

Migrating Your Databases to AWS: Deep Dive on Amazon RDS and AWS Database Migration Service

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Agenda

The WHAT

The WHY

The HOW

The WHEN

The WHO



The What : Amazon Relational Database Service

Amazon RDS

Managed relational database service with a choice of popular database engines

Amazon Aurora







Microsoft SQL Server





Easy to administer

No need to provision infrastructure, install, and maintain DB software



Available & durable

Automatic Multi-AZ data replication; automated backup, snapshots, and failover



Highly scalable

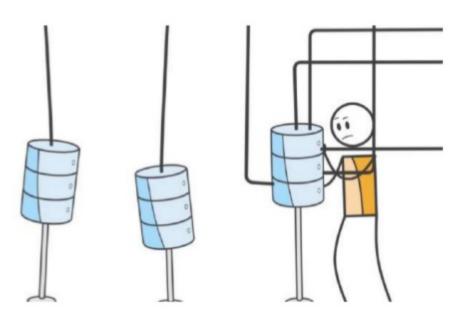
Scale DB compute and storage with a few clicks; minimal downtime for your application



Fast & secure

SSD storage and guaranteed provisioned I/O; data encryption at rest and in transit

Key Insight: Relational Databases are Complex



Our experience running Amazon.com taught us that relational databases can be a pain to manage and operate with high availability

It's expensive and complex to manage administrative functions including regular patching cycles, performance optimization, and backup and disaster recovery – all for constantly changing applications

We Made Things Cheaper, Easier, and Better



Lower TCO because we manage critical administrative functions

- Automated hardware provisioning, database setup, patching, & backups
- ✓ Get more leverage from your teams
- Focus on the things that differentiate you



Built-in high availability and cross-region replication across multiple data centers

 Available on Aurora MySQL, Amazon RDS for MySQL, Amazon RDS for MariaDB, and Amazon RDS for PostgreSQL engines



Now, even a small startup can leverage enterprise-level availability, durability, and scalability with a single API call or click of a console button

Amazon RDS Engines

Aurora

Open source

Commercial

MySQL.

MySQL:

ORACLE!

PostgreSQL

A PostgreSQL

Microsoft SQL Server

MariaDB

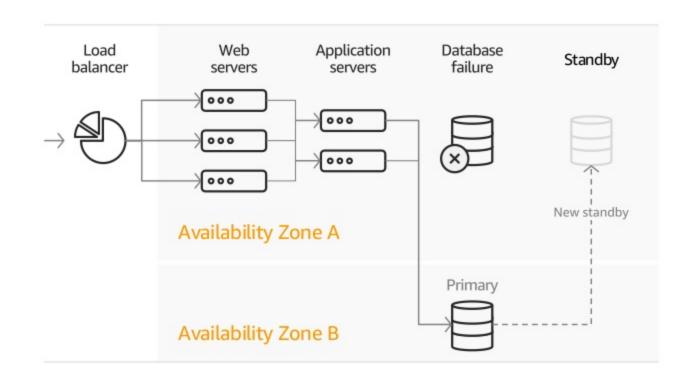


Why: Amazon Relational Database Service

High Availability Multi-AZ Deployments

Enterprise-grade fault tolerance solution for production databases

- ✓ Automatic failover
- √ Synchronous replication
- ✓ Inexpensive and enabled with one click



