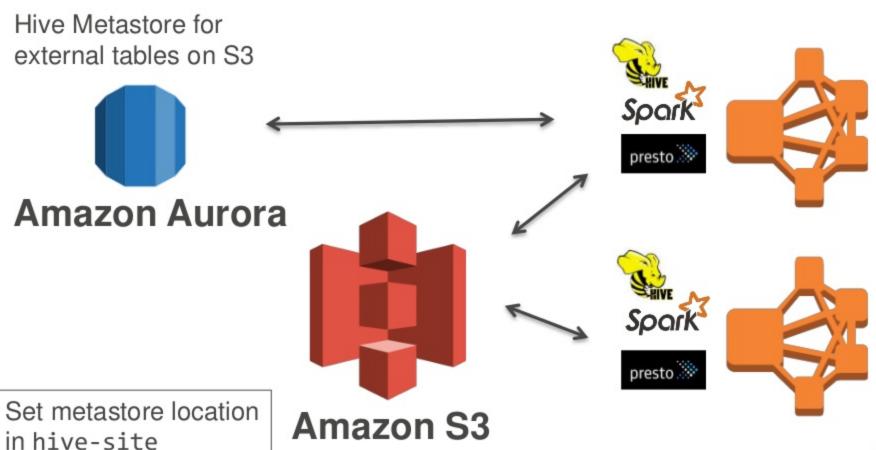
### S3 tips: Partitions, compression, and file formats

- Avoid key names in lexicographical order
- Improve throughput and S3 list performance
- Use hashing / random prefixes, or reverse the date-time
- Compress data set to minimize bandwidth from S3 to EC2
  - Make sure you use splittable compression or have each file be the optimal size for parallelization on your cluster
- Columnar file formats like Parquet can give increased performance on reads

### Many storage layers to choose from



### Use RDS / Aurora for an external Hive metastore

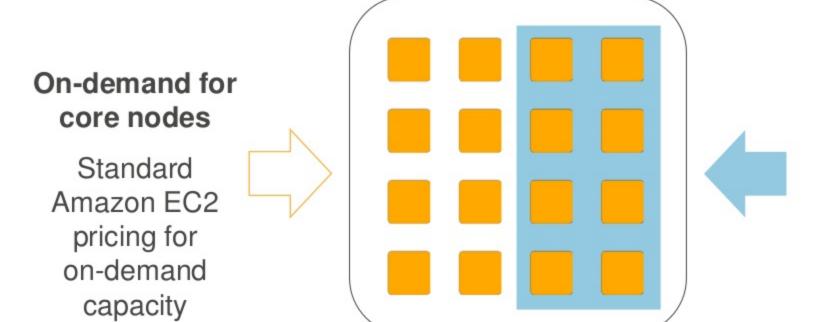


amazon webservices

### **Use Spot & Reserved Instances to lower costs**

Meet SLA at predictable cost

**Exceed SLA at lower cost** 



Spot for task nodes

Up to 80% discount compared to on-demand pricing

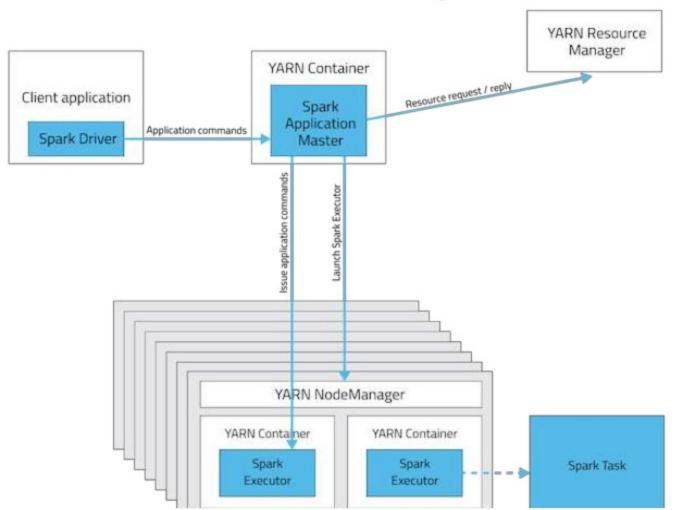
Amazon EMR supports most EC2 instance types



# Running Jobs and Security Options



## Amazon EMR runs Spark & Tez on YARN



- Run Spark Driver in Client or Cluster mode
- Spark and Tez applications run as a YARN application
- Spark Executors and Tez Workers run in YARN Containers on NodeManagers in your cluster

