

# CogniOpen Software Application

**Test Report** 

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# **Revision History**

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## **1 Executive Summary**

This document provides a detailed report on the tests defined within Section 4 of the Test Plan. The tests created support the development efforts of Dream Team Technology Solutions (DTTS) photographic and videographic object detection. CogniOpen's conversational, training, account management, and guided tour features are tested in Team B's companion test report.

The team concocted a broad suite of experiments to analyze the quality of their product. There are fifty-four unit tests. These lightweight routines are configured to execute automatically throughout product development. They exercise specific lines of code, the smallest discernable building block of a program. The unit tests directly invoke procedures implemented in CogniOpen backend code. No modifications of the core program code are permitted if a single unit test fails. All fifty-four passed.

The Flutter Graphical User Interface (GUI) is implemented by derivations of its base Widget class. DTTS wrote five Widget tests. They have both one-to-one and onto mapping to three application screens. The home, gallery, and video pages are individually invoked programmatically. This allowed the team to iteratively fix bugs and encourage imaginative enhancements. All three tests passed.

Integration tests were created, however due to the rapid development environment it became troublesome to keep updating these tests. Therefore, the automated integration tests were removed, and the integration testing became part of the manual testing done by the developers and testers of DTTS. This is a script that imitates user actions in the application, start to finish.

The team created 33 manual tests. These are typical scenarios of application usage. The tests contain actual data gathered by the team in the course of using CogniOpen to complete tasks. The tests isolate particular system functions within the app as well as tested non-functional application requirements. Performed at the highest level, they serve the dual purpose of debugging and instilling confidence in the organizational ecosystem. The team infers the customers will feel the same—they are User Acceptance Tests (UATs). 33 of the 33 tests passed.

Generally speaking, the application is able to identify video-recorded objects with reasonable accuracy.

## 2 Introduction

CogniOpen is an innovative mobile application used by individuals with disabilities related to memory, struggling to find misplaced items and recall conversations. CogniOpen is implemented with Flutter, a revolutionary extension to the Dart programming language. This technology has been specially designed for mobile platforms. Since CogniOpen is a mobile app, automated testing relies on the robust capabilities of Flutter Unit/Widget/Integration Test packages. Manual testing is conducted courtesy of the Flutter Runtime Application Programming Interface (API).

## 2.1 Purpose

This Test Report is a wide conspectus of experiments that DTTS conducted on CogniOpen. Automated tests to verify developer logic are presented in great detail. Manual tests validate the usefulness of the product and its adherence to the application's stated intention. Their results are offered, and the overall effectiveness of the app is assessed.

This document guides executive leadership to evaluate if CogniOpen is ready to be released. The development team and Quality Engineers (QEs) collaborate to fix any discovered glitches and/or unexpected limitations. This motivates and inspires subsequent software releases and innovations.

## 2.2 Project Document Suite

This Test Report is part of a suite of project documents that collectively provide comprehensive project documentation. The suite includes:

Document	Version	Date
Project Plan (PP)	4.0	07/Nov/2023
Software Requirements Specification (SRS)	4.0	07/Nov/2023
Technical Design Document (TDD)	3.0	07/Nov/2023
Test Plan (TP)	3.0	07/Nov/2023
Programmer Guide (PG)	2.0	07/Nov/2023
Deployment and Operations Guide (Runbook)	2.0	07/Nov/2023
User Guide (UG)	1.0	07/Nov/2023
Test Report (TR)	1.0	07/Nov/2023

Table 1: Project Documents

## 2.3 References

Fowler, M. (2018, January 16). *Integration Test*. <a href="https://martinfowler.com/bliki/IntegrationTest.html">https://martinfowler.com/bliki/IntegrationTest.html</a>

Fowler, M. (2014, May 5). Unit Test. https://martinfowler.com/bliki/UnitTest.html

Fowler, M. (2004, August 26). *Window driver*. https://martinfowler.com/eaaDev/WindowDriver.html

Gillis, A. (n.d.). *User acceptance testing (UAT)*. <a href="https://www.techtarget.com/searchsoftwarequality/definition/user-acceptance-testing-UAT">https://www.techtarget.com/searchsoftwarequality/definition/user-acceptance-testing-UAT</a>

Hamilton, T. (2023, October 21). Test summary reports tutorial: Learn with example & template. <a href="https://www.guru99.com/how-test-reports-predict-the-success-of-your-testing-project.html">https://www.guru99.com/how-test-reports-predict-the-success-of-your-testing-project.html</a>

Vocke, H. (2018, February 26). *The practical test pyramid*. <a href="https://martinfowler.com/articles/practical-test-pyramid.html">https://martinfowler.com/articles/practical-test-pyramid.html</a>

## 2.4 Acronyms, Definitions and Abbreviations

This section is a glossary of terms, abbreviations, and acronyms used in the Test Report. It reduces or eliminates the ambiguity of multiuse letter combinations between project stakeholders.

