



NISM Web Scan

Report generated by Nessus™

Sat, 10 Jul 2021 02:41:30 EDT

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Nessus Essentials

Vulnerabilities by Host

184.73.185.129



Scan Information

Start time: Sat Jul 10 02:27:28 2021
End time: Sat Jul 10 02:41:30 2021

Host Information

DNS Name: ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com
IP: 184.73.185.129

Vulnerabilities

10756 - Apple Mac OS X Find-By-Content .DS_Store Web Directory Listing

Synopsis

It is possible to get the list of files present in the remote directory.

Description

It is possible to read a '.DS_Store' file on the remote web server.

This file is created by MacOS X Finder; it is used to remember the icons position on the desktop, among other things, and contains the list of files and directories present in the remote directory.

Note that deleted files may still be present in this .DS_Store file.

See Also

<https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT1629>

<https://helpx.adobe.com/dreamweaver/kb/remove-ds-store-files-mac.html>

<http://www.greci.cc/?p=10>

Solution

- Configure your web server so as to prevent the download of .DS_Store files
- Mac OS X users should configure their workstation to disable the creation of .DS_Store files on network shares.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	3316
BID	3325
CVE	CVE-2001-1446
XREF	CERT:177243

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/09/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/.DS_Store
reveals the following entries:
  assets
```

Synopsis

The remote web server may fail to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

Description

The remote web server does not set an X-Frame-Options response header or a Content-Security-Policy 'frame-ancestors' response header in all content responses. This could potentially expose the site to a clickjacking or UI redress attack, in which an attacker can trick a user into clicking an area of the vulnerable page that is different than what the user perceives the page to be. This can result in a user performing fraudulent or malicious transactions.

X-Frame-Options has been proposed by Microsoft as a way to mitigate clickjacking attacks and is currently supported by all major browser vendors.

Content-Security-Policy (CSP) has been proposed by the W3C Web Application Security Working Group, with increasing support among all major browser vendors, as a way to mitigate clickjacking and other attacks. The 'frame-ancestors' policy directive restricts which sources can embed the protected resource.

Note that while the X-Frame-Options and Content-Security-Policy response headers are not the only mitigations for clickjacking, they are currently the most reliable methods that can be detected through automation. Therefore, this plugin may produce false positives if other mitigation strategies (e.g., frame-busting JavaScript) are deployed or if the page does not perform any security-sensitive transactions.

See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?399b1f56>

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Clickjacking_Defense_Cheat_Sheet

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clickjacking>

Solution

Return the X-Frame-Options or Content-Security-Policy (with the 'frame-ancestors' directive) HTTP header with the page's response.

This prevents the page's content from being rendered by another site when using the frame or iframe HTML tags.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:693

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/22, Modified: 2017/05/16

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following pages do not use a clickjacking mitigation response header and contain a clickable event :

- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/add>

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

See Also

<https://httpd.apache.org/>

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
URL      : http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/
Version  : unknown
backported : 0
```


Synopsis

Load estimation for web application tests.

Description

This script computes the maximum number of requests that would be done by the generic web tests, depending on miscellaneous options. It does not perform any test by itself.

The results can be used to estimate the duration of these tests, or the complexity of additional manual tests.

Note that the script does not try to compute this duration based on external factors such as the network and web servers loads.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Here are the estimated number of requests in miscellaneous modes
for one method only (GET or POST) :
[Single / Some Pairs / All Pairs / Some Combinations / All Combinations]

arbitrary command execution (time based) : S=12          SP=12          AP=24          SC=0          AC=24
format string                            : S=4            SP=4            AP=8           SC=0          AC=8
cross-site scripting (comprehensive test): S=8            SP=8            AP=16          SC=0          AC=16
injectable parameter                     : S=4            SP=4            AP=8           SC=0          AC=8
arbitrary command execution               : S=32           SP=32           AP=64          SC=0          AC=64
local file inclusion                      : S=2            SP=2            AP=4           SC=0          AC=4
directory traversal                       : S=50           SP=50           AP=100         SC=0          AC=100
web code injection                        : S=2            SP=2            AP=4           SC=0          AC=4
blind SQL injection (4 requests)          : S=8            SP=8            AP=16          SC=0          AC=16
persistent XSS                           : S=8            SP=8            AP=16          SC=0          AC=16
```

directory traversal (write access)	: S=4	SP=4	AP=8	SC=0	AC=8
XML injection	: S=2	SP=2	AP=4	SC=0	AC=4
blind SQL injection	: S=24	SP=24	AP=48	SC=0	AC=48
SQL injection	: S=48	SP=48	AP=96	SC=0	AC=96
directory traversal (extended test)	: S=102	SP=102	AP=204	SC=0	
AC=204					
SSI injection	: S=6	SP=6	AP=12	SC=0	AC=12
unseen parameters	: S=70	SP=70	AP=140	SC=0	
AC=140					
SQL injection (2nd order)	[...]				

43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb>

[https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_\(OTG-CONFIG-006\)](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006))

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2019/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Based on tests of each method :

