

Lab 3.1

Introduction to Numpy module:

NumPy is a powerful Python library for numerical computing, providing support for large, multi-dimensional arrays and matrices, along with a collection of high-level mathematical functions to operate on these arrays efficiently. It serves as the foundation for many scientific and mathematical Python libraries due to its speed and versatility. NumPy offers capabilities for array manipulation, mathematical operations, linear algebra, random number generation, and more, making it an essential tool for data manipulation and analysis in fields such as machine learning, data science, and engineering. With its efficient implementation in C, NumPy facilitates fast computations and enables seamless integration with other Python libraries and tools. Its simplicity and performance make it a cornerstone of the Python scientific computing ecosystem.

Installation

We can easily install this library using the terminal. Follow the steps given below to install Numpy: Step 1: Go to the Windows PowerShell. Step 2: We can install Numpy with the help of pip easily. Head over to the directory where you want to install the numpy and fire the below command: **pip install numpy OR conda install numpy** This is very simple to install. tall.

import numpy

Once numpy is installed, import it in your applications by adding the import keyword: **import numpy as np** Now numpy is imported and ready to use. # se.

```
import numpy as np
```

Creating a list

```
mylist=[1,3,5,6]
```

Checking the type

```
type(mylist)
```

```
list
```

Converting the simple list to numpy array

```
np.array(mylist)
```

```
array([1, 3, 5, 6])
```

```
type(mylist)
list
```

What will happen in the above code ??

```
arr=np.array(mylist)
arr
array([1, 3, 5, 6])
```

Creating matrix

```
mylist=[[1,3,5],[4,5,6],[1,4,76],[1,3,5]]
mylist
[[1, 3, 5], [4, 5, 6], [1, 4, 76], [1, 3, 5]]
np.array(mylist)
array([[ 1,  3,  5],
       [ 4,  5,  6],
       [ 1,  4, 76],
       [ 1,  3,  5]])
mymatrix=np.array(mylist)
mymatrix.shape
(4, 3)
mynewmatrix=np.array(mylist)
mynewmatrix
array([[ 1,  3,  5],
       [ 4,  5,  6],
       [ 1,  4, 76],
       [ 1,  3,  5]])
```

Creating the numpy array by using range function

```
np.arange(0,15)
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14])
np.arange(0,10,2)
array([0, 2, 4, 6, 8])
```

Creating the numpy array of only Zeros by using range function

```
np.zeros(5)
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
type(0.)
float
```

Creating the matrix of only Zeros

```
np.zeros((4,10))
array([[0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]])
```

Creating the matrix of only sixes by incrementing of 5 in 1

```
np.ones((5,5)) +5
array([[6., 6., 6., 6., 6.],
       [6., 6., 6., 6., 6.],
       [6., 6., 6., 6., 6.],
       [6., 6., 6., 6., 6.],
       [6., 6., 6., 6., 6.]])

np.ones(4)*100
array([100., 100., 100., 100.])

np.ones(4)/100
array([0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01])
```

Creating of array by using linspace function

The general syntax of `numpy.linspace()` is `numpy.linspace(start, stop, num=50)`. It generates an array of evenly spaced numbers over a specified interval `[start, stop]`, inclusive of both endpoints, with the number of elements determined by `num`.

```
np.linspace(0,30,3)
array([ 0., 15., 30.])

np.linspace(0,10,20)
```

```
array([ 0.          ,  0.52631579,  1.05263158,  1.57894737,
        2.10526316,  2.63157895,  3.15789474,  3.68421053,  4.21052632,
        4.73684211,  5.26315789,  5.78947368,  6.31578947,  6.84210526,
        7.36842105,  7.89473684,  8.42105263,  8.94736842,  9.47368421,
       10.          ])
len(np.linspace(0,10,20))
20
```

Creating of matrix by eye function which has 1 on the diagonal

```
np.eye(5)
array([[1., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0., 1.]])
```

numpy arrays

it will produce the random numbers

```
np.random.rand(1)
array([0.35754582])
np.random.rand(3,5)
array([[0.10514096, 0.81829136, 0.67571431, 0.4998239 , 0.56605004],
       [0.95347943, 0.56676474, 0.11846972, 0.66287605, 0.3576046 ],
       [0.29996218, 0.02434369, 0.32077685, 0.03250476, 0.81041917]])
np.random.randn(5)
array([-0.61021583, -1.12172603,  0.32826695, -0.06517884,
        0.6730479 ])
np.random.randint(1,100,5)
```

```

array([49, 92, 10, 31, 62], dtype=int32)
np.random.seed(24)
np.random.rand(4)
array([0.9600173 , 0.69951205, 0.99986729, 0.2200673 ])
np.random.rand(4)
array([0.36105635, 0.73984099, 0.99645573, 0.31634698])
np.random.rand(4)
array([0.13654458, 0.38398001, 0.32051928, 0.36641475])
arr=np.arange(25)
arr
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15,
        16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24])
arr1=np.random.randint(0,50,16)
arr1
array([25, 35, 45, 31, 28,  0, 12, 31, 33,  1,  6, 33, 17,  6, 46,
        1], dtype=int32)
arr1.shape
(16,)
arr1.reshape(4,4)
array([[25, 35, 45, 31],
       [28,  0, 12, 31],
       [33,  1,  6, 33],
       [17,  6, 46,  1]], dtype=int32)