Term	Definition	
Al	Artificial Intelligence	
Ex.	Example	
GUI	Graphical User Interface	
QE	Quality Engineering	
UI	User Interface	
UAT	User Acceptance Test	

Table 2: Terms, Abbreviations, & Acronyms

## 3 Scope

This section delineates which aspects of CogniOpen are covered in the test reports.

## 3.1 In-Scope

Computer vision is the most significant in-scope item of this test report.

- 1. The application must load without errors when started on a smartphone.
- 2. Photographic images must be added to the database when they are selected or captured.
- 3. Videos of live events must be recorded and saved to local files.
- 4. Images containing objects of particular significance to the user can be specified as such.
- 5. Objects within photos and videos are identified, presented, and clearly displayed.
- 6. The application unloads gracefully when exited.

## 3.2 Out-of-Scope

Team B has created a similar test report for the other product features. CogniOpen has rich conversational functionality. This includes recording, transcribing, parsing, and recalling dialogues with other persons, as well as Artificial Intelligence (AI) agents. There are also ancillary, yet critical, tasks such as user account creation, biometric login validation, onboarding, and a tour of the CogniOpen User Interface (UI). Team B has developed and tested those components, as well.

In addition, there will be no testing defined for external web or data services. These services are assumed to have their own quality standards and to be tested by the organizations who provide the services. These services include:

- OpenAl Chat Generative Pre-trained Transformer (ChatGPT)
- Amazon Web Services (AWS) Rekognition
- AWS Transcribe
- SQLite
- AWS S3

## 4 Testing

This section defines the overall testing approach including tools, environments, pass/fail criteria, and defect severity level.

## 4.1 Testing Tools & Environment

This section defines the tools, environments and data which supported the testing.

#### 4.1.1 Tools

The following tools were utilized to complete the software testing.

Name	Use
Android Studio Giraffe 2022.3.1 Patch 1	Integrated Development Environment
with Android SDK v34.0.0	(IDE) used to test CogniOpen on Android
Dart Testing Library (test 1.24.6)	Unit testing of the business layer of
	CogniOpen
Flutter SDK Testing Package (flutter_test)	Unit testing of the presentation layer of
	CogniOpen
Flutter SDK Integration Testing Package	Integration testing of CogniOpen
(integration_test)	
Dart Mockito Library (Mockito 5.4.2)	Used to mockup data required for unit
	and integration testing including data from
	live web services and or databases.
Git	Versioning control system used to track
	developed test cases.
GitHub CI/CD	Used for continuous integration testing.
	Will trigger unit and integrations tests
	using event hooks with GitHub.
Microsoft Excel	Used to track testing details such as who,
	when, what and results.

Table 3: Software Tools

#### 4.1.2 Environment

The tests can be developed and executed in a Windows, macOS or Linux environment. The following table lists the corresponding system requirements needed to successfully use the tools identified in Section 4.1: Testing Tools.

Operating System	Requirements
Windows	<ul> <li>OS: Windows 10/11 64-bit</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>CPU: Intel Core i5-8400 3.0 GHz</li></ul>
	or better
	Memory: 16 GB RAM

Operating System	Requirements
	<ul><li>Free storage: 30 GB (SSD is</li></ul>
	strongly recommended)
	<ul><li>Screen resolution: 1920 x 1080</li></ul>
macOS	<ul><li>OS: macOS 10.15 (Catalina)</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>CPU: Intel Core i5-8400 3.0 GHz</li> </ul>
	or better
	<ul><li>Memory: 8 GB RAM</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Free storage: 30 GB (SSD is</li></ul>
	strongly recommended)
	<ul> <li>Screen resolution: 1920 x 1080</li> </ul>
Linux	<ul> <li>OS: Any 64-bit Linux distribution</li> </ul>
	that supports Gnome, KDE, or
	Unity DE
	<ul> <li>CPU: Intel Core i5-8400 or better</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Memory: 8 GB</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Free storage: 20 GB SSD</li> </ul>
	■ Free resolution: 1920 x 1080
	<ul> <li>GNU C Library (glibc) 2.19 or later</li> </ul>

Table 4: Hardware Specifications

#### 4.1.3 Test Data Sources

The data used for automated unit and integration testing will come from one of the following sources:

- Pre-recorded images, videos and audio files
- Mocked up database and web services using Mockito

## 4.2 Testing Approach

The diagram below depicts the overall testing approach which was implemented. The types of testing performed as part of this project were unit/widget testing, regression testing, integration testing, system testing and user acceptance testing.

