

Foundations of Databases - Final Project, Part 3

Case Scenario - Public Library (Circulation)

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25FL-KG573-101 - Foundations of Database

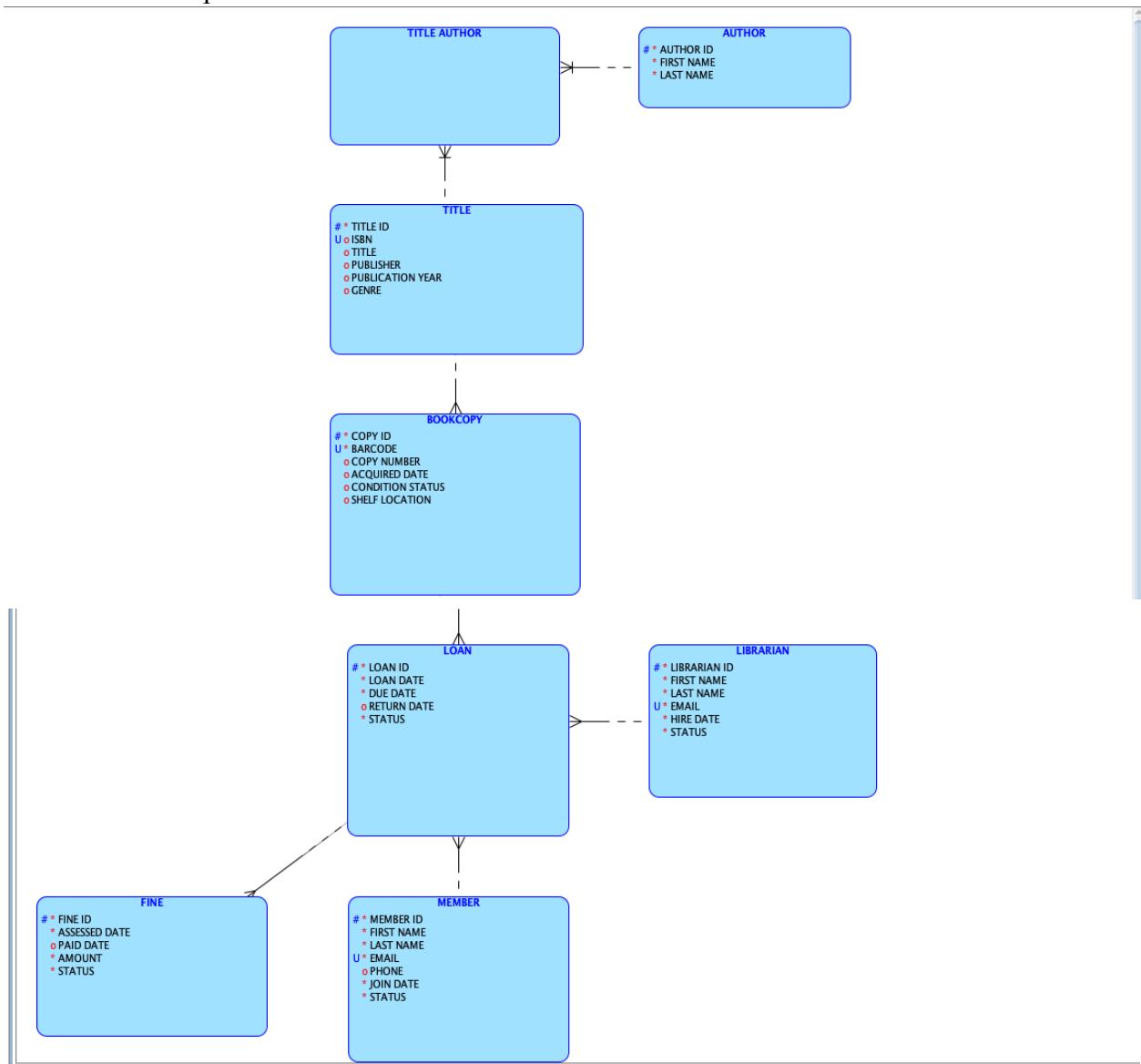
Date:11/02/2025

Update Logical Model:

Review and finalize your Logical ER Diagram in SQL Data Modeler.

o Ensure every table has:

- Primary Key (PK)
- Foreign Keys (FK) where applicable
- All necessary attributes
- Clear relationships with cardinalities