Flexible Scaling



Scale compute/ memory or storage/IO vertically up or down



Handle higher load to grow over time



Lower usage to control costs

Read Replicas

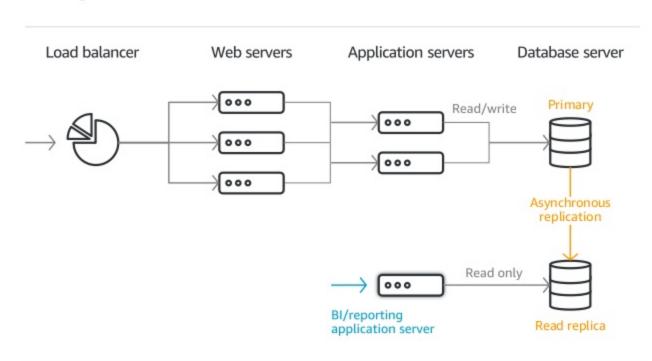
Performance and disaster recovery

Relieve pressure on your master node with additional read capacity

Bring data close to your applications in different regions

Promote a read replica to a master for faster recovery in the event of disaster

Supported for Amazon Aurora & Amazon RDS for MySQL, MariaDB, PostgreSQL



Automated Backups

Amazon RDS for MySQL, PostgreSQL, MariaDB, Oracle, and SQL Server

- ✓ Scheduled daily volume backup of entire instance
- ✓ Archive database change logs
- √ 35-day maximum retention
- ✓ Minimal impact on database performance
- ✓ Taken from standby when running Multi-AZ

Amazon Aurora

- ✓ Automatic, continuous, incremental backups
- √ No impact on database performance
- √ 35-day maximum retention







Every day during your backup window, Amazon RDS creates a storage volume snapshot of your database



Every five minutes, Amazon RDS backs up the transaction logs of your database

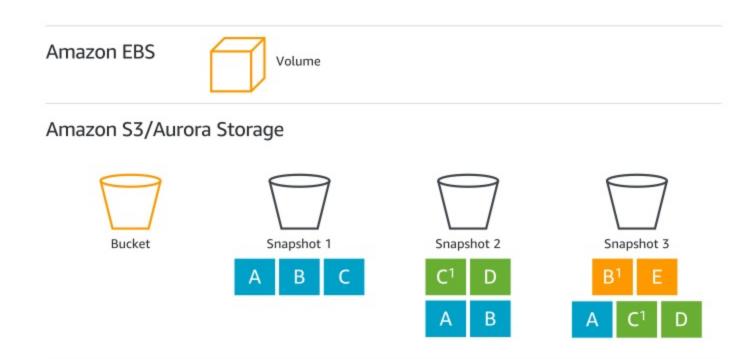
Database Snapshots

Always incremental

Amazon S3 → 99.9999999% durability

Inherit encryption

Copy across accounts, across regions



Security and Compliance

Network isolation via Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

Security groups

AWS IAM-based resource-level role permission controls

Encryption at rest using AWS KMS or Oracle/Microsoft TDE

SSL protection for data in transit

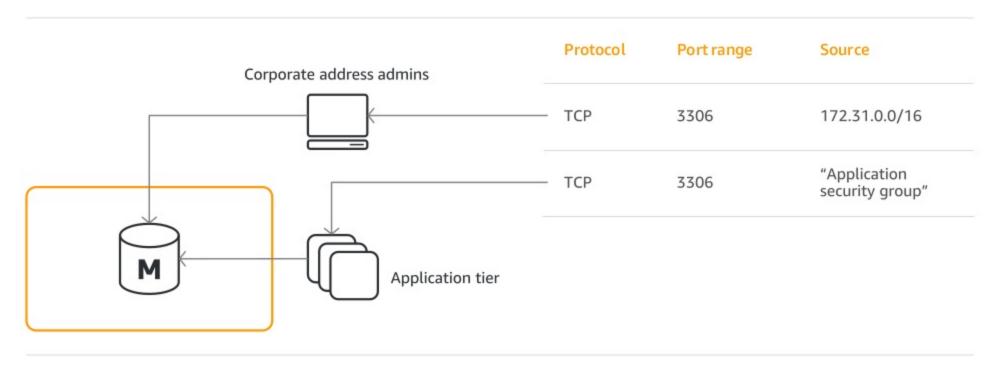
Assurance programs for finance, healthcare, government, and more