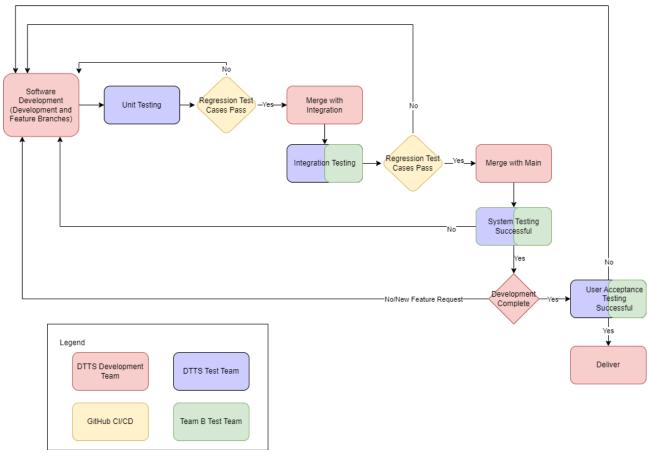


Figure 1: Testing Lifecycle

#### 4.2.1 Unit/Widget Testing

Unit/Widget testing is part of the automated testing process. The individual test cases are documented in the Test Plan, Section 4.1: Unit Tests. This type of testing will be used to verify the correctness of small units of code, functions and widgets within CogniOpen. Unit tests were written and run by the testing team after development on a particular piece of code was completed. Due to rapid development, the unit/widget testing was performed on a unit-testing branch which was based off of the development branch. Upon successful completion of the unit tests, the code is then deemed ready to be integrated into the integration branch.

## 4.2.2 Integration Testing

Integration testing is part of the automated testing process. The individual test cases are documented in the Test Plan, Section 4.2: Functional Tests. This type of testing was used to verify new components of CogniOpen as they are developed. The integration tests were written and run by the testing team on the integration-testing branch which was based off the integration branch. New integration tests were created based off of the feedback from the software development team indicating that new components of CogniOpen application were complete. Upon successful completion of the integration tests, the new component was deemed ready to be integrated into the main branch.

## 4.2.3 Regression Testing

Regression testing is part of the automated testing process and will be performed as part of the continuous integration (CI) process. This kind of testing ensures existing functionality has not been altered or broken due to new functionality. Automated regression testing was triggered by a pull request and merged with both the development and main branches.

## 4.2.4 System Testing

System Testing is a manual process performed by the testing team for DTTS as well as the testing team for Team B. This type of testing was performed on the main branch once major pieces of the application were completed. This testing verified that the system was behaving as expected prior to entering into User Acceptance Testing (UAT) with the client.

#### 4.2.5 User Acceptance Testing

User Acceptance Testing is a manual testing process performed by the testing team and client. This testing was performed once all software development was completed, and the product was ready to be delivered. User Acceptance Testing intended purpose is to validate all functional and non-functional requirements as defined in the Software Requirements Specification document. Upon successful completion of these tests, CogniOpen was delivered to the client along with the test results.

## 4.3 Testing Automation

As stated above, all unit, integration and regression testing will be automated using the GitHub CI pipeline. A pull request and merge with both the development branch and main branch will trigger automatic testing of all test cases. The results are displayed to the user under the pull request and can also be found under the Actions tab of the GitHub project page.