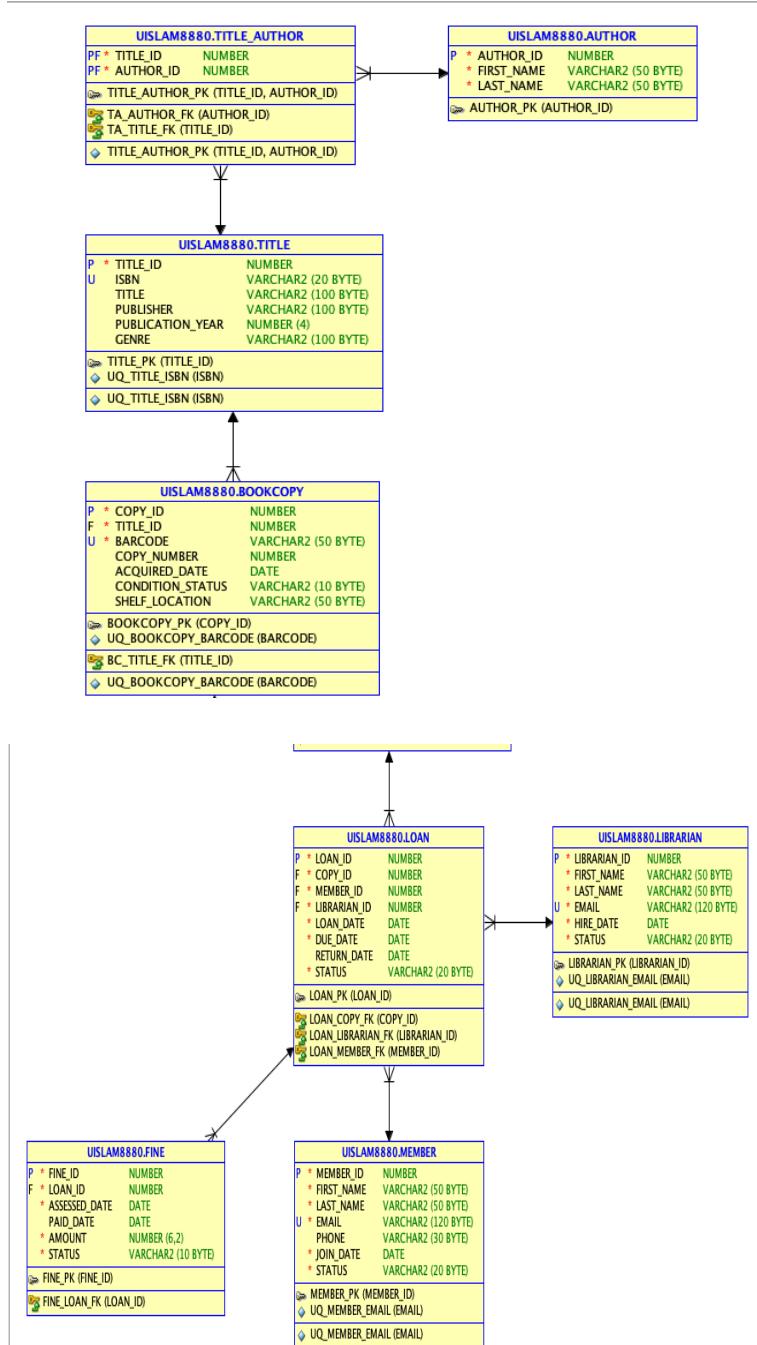
Transform to Physical Model

Use SQL Data Modeler to convert your Logical Model into a

Physical Model

oAdd data types to all columns (NUMBER, VARCHAR2, DATE, etc.).

oVerify that PKs, FKS, and constraints are carried over correctly



I used Oracle SQL Developer Data Modeler to convert the logical model into a physical model. All entities were assigned appropriate data types such as VARCHAR, DATE and NUMERIC, Primary keys, foreign keys and integrity constraints were correctly carried over from the logical design. However, the physical model accurately represents the database structure required for implementation.