 Presto uses its own resource manager



### YARN schedulers - CapacityScheduler

- Default scheduler specified in Amazon EMR
- Queues
  - Single queue is set by default
  - Can create additional queues for workloads based on multitenancy requirements
- Capacity Guarantees
  - set minimal resources for each queue
  - Programmatically assign free resources to queues
- Adjust these settings using the classification capacityscheduler in an EMR configuration object

### Configuring Executors – Dynamic Allocation

- Optimal resource utilization
- YARN dynamically creates and shuts down executors based on the resource needs of the Spark application
- Spark uses the executor memory and executor cores settings in the configuration for each executor
- Amazon EMR uses dynamic allocation by default, and calculates the default executor size to use based on the instance family of your Core Group



### Options to submit jobs – on cluster







Web UIs: Hue SQL editor, Zeppelin notebooks, R Studio, Airpal, and more! Use Hive and Spark Actions in your Apache Oozie workflow to create DAGs of jobs.



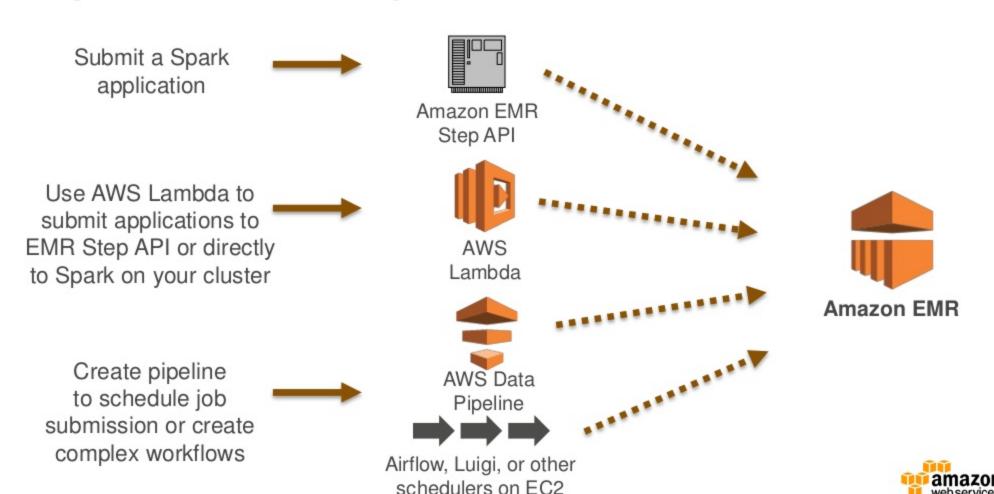


Or, use the native APIs and CLIs for each application

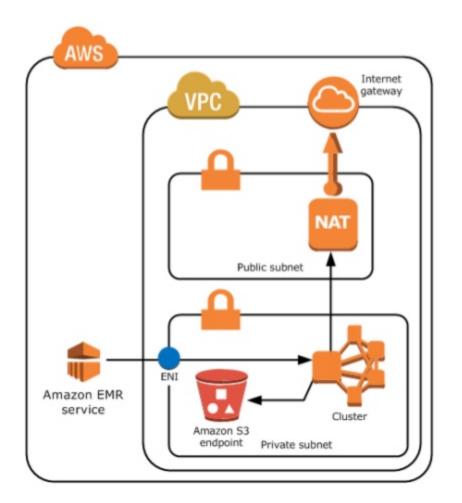
Connect with ODBC / JDBC to HiveServer2, Spark Thriftserver, or Presto



