

✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**

Grade
received **87.50%**

Latest Submission
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To pass 80% or
higher

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1. Why does sequence make a large difference when determining semantics of language?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Because the order in which words appear dictate their meaning
- ☒ Because the order in which words appear dictate their impact on the meaning of the sentence
- ☐ It doesn't
- ☐ Because the order of words doesn't matter

✓ **Correct**
Correct!

2. How do Recurrent Neural Networks help you understand the impact of sequence on meaning?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ They look at the whole sentence at a time
- ☒ They carry meaning from one cell to the next
- ☐ They don't
- ☐ They shuffle the words evenly

✓ **Correct**
That's right!

3. How does an LSTM help understand meaning when words that qualify each other aren't necessarily beside each other in a sentence?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ Values from earlier words can be carried to later ones via a cell state
- ☐ They load all words into a cell state
- ☐ They don't
- ☐ They shuffle the words randomly

✓ Correct
Correct!

4. What keras layer type allows LSTMs to look forward and backward in a sentence?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ Bidirectional
- ☐ Unilateral
- ☐ Bothdirection
- ☐ Bilateral

✓ Correct
Correct!

5. What's the output shape of a bidirectional LSTM layer with 64 units?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ (128, None)
- ☐ (128, 1)
- ☐ (None, 64)
- ☒ (None, 128)

✓ Correct
That's right!

6. When stacking LSTMs, how do you instruct an LSTM to feed the next one in the sequence?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Ensure that return_sequences is set to True on all units
- ☒ Ensure that return_sequences is set to True only on units that feed to another LSTM
- ☐ Ensure that they have the same number of units
- ☐ Do nothing, TensorFlow handles this automatically

✓ **Correct**
Correct!

7. If a sentence has 120 tokens in it, and a Conv1D with 128 filters with a Kernal size of 5 is passed over it, what's the output shape?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ (None, 116, 128)
- ☐ (None, 120, 124)
- ☐ (None, 116, 124)
- ☐ (None, 120, 128)

✓ **Correct**
That's right!

8. What's the best way to avoid overfitting in NLP datasets?

0 / 1 point

- ☒ Use LSTMs
- ☐ Use GRUs
- ☐ Use Conv1D
- ☐ None of the above

✗ **Incorrect**
Not quite.