[Generate DDL Script](#)

```
-- Generated by Oracle SQL Developer Data Modeler 24.3.1.351.0831

-- at: 2025-11-29 00:33:57 EST

-- site: Oracle Database 21c

-- type: Oracle Database 21c

-- predefined type, no DDL - MDSYS.SDO_GEOmetry

-- predefined type, no DDL - XMLTYPE

CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.AUTHOR

(
    AUTHOR_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,
    FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE) NOT NULL ,
    LAST_NAME VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE) NOT NULL
)
;

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.AUTHOR
ADD CONSTRAINT AUTHOR_PK PRIMARY KEY ( AUTHOR_ID );
```

```

CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY
(
    COPY_ID      NUMBER NOT NULL ,
    TITLE_ID     NUMBER NOT NULL ,
    BARCODE      VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE) NOT NULL ,
    COPY_NUMBER   NUMBER ,
    ACQUIRED_DATE DATE ,
    CONDITION_STATUS VARCHAR2 (10 BYTE) ,
    SHELF_LOCATION VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE)
)
;

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY
ADD CONSTRAINT CK_BOOKCOPY_CONDITION
CHECK (CONDITION_STATUS IN ('FAIR', 'GOOD', 'NEW', 'POOR'))
;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX UISLAM8880.UQ_BOOKCOPY_BARCODE ON
UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY
(
    BARCODE ASC
)
;

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY

```

```
ADD CONSTRAINT BOOKCOPY_PK PRIMARY KEY ( COPY_ID );

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY
    ADD CONSTRAINT UQ_BOOKCOPY_BARCODE UNIQUE ( BARCODE );

CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.FINE
(
    FINE_ID      NUMBER NOT NULL ,
    LOAN_ID      NUMBER NOT NULL ,
    ASSESSED_DATE DATE NOT NULL ,
    PAID_DATE    DATE ,
    AMOUNT       NUMBER (6,2) NOT NULL ,
    STATUS        VARCHAR2 (10 BYTE) DEFAULT 'UNPAID' NOT NULL
)
;

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.FINE
    ADD CONSTRAINT CK_FINE_STATUS
        CHECK (STATUS IN ('PAID', 'UNPAID', 'WAIVED'))
;

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.FINE
    ADD CONSTRAINT FINE_PK PRIMARY KEY ( FINE_ID );

CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN
(
    LIBRARIAN_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,
    FIRST_NAME   VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE) NOT NULL ,