```

Finding the maximum and minimum value

```

arr1.max()
np.int32(46)
arr1.min()
np.int32(0)
arr1

```

```
array([25, 35, 45, 31, 28,  0, 12, 31, 33,  1,  6, 33, 17,  6, 46,
       1],
      dtype=int32)
```

Finding the index of maximum and minimum

```
arr1.argmax()
np.int64(14)
arr1.argmin()
np.int64(5)
arr1.dtype
dtype('int32')
```

numpy indexing and selection

Run and observe the following code

```
import numpy as np
arr=np.arange(11)
arr
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr[8]
np.int64(8)
arr[2]
np.int64(2)
arr[1:5]
array([1, 2, 3, 4])
arr[:]
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr[5:]
```

```

array([ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr[:5]
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4])
arr[4:7]
array([4, 5, 6])
arr[0:6]
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
arr
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr+100
array([100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110])
arr / 2
array([0. , 0.5, 1. , 1.5, 2. , 2.5, 3. , 3.5, 4. , 4.5, 5. ])
arr+100 / 2
array([50., 51., 52., 53., 54., 55., 56., 57., 58., 59., 60.])
new_arr=arr / 2
new_arr
array([0. , 0.5, 1. , 1.5, 2. , 2.5, 3. , 3.5, 4. , 4.5, 5. ])
arr
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr**2
array([ 0,  1,  4,  9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100])

arr
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])

```

Slicing

```

slice_of_arr=arr[0:8]

```

```

slice_of_arr
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
slice_of_arr[:]
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
slice_of_arr[:]=100
slice_of_arr
array([100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100])
arr
array([100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 8, 9, 10])
arr_copy = arr.copy()
arr_copy[:]=100
arr_copy
array([100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100])
arr
array([100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 8, 9, 10])

```

INDEXING on 2D array

Run and observe the following code

```

arr_2d=np.array([[1,45,5],[2,45,6],[7,8,9]])
arr_2d
array([[ 1, 45,  5],
       [ 2, 45,  6],
       [ 7,  8,  9]])
arr_2d.shape
(3, 3)
arr_2d[1]
array([ 2, 45,  6])
arr_2d[1][0]
np.int64(2)

```



```

arr_2d[1][1]
np.int64(45)
arr_2d[1,1]
np.int64(45)
arr_2d
array([[ 1, 45,  5],
       [ 2, 45,  6],
       [ 7,  8,  9]])
arr_2d[:2]
array([[ 1, 45,  5],
       [ 2, 45,  6]])
arr_2d[:2,1:]
array([[45,  5],
       [45,  6]])

```

Comparision of whole array

```

arr=np.arange(11)
arr
array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr < 4
array([ True,  True,  True,  True, False, False, False, False, False,
        False, False])
arr > 4
array([False, False, False, False, False,  True,  True,  True,  True,
        True,  True])

```

Condition seletion

```

bool_arr= arr>4
bool_arr
array([False, False, False, False, False,  True,  True,  True,  True,
        True,  True])
arr[bool_arr] #condition seletion

```

```
array([ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr[arr>4]
array([ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10])
arr[arr ==2]
array([2])
arr[arr <=4]
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4])
```

numpy operation

```
import numpy as np
arr=np.arange(10)
arr
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
arr+100
array([100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109])
arr/2
array([0. , 0.5, 1. , 1.5, 2. , 2.5, 3. , 3.5, 4. , 4.5])
arr**2
array([ 0,  1,  4,  9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81])
(arr+2)/2
array([1. , 1.5, 2. , 2.5, 3. , 3.5, 4. , 4.5, 5. , 5.5])
(arr+2)-2
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
arr+arr
array([ 0,  2,  4,  6,  8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18])
arr/0
```

```
C:\Users\PMLS\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_97520\4291252909.py:1:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in divide
```

```

arr/0
C:\Users\PMLS\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_97520\4291252909.py:1:
RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in divide
arr/0

array([nan, inf, inf, inf, inf, inf, inf, inf, inf])

1/arr
C:\Users\PMLS\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_97520\255282349.py:1:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in divide
1/arr

array([      inf, 1.        , 0.5        , 0.33333333, 0.25        ,
        0.2        , 0.16666667, 0.14285714, 0.125        , 0.11111111])

arr/arr #bcoz zero are presnt in the array
C:\Users\PMLS\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_97520\91700794.py:1:
RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in divide
arr/arr #bcoz zero are presnt in the array

array([nan, 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])