✓ HIPAA eligibility under a Business Associate Agreement (BAA) with AWS



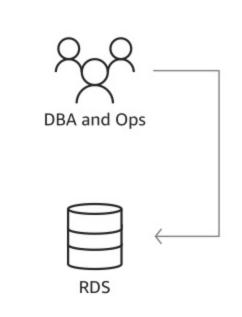
Security Groups

Specify network access rules for your database



Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Governed access: use IAM to control who can perform actions with Aurora MySQL and Amazon RDS for MySQL



```
"Version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
       "Sid": "AllowCreateDBInstanceOnly",
       "Effect": "Allow",
        "Action": [
            "rds:CreateDBInstance"
        "Resource": [
            "arn:aws:rds:*:123456789012:db:test*",
            "arn:aws:rds:*:123456789012:og:default*",
            "arn:aws:rds:*:123456789012:pg:default*",
            "arn:aws:rds:*:123456789012:subgrp:default"
        "Condition": {
            "StringEquals": {
                "rds:DatabaseEngine": "mysql",
                "rds:DatabaseClass": "db.t2.micro"
```

At Rest Encryption for All Amazon RDS Engines

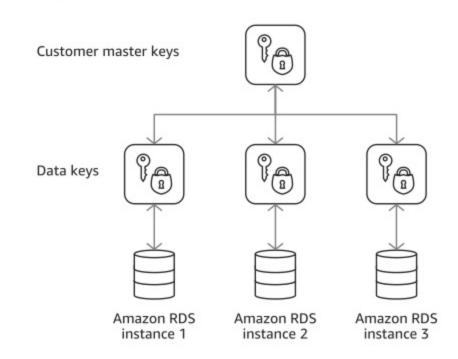
AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS)

Two-tiered key hierarchy using envelope encryption

Unique data key encrypts customer data AWS KMS master keys encrypt data keys Available for all Amazon RDS engines

Benefits

Limits risk of compromised data key
Better performance for encrypting large data
Easier to manage small number of master keys
than millions of data keys
Centralized access and audit of key activity



Amazon Aurora

MySQL and PostgreSQL-compatible relational database built for the cloud Performance and availability of commercial-grade databases at 1/10th the cost



Performance & scalability

5x throughput of standard MySQL and 3x of standard PostgreSQL; scale-out up to 15 read replicas



Availability & durability

Fault-tolerant, self-healing storage. Six copies of data across three AZs. Continuous backup to Amazon S3



Highly secure

Network isolation, encryption at rest and in transit



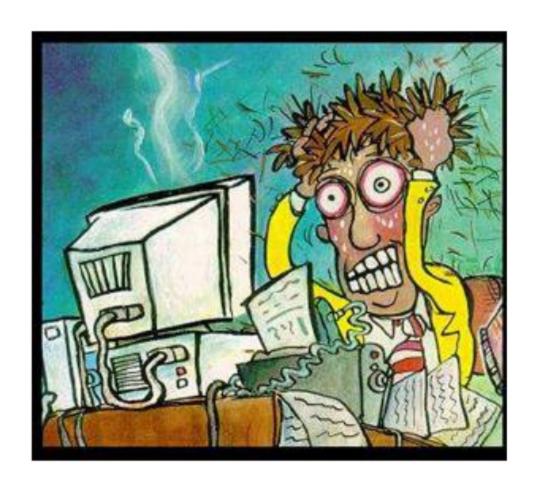
Fully managed

Managed by Amazon RDS: no hardware provisioning, software patching, setup, configuration, or backups



The How: Getting onto Amazon Relational Database Service

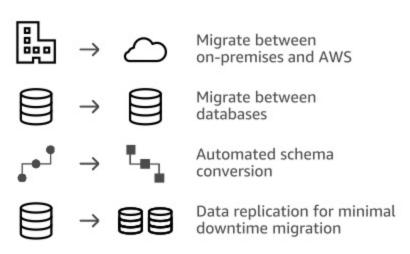
Database Migrations ??



AWS Database Migration Service

Migrating databases to AWS

50,000+ databases migrated



What are DMS and SCT?

AWS Database Migration Service (DMS) quickly and securely migrates or replicates your databases & data warehouses to AWS





AWS Schema Conversion Tool (SCT) converts your database and data warehouse schemas to open-source engines or AWS-native services (Aurora and Amazon Redshift)

We've migrated over 50,000 unique databases, and counting.