#### 4.3.1 GitHub Actions

The automation testing and results were setup using GitHub's CI/CD pipeline. To view configuration and results, navigate to the Actions tab under the fall2023 GitHub project. The link is here: Android CI · Workflow runs · umgc/fall2023 (github.com)

#### 4.3.2 Viewing Results

The automation testing results can be viewed under the GitHub Actions tab, a link to the page can be found here: <a href="https://www.workflow.runs.com/">Workflow.runs.com/</a> umgc/fall2023 (github.com)

Each new trigger of the automation testing is called a workflow run. Using the image below for clarity. From the Actions page, each workflow will have a summary item which displays whether all tests have passed (the green check indicates all tests passed, the red x indicated tests have failed), the name of the branch triggering the result (Ex. feature-ui-overhaul branch), the type of action triggered that the automation testing (Pull request #35 synchronize), when it was run (2 days ago) and the duration of the run (one minute and 53 seconds).



Figure 2: Test Results

To view more details on which tests passed and/or failed the user can click on the title (Ex. Feature/UI overhaul) next to the passing indicator to open up a details page on a particular run. It will display how many tests passed and how many failed, as shown in the below graphic.

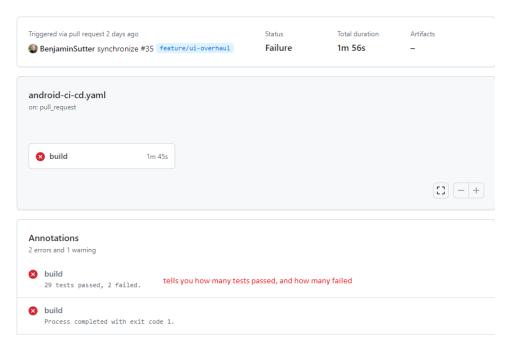


Figure 3: Test Failed

For more on the failed and passed tests, click on the build text to open up the details. It will display a line with a green checkbox or red x next to each line which represents one test execution. The white carrot can be clicked on to expand details on failing tests, as seen in the image below.

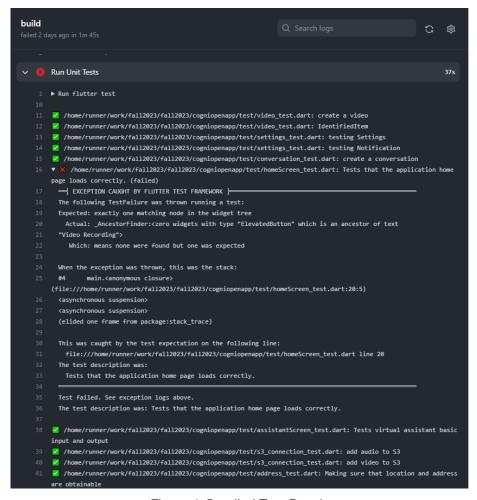


Figure 4: Detailed Test Results

## 4.4 Testing Results

## 4.4.1 Defect Classification

Priority and severity are not necessarily related. The former considers time. It defines the schedule when an issue ought to be rectified. Some problems, which are seemingly minor, must be addressed forthwith. An example is a spelling error on the home screen. A different error might cause CogniOpen to occasionally crash. However, it might not be realistic to attempt a repair shortly before a deadline.

#### 4.4.1.1 Priority

The following priority levels are available in Microsoft Azure DevOps, and were employed by the team in classifying defects:

## **Priority: 1**

The most elevated designation. It is of the utmost importance that the component or repair occurs immediately. It is unreasonable to expect that CogniOpen is delivered in such a fulsome state.

#### **Priority: 2**

The second level means substantial, but not truly tectonic. The issue must be redressed before the end of the CogniOpen Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC). However, other tasks may supersede it temporarily.

## **Priority: 3**

A bug marked as this level ought to be fixed. Whether it occurs is dependent on availability of the development team and outstanding test assignments.

## Priority: 4

Software glitches at this level are purely stylistic in nature. They do not affect the product's ability to accomplish its designated computing chores. Rather, possible abatement would clarify ambiguities and streamline CogniOpen.

#### 4.4.1.2 Severity

Severity is a qualitative designation of the effect of a coding mistake on the application as a whole. Microsoft Azure DevOps defines four severity levels, ranging from cataclysmic to trifling. The following severity levels were employed by the team:

#### Severity: 1 – Critical

It is imperative to repair these problems. These types of errors may yield premature termination of CogniOpen. They could ruinate data stores and expose severe security vulnerabilities. There is no viable workaround to be discovered in other buttons or commands.

#### Severity: 2 – High

This bug is painful for users to endure, but not a showstopper. It represents a noteworthy weakness in CogniOpen. But with guidance and/or technical support, the user may employ an equivalent course of action.

## Severity: 3 - Medium

This is a significant blotch. It may cause incorrect output and confusion. The operator could, however, find a comparable method to obtain the desired information.

