MANCHAC SWAMP BRIDGE

The Manchac Swamp Bridge is a twin concrete trestle bridge in the U.S. state of Louisiana. With a total length of 22.80 miles (36.69 km) it is one of the longest bridges in the world over water and is the longest bridge on the Interstate Highway System. Some claim it is the longest toll-free road bridge in the world. The bridge carries

Interstate 55 and U.S. Route 51.
Manchac Swamp in Louisiana, and represents onethird of the highway's approximately 66 miles in Louisiana.
Opening in 1979, its piles were driven 250 feet (76 m) beneath the swamp



and with the cost of the span being \$7 million per mile (equivalent to \$20 million per mile in

2019 dollars) to complete. Despite its unique features, the bridge remains relatively unknown, and only in the 1970s did researchers from the Istanbul branch of the German Archaeological Institute carry out field examinations on the site. No information on the bridge survives from ancient sources. The first descriptions appear in European

travellers' accounts from the 19th century. The British archaeologist Charles Fellows was the first to explore the region of Lycia, and visited the bridge in May 1840. Fellows, as well as.

HISTORY

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