```
- HTTP methods ACL BASELINE-CONTROL BCOPY BDELETE BMOVE BPROPFIND  
BPROPPATCH CHECKIN CHECKOUT COPY DEBUG DELETE GET HEAD INDEX  
LABEL LOCK MERGE MKACTIVITY MKCOL MKWORKSPACE MOVE NOTIFY OPTIONS  
ORDERPATCH PATCH POLL POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH PUT REPORT  
RPC_IN_DATA RPC_OUT_DATA SEARCH SUBSCRIBE UNCHECKOUT UNLOCK  
UNSUBSCRIBE UPDATE VERSION-CONTROL X-MS-ENUMATTS are allowed on :
```

```
/  
/assets  
/assets/css
```

```
- Invalid/unknown HTTP methods are allowed on :
```

```
/  
/assets  
/assets/css
```

Synopsis

A web server is running on the remote host.

Description

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
The remote web server type is :  
Apache
```

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Protocol version : HTTP/1.1

SSL : no

Keep-Alive : yes

Options allowed : (Not implemented)

Headers :

Date: Sat, 10 Jul 2021 06:36:27 GMT

Server: Apache

Cache-Control: no-cache

Keep-Alive: timeout=65, max=100

Connection: Keep-Alive

Transfer-Encoding: chunked

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

Response Body :

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<head>

<meta charset="utf-8">

<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge,chrome=1">

<title>Your Thoughts</title>

<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

```

<link href="assets/css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
<style>
  body {background: url(assets/img/background.png) repeat;}
  .hero-unit {background-color: white;}
</style>
<link href="assets/css/bootstrap-responsive.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
<!--[if lt IE 9]><script src="http://html5shim.googlecode.com/svn/trunk/html5.js"></script><![endif]-->
</head>

<body>

  <div class="container">

    <h1>Your Thoughts</h1>

    <p><a href="/add" class="btn"><b class="icon-pencil"></b> Share Your Thought</a></p>

    <div class="hero-unit">
      <div class="row-fluid">
        <blockquote>
          <p>Tik Tok</p>
          <small>Doc</small>
        </blockquote>
        <hr>
        <blockquote>
          <p>Spiros server
</p>
          <small>Spiros server</small>
        </blockquote>
        <hr>
        <blockquote>
          <p>Anrich</p>
          <small>Anrich</small>
        </blockquote>
        <hr>
        <blockquote>
          <p>test</p>
          <small>test</small>
        </blockquote>
        <hr>
        <blockquote>
          <p>c:/Windows/system.ini</p>
          <small>ZAP</small>
        </blockquote>
        <hr>
        <blockquote>
          <p>../../../../../../../../../../../../.. [...]

```

Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive Content-Security-Policy (CSP) frame-ancestors response header or does not set one at all.

The CSP frame-ancestors header has been proposed by the W3C Web Application Security Working Group as a way to mitigate cross-site scripting and clickjacking attacks.

See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?55aa8f57>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?07cc2a06>

<https://content-security-policy.com/>

<https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP2/>

Solution

Set a non-permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors header for all requested resources.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following pages do not set a Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors response header or set a permissive policy:

- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/>
- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/add>

50345 - Missing or Permissive X-Frame-Options HTTP Response Header

Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive X-Frame-Options response header or does not set one at all.

The X-Frame-Options header has been proposed by Microsoft as a way to mitigate clickjacking attacks and is currently supported by all major browser vendors

See Also

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clickjacking>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?399b1f56>

Solution

Set a properly configured X-Frame-Options header for all requested resources.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following pages do not set a X-Frame-Options response header or set a permissive policy:

- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/>
- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/add>

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
Port 22/tcp was found to be open
```

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Port 80/tcp was found to be open
```

Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself :

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/06/28

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Information about this scan :

```
Nessus version : 8.15.0
Nessus build : 20271
Plugin feed version : 202107100130
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : debian6-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : NISM Web Scan
```

```
Scan policy used : Web Application Tests
Scanner IP : 10.0.2.15

WARNING : No port scanner was enabled during the scan. This may
lead to incomplete results.

Port range : default
Ping RTT : 63.065 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin did not launch)
CGI scanning : enabled
Web application tests : enabled
Web app tests - Test mode : single
Web app tests - Try all HTTP methods : no
Web app tests - Maximum run time : 5 minutes.
Web app tests - Stop at first flaw : CGI
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date : 2021/7/10 2:27 EDT
Scan duration : 838 sec
```

Synopsis

The remote web server hosts linkable content that can be crawled by Nessus.

Description

The remote web server contains linkable content that can be used to gather information about a target.

See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?5496c8d9>

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/24, Modified: 2016/06/24

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following sitemap was created from crawling linkable content on the target host :

- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/>
- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/add>
- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/assets/css/bootstrap-responsive.min.css>
- <http://ec2-184-73-185-129.compute-1.amazonaws.com/assets/css/bootstrap.min.css>

Attached is a copy of the sitemap file.

Synopsis

Nessus can crawl the remote website.

Description

This plugin makes a mirror of the remote website(s) and extracts the list of CGIs that are used by the remote host.

It is suggested that you change the number of pages to mirror in the 'Options' section of the client.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/05/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Webmirror performed 8 queries in 3s (2.0666 queries per second)
```

```
The following CGIs have been discovered :
```

```
+ CGI : /add
  Methods : POST
  Argument : thoughtAuthor
  Argument : thoughtMessage
```