DMS & AWS Snowball



Got huge migration tasks?

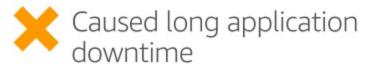
Skip the network. Do a physical move with Snowball.

- Migrate large databases (over 5 TB)
- Migrate many databases at once
- Avoid migrations over slow network
- Push model instead of pull model

Migration Was Costly, Complex, & Slow

Required commercial migration & replication software

















When: AWS Database Migration Service

Database Migration Use Cases

Modernize



- Convert and extract data from old database engines
- Update associated application code

Migrate



- Migrate business apps to Amazon RDS
- Migrate data warehouses to Amazon Redshift
- Upgrade, consolidate & archive your databases

Replicate



- Create cross-region Read Replicas
- Run analytics in the cloud
- Keep dev/test and production in sync

Migration & Replication with DMS

Homogeneous or heterogeneous

Sources Amazon S3 Azure SQL database MySQL: ORACLE mongoDB. MariaDB

Targets





Schema Conversion with SCT

Modernize your database tier













Modernize and Migrate your data warehouse to Amazon Redshift

VERTICA







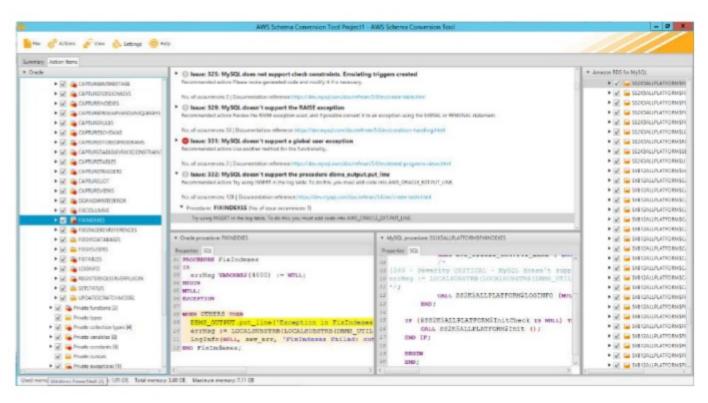








SCT Helps with Converting Tables, Views, & Code

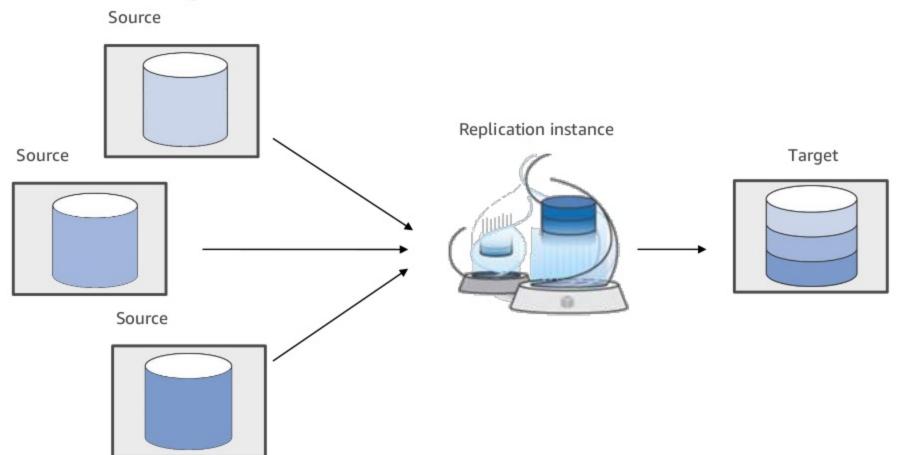


- Sequences
- User-defined types
- Synonyms
- Packages
- Stored procedures
- Functions
- Triggers
- Schemas
- Tables
- Indexes
- Views
- Sort and distribution keys