### Options to submit jobs to EMR – off cluster



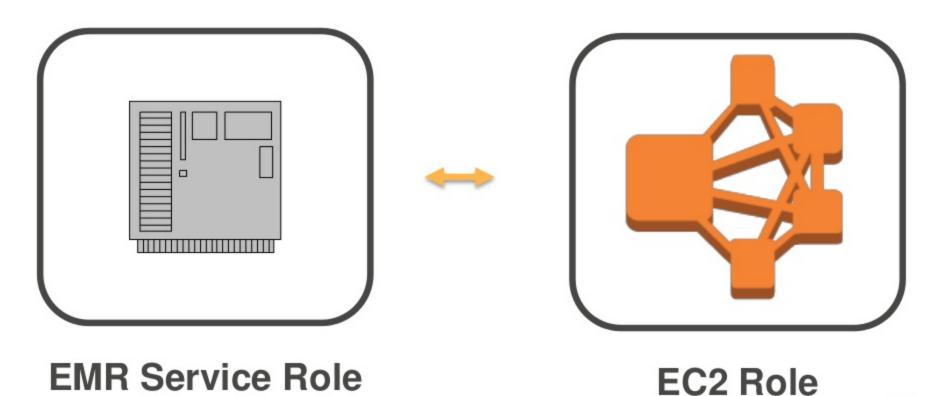
### Security - configuring VPC subnets



- Use Amazon S3 Endpoints in VPC for connectivity to S3
- Use Managed NAT for connectivity to other services or the Internet
- Control the traffic using Security Groups
  - ElasticMapReduce-Master-Private
  - ElasticMapReduce-Slave-Private
  - ElasticMapReduce-ServiceAccess