#### Severity: 4 – Low

Definitely a weakness. But it is readily ignored or understood for its intended purpose.

#### 4.4.2 Pass/Fail Criteria

For automated testing such as unit/widget, integration and regression testing if test cases pass the test is considered to be passing. If the test cases fail the test is considered to be failing. For individual details on criteria for those tests see the detailed test case pass/fail criteria established in section 4 of the Test Plan.

For manual system and user acceptance testing tests are considered to be passing when no defects were found with priority 1 through 3 and/or severity 1 through 3.

# 5 Requirements Traceability Matrix

The following table traces the test cases back the requirements documented in the software requirements specifications described in the Project Suite – SRS document. For ease of readability, test cases related to the same SRS have been condensed into a single row entry, with a comma-delineation in the "Test Case No" column.

SRS No	Description	Test Case No
SRS-1	Initialize the Application	U-7-1, U-7-2
SRS-2	Record a conversation	U-13-1, F-15, F-16
SRS-4	View conversation in the gallery	U-2-1, U-2-2, U-2-3, U-2-4, U-2-5, U-2-6, U-2-7
SRS-5	Edit a conversation	F-17
SRS-6	Set up significant objects	U-8-1, U-8-2, F-04, F-37, F-38, F-39, U-11-1, U-11-2, U-11-3
SRS-7	Search in location history	F-12, F-30, U-10-1, U-10-2, U-10-3
SRS-8	Record a Video	U-3-1, U-3-2, U-6-1, U-6-2, U-9-1, U-9-2, U-9-3, U-9-4, U-9-5, U-9-6, U-9-7, U-13-2, F-07
SRS-9	Pause video recording	F-22, F-23
SRS-11	Locate an object	F-06, F-11
SRS-13	Add Media to the Gallery	U-13-3, U-15-1, F-01, F-02, F-05, F40
SRS-14	View media in Gallery	U-4-1, U-4-2, U-5-1, U-5-2, U-5-3, U-5-4, U-5-5, U-5-6, U-5-7, F-35, F-36
SRS-16	View Timeline	U-1-1
N/A	System utilities	U-17-1, U-17-2, U-17-3, U-17-4, U-17-5, U-17-6, U-17-7, U-17-8, U-17-9
N/A	Configure database	U-18-1, U-18-2, U-18-3
N/A	Home Screen Widget Test	W-1

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SRS No	Description	Test Case No
N/A	Gallery Screen Widget Test	W-2
N/A	Video Screen Widget Test	W-3
N/A	Location History Widget Test	W-4
N/A	Significant Object Screen Widget Test	W-5
NFR-Perf-1	Start-up Time	NFR-01
NFR-Perf-2	Response Time Navigation Video	NFR-02
NFR-Perf-3	Response Time Navigation Gallery	NFR-03
NFR-Perf-4	Response Time Navigation Profile	NFR-04
NFR-Perf-5	Response Time Navigation Virtual Assistant	NFR-05
NFR-Perf-6	Response Time Significant Objects	NFR-06
NFR-Rel-1	Uptime and Availability	NFR-07
NFR-Rel-2	Backup and Recovery	NFR-08
NFR-Rel-3	Offline Use Data Access	NFR-09
NFR-Rel-4	Offline Use Recording	NFR-10
NFR-Usa-1	Speech Processing	NFR-11
NFR-Usa-2	Video Processing	NFR-12
NFR-Usa-3	Status Messages	NFR-13
NFR-Usa-4	User Guidance	NFR-14

Table 5: Requirements Traceability Matrix

# **6** Test Summary

The test case ID is prefixed with a letter identifying which type of testing it was associated with as defined below:

- U Unit Testing
- W Widget Testing
- NF Non-Functional Testing
- F Functional Testing

ID	Application	Automated?	Test Case Description	Result
	Area			
U-1-1	Location Services	Yes	Validating location and address are obtainable	Pass
U-8-1	Significant Objects	Yes	Testing deleting alternate names	Pass
U-8-2	Significant Objects	Yes	Testing adding alternate names	Pass
U-7-1	Settings	Yes	Testing creating user settings	Pass
U-7-2	Settings	Yes	Testing creating user notifications	Pass
U-17-1	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting storage size – KB	Pass
U-17-2	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting storage size – Bytes	Pass
U-17-3	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting storage size – MB	Pass
U-17-4	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting storage size – GB	Pass
U-17-5	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting DateTime string	Pass
U-17-6	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting null DateTime string	Pass
U-17-7	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting Date string	Pass
U-17-8	Utilities	Yes	Testing formatting null Date string	Pass
U-17-9	Utilities	Yes	Testing calculating the difference between today and DateTime	Pass
U-15-1	File Management	Yes	Testing creating all directories	Pass
U-3-1	Camera	Yes	Testing camera controller initialization	Pass

