

Packet Sniffer and Keylogger

Overview

The cybersecurity projects focused on core concepts of network traffic analysis and keystroke logging. These experiences provided me with a solid foundation in both theoretical understanding and practical skills. Below is a comprehensive report of my work.

Project 1: Network Sniffer in Python

Objective

To develop a network sniffer using Python that captures and analyzes real-time network traffic, enabling better understanding of packet structures and data transmission in a networked environment.

Tools & Technologies

- **Python**
- **Scapy**: For packet sniffing and analysis
- **Logging module**: To log captured packet details with timestamps

Installation:

```
pip install scapy
```

Implementation Details

1. Packet Capture

- Used Scapy's `sniff()` function with a filter to capture only IP packets using TCP or UDP protocols.

2. Packet Analysis

- Extracted source and destination IP addresses.
- Retrieved port numbers from TCP/UDP headers.

3. Logging Output

```
[IP] 192.168.1.10 -> 142.250.190.14
```

```
[TCP] Port: 50345 -> 443
```

This output shows communication between a local device and a remote server over HTTPS.

4. Execution & Safety

- Requires elevated privileges (e.g., sudo).
- Interrupt safely using Ctrl+C.

Sample Output

```
2025-07-22 14:03:01 - [IP] 10.0.0.5 -> 142.250.191.206
2025-07-22 14:03:01 - [TCP] Port: 53123 -> 443
```

Learning Outcomes

- Gained experience in live traffic monitoring.
- Understood IP, TCP, and UDP packet structure.
- Developed foundational skills for intrusion detection and analysis tools.

Project 2: Keylogger Simulation in Python

Objective

To simulate a basic keylogger in a secure, offline setting to understand the behavior and implications of keystroke logging.

Tools & Technologies

- **Python**
- **pynput**: For keyboard input monitoring
- **CSV module**: For structured log storage

Installation:

```
pip install pynput
```

Implementation Details

1. Key Monitoring

- Utilized `keyboard.Listener` to detect all key presses.
2. Key Formatting • Regular characters logged directly.
- Special keys (e.g., Enter, Space) formatted as `[ENTER]`, `[SPACE]`, etc.

3. Log File Creation

- Stored keystrokes in daily `.csv` files with timestamps.

4. Safe Exit

- Pressing the ESC key stops the logger.

Sample Log Output

TIMESTAMP	KEY PRESSED
2025-07-26 10:34:12	H

2025-07-26 10:34:13	E
2025-07-26 10:34:14	L
2025-07-26 10:34:15	L
2025-07-26 10:34:16	O
2025-07-26 10:34:17	[SPACE]

Risks Associated with Keylogging

- Theft of Sensitive Information:** Keyloggers can capture login credentials, credit card numbers, personal messages, and other private data without user consent.
- Identity Theft:** Collected data can be used to impersonate victims, leading to fraudulent transactions, unauthorized access, and reputational damage.
- Unauthorized Access:** Attackers can gain access to restricted systems or accounts, potentially compromising entire networks.

Ethical Note

This project was conducted purely for educational purposes. Unauthorized use of keyloggers is illegal and unethical. The simulation helps security professionals understand threats and build defensive strategies.

Learning Outcomes

- Learned to build input monitoring tools.
- Understood attacker techniques and data theft risks.
- Gained insight into ethical boundaries and legal considerations in cybersecurity.

Conclusion

My internship at Arch Technologies was a significant milestone in my cybersecurity learning journey. Through two practical projects, I:

- Learned the fundamentals of packet sniffing and protocol analysis.
- Understood the inner workings of keystroke logging.
- Strengthened my Python programming and system-level scripting skills.
- Became more aware of cyber ethics, legal considerations, and best practices.

These projects have deepened my interest in cybersecurity, particularly in areas such as network security, digital forensics, and ethical hacking. I look forward to continuing my learning and contributing to a safer digital environment.