Assignment 9 (Recursion)

Question 1

```
Given an integer `n`, return *`true` if it is a power of two. Otherwise,
return `false`*.
An integer `n` is a power of two, if there exists an integer `x` such that `n
== 2x`.
Solution:
public boolean isPowerOfTwo(int n) {
   if (((n \le 0)) || (Integer.lowestOneBit(n) != n)) {
      return false;
     }
     else {
     return true;
     }
Question 2
Given a number n, find the sum of the first natural numbers.
Solution:
public int missingNumber(int[] nums) {
   int n = nums.length + 1;
     int total = (n * (n-1)) / 2;
     for (int num: nums) {
       total -= num;
     }
     return total;
  }
```

Question 3

Given a positive integer, N. Find the factorial of N.

Solution:

```
public int clumsy(int n) {
    int ans = 1;
    if(n <= 4){
        if(n <= 2) return n;
        else if(n == 3) return 6;
        else if(n == 4) return 7;
    } else {
        if(n%4 == 1 || n%4 == 2) ans = n+2;
        else if(n%4 == 3) ans = n-1;
        else ans = n+1;
    }
    return ans;
}</pre>
```

Question 4

Given a number N and a power P, the task is to find the exponent of this number raised to the given power, i.e. N^P.

Solution:

```
public double myPow(double x, int n) {
    return Math.pow(x,n);
}
```

Question 5

Given an array of integers **arr**, the task is to find maximum element of that array using recursion.

Solution:

```
public static int findMaxRec(int A[], int n)
  {
   // if size = 0 means whole array
   // has been traversed
   if(n == 1)
    return A[0];
     return Math.max(A[n-1], findMaxRec(A, n-1));
  }
Question 6
```

Given first term (a), common difference (d) and a integer N of the Arithmetic Progression series, the task is to find Nth term of the series.

Solution:

```
public boolean canMakeArithmeticProgression(int[] arr) {
     Arrays.sort(arr);
     int diff = arr[1] - arr[0];
     for (int i = 2; i < arr.length; i++) {
        if (arr[i] - arr[i-1] != diff) {
           return false;
        }
     }
```

```
return true;
}
```

Question 7

Given a string S, the task is to write a program to print all permutations of a given string.

Solution:

```
public boolean checkInclusion(String s1, String s2) {
    if(s2.length() < s1.length()){</pre>
       return false;
    }
    int p1 = 0;
    int p2 = 0;
    HashMap<Character, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
    for(int i = 0; i < s1.length(); i++){
       if(map.containsKey(s1.charAt(i))){
         map.put(s1.charAt(i), map.get(s1.charAt(i))+1);
       }
       else{
         map.put(s1.charAt(i), 1);
       }
    }
    // we now know the size of the window
```

```
HashMap<Character, Integer> map2 = new HashMap<>();
ArrayList<Character> list = new ArrayList<>();
for(int i = 0; i < s1.length(); i++){
  list.add(s2.charAt(i));
  if(map2.containsKey(s2.charAt(i))){
     map2.put(s2.charAt(i), map2.get(s2.charAt(i))+1);
  }
  else{
     map2.put(s2.charAt(i), 1);
  }
}
if(map2.equals(map)){
  return true;
}
for(int i = s1.length(); i < s2.length(); i++){
  char ch = list.get(0);
  list.remove(0);
  list.add(s2.charAt(i));
  map2.put(ch, map2.get(ch)-1);
  if(map2.get(ch) == 0){
     map2.remove(ch);
  }
  if(map2.containsKey(s2.charAt(i))){
```

```
map2.put(s2.charAt(i), map2.get(s2.charAt(i))+1);
       }
       else{
          map2.put(s2.charAt(i), 1);
       }
       if(map2.equals(map)){
          return true;
       }
     }
     return false;
  }
Question 8
Given an array, find a product of all array elements.
Solution:
public int[] productExceptSelf(int[] nums) {
  int [] sm = new int[nums.length];
  int [] pm = new int[nums.length];
  int [] ans = new int[nums.length];
  pm[0] = nums[0];
  sm[nums.length-1] = nums[nums.length-1];
  for(int i = 1; i<nums.length; i++){</pre>
    pm[i] = pm[i-1]*nums[i];
```

```
}
for(int i =nums.length-2; i>=0; i--)
{
   sm[i] = sm[i+1]*nums[i];
}
for(int i =0; i<nums.length; i++)</pre>
{
   if(i==0)
   ans[i] = 1*sm[i+1];
   else if(i==nums.length-1)
   ans[i] = pm[i-1]*1;
   else
   ans[i] = sm[i+1]*pm[i-1];
}
return ans; }
```