# CS DEPT MILITARY COLLEGE OF SIGNALS, NUST FUNDAMENTALS OF PROGRAMMING (FOP) BESE-16B

## **SOLUTION MIDTERM**

**Q1.** Given [3]

int a = 1, b = 4, c = 6, d = 2, x = 2, y = 3, z = 2;

Stepwise evaluate the following expressions as True or False.

a)  $(4 + 5 * a >= b - 4) \mid | (c - 8)$ 

Answer: True

b)  $c%x \mid | b == 9/z \&\& (d - 3)$ 

Answer: True

c)  $(b < -2) \mid (a*3 >= c) \&\& (b > a)$ 

Answer: False

- Q2. Write Boolean expressions that represent the given English expressions. Assume any variables you use have been declared and initialized. [2]
  - a) at least one of x or y is odd Answer: (x%2) | | (y%2)

b) t is between 2.3 and 3.3

Answer: (t>2.3)&&(t<3.3)

Q3. What is wrong with the following code? (Hint: it is a syntax error.) [2]

```
int n;
cin >> n;
if(n > 0) cout << "profit";
else if(n==0)
cout << "break even";
else(n<0)
cout << "negative";</pre>
```

Answer: can not specify a condition in last else instead

else

cout << "negative";</pre>

**Q4.** Write the output for the following

 $[2 \times 4 = 8]$ 

```
int n = 0;
     if(!n)
        n = n + 2;
     if(n)
       n = -n;
     n = n + 2000;
     cout << n;
Answer: 1998
```

b.

```
int n = 1;
while (n < 11)
   if(n%3)
      n = n+2;
   else
      n = n+4;
cout << n;
```

## Answer: 13

c. int mark = 85; if (mark>60) cout<<"The grade is D"<<endl;</pre> else if (mark >70) cout<<"The grade is C"<<endl;</pre> else if(mark>80) cout<<"The grade is B"<<endl;</pre> else if (mark>90) cout<<"The grade is A"<<endl;</pre> else cout<<"The grade is F"<<endl;</pre>

# Answer: The grade is D

d.

```
int y = 0;
switch (y) {
   case 0: y = y + 11;
   case 1: \bar{y} = \bar{y} / 2;
   case 2: y = y * 5;
   case 3: \bar{y} = \bar{y} + 1;
   default: y = y%3;
cout << y << endl;</pre>
```

### Answer: 2

Q5. Transform the following into a for-statement to perform the same operation. [2]

```
int n;
  cout << "Enter n (must be non-negative): ";
  cin >> n;

int loop = 0;
  while(loop < n) {
      cout << loop*4 << endl;
      loop += 2;
  }

Answer:
  for (loop = 0; loop < n; loop+=2)
      cout << loop*4 << endl;</pre>
```

**Q6.** Transform the following into a do-while-statement to perform the same operation.

[2]

int n;
 cout << "Enter n (must be non-negative): ";
 cin >> n;

int loop = 0;
 while(loop < n) {
 cout << loop\*4 << endl;
 loop += 2;
 }

Answer:
 int loop = 0;
 if(n>0) {
 cout << loop\*4 << endl;
 loop += 2;
 }
 while(loop < n);</pre>

Q7. Write the output of the following program. Also, provide values of each variable as it changes.[4]

```
#include <iostream.h>
int main(){
  int sum, j;
  for(int i=1; i<=5; i++)
  {    sum = 0;</pre>
```

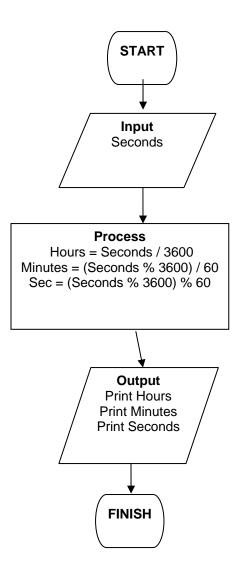
}

```
j = 1;
while (j <=i)
{    sum = sum + j;
    j++;
}
cout << sum << ' ';
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Answer: 1 3 6 10 15

Q8. Draw a Flow Chart that inputs a number of seconds to calculate the equivalent time in hours, minutes and seconds. For example: 7322 seconds is equivalent to 2 hours 2 minutes 2 seconds.[3]

**Answer:** 



**Q9.** Faisal just joined a saving plan. It goes like this, on January 1 of every year, he will deposit 10,000 Rs into a saving account. The annual interest rate of the saving account is 5 percent. For example, if he deposits 10,000 Rs on 1/1/2010, then by 31/12/2010, he will have 10500 Rs in the account. On 1/1/2011 he will deposit another 10,000, so he will have 20500 Rs in the account. Then, on 12/31/2011, he will have 21525 Rs in the saving account.

Complete the following program to find out after how many years Faisal will have more than 300,000 Rs in his saving account. [4]

```
#include <iostream.h>
    int main(){
        double balance =10000;
        int year = 1;
        double interest = 0.05;
    //find out how many years does it take for the balance
     //to be more than 300,000
Answer:
        while(balance < 300000)</pre>
           balance *= (1+interest);
           year++;
           balance += 10000;
        }
        cout << year << endl;</pre>
        return 0;
    }
```