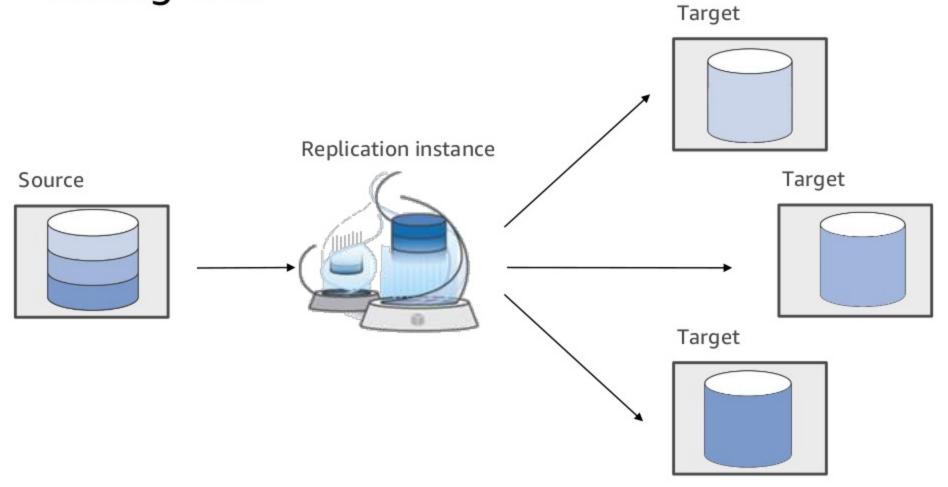


.... But there's more!

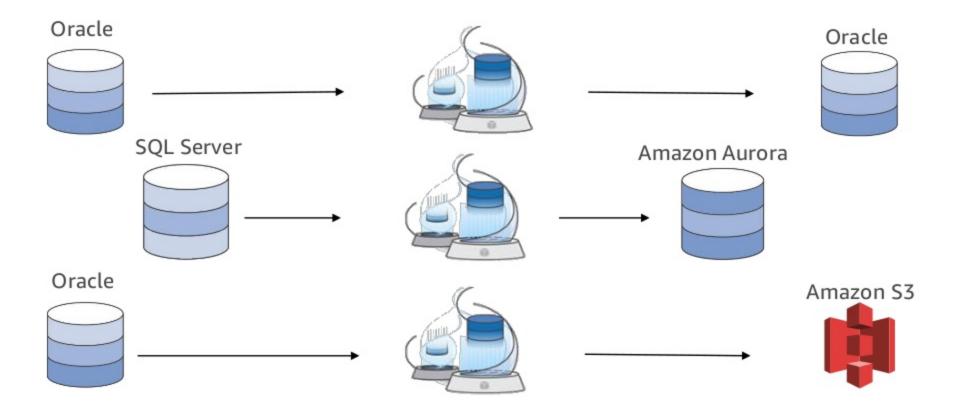
Fanning-In



Fanning-Out



Homogenous or heterogeneous





Why: AWS Database Migration Service

Key benefits of migrating with DMS









Get off expensive commercial databases & data warehouses

Avoid high fees and restrictive licenses! Switch to open-source based, pay-as-you-go services

Keep your applications running during the migration

Load and sync the target database, then switch over at your convenience

Low cost: pay only for the migration resources you use

Free DMS is available for 6 months when migrating to Aurora, Amazon Redshift, or Amazon DynamoDB

Other migrations are as low as \$3 per terabyte

Migration in both directions avoids lock-in

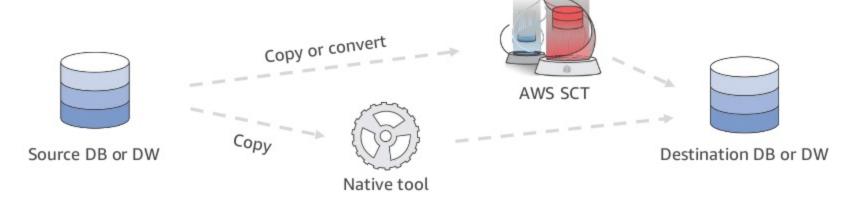
Migrate either in or out of AWS. Replicate your data to keep AWS and on-premises databases in sync.