```

```
LAST_NAME  VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE) NOT NULL ,  
EMAIL      VARCHAR2 (120 BYTE) NOT NULL ,  
HIRE_DATE  DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE NOT NULL ,  
STATUS     VARCHAR2 (20 BYTE) DEFAULT 'ACTIVE' NOT NULL  
)  
;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN  
ADD CONSTRAINT CK_LIBRARIAN_STATUS  
CHECK (STATUS IN ('ACTIVE', 'INACTIVE'))  
;  
CREATE      UNIQUE      INDEX      UISLAM8880.UQ_LIBRARIAN_EMAIL      ON  
UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN  
(  
EMAIL ASC  
)  
;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN  
ADD CONSTRAINT LIBRARIAN_PK PRIMARY KEY ( LIBRARIAN_ID );  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN  
ADD CONSTRAINT UQ_LIBRARIAN_EMAIL UNIQUE ( EMAIL );  
CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.LOAN  
(  
LOAN_ID    NUMBER NOT NULL ,
```

```
COPY_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,  
MEMBER_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,  
LIBRARIAN_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,  
LOAN_DATE DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE NOT NULL ,  
DUE_DATE DATE NOT NULL ,  
RETURN_DATE DATE ,  
STATUS VARCHAR2 (20 BYTE) DEFAULT 'ON_LOAN' NOT NULL  
)  
;
```

```
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LOAN  
ADD CONSTRAINT CK_LOAN_STATUS  
CHECK (STATUS IN ('LOST', 'ON_LOAN', 'RETURNED'))  
;
```

```
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LOAN  
ADD CONSTRAINT LOAN_PK PRIMARY KEY ( LOAN_ID );
```

```
CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.MEMBER  
(  
MEMBER_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,  
FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE) NOT NULL ,  
LAST_NAME VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE) NOT NULL ,  
EMAIL VARCHAR2 (120 BYTE) NOT NULL ,  
PHONE VARCHAR2 (30 BYTE) ,
```

```
JOIN_DATE DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE NOT NULL ,  
STATUS VARCHAR2 (20 BYTE) DEFAULT 'ACTIVE' NOT NULL  
)  
;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.MEMBER  
ADD CONSTRAINT CK_MEMBER_STATUS  
CHECK (STATUS IN ('ACTIVE', 'INACTIVE', 'SUSPENDED'))  
;  
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX UISLAM8880.UQ_MEMBER_EMAIL ON  
UISLAM8880.MEMBER  
(  
EMAIL ASC  
)  
;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.MEMBER  
ADD CONSTRAINT MEMBER_PK PRIMARY KEY ( MEMBER_ID ) ;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.MEMBER  
ADD CONSTRAINT UQ_MEMBER_EMAIL UNIQUE ( EMAIL ) ;  
CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.TITLE  
(  
TITLE_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,  
ISBN VARCHAR2 (20 BYTE) ,  
TITLE VARCHAR2 (100 BYTE) ,
```

```
PUBLISHER      VARCHAR2 (100 BYTE) ,  
PUBLICATION_YEAR NUMBER (4) ,  
GENRE        VARCHAR2 (100 BYTE)  
)  
;  
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX UISLAM8880.UQ_TITLE_ISBN ON UISLAM8880.TITLE  
(  
ISBN ASC  
)  
;
```

```
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.TITLE  
ADD CONSTRAINT TITLE_PK PRIMARY KEY ( TITLE_ID ) ;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.TITLE  
ADD CONSTRAINT UQ_TITLE_ISBN UNIQUE ( ISBN ) ;  
CREATE TABLE UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR  
(  
TITLE_ID NUMBER NOT NULL ,  
AUTHOR_ID NUMBER NOT NULL  
)  
;  
CREATE      UNIQUE      INDEX      UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR_PK      ON  
UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR
```

```
(  
    TITLE_ID ASC ,  
    AUTHOR_ID ASC  
)  
;
```

```
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR  
    ADD CONSTRAINT TITLE_AUTHOR_PK PRIMARY KEY ( TITLE_ID, AUTHOR_ID ) ;  
  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY  
    ADD CONSTRAINT BC_TITLE_FK FOREIGN KEY  
(  
    TITLE_ID  
)  
    REFERENCES UISLAM8880.TITLE  
(  
    TITLE_ID  
)  
;  
  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.FINE  
    ADD CONSTRAINT FINE_LOAN_FK FOREIGN KEY  
(  
    LOAN_ID  
)
```

```
REFERENCES UISLAM8880.LOAN
(
    LOAN_ID
)
;

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LOAN
    ADD CONSTRAINT LOAN_COPY_FK FOREIGN KEY
(
    COPY_ID
)
    REFERENCES UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY
(
    COPY_ID
)
;

ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LOAN
    ADD CONSTRAINT LOAN_LIBRARIAN_FK FOREIGN KEY
(
    LIBRARIAN_ID
)
    REFERENCES UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN
(
    LIBRARIAN_ID
)
```

```
)  
;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.LOAN  
ADD CONSTRAINT LOAN_MEMBER_FK FOREIGN KEY  
(  
MEMBER_ID  
)  
REFERENCES UISLAM8880.MEMBER  
(  
MEMBER_ID  
)  
;  
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR  
ADD CONSTRAINT TA_AUTHOR_FK FOREIGN KEY  
(  
AUTHOR_ID  
)  
REFERENCES UISLAM8880.AUTHOR  
(  
AUTHOR_ID  
)  
;
```

```
ALTER TABLE UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR
ADD CONSTRAINT TA_TITLE_FK FOREIGN KEY
(
    TITLE_ID
)
REFERENCES UISLAM8880.TITLE
(
    TITLE_ID
)
;
```

```
CREATE SEQUENCE UISLAM8880.AUTHOR_AUTHOR_ID_SEQ
START WITH 1
CACHE 20 ;
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UISLAM8880.AUTHOR_AUTHOR_ID_TRG
BEFORE INSERT ON UISLAM8880.AUTHOR
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
BEGIN
:NEW.AUTHOR_ID := UISLAM8880.AUTHOR_AUTHOR_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL;
END;
/
```

```
CREATE SEQUENCE UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY_COPY_ID_SEQ
START WITH 1
CACHE 20 ;
```

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY_COPY_ID_TRG

BEFORE INSERT ON UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

:NEW.COPY_ID := UISLAM8880.BOOKCOPY_COPY_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL;

END;

