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het us consider a sample dataset have one input (xia) and output (xia) and number of samples 4. Develop a simple linear regression model using ADA GIRAD Optimizer

Sample (i)	x,a	Yia
f 10 0	0.2	3.9
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	9.8	4.6

Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with first 2 Samples.

Step 2 :- iter =1

Step 3: Sample =1

Step 5: 
$$Gm = 0 + (-0.64)^2 = 0.7056$$
  
 $Ge = 0 + (-4.2)^2 = 17.64$ 

Step 6! 
$$\Delta m = \frac{-n}{\sqrt{6_1 m + \epsilon}} gm = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.7056 + 10^8}} \times 0.8$$
  
= 0.09

$$\Delta C = \frac{-(0.1)}{\sqrt{17.64+15}} \times 4.2 = 0.09$$

Step 7: 
$$M = M + \Delta M = 1 + 0.09 = 1.09$$
  
 $C = C + \Delta C = -1 + 0.09 = -0.91$ 

else: step 4

$$\frac{\text{Step 4: gm}}{=} = -(3.5 - (1.09)(0.4) + 0.91) \cdot 0.4 = -1.7$$

$$gc = -(3.84 - (1.08)(0.4) + 0.91) \cdot 2 = -4.27$$

Step 5: - Gm = 0.7056 + 
$$(-1.7)^2 = 3.54$$
  
Gc =  $17.64 + (-4.27)^2 = 35.57$ 

Step 6: 
$$\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{3.59 + 10^8}} \times -1.7 = 0.08$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{35.87 + 10^{18}}} \times -4.27 = 0.07$$

$$\frac{8 \text{tep 7:-}}{C = C + DC} = -0.91 + 0.08 = 1.17$$

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Step8: sample + =1 => 2+1 =3
Step9: 'H (sample > ns) go to @
         else: goto @
Step 10: iter = iter+1 => 1+1 = 2
Step11: if (iter>epoches) goto 1
            2>2
          else goto step 3, por or or
 Step3: sample =1
 step4: gm = (-3.4 -(1.17)(0.2)+0.84)0.2
          gc = - ((8.0 - (1.17)(0.2) +0.81)
    From T # 9 = - 4.0
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Step 5: 1-6/m (= 3.59 + (-0.86)2 = 4.23 GC = 35.89 + (-4.0)2 = 51.89

Step 6: - Dm = -01 V4.23+10-8

$$\Delta C = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{51.84 + 10^8}} \times -9.0 = 0.05$$

m = m+0m = 0.038+1117 =1.208 C = C+DC = -0.84+0.05 = -0.79

Step 4: 
$$gm = -(3.8 - (1.20)(0.4) + 0.79) \times 0.4 = -1.64$$
 $gc = -(3.6 - (-1.20)(0.4) + 0.79) = -4.11$ 
 $gtep 5$ :  $Gm = 4.23 + (-1.64)^2 = 6.9$ 
 $Gc = 51.89 + (-4.11)^2 = 68.7$ 
 $step 6$ :  $scape = -0.1$ 
 $s$ 

else goto 3 (1)(cu) (1)

10 10 C= -0.45