

CS DEPT
MILITARY COLLEGE OF SIGNALS, NUST
FUNDAMENTALS OF PROGRAMMING (FOP)
BESE-16B

Exam: Final
Type of Paper: Regular
Semester: Fall

Instructor: Dr. Faisal Bashir
Total Marks: 50
Time Allowed: 2 hrs and 30 mins

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions
 2. Write your Index # on question paper and answer book.
 3. Please write neatly and number questions and subparts carefully.
 4. If a question is unclear, state your assumptions and answer the problem based on your assumptions.
 5. Understanding the question is also a part of the examination.
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Q1. Write the output of the following code snippets. In case of syntax error(s) indicate what is wrong with the code. [2 x 5 = 10]

a.

```
int i = 5 , j;  
int *p , *q;  
p = &i;  
q = &j;  
j = 5;  
cout<<*p<<endl<<*q;
```

b.

```
char arr[10];  
arr = "Computer";  
char arr1[7]= "Network";  
cout<<arr <<endl<<arr1;
```

c.

```
int i = 3;  
int *j;  
int **k;  
j=&i;  
k=&j;  
cout<<k<<endl<<*k<<endl<<**k;
```

d.

```
int x=1;  
if(x--)  
    printf("FOP is ");  
    printf("EASY");  
else  
    printf("FOP is DIFFICULT");
```

e.

```
char *str="ONE";
str++;
switch(str){
    case "ONE":printf("FIRST CASE");
                break;
    case "NE": printf("SECOND CASE");
                break;
    case "N":  printf("Third CASE");
                break;
    case "E":  printf("LAST CASE");
}
}
```

Q2. Re-write the following code snippet after removing all the unnecessary tests from the nested conditional statements. [2]

```
float income;
cout << "Enter your monthly income: ";
cin >> income;
if (income < 0.0)
    cout << "Find some Job." << endl;
else if (income >= 0.0 && income < 5000.00)
    cout << "Hard to Earn." << endl;
else if (income >= 5000.00 && income < 15000.00)
    cout << "Looking for a decent job." << endl;
else if (income >= 15000.00)
    cout << "This is not enough too." << endl;
```

Q3. Draw a flow chart that computes and prints the first ten prime numbers from the Fibonacci series. [4]

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55,

Q4. Consider the following function of binary search which returns the index (position) of the searched item if found else returns -1. [3+3]

```
int binary_search(int data[], // input: array
                  int size, // input: array size
                  int value // input: value to find
                  )
{
    int lower, middle, upper; // indexes to the array
    lower = 0;
    upper = size - 1;

    while (true) {
        for (int i = lower; i <= upper; i++)
            cout << data[i] << "-";
        cout << endl;

        middle = (lower + upper) / 2;
        if (data[middle] == value)
            return middle;
        else if (lower >= upper)
            return -1;

        else if (value < data[middle])
            upper = middle - 1;
        else
            lower = middle + 1;
    }
}
```

Assuming `int list[]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8};`

What are the outputs of the following function calls?

a.

```
cout << binary_search(list, 8, 7) << endl;
```

b.

```
cout << binary_search(list, 8, 0) << endl;
```

Q5. Find the output of the following code.

[5]

```
int f(int a[][3], int b[][3], int c[][3])
{
    int i, j, k;
    k = 0;
    for( i=0; i<3; i++) {
        for( j=0; j<3; j++) {
            c[i][j] = b[2-i][j] * a[i][2-j];
            k += c[i][j];
        }
    }
    return k;
}

void main()
{
    int a[3][3] = { {1,4,7},{2,5,8},{3,6,9}};
    int b[3][3] = { {1,2,3},{4,5,6},{7,8,9}};
    int c[3][3];
    int d;
    d = f(a,b,c);
    cout << "Return value of f() : "<<d<< endl;
}
```

Q6. Find the output of the following code.

[5]

```
#define SIZE 10
void f(int a[])
{
    int i, j, k;
    for( i=1; i < SIZE; i++) {
        j = a[i];
        for( k=i-1; k>=0 && a[k]<j; k--)
            a[k+1] = a[k];
        a[k+1] = j;
    }
}

void main()
{
    int a[SIZE] = {2,9,5,4,8,1,6,10,3,7};
    int *b, i;
    b = a;
    f(a);
    for( i=0; i<SIZE; i++)
        cout << b[i] << " ";
}
```

- Q7. Write prototype and the definition of a function that finds the occurrence of one string in another string. [1+6]**

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include <string.h>

//Write prototype for str_find function here

int main (){
    char string_1[80];          // Target string
    char string_2[5] = "This"; //The string to find
    int result;
    cin.getline(string_1,80);
    result = str_find(string_1, string_2);
    //str_find finds the occurrence of string_2 within
    //string_1
    if(result)
        cout<<"String Found";
    else
        cout<<"Not Found";
    return 0;
}

// Write function definition for str_find
```

- Q8. A shop management system maintains information about different items in the shop. A single record contains information regarding item name, item number, item description, price and expiry date. Write the prototypes and definitions for the following functions [2+5]**

- a. A function to input different records from the user.
- b. A function that finds a record based on item's name and displays the complete information about the searched item.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include <string.h>

struct ITEM{
    char  name[20];
    int   number;
    char  description[50];
```

```

    float price;
    DATE expiry;
};
struct DATE{
    int month;
    int year;
}

// Write prototype for get_items function here
// Write prototype for display_item function here
int RECORDS = 10;
int main (){
    ITEM item[RECORDS];
    char item_to_find[20];

    cout<<"Please, enter an item name : ";
    cin>>item_to_find;
    get_items(item); // the function inputs 20 records
                     // from the user
    display_item(item_to_find);
    return 0;
}
// Write function definition for get_items function here
// Write function definition for display_item function here

```

- Q9.** Write the missing code snippets for the following program that inputs the current coordinates (x,y) of a user. It finds and displays the shortest distances from all possible destinations. [4]

```

#include <iostream.h>
#include <math.h>
void main(){

    //List of coordinates for all possible destinations
    int coordinates[7][2] ={{20,40},{100,60},{300,300},
    {400,50},{50,150},{360,360},{140,140}};
    int x_coord,y_coord;//current coordinate of the user
    cin>>x_coord>>y_coord;

    // Write your code here to find the shortest
    distances from (x_coord,y_coord) to all possible
    destinations.

}

```

Hint: useful functions from math.h
double sqrt(double); double pow(double,double);