/

CREATE SEQUENCE UISLAM8880.FINE_FINE_ID_SEQ

START WITH 1

CACHE 20 ;

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UISLAM8880.FINE_FINE_ID_TRG

BEFORE INSERT ON UISLAM8880.FINE

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

:NEW.FINE_ID := UISLAM8880.FINE_FINE_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL;

END;

/

CREATE SEQUENCE UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN_LIBRARIAN_ID_SEQ

START WITH 1

CACHE 20 ;

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN_LIBRARIAN_ID_TRG

BEFORE INSERT ON UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN

FOR EACH ROW

```
BEGIN  
    :NEW.LIBRARIAN_ID := UISLAM8880.LIBRARIAN_LIBRARIAN_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL;  
END;  
  
/  
  
CREATE SEQUENCE UISLAM8880.LOAN_LOAN_ID_SEQ  
START WITH 1  
CACHE 20 ;  
  
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UISLAM8880.LOAN_LOAN_ID_TRG  
BEFORE INSERT ON UISLAM8880.LOAN  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
    :NEW.LOAN_ID := UISLAM8880.LOAN_LOAN_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL;  
END;  
  
/  
  
CREATE SEQUENCE UISLAM8880.MEMBER_MEMBER_ID_SEQ  
START WITH 1  
CACHE 20 ;  
  
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UISLAM8880.MEMBER_MEMBER_ID_TRG  
BEFORE INSERT ON UISLAM8880.MEMBER  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
    :NEW.MEMBER_ID := UISLAM8880.MEMBER_MEMBER_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL;  
END;
```

```
/  
  
CREATE SEQUENCE UISLAM8880.TITLE_TITLE_ID_SEQ  
START WITH 1  
CACHE 20 ;  
  
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UISLAM8880.TITLE_TITLE_ID_TRG  
BEFORE INSERT ON UISLAM8880.TITLE  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
    :NEW.TITLE_ID := UISLAM8880.TITLE_TITLE_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL;  
END;  
  
-- Oracle SQL Developer Data Modeler Summary Report:  
  
--  
-- CREATE TABLE          8  
-- CREATE INDEX          5  
-- ALTER TABLE          24  
-- CREATE VIEW           0  
-- ALTER VIEW            0  
-- CREATE PACKAGE         0  
-- CREATE PACKAGE BODY      0  
-- CREATE PROCEDURE        0  
-- CREATE FUNCTION         0  
-- CREATE TRIGGER          7
```

```
-- ALTER TRIGGER          0
-- CREATE COLLECTION TYPE 0
-- CREATE STRUCTURED TYPE 0
-- CREATE STRUCTURED TYPE BODY 0
-- CREATE CLUSTER          0
-- CREATE CONTEXT           0
-- CREATE DATABASE          0
-- CREATE DIMENSION         0
-- CREATE DIRECTORY          0
-- CREATE DISK GROUP         0
-- CREATE ROLE               0
-- CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT   0
-- CREATE SEQUENCE           7
-- CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW 0
-- CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG 0
-- CREATE SYNONYM            0
-- CREATE TABLESPACE          0
-- CREATE USER                0
--
-- DROP TABLESPACE            0
-- DROP DATABASE              0
--
-- REDACTION POLICY          0
```

```

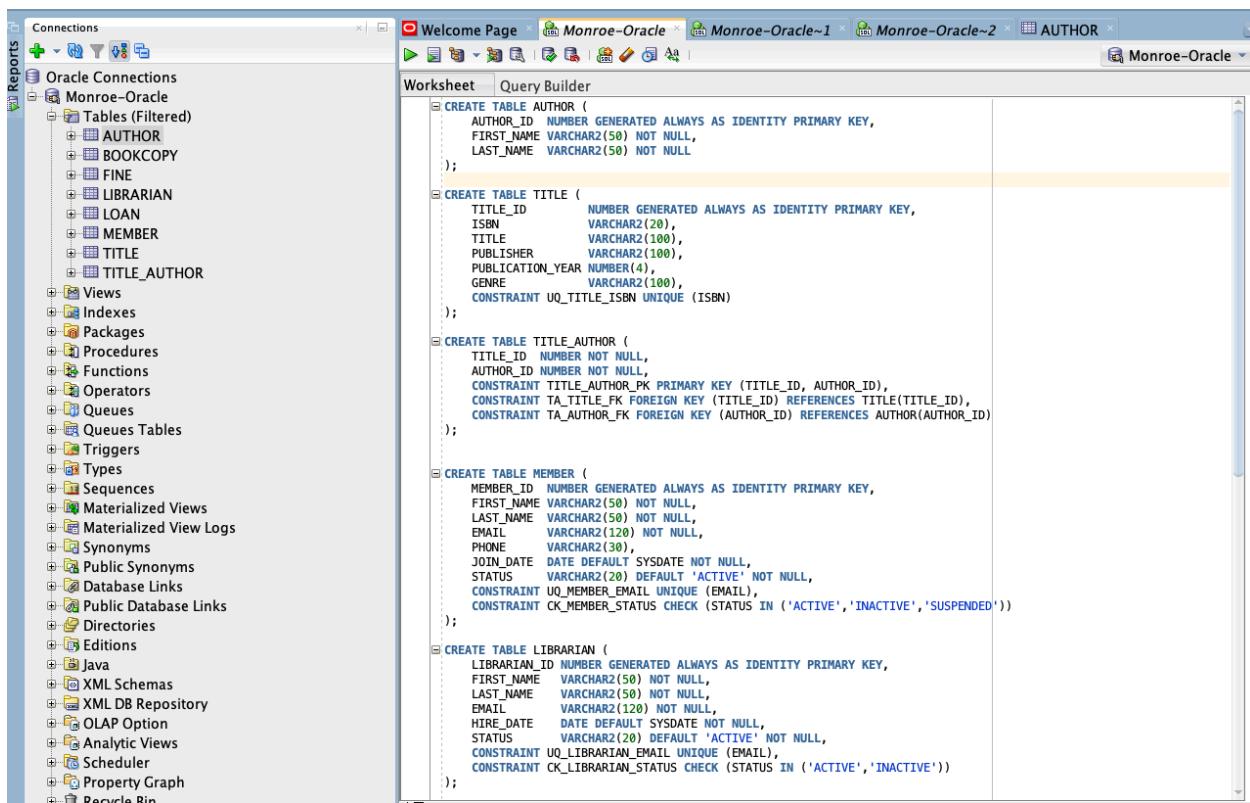
-- ORDS DROP SCHEMA          0
-- ORDS ENABLE SCHEMA        0
-- ORDS ENABLE OBJECT         0
-- 
-- ERRORS                      0
-- WARNINGS                     0

