



INSERTION SORT

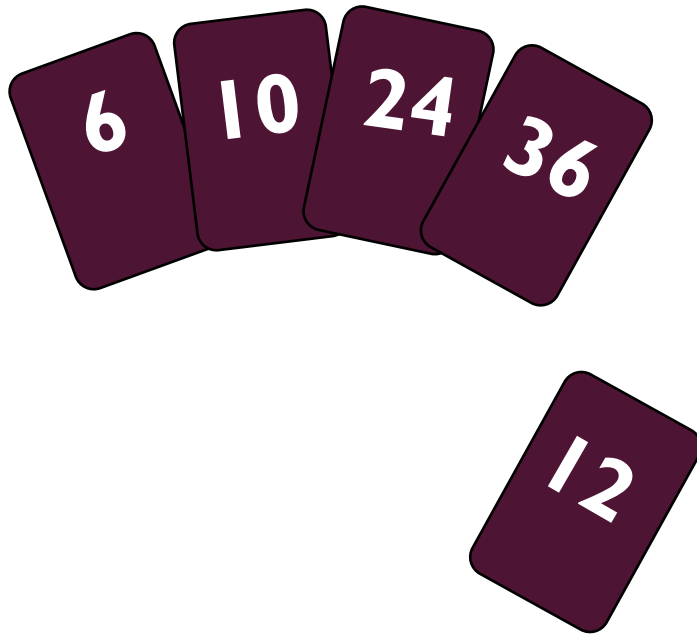
PRESENTER: MUHAMMAD UMER

Idea: like sorting a hand of playing cards

INSERTION SORT

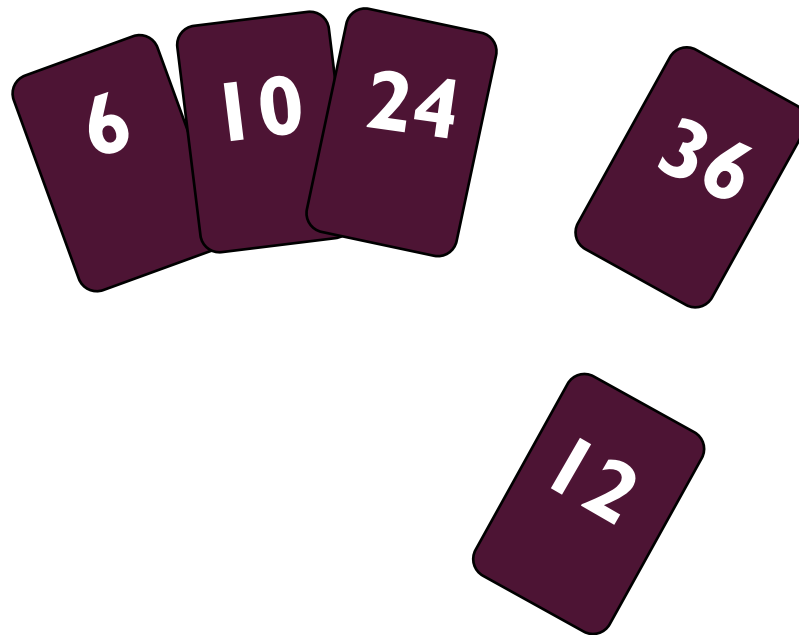
- Idea: like sorting a hand of playing cards
 - Start with an empty left hand and the cards facing down on the table.
 - Remove one card at a time from the table, and insert it into the correct position in the left hand
 - compare it with each of the cards already in the hand, from right to left
 - The cards held in the left hand are sorted
 - these cards were originally the top cards of the pile on the table

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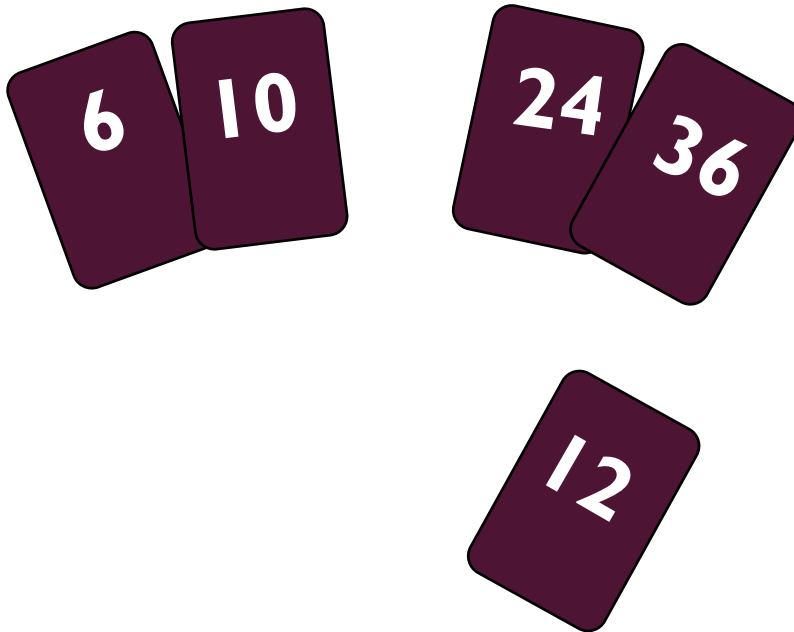


To insert 12, we need to make room for it by moving first 36 and then 24.

