

AI ASSISTED CODING

LAB ASSIGNMENT – 20.3

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Task 1 – Input Validation Check

Prompt:

"Generate a simple Python program that asks for a username and password and allows login if they match predefined credentials."

Code Generated:

```
20.3_t1.py > ...
1  import re
2  import hashlib
3
4  # Predefined (hashed) credentials
5  stored_username = "admin"
6  stored_password_hash = hashlib.sha256("admin123".encode()).hexdigest()
7
8  # Regular expressions for validation
9  username_pattern = r"^[A-Za-z0-9_]{3,15}$"
10 password_pattern = r"^[A-Za-z0-9@#%&+=]{6,20}$"
11
12 # Input from user
13 username = input("Enter username: ").strip()
14 password = input("Enter password: ").strip()
15
16 # Input validation
17 if not re.match(username_pattern, username):
18     print("Invalid username! Use 3-15 letters, numbers, or underscores only.")
19 elif not re.match(password_pattern, password):
20     print("Invalid password! Use 6-20 characters with letters, numbers, or special symbols (@#%&+=)")
21 else:
22     # Hash the entered password
23     password_hash = hashlib.sha256(password.encode()).hexdigest()
24
25     # Compare with stored credentials
26     if username == stored_username and password_hash == stored_password_hash:
27         print("✅ Login successful!")
28     else:
29         print("❌ Invalid username or password.")
```

Output:

```

PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t1.py
Enter username: Likhitha
Enter password: 123456
❌ Invalid username or password.
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t1.py
e\\Desktop\AIAC/agriculture_ml.py': [Errno 2] No such file or directory
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t1.py
Enter username: Likhitha
Enter password: 123456
❌ Invalid username or password.
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t1.py
Enter password: 123456
❌ Invalid username or password.
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t1.py
❌ Invalid username or password.
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t1.py
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t1.py
Enter username: admin
Enter password: admin123
✅ Login successful!
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> 

```

Observation:

1. The initial AI-generated login script did not include any input validation or sanitization, making it insecure.
2. The improved version adds **regex-based input validation**, **password hashing**, and **safe comparison**, ensuring that only properly formatted and secure inputs are accepted.

Task 2 - SQL Injection Prevention

Prompt:

“Generate a Python script using SQLite to fetch user details from a database based on a username entered by the user.”

Code Generated:

20.3_t2.py > ...

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python3
2  """
3  Single-file SQLite setup + secure query example.
4
5  - Creates users.db (if not present)
6  - Creates users table (if not present)
7  - Inserts sample users (INSERT OR IGNORE)
8  - Prompts user for a username and fetches details using parameterized query
9  - Validates username with a regex to avoid malformed input
10 """
11
12 import sqlite3
13 import re
14 import sys
15
16 DB_PATH = "users.db"
17
18 USERNAME_PATTERN = r"^[A-Za-z0-9_]{3,30}$" # allow letters, digits, underscore; length 3-30
19
20 SAMPLE_USERS = [
21     ("alice", "Alice Johnson", "alice@example.com"),
22     ("bob", "Bob Smith", "bob@example.com"),
23     ("carol", "Carol Lee", "carol@example.com"),
24 ]
25
26
27 def initialize_database(db_path: str):
28     """Create database and users table and insert sample data (idempotent)."""
29     try:
30         conn = sqlite3.connect(db_path)
31         cur = conn.cursor()
32
33         cur.execute(
34             """
35             CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS users (
36                 username TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
37                 fullname TEXT NOT NULL,
38                 email TEXT NOT NULL
39             )
40             """
41         )
42
43         # Insert sample rows but avoid duplicates using INSERT OR IGNORE
44         cur.executemany(
45             "INSERT OR IGNORE INTO users (username, fullname, email) VALUES (?, ?, ?);",
46             SAMPLE_USERS,
47         )
48
49         conn.commit()
50     except sqlite3.Error as e:
51         print(f"Database error during initialization: {e}", file=sys.stderr)
52         raise
53     finally:
54         conn.close()
55
56
```