```

Some mathimathical operations

```

np.sqrt(arr)

array([0.        , 1.        , 1.41421356, 1.73205081, 2.        ,
        2.23606798, 2.44948974, 2.64575131, 2.82842712, 3.        ])

np.log(arr) #bcz first no is zro its makes it infinity
C:\Users\PMLS\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_97520\3565305275.py:1:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
np.log(arr) #bcz first no is zro its makes it infinity

array([      -inf, 0.        , 0.69314718, 1.09861229, 1.38629436,
        1.60943791, 1.79175947, 1.94591015, 2.07944154, 2.19722458])

np.sin(arr)

array([ 0.        , 0.84147098, 0.90929743, 0.14112001, -
0.7568025 ,
        -0.95892427, -0.2794155 , 0.6569866 , 0.98935825,
0.41211849])

arr.sum()

np.int64(45)

arr.max()

```

```

np.int64(9)
arr.mean()
np.float64(4.5)
arr_2d=np.array([[1,2,3],[2,2,3],[34,5,7]])
arr_2d
array([[ 1,  2,  3],
       [ 2,  2,  3],
       [34,  5,  7]])
arr_2d.sum()
np.int64(59)
arr_2d.shape
(3, 3)
arr_2d.sum()
np.int64(59)
# give me sum across the rows
arr_2d.sum(axis=0)
#array along the vertical axis when axis=0 that count column
element
#mean that produce the sum of the column
array([37,  9, 13])
arr_2d.sum(axis=1)
array([ 6,  7, 46])

```

numpy exercises

```
import numpy as np
```

create an array of 10 zeros

```

arr=np.zeros(10)
arr
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])

```

create an array of 10 ones

```
arr=np.ones(10)
arr
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

create an array of 10 fives

```
arr=np.ones(10)*5
arr
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

create an array of integer from 10 to 50

```
arr=np.arange(10,51)
arr
array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
       26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42,
       43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

create an array of all even integer from 10 to 50

```
arr=np.arange(10,51,2)
arr
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40,
       42, 44, 46, 48, 50])
```

create 3x3 matrix with the values ranging of 0 to 8

```
arr=np.array([[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8]])
arr
array([[0, 1, 2],
       [3, 4, 5],
       [6, 7, 8]])
matrix = np.arange(9).reshape((3, 3))
```

```
print(matrix)

[[0 1 2]
 [3 4 5]
 [6 7 8]]

matrix = np.arange(16)
matrix.reshape((4,4))

array([[ 0,  1,  2,  3],
       [ 4,  5,  6,  7],
       [ 8,  9, 10, 11],
       [12, 13, 14, 15]])
```

create 3x3 identity matrix

```
identity_matrix = np.identity(3)
identity_matrix

array([[1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.]])

print(identity_matrix)

[[1. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1.]]

np.eye(3)

array([[1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.]])

arr=np.random.rand(1)

arr

array([0.56243404])

random_matrix = np.random.randn(25)

random_matrix

array([-2.1628745 ,  0.1732177 ,  0.44980691, -0.15639909, -
 0.5017551 ,
       -1.13070873, -2.29896186,  0.69752566, -1.17402782, -
 0.73272521,
       -1.984332  ,  0.26950264, -0.77941255,  0.8706628 , -
 0.32149986,
        1.9582427 ,  1.79617509,  1.352329  , -0.38124668,
```

```

0.36649793,
    0.99719722,  0.390556 , -0.16061569, -0.07517978, -
2.83762557])
arr=np.arange(1,101)
arr
array([  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10, 11, 12,
        13,
        14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
        26,
        27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38,
        39,
        40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51,
        52,
        53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64,
        65,
        66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77,
        78,
        79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90,
        91,
        92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100])

arr=np.arange(1,101)/100
arr.reshape(10,10)
array([[0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1 ],
       [0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2 ],
       [0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3 ],
       [0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4 ],
       [0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5 ],
       [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6 ],
       [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7 ],
       [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8 ],
       [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9 ],
       [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.  ]])

arr
array([0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1 ,
        0.11,
        0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2 , 0.21,
        0.22,
        0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3 , 0.31, 0.32,
        0.33,
        0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4 , 0.41, 0.42, 0.43,
        0.44,
        0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5 , 0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54,
        0.55,
        0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6 , 0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65,

```

```
0.66,
    0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7 , 0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76,
0.77,
    0.78, 0.79, 0.8 , 0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87,
0.88,
    0.89, 0.9 , 0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98,
0.99,
    1.  ])
```

create an array of 20 linearly spaced point b/w 0 and 1

```
np.linspace(0,1,20)

array([0.          , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632,
        0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421,
        0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211,
        0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1.          ])
```

numpy indexing and selection

```
mat=np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
```

```
mat
```

```
array([[ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5],
       [ 6,  7,  8,  9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
mat[:3,1:2]
```

```
array([[ 2],
       [ 7],
       [12]])
```

```
mat[2:]
```

```
array([[11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
mat[2:,1:]
```

```
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
mat[3,4]
```

```
np.int64(20)
```



```
mat[4:]  
array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])  
mat[3:]  
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],  
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])  
mat.sum()  
np.int64(325)  
mat.std()  
np.float64(7.211102550927978)  
mat.sum(axis=0)  
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])  
np.random.seed(101)  
np.random.rand(1)  
array([0.51639863])
```