ID	Application Area	Automated?	ated? Test Case Description	
U-3-2	Camera	Yes	Testing camera	Pass
			initialization	
U-6-1	S3 API	Yes	Testing add audio to S3	Pass
U-6-2	S3 API	Yes	Testing add video to S3	Pass
U-13-1	DB	Yes	Testing adding audio to DB	Pass
U-13-2	DB	Yes	Testing adding video to DB	Pass
U-13-3	DB	Yes	Testing adding photo to DB	Pass
U-9-1	DB	Yes	Testing creating video object (all values)	Pass
U-9-2	DB	Yes	Testing creating video object (non-nullable only)	Pass
U-9-3	DB	Yes	Testing creating video object (all values) from JSON	Pass
U-9-4	DB	Yes	Testing creating video object (non-nullable only) from JSON	Pass
U-9-5	DB	Yes	Testing exception thrown when creating video object from invalid JSON	Pass
U-9-6	DB	Yes	Testing creating JSON from video object (all fields)	Pass
U-9-7	DB	Yes	Testing creating JSON from video object (non-nullable fields)	Pass
U-4-1	DB	Yes	Testing MediaFields values set correct	Pass
U-4-2	DB	Yes	Testing MediaFields field names are correct	Pass
U-5-1	DB	Yes	Testing creating photo object (all values)	Pass
U-5-2	DB	Yes	Testing creating photo object (non-nullable only)	Pass
U-5-3	DB	Yes	Testing creating photo object (all values) from JSON	Pass
U-5-4	DB	Yes	Testing creating photo object (non-nullable only) from JSON	Pass

ID	Application Area	Automated?	Test Case Description	Result
U-5-5	DB	Yes	Testing exception thrown when creating photo object from invalid JSON	Pass
U-5-6	DB	Yes	Testing creating JSON from photo object (all fields)	Pass
U-5-7	DB	Yes	Testing creating JSON from photo object (non-nullable fields)	Pass
U-2-1	DB	Yes	Testing creating audio object (all values)	Pass
U-2-2	DB	Yes	Testing creating audio object (non-nullable only)	Pass
U-2-3	DB	Yes	Testing creating audio object (all values) from JSON	Pass
U-2-4	DB	Yes	Testing creating audio object (non-nullable only) from JSON	Pass
U-2-5	DB	Yes	Testing exception thrown when creating audio object from invalid JSON	Pass
U-2-6	DB	Yes	Testing creating JSON from audio object (all fields)	Pass
U-2-7	DB	Yes	Testing creating JSON from audio object (non-nullable fields)	Pass
U-18-1	DB	Yes	Testing MediaType audio set correctly	Pass
U-18-2	DB	Yes	Testing MediaType photo set correctly	Pass
U-18-3	DB	Yes	Testing MediaType video set correctly	Pass
U-10-1	DB	Yes	Testing LocationDataModel constructor	Pass
U-10-2	DB	Yes	Testing LocationDataModel toMap	Pass
U-10-3	DB	Yes	Testing LocationDataModel fromMap	Pass

ID	Application Area	Automated?	Test Case Description	Result
U-11-1	DB	Yes	Testing SignificantObject model constructor	Pass
U-11-2	DB	Yes	Testing SignificantObject toJson	Pass
U-11-3	DB	Yes	Testing SignificantObject fromJson	Pass
W-1	UI	Yes	Testing Home Screen UI Elements	Pass
W-2	UI	Yes	Testing Gallery Screen UI Elements	Pass
W-3	UI	Yes	Testing Video Screen UI Elements	Pass
W-4	UI	Yes	Testing Location History UI Elements	Pass
W-5	UI	Yes	Testing Significant Objects UI Elements	Pass
F-01	Permissions	No	Testing decline camera permissions	Pass
F-02	Permissions	No	Testing accepts camera permissions	Pass
F-04	Significant Objects	No	Testing photo upload	Pass
F-05	Significant Objects	No	Testing photo capture	Pass
F-07	Video Recording	No	Testing video capture	Pass
F-11	Object Search	No	Testing bounding box in a video image	Pass
F-12	Location	No	Testing location history	Pass
F-15	Record Audio	No	Testing first audio capture	Pass
F-16	Record Audio	No	Testing second audio capture	Pass
F-17	Gallery	No	Testing editing media description	Pass
F-22	Video Recording	No	Testing pause video	Pass
F-23	Video Recording	No	Testing un-pause video	Pass
F-30	Object Search	No	Testing locate existing item	Pass
F-35	Gallery	No	Testing view photograph	Pass
F-36	Gallery	No	Testing view video	Pass