```

Run DDL in Oracle

oOpen Oracle SQL Developer and run the DDL script to create your tables.

oTake screenshots of successful table creation



Insert Sample Table

Add at least 5 sample rows per table using INSERT statements.

- Verify with simple SELECT * queries.
- Include screenshots of sample data.

Sample 1:

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. On the left, the Connections tree displays a single connection named "Monroe-Oracle". Under this connection, the "Tables (Filtered)" node is expanded, showing tables such as AUTHOR, BOOKCOPY, FINE, LIBRARIAN, LOAN, MEMBER, TITLE, and TITLE_AUTHOR. The "Worksheet" tab is active, containing the following SQL script:

```
INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('J.K.', 'Rowling');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('George', 'Orwell');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('Jane', 'Austen');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('Mark', 'Twain');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('Agatha', 'Christie');

COMMIT;
```

The "Script Output" tab at the bottom shows the results of the execution:

```
1 row inserted.

Commit complete.
```

A status bar at the top right indicates "0.69400001 seconds".

Sample 2:

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. On the left, the Connections sidebar displays a single connection named "Monroe-Oracle". The main workspace consists of two tabs: "Worksheet" and "Query Builder". The "Worksheet" tab contains the following SQL script:

```
INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('J.K.', 'Rowling');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('George', 'Orwell');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('Jane', 'Austen');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('Mark', 'Twain');

INSERT INTO AUTHOR (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME)
VALUES ('Agatha', 'Christie');

COMMIT;
```

The "Script Output" tab at the bottom shows the results of the executed queries:

```
1 row inserted.

Commit complete.
```

A status bar at the top right indicates "0.69400001 seconds".