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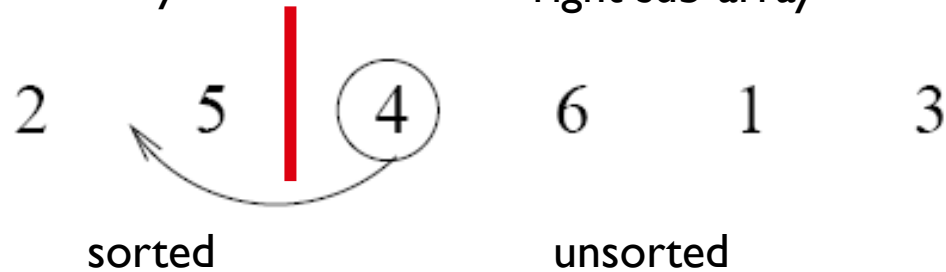
INSERTION SORT

input array 5 2 4 6 1 3

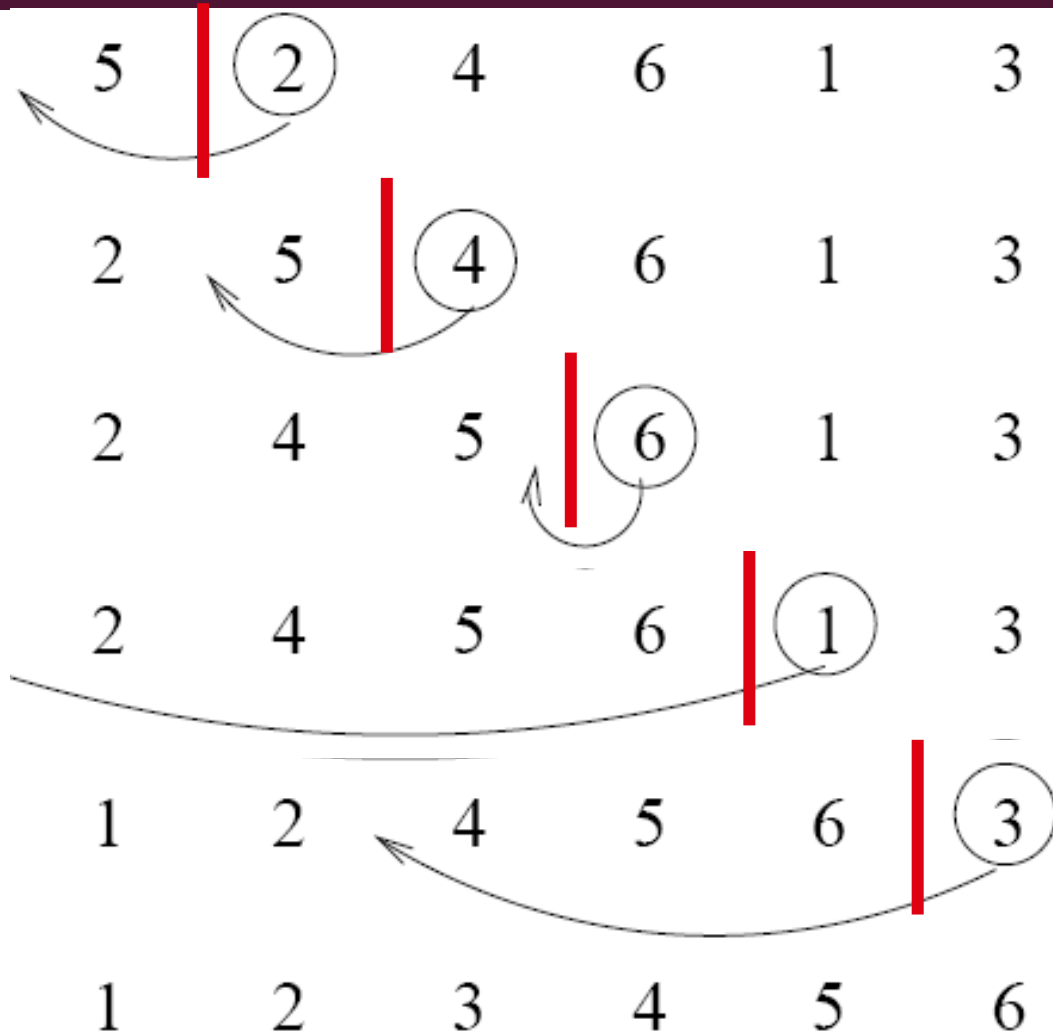
at each iteration, the array is divided in two sub-arrays:

left sub-array

right sub-array



INSERTION SORT



INSERTION-SORT

Alg.: INSERTION-SORT(A)

for $j = 2$ **to** n

$key = A[j]$

 // Insert $A[j]$ into the sorted sequence $A[1 \dots j-1]$

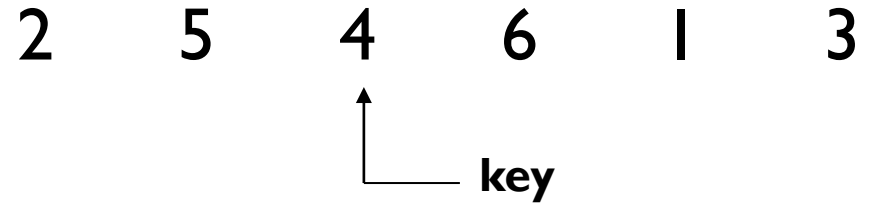
$i = j - 1$

while $i > 0$ and $A[i] > key$

$A[i + 1] = A[i]$

$i = i - 1$

$A[i + 1] = key$



YOUR TASK

- Compare the Running time (Time Complexity) of Bubble Sort , Selection Sort and Insertion Sort Algorithms.
- Implement Insertion sort for sorting array into decreasing order.