ID	Application	Automated?	itomated? Test Case Description	
	Area			
F-37	Object Search	No	Testing find one instance	Pass
F-38	Object Search	No	Testing find no instances	Pass
F-39	Object Search	No	Testing find multiple instances	Pass
F-40	Gallery	No	Testing adding a photo to the Gallery	Pass
NFR-01	Performance	No	Testing application startup time	Pass
NFR-02	Performance	No	Testing navigation to Video Screen	Pass
NFR-03	Performance	No	Testing navigation to Gallery Screen	Pass
NFR-04	Performance	No	Testing navigation to Settings Screen	Pass
NFR-05	Performance	No	Testing navigation to Virtual Assistant	Pass
NFR-06	Performance	No	Testing navigation to Significant Object Screen	Pass
NFR-07	Reliability	No	Testing uptime of application	Pass
NFR-08	Reliability	No	Testing backup of media	Pass
NFR-09	Reliability	No	Testing offline photo access	Pass
NFR-10	Reliability	No	Testing backup video access	Pass
NFR-11	Usability	No	Testing speech processing	Pass
NFR-12	Usability	No	Testing video processing	Pass
NFR-13	Usability	No	Testing status messages	Pass
NFR-14	Usability	No	Testing application tour	Pass

Table 6: Test Summary Table

## 6.1 Test Metrics

Test Type	Test Number	Pass	Fail
Unit	54	54	0
Widget	5	5	0
Functional	19	19	0
Non-Functional	14	14	0

Table 7: Test Metrics Table

## 7 Test Assessment

Testing for the CogniOpen application has been successfully completed. Tests for each of the in-scope items listed in Section 3.1 were created and all tests are now passing. There were 9 defects identified throughout the testing process, documented below in Section 8.1. Each defect was assigned an appropriate priority and severity level as defined in Section 4.4.1. Most of the defects found were of low severity and priority, and DTTS Team was able to address and fix 6 of the 9 defects. Defects 7, 8 and 9 do not interfere with functionality, but would provide added value to the application.

The Unit, Widget and Integration tests were all automated through the use of GitHub's CI pipeline. These tests were continuously run on each push and pull request to the main, development and testing branches. These tests helped build the robust regression testing to ensure new features to the CogniOpen application did not break existing functionality. If developers mistakenly broke existing functionality, this allowed them to identify those issues early on in development phase and work with the testing team to fix and adjust tests as needed. All 60 tests passed at the time of delivery to the customer.

As a note to the customer, due to the rapid development environment and change in system design, the automated integration tests were removed from the code base. There was not enough time to keep fixing these tests. Therefore, the integration testing became part of the manual process performed by the software and test teams as new features of the application became available.

The Functional and Non-Functional tests were all manual testing done by the DTTS Testing Team. These tests were written to support the System and User Acceptance Testing to ensure all promised functionality was delivered to the customer. All 33 tests passed at the time of delivery to the customer.

The testing team is confident in delivery of the CogniOpen application to the customer. The team feels that the application has been thoroughly tested creating a reliable and user centric tool to assist individuals with memory related tasks.

