

**MILITARY COLLEGE OF SIGNALS**  
**MIDTERM EXAM**  
**BESE 16 – B**  
**CE 230 Digital Logic Design**

**Instructor: A/P Dr. Imran Siddiqi**

**Time: 90 Minutes**  
**Max Marks: 30**

**(2+2+3)**

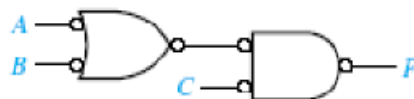
**Question # 1 – Number Systems and Arithmetic**

- a. What is the decimal equivalent of 10000111 if it represents
- An unsigned binary number
  - A signed number in 2's complement form
  - A signed number in signed-magnitude form
  - A number in BCD (8421)
- b. Represent the decimal number 37.25 using the following weighted codes.
- 6311
  - 7321
- c. Give short answers to the following
- Inserting even parity to the binary number 0101010 gives\_\_\_\_\_.
  - What is the maximum and minimum decimal number that can be represented using  $n$  bits in signed-magnitude form?
  - The 16's complement of C5FA is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A register with  $n$  cells can store a number with \_\_\_\_\_ bits.
  - Using BCD addition,  $8+7 =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2421 is a self-complementing code. True/False?

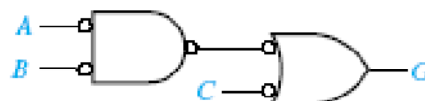
**(3+2+3)**

**Question # 2 – Boolean Algebra**

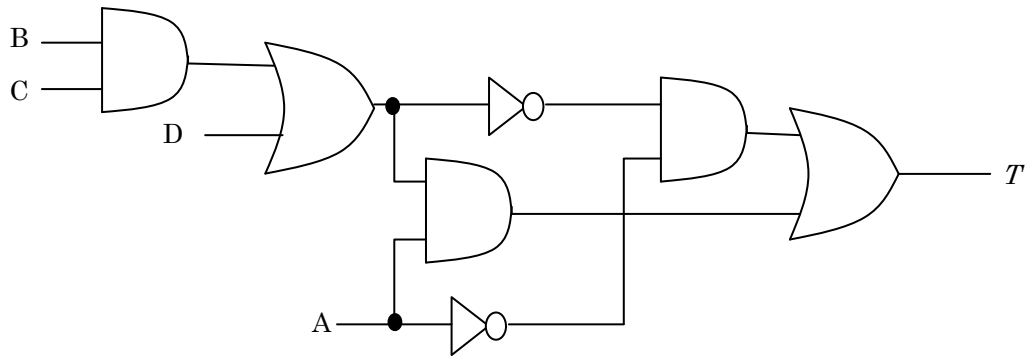
- a. Find the Boolean expression for the following circuits.



(i)



(ii)



(iii)

- b. Using DeMorgan's law, express the function  $F(A, B, C) = \bar{A}BC + A\bar{C} + \bar{A}B$
- With only OR & complement operations
  - With only AND & complement operations
- c. Express the following function as a *sum of minterms* and as a *product of maxterms*.
- $$F(A, B, C, D) = \bar{B}D + \bar{A}D + BD$$

(4+3)

### Question # 3 – Simplification of Boolean Functions

- a. Using 3 variable *K-map*, simplify the following to *sum of products* form.
- $F1(X, Y, Z) = XY + \bar{X}Z + YZ$
  - $F2(X, Y, Z) = \prod(3, 4)$
- b. Using 4 variable *K-map*, simplify the following to *product of sums*.
- $$F(A, B, C, D) = AC\bar{D} + \bar{C}D + A\bar{B} + ABCD$$

(3+5)

### Question # 4 – Circuit Design

- a. In Boolean logic, the *majority function* is a function with  $n$  inputs and one output. The value of the function is *true* if majority of the input bits are *true* and is *false* otherwise. Show the truth table of *majority function* for  $n=3$  bits and represent the function as a *product of maxterms*. (You DO NOT need to simplify it).
- b. Find a function that detects errors in the representation of a decimal digit in BCD. In other words you need to find a function that gives a value 1 when the inputs are any of the six unused bit combinations in BCD and a value 0 otherwise. Simplify the function using *K-map* and show the circuit diagram of the simplified function.

+++++++ Bon Courage +++++++