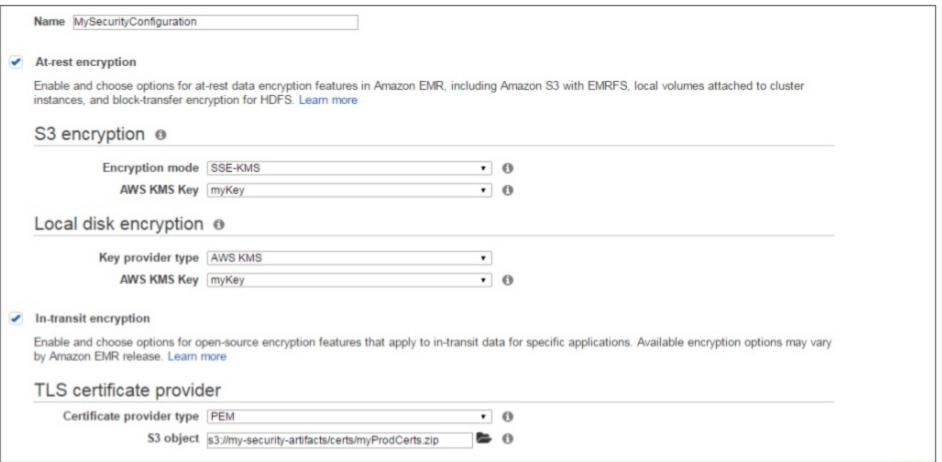


### IAM Roles – managed or custom policies





### Encryption – use security configurations (New!)





## **Customer Use Cases**



### Just some of the organizations using EMR:





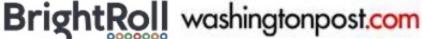
















**AMGEN** 

























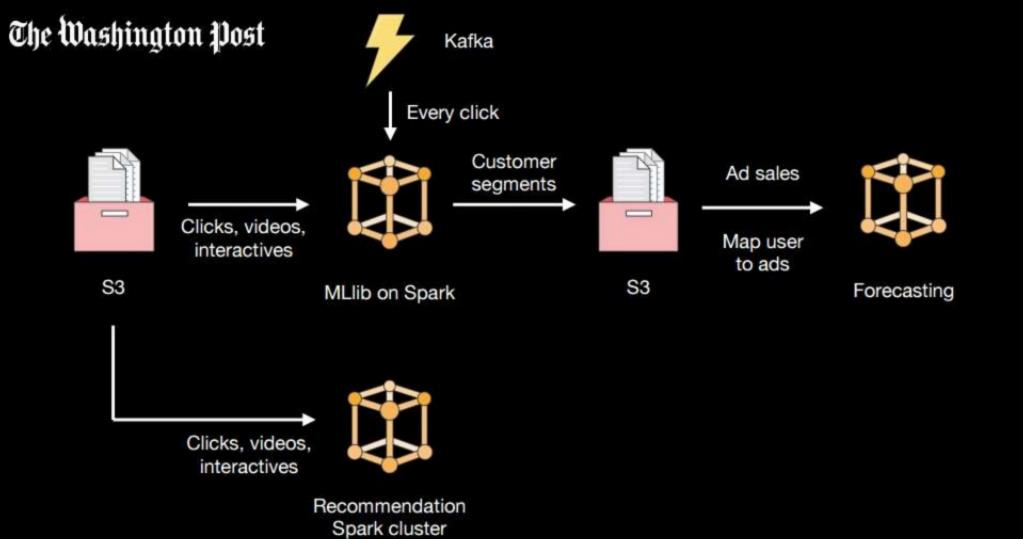


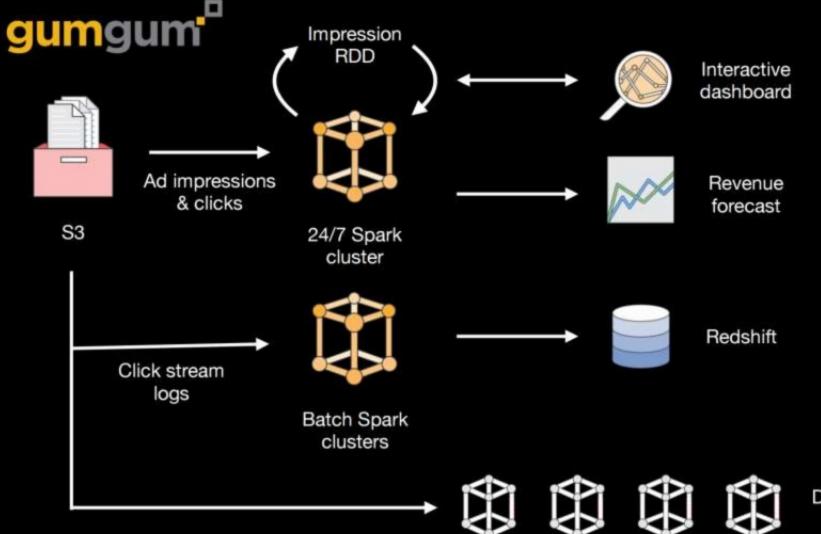






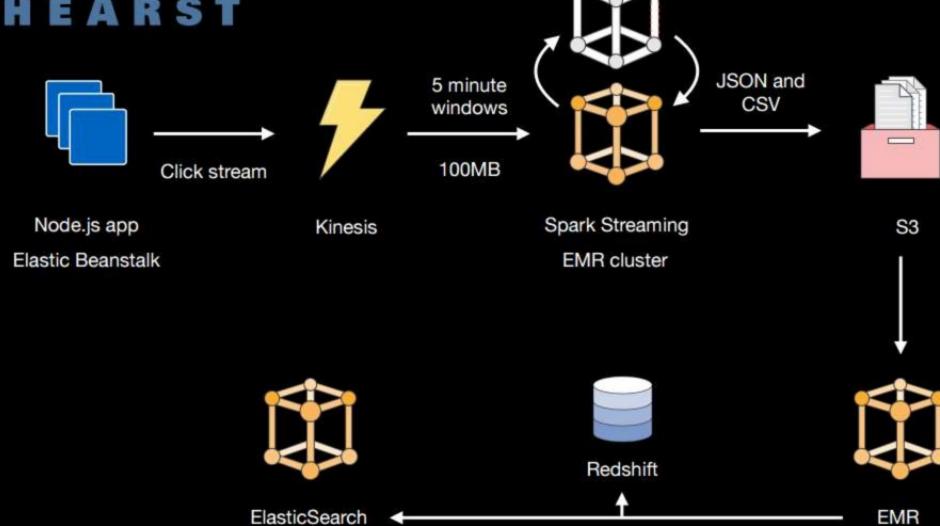


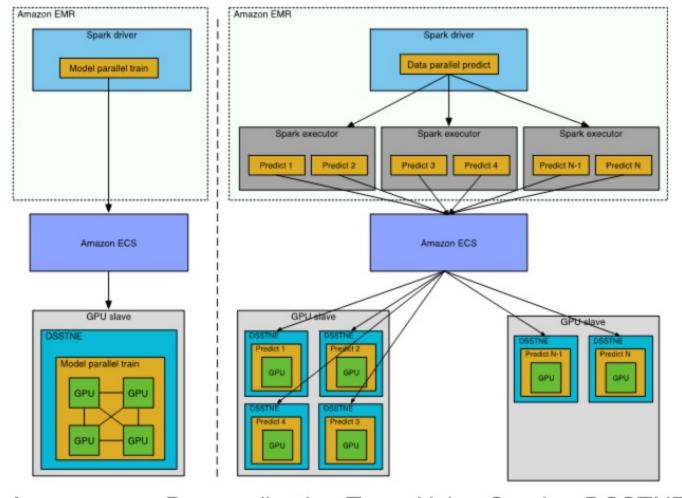




Data exploration and testing

### HEARST

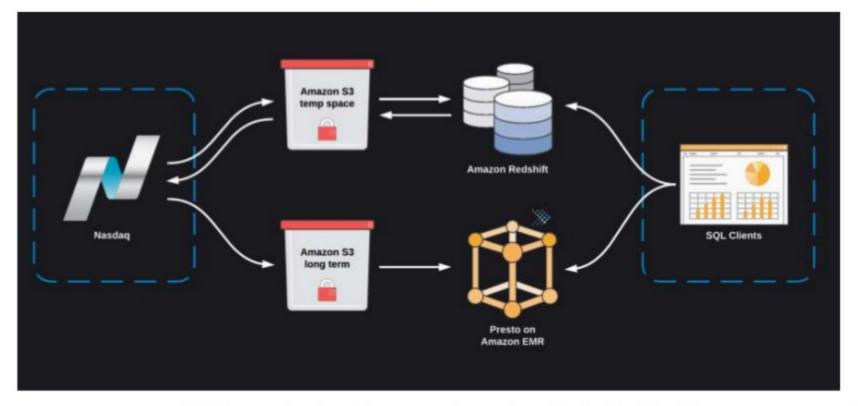