# 8 Test Results

ID	Automated?	Result	Defects Found	Date Executed	Executed By
U-1-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-8-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-8-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-7-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-7-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-3	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-4	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-5	Yes	Pass	Defect-1	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-6	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-7	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-8	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-17-9	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-15-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-3-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-3-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-6-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-6-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-13-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-13-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-13-3	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-9-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-9-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-9-3	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-9-4	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-9-5	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub

ID	Automated?	Result	Defects Found	Date Executed	Executed By
U-9-6	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-9-7	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-4-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-4-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-5-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-5-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-5-3	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-5-4	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-5-5	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-5-6	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-5-7	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-2-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-2-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-2-3	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-2-4	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-2-5	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-2-6	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-2-7	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-18-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-18-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-18-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
U-10-1	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
U-10-2	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
U-10-3	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
U-11-1	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
U-11-2	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
U-11-3	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
W-1	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
W-2	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub

ID	Automated?	Result	Defects Found	Date Executed	Executed By
W-3	Yes	Pass	None	10/30/23	GitHub
W-4	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
W-5	Yes	Pass	None	11/6/23	GitHub
F-01	Permissions	Pass	Defect-2	11/1/23	Laura Hamann
F-02	Permissions	Pass	None	11/1/23	Laura Hamann
F-04	Significant Objects	Pass	Defect-3	11/1/23	Laura Hamann
F-05	Significant Objects	Pass	Defect-8	11/1/23	Laura Hamann
F-07	Video Recording	Pass	Defect-4	11/1/23	Laura Hamann
F-11	Object Search	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-12	Location	Pass	Defect-5	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-15	Record Audio	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-16	Record Audio	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
F-17	Gallery	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
F-22	Video Recording	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-23	Video Recording	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-30	Object Search	Pass	Defect-9	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-35	Gallery	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-36	Gallery	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-37	Object Search	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-38	Object Search	Pass	Defect-7	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-39	Object Search	Pass	None	11/5/23	Vivek Goel
F-40	Gallery	Pass	None	11/6/23	Laura Hamann
NFR-01	Performance	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-02	Performance	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-03	Performance	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-04	Performance	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-05	Performance	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-06	Performance	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-07	Reliability	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel

ID	Automated?	Result	Defects Found	Date Executed	Executed By
NFR-08	Reliability	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-09	Reliability	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-10	Reliability	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-11	Usability	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-12	Usability	Pass	None	11/1/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-13	Usability	Pass	None	10/31/23	Vivek Goel
NFR-14	Usability	Pass	Defect-6	10/31/23	Vivek Goel

Table 8: Test Results Table

## 8.1 Defects Found During Testing

The following defects were identified throughout the testing process. The defects were tracked using the Microsoft Azure board using individual bug tickets.

Defect ID	Description	Priority/Severity Level	Azure Identifier	Status
Defect-1	FormatUtils getDateTimeString not formatting correctly	Level-3/Level-4	AB#373	Fixed
Defect-2	On denial, device does not re-prompt user to accept permissions on next use	Level-2/Level-2	AB#403	Fixed
Defect-3	Significant object screen does not use application permissions granted when loading the application	Level-3/Level-3	AB#404	Fixed
Defect-4	Location toggle in settings does not actually correspond to location service permissions	Level-4/Level-4	AB#408	Fixed
Defect-5	Passive video toggle in settings does not actually correspond to video recording settings	Level-4/Level-4	AB#407	Fixed
Defect-6	Welcome statement does not provide detail to the user on how to use the Tour Guide	Level-4/Level-4	AB#226	Fixed

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Defect-7	Application does not provide feedback with no object is found in the object search	Level-4/Level-4	AB#415	Not fixed
Defect-8	Significant Object tiles sometimes do not automatically populate	Level-4/Level-4	AB#417	Not fixed
Defect-9	Photo items in Gallery not sent to Amazon Rekognition	Level-3/Level-3	AB#419	Not fixed

Table 9: Defects found during testing

## 9 Suggested Actions

The CogniOpen application meets all functional and non-functional requirements of the customer. To increase the amount of testing coverage and ease of integration testing, it is suggested for future users of the application to look into using Application as a testing alternative to the flutter test framework. The flutter testing framework had various limitations including the ability to interact with native device interfaces as well as the ability to create external API calls.

For future development, the significant objects could be used to make the object search smarter by giving preference to the significant objects. It should also be noted that on various occasions the AWS Rekognition service provided the wrong name of an item. For example, a fire extinguisher was identified as dynamite and a soap bottle as perfume. Alternative solutions should be researched to see if there is any way to increase the performance of object detection.

For an enterprise deployment, the utilization of API keys should be moved from the environment file to a server which would handle the application's requests.

In addition, the usability of the application could be improved through the following enhancements:

- The significant object screen should have a back button without having to click the camera, then the X. The white back button on screen is also hard to see.
- The video screen should say "recording started" rather than "recording resumed" when recording is initially started.
- The object search should allow search by voice, rather than just text.