

# Graphs and Trees

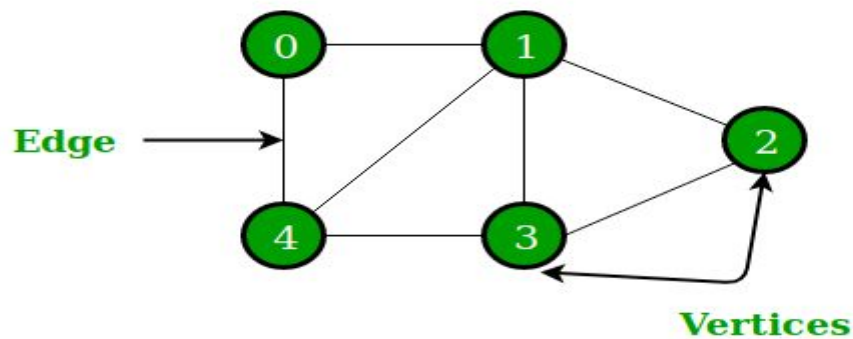
## Graph

A graph is a collection of two sets  $V$  and  $E$  where  $V$  is a finite non-empty set of vertices and  $E$  is a finite non-empty set of edges. Vertices are nothing but the nodes in the graph. Two adjacent vertices are joined by edges.

Any graph is denoted as

$$G = \{V, E\}$$

## Example



## TREES

A tree is a finite set of one or more nodes such that there is a specially designated node called root.

The remaining nodes are partitioned into  $n \geq 0$  disjoint sets  $T_1, T_2, T_3, \dots, T_n$

where  $T_1, T_2, T_3, \dots, T_n$  is called the subtrees of the root

## Example