Amazon.com Personalization Team Using Spark + DSSTNE http://blogs.aws.amazon.com/bigdata/

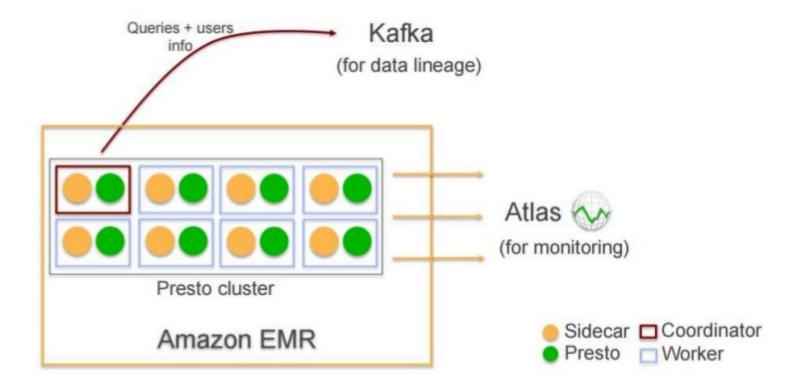


#### Nasdaq uses Presto on Amazon EMR and Amazon Redshift as a tiered data lake



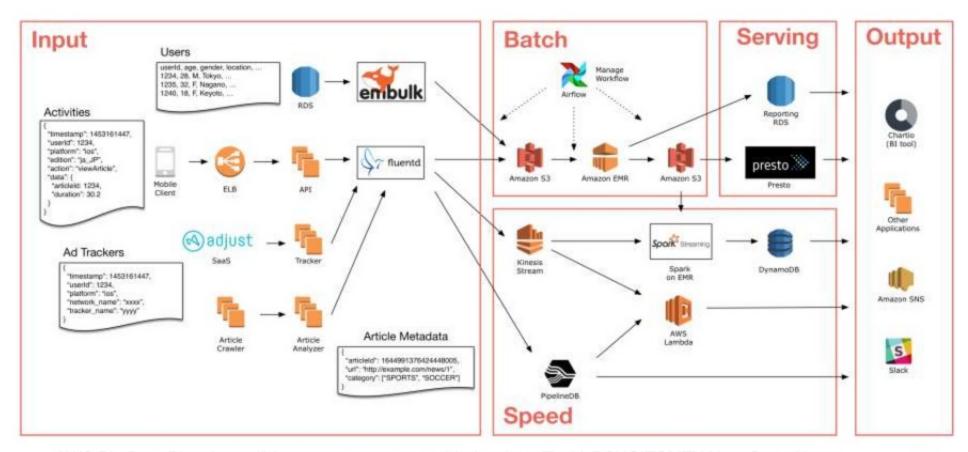


# Netflix uses Presto on Amazon EMR with a 25 PB dataset in Amazon S3





#### SmartNews uses Presto as a reporting front-end



AWS Big Data Blog: https://blogs.aws.amazon.com/bigdata/post/Tx2V1BSKGITCMTU/How-SmartNews-Built-a-Lambda-Architecture-on-AWS-to-Analyze-Customer-Behavior-an