```

57 def fetch_user(db_path: str, username: str):
58     """Fetch user details using a parameterized query to prevent SQL injection."""
59     try:
60         conn = sqlite3.connect(db_path)
61         cur = conn.cursor()
62
63         query = "SELECT username, fullname, email FROM users WHERE username = ?;"
64         cur.execute(query, (username,))
65         row = cur.fetchone()
66         return row
67     except sqlite3.Error as e:
68         print(f"Database error during query: {e}", file=sys.stderr)
69         raise
70     finally:
71         conn.close()
72
73
74 def main():
75     # Initialize DB and sample data
76     initialize_database(DB_PATH)
77
78     # Get and validate username
79     raw = input("Enter username: ")
80     username = raw.strip()
81
82     if not username:
83         print("No username entered. Exiting.")
84         return
85
86     if not re.match(USERNAME_PATTERN, username):
87         print("Invalid username format. Use 3-30 characters: letters, digits, or underscore only.")
88         return
89
90     # Fetch securely using parameterized query
91     user = fetch_user(DB_PATH, username)
92     if user:
93         print("✅ User details:")
94         print(f"  username: {user[0]}")
95         print(f"  fullname: {user[1]}")
96         print(f"  email:    {user[2]}")
97     else:
98         print("❌ No user found.")
99
100
101 if __name__ == "__main__":
102     main()
103

```

Output:

```

PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t2.py
Enter username: alice
✅ User details:
  username: alice
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t2.py
Enter username: alice
✅ User details:
  username: alice
Enter username: alice
✅ User details:
  username: alice
  username: alice
  fullname: Alice Johnson
  fullname: Alice Johnson
  email:    alice@example.com
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 20.3_t2.py
Enter username: likhitha
❌ No user found.
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>

```

Observation:

1. The original AI-generated SQL script was **vulnerable to SQL injection** because it used **string concatenation** to build queries directly from user input. In the improved version, **parameterized queries** (? placeholders) are used, which prevent malicious SQL code from being executed.
2. Additionally, the script includes **input validation using regex** to ensure usernames follow a safe pattern, and it **creates the database and sample table automatically** if they don't exist.
3. This makes the program **secure, self-contained, and reliable**, protecting both the database and user data from injection or accidental corruption.

Task 3 - Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Check

Prompt:

"Generate a simple HTML feedback form (name, email, message) that uses JavaScript to show the submitted feedback below the form."

Code Generated:

```
<> 20.3_t3.html > ...
1  <!doctype html>
2  <html lang="en">
3  <head>
4      <meta charset="utf-8" />
5      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,initial-scale=1" />
6
7      <!-- Content Security Policy:
8          - default-src 'self' (only resources from same origin)
9          - script-src 'nonce-demo-nonce' allows this inline script because it has the same nonce.
10         NOTE: In production, generate a fresh nonce server-side per response and place scripts in external
11     <meta http-equiv="Content-Security-Policy"
12         content="default-src 'self'; script-src 'nonce-demo-nonce'; object-src 'none'; connect-src 's
13
14     <title>Secure Feedback Form</title>
15
16     <style>
17         body { font-family: system-ui, -apple-system, "Segoe UI", Roboto, sans-serif; padding: 24px; }
18         form { max-width: 520px; margin-bottom: 18px; }
19         label { display:block; margin-top:10px; font-weight:600; }
20         input, textarea { width:100%; padding:8px; box-sizing:border-box; }
21         button { margin-top:12px; padding:8px 12px; }
22         #feedbackList { border-top:1px solid #ddd; padding-top:12px; margin-top:12px; }
23         .entry { margin-bottom:10px; padding:8px; background:#f9f9f9; border-radius:6px; }
24         .meta { font-size:0.9em; color:#555; }
25
26         .error { color:crimson; margin-top:8px; }
27     </style>
28 </head>
29 <body>
30     <h1>Feedback</h1>
31
32     <form id="feedbackForm" novalidate>
33         <label for="name">Name</label>
34         <input id="name" name="name" required placeholder="Your name">
35
36         <label for="email">Email</label>
37         <input id="email" name="email" type="email" required placeholder="you@example.com">
38
39         <label for="message">Message</label>
40         <textarea id="message" name="message" rows="5" required placeholder="Your feedback"></textarea>
41
42         <button type="submit">Submit</button>
43         <div id="error" class="error" role="alert" aria-live="assertive"></div>
44     </form>
```

