



Quiz: [2]

Date: 28 Oct 2024

Evaluation of CLO	Question Number	Marks	Obtained Marks
CLO2: Efficiently perform SQA activities using modern software tools and techniques	1.1	5	
	1.2	5	
Total Marks		10	

Name: _____

Roll No: _____

Question 1:

Suppose a C function `find_tax` used as part of a software for income tax calculation. The header of the function is as follow:

```
double find_tax (double taxable_income, int age, int number_of_dependents)
```

Each parameters (*taxable_income*, *age* and *number_of_dependents*) must be greater or equal to 0. `find_tax` returns the *net income tax* (NET_TAX) according to following calculations:

- NET_TAX = BASE_TAX - CREDITS
- BASE_TAX is found as follow
 - if $taxable_income \leq 42707$ $BASE_TAX = taxable_income * 15\%$
 - if $42707 < taxable_income \leq 85414$
 $BASE_TAX = 6406 + (taxable_income - 42707) * 22\%$
 - if $85414 < taxable_income \leq 132406$
 $BASE_TAX = 15802 + (taxable_income - 85414) * 26\%$
 - if $taxable_income > 132406$
 $BASE_TAX = 28020 + (taxable_income - 132406) * 29\%$

$CREDITS = 10822 + AGE_CREDIT + DEPENDANTS_CREDIT$

- if $age \geq 65$, $AGE_CREDIT = 6720$,
otherwise $AGE_CREDIT = 0$
- if $number_of_dependents * 4300 \leq 12900$,

DEPENDANTS_CREDIT = *number_of_dependents* * 4300 otherwise
DEPENDANTS_CREDIT = 12900

- i) Using the Equivalence Class Partitioning approach, partition find_tax inputs in Equivalence Classes (5 marks).**
- ii) Using the 2 BVA approach, find_tax inputs for the Equivalence Classes (5 marks).**