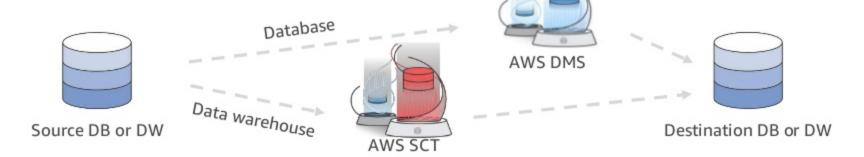
How: AWS Database Migration Service works

Database Migration the Easier Way

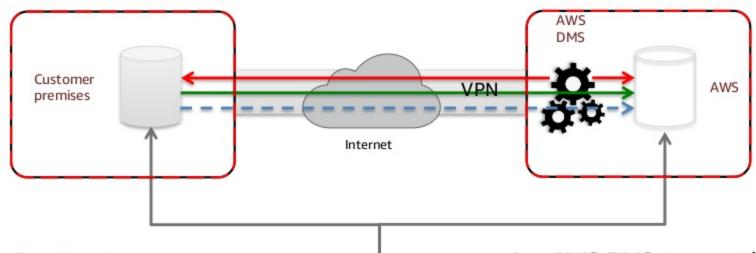
Step 1: Convert or copy your schema



Step 2: Move your data



Keep your apps running during the migration



Start a replication instance
Connect to source and target
databases
Select tables, schemas, or
databases



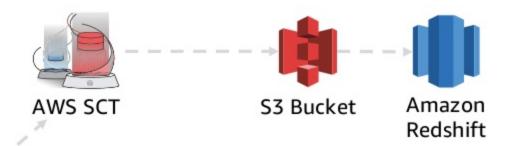
Application users

- Let AWS DMS create tables, load data, and keep them in sync
- Switch applications over to the target at your convenience

SCT data extractors

Extract Data from your data warehouse and migrate to Amazon Redshift

- Extracts through local migration agents
- Data is optimized for Redshift and Saved in local files
- Files are loaded to an Amazon S3 bucket (through network or Amazon Snowball) and then to Amazon Redshift









Who: Customer Use Cases

>50,000 Databases Migrated with DMS





































































Expedia migrated from SQL Server to AWS

Needed real-time analysis of lodging market pricing

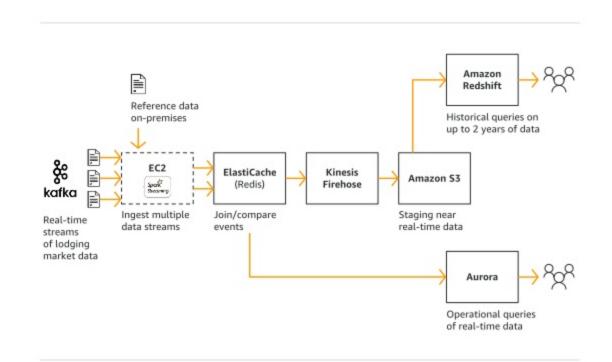
Migrated from Microsoft SQL Server

Use Amazon Aurora, Amazon Redshift, Kinesis, and ElastiCache

Process high-volume pricing and availability data

Query execution times reduced 80%–95%

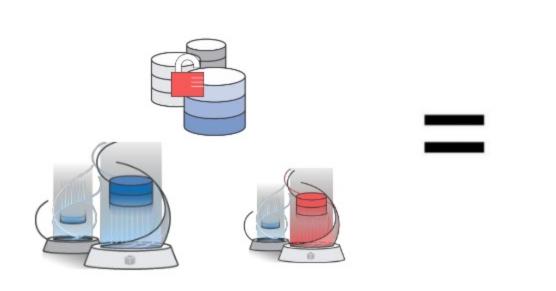
Database has >15B rows and continues to grow





Wrapping up

Recap



No Operational Overhead

Reliable, Scalable and Secure deployments

Fast and Easy Migrations

AWS database migration partners















































Thank you! aws.amazon.com/dms

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