```

44
45 <section id="feedbackList" aria-label="Submitted feedback">
46   <h2>Submitted feedback</h2>
47   <!-- Entries will be appended here as safe text nodes -->
48 </section>
49
50 <!-- Inline script with a demo nonce to satisfy the CSP above.
51      In production, you should:
52          1) generate a fresh random nonce server-side and use it in the CSP header and script tag
53          2) prefer external JS served from 'self' and set script-src 'self' plus nonce if needed
54 <script nonce="demo-nonce">
55 (function () {
56     'use strict';
57
58     // Simple input validation patterns
59     const NAME_PATTERN = /^[A-Za-z0-9 _-]{2,40}$/; // letters, digits, space, underscore, hyphen
60     const EMAIL_PATTERN = /^[^\s@]+@[^\s@]+\.[^\s@]+$/; // simple email pattern for demo
61
62     const form = document.getElementById('feedbackForm');
63     const nameInput = document.getElementById('name');
64     const emailInput = document.getElementById('email');
65     const messageInput = document.getElementById('message');
66     const errorDiv = document.getElementById('error');

```

```

66     const errorDiv = document.getElementById('error');
67     const feedbackList = document.getElementById('feedbackList');
68
69     // Utility: Create an element whose text content is the escaped user input.
70     function safeEntry(name, email, message) {
71         const container = document.createElement('div');
72         container.className = 'entry';
73
74         const meta = document.createElement('div');
75         meta.className = 'meta';
76         // Use textContent to avoid HTML injection (this ensures the content is not parsed as HTML)
77         meta.textContent = `From: ${name} • ${email} • ${new Date().toLocaleString()}`;
78
79         const msg = document.createElement('div');
80         // Also use textContent for message body
81         msg.textContent = message;
82
83         container.appendChild(meta);
84         container.appendChild(msg);
85         return container;

```

```
85     return container;
86 }
87
88 function showError(msg) {
89     errorDiv.textContent = msg;
90 }
91
92 function clearError() {
93     errorDiv.textContent = '';
94 }
95
96 form.addEventListener('submit', function (ev) {
97     ev.preventDefault();
98     clearError();
99
100     const name = nameInput.value.trim();
101     const email = emailInput.value.trim();
102     const message = messageInput.value.trim();
103
104     // Basic validation
105     if (!name || !email || !message) {
106         showError('Please fill out all fields.');
```



```

109     if (!NAME_PATTERN.test(name)) {
110         showError('Invalid name. Use 2-40 letters, numbers, spaces, _ or - only.');
```

```

111         return;
112     }
113     if (!EMAIL_PATTERN.test(email)) {
114         showError('Invalid email address.');
```

```

115         return;
116     }
117     if (message.length > 1000) {
118         showError('Message is too long (max 1000 characters).');
```

```

119         return;
120     }
121
122     // Build a safe element and append it. No innerHTML anywhere.
123     const entryEl = safeEntry(name, email, message);
124     feedbackList.appendChild(entryEl);
125
126     // Clear form after successful submit
127     form.reset();
128     nameInput.focus();
129 });
130
131 // Defensive: Do not allow insertion of script tags via DOM parsing from untrusted sources
132 // Avoid any uses of element.innerHTML = userInput or insertion via insertAdjacentHTML()
133
134 // Defensive: Do not allow insertion of script tags via DOM parsing from untrusted sources
135 // Avoid any uses of element.innerHTML = userInput or insertion via insertAdjacentHTML()
136
137 }());
138 </script>
139 </body>
140 </html>

```

Output:

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Secure Feedback Form". The address bar shows the file path "C:/Users/likhi/OneDrive/Desktop/AIAC/20.3_t3.html". The page has a header "Feedback" and a form with three input fields: "Name" (containing "Your name"), "Email" (containing "you@example.com"), and "Message" (containing "Your feedback"). A "Submit" button is next to the Message field. Below the form, there is a section titled "Submitted feedback" which displays a list of messages:

- From: Alice • alice@example.com • 12/11/2025, 10:33:24 am
hey!!!
- From: Likhitha Pothunuri • likhithapothunuri@gmail.com • 12/11/2025, 10:33:55 am
Hey! Whatsapp..

Observation:

1. The original AI-generated feedback form was **vulnerable to XSS** because it directly displayed user input using `innerHTML`.

2. The secure version fixes this by using **textContent** to safely display input, **validating user data**, and adding a **Content Security Policy (CSP)**.
3. This ensures that any malicious scripts entered by a user will **not be executed**, keeping the webpage safe.

Task 4 - Real-Time Application: Security Audit of AI-Generated

Prompt:

“Generate a simple Python Flask file upload program that saves uploaded files to a folder.”

Code Generated:

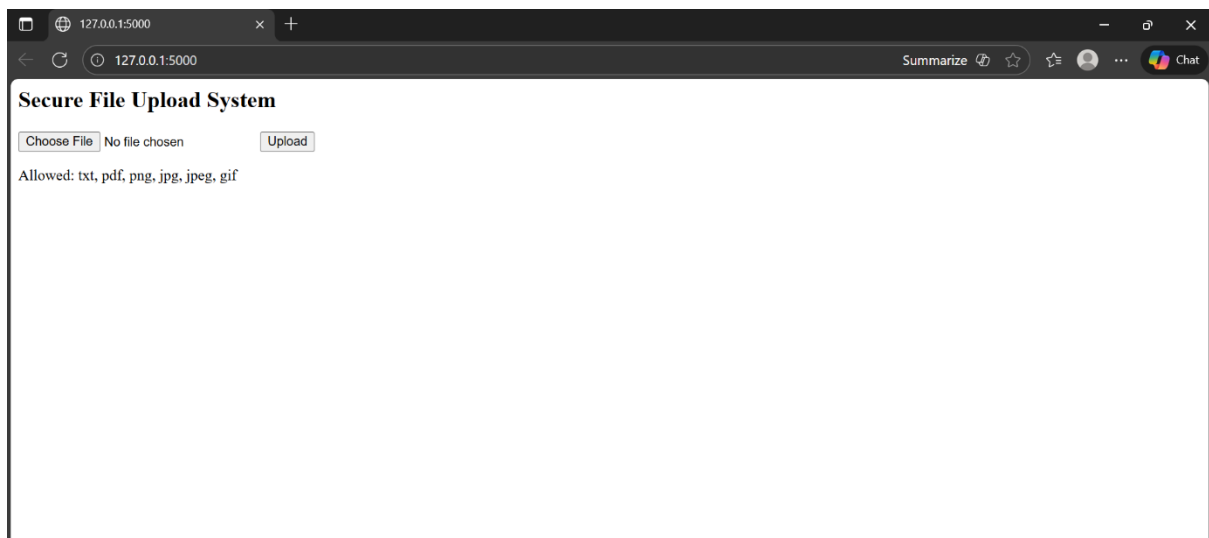
203_t4.py > ...