Sample 3:

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. On the left is the 'Connections' sidebar with 'Monroe-Oracle' selected. The main area has three tabs: 'Worksheet', 'Query Builder', and 'Script Output'. The 'Worksheet' tab contains a query script with several INSERT statements and a COMMIT; command. The 'Script Output' tab shows the execution results, including an error message about a unique constraint violation.

```
INSERT INTO TITLE (ISBN, TITLE, PUBLISHER, PUBLICATION_YEAR, GENRE)
VALUES ('9780439708180', 'Harry Potter and the Sorcerer''s Stone', 'Scholastic', 1998, 'Fantasy');

INSERT INTO TITLE (ISBN, TITLE, PUBLISHER, PUBLICATION_YEAR, GENRE)
VALUES ('9780451524935', '1984', 'Signet Classics', 1949, 'Dystopian');

INSERT INTO TITLE (ISBN, TITLE, PUBLISHER, PUBLICATION_YEAR, GENRE)
VALUES ('9780141439518', 'Pride and Prejudice', 'Penguin Classics', 1813, 'Romance');

INSERT INTO TITLE (ISBN, TITLE, PUBLISHER, PUBLICATION_YEAR, GENRE)
VALUES ('9780143039563', 'The Adventures of Tom Sawyer', 'Penguin Classics', 1876, 'Adventure');

INSERT INTO TITLE (ISBN, TITLE, PUBLISHER, PUBLICATION_YEAR, GENRE)
VALUES ('9780062693662', 'Murder on the Orient Express', 'William Morrow', 1934, 'Mystery');

COMMIT;
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.175 seconds

Error starting at line : 47 in command -
INSERT INTO TITLE_AUTHOR (TITLE_ID, AUTHOR_ID)
VALUES (5, 5)
Error report -
ORA-00001: unique constraint (UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR_PK) violated
<https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-00001/>
More Details :
<https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-00001/>

Sample 4:

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. On the left, the Connections sidebar displays a single connection named "Monroe-Oracle". The main workspace consists of two tabs: "Worksheet" and "Query Builder". The "Worksheet" tab contains the following SQL code:

```
INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice.johnson@example.com', '555-111-0001',
       TO_DATE('2023-01-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'ACTIVE');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Brian', 'Smith', 'brian.smith@example.com', '555-111-0002',
       TO_DATE('2023-02-05', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'ACTIVE');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Carla', 'Gomez', 'carla.gomez@example.com', '555-111-0003',
       TO_DATE('2023-03-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'SUSPENDED');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('David', 'Nguyen', 'david.nguyen@example.com', '555-111-0004',
       TO_DATE('2023-04-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'ACTIVE');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Emma', 'Brown', 'emma.brown@example.com', '555-111-0005',
       TO_DATE('2023-05-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'INACTIVE');

COMMIT;
```

Below the Worksheet tab is a "Script Output" tab which displays the following error message:

```
Error starting at line : 47 in command -
INSERT INTO TITLE_AUTHOR (TITLE_ID, AUTHOR_ID)
VALUES (5, 5)
Error report -
ORA-00001: unique constraint (UISLAM8880.TITLE_AUTHOR_PK) violated
https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-00001/

More Details :
https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-00001/
```

Sample 5:

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. On the left, the Connections sidebar displays a single connection named "Monroe-Oracle". The main workspace consists of two tabs: "Worksheet" and "Query Builder". The "Worksheet" tab contains the following SQL code:

```
INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice.johnson@example.com', '555-111-0001',
       TO_DATE('2023-01-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'ACTIVE');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Brian', 'Smith', 'brian.smith@example.com', '555-111-0002',
       TO_DATE('2023-02-05', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'ACTIVE');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Carla', 'Gomez', 'carla.gomez@example.com', '555-111-0003',
       TO_DATE('2023-03-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'SUSPENDED');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('David', 'Nguyen', 'david.nguyen@example.com', '555-111-0004',
       TO_DATE('2023-04-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'ACTIVE');

INSERT INTO MEMBER (FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, JOIN_DATE, STATUS)
VALUES ('Emma', 'Brown', 'emma.brown@example.com', '555-111-0005',
       TO_DATE('2023-05-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'INACTIVE');

COMMIT;
```

The "Script Output" tab below shows the execution results and an error message:

```
Error starting at line : 47 in command -
INSERT INTO TITLE_AUTHOR (TITLE_ID, AUTHOR_ID)
VALUES (5, 5)
Error report -
ORA-00001: unique constraint (UISLAM880.TITLE_AUTHOR_PK) violated
https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-00001/

More Details :
https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-00001/
```