#### **Demos:**

**Demo-1**: Spark ML on EMR training a Decision Tree

Classifier

http://bit.ly/28LG5yr

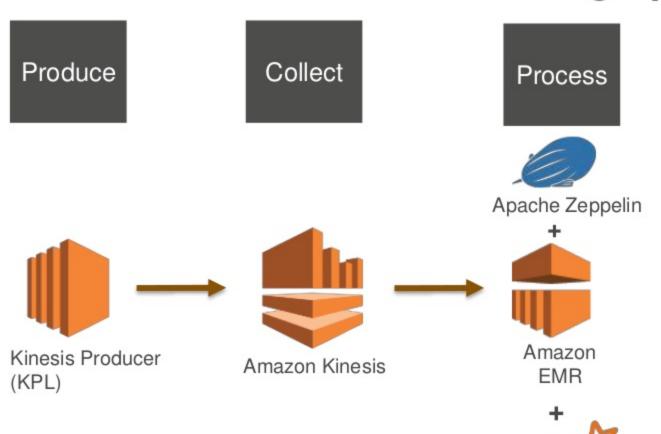
**Demo-2**: Spark on EMR doing Real-Time Stream

Processing in Zeppelin

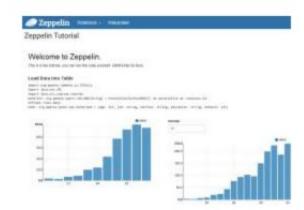
https://goo.gl/MbH1Pf



#### Demo-2: Real Time Processing Application



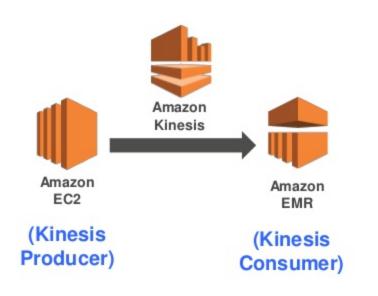






#### Real Time Processing Application – 5 Steps

http://bit.ly/realtime-aws



- 1. Create Kinesis Stream
- Create Amazon EMR Cluster
- 3. Start Kinesis Producer
- 4. Ad-hoc Analytics
  - Analyze data using Apache
     Zeppelin on Amazon EMR with
     Spark Streaming

1. Create Kinesis Stream:

```
$ aws kinesis create-stream --stream-name spark-demo --shard-count 2
```



2. Create Amazon EMR Cluster with Spark and Zeppelin:

```
$ aws emr create-cluster --release-label emr-5.0.0 \
  --applications Name=Zeppelin Name=Spark Name=Hadoop \
  --enable-debugging \
  --ec2-attributes KeyName=test-key-1, AvailabilityZone=us-east-1d \
  --log-uri s3://kinesis-spark-streaming1/logs \
  --instance-groups \
  Name=Master, InstanceGroupType=MASTER, InstanceType=m3.xlarge, InstanceCount=1 \
  Name=Core, InstanceGroupType=CORE, InstanceType=m3.xlarge, InstanceCount=2 \
  Name=Task, InstanceGroupType=TASK, InstanceType=m3.xlarge, InstanceCount=2 \
  --name "kinesis-processor"
```

- 3. Start Kinesis Producer (Using Kinesis Producer Library)
- a. On a host (e.g. EC2), download JAR and run Kinesis Producer:

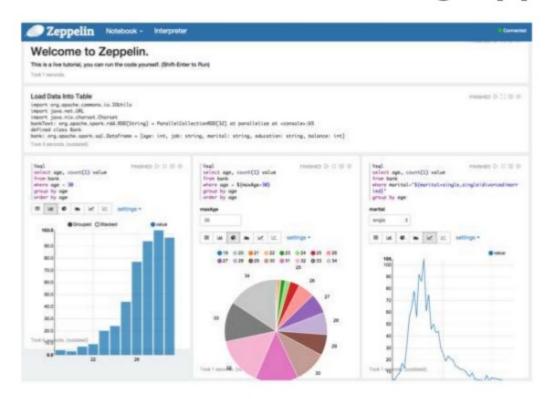
```
$ wget https://s3.amazonaws.com/chayel-emr/KinesisProducer.jar
# iava ian KinesisProducen ian
```

- \$ java -jar KinesisProducer.jar
- b. Continuous stream of data records will be fed into Kinesis in CSV format:

```
... device_id,temperature,timestamp ...
```

Git link: https://github.com/manjeetchayel/emr-kpl-demo





## Use Zeppelin on Amazon EMR:

- Configure Spark interpreter to use org.apache.spark:spark-streamingkinesis-asl\_2.11:2.0.0 dependency
- Import notebook from

  https://raw.githubusercontent.com/m
  anjeetchayel/aws-big-datablog/master/aws-blog-realtimeanalytics-usingzeppelin/Spark Streaming.json
- Run spark code blocks to generate real-time analytics.



### Thank you!

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- blogs.aws.amazon.com/bigdata