```
1  from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template_string
2  import os
3  from werkzeug.utils import secure_filename
4
5  app = Flask(__name__)
6
7  # Allowed file extensions
8  ALLOWED_EXTENSIONS = {'txt', 'pdf', 'png', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'gif'}
9  UPLOAD_FOLDER = 'uploads'
10 os.makedirs(UPLOAD_FOLDER, exist_ok=True)
11 app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'] = UPLOAD_FOLDER
12
13 def allowed_file(filename):
14     return '.' in filename and filename.rsplit('.', 1)[1].lower() in ALLOWED_EXTENSIONS
15
16 # ✅ Home page route - this fixes the 404
17 @app.route('/')
18 def home():
19     return render_template_string('''
20         <h2>Secure File Upload System</h2>
21         <form method="POST" action="/upload" enctype="multipart/form-data">
22             <input type="file" name="file">
23             <button type="submit">Upload</button>
24         </form>
25         <p>Allowed: txt, pdf, png, jpg, jpeg, gif</p>
26     ''')
27
28 # File upload route
29 @app.route('/upload', methods=['POST'])
30 def upload_file():
```

```
28 # File upload route
29 @app.route('/upload', methods=['POST'])
30 def upload_file():
31     if 'file' not in request.files:
32         return jsonify({'error': 'No file part in the request'}), 400
33
34     file = request.files['file']
35
36     if file.filename == '':
37         return jsonify({'error': 'No file selected'}), 400
38
39     if file and allowed_file(file.filename):
40         filename = secure_filename(file.filename)
41         file.save(os.path.join(app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'], filename))
42         return jsonify({'message': f'File "{filename}" uploaded successfully!'}), 200
43     else:
44         return jsonify({'error': 'Invalid file type'}), 400
45
46 if __name__ == '__main__':
47     app.run()
48
```

Output:

```
C:\Desktop\AIAC> python 203_t4.py
PS C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC> python 203_t4.py
* Serving Flask app '203_t4'
* Debug mode: off
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server
instead.
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
Press CTRL+C to quit
127.0.0.1 - - [13/Nov/2025 18:46:22] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [13/Nov/2025 18:46:22] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -
```



Observation:

1. The insecure version directly saved user-uploaded files without any validation, making it vulnerable to **path traversal** and **malicious file uploads**.
2. The secure version fixes these issues by using `secure_filename()`, validating file types and sizes, and disabling **debug mode**, ensuring that uploaded files are stored safely and securely.