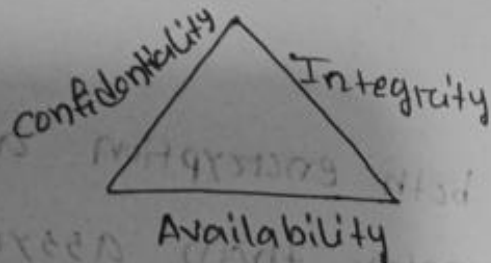
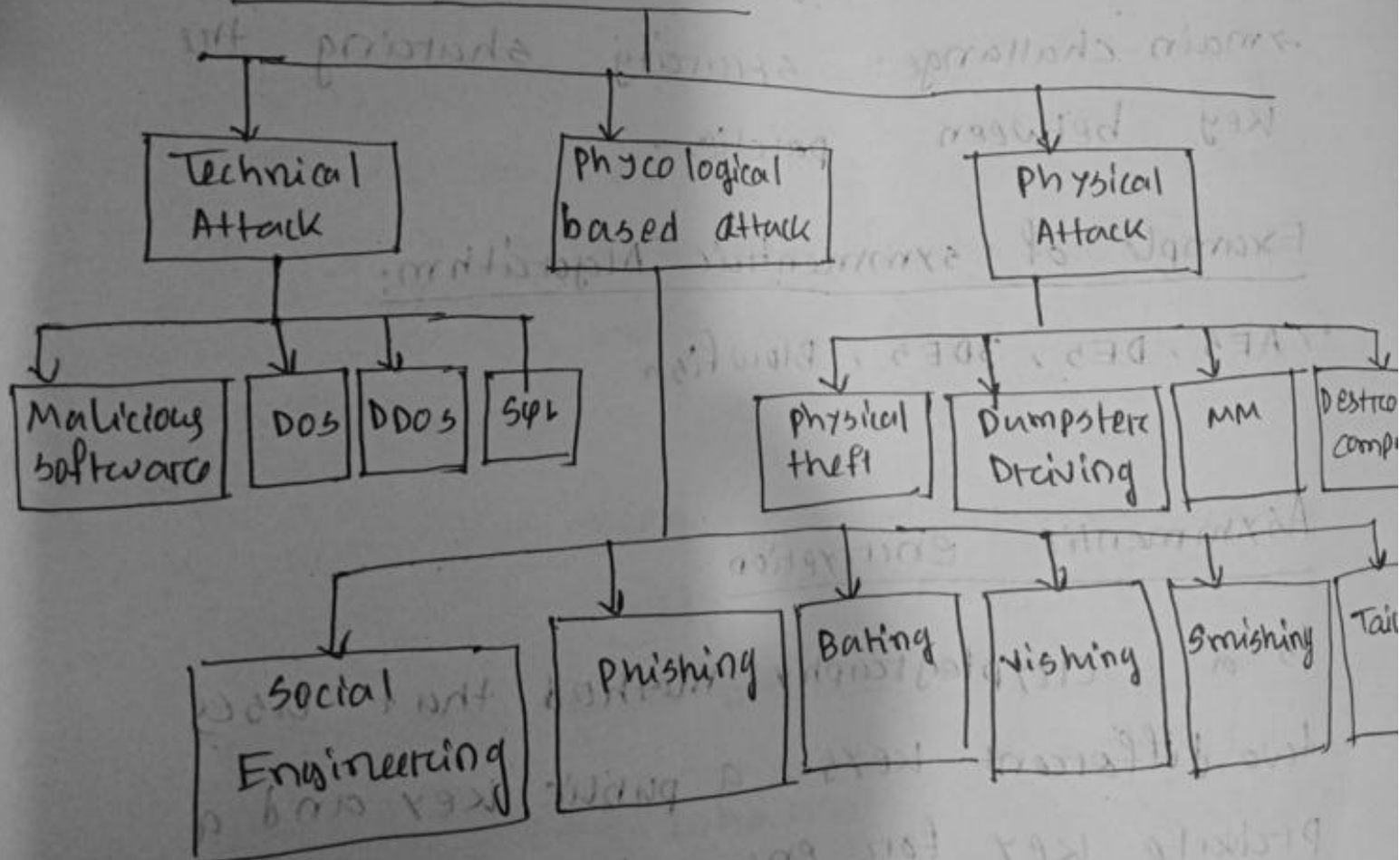


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Security triad CIA:



Types of cyber Attack:



Symmetric encryption:

is a type of cryptography where the same key is used for both encryption and decryption of data.

Key points:

- single key is for both encryption and decryption.
- Faster and less complex than asymmetric
- suitable for large amount of data.
- main challenge: security, sharing the key between parties.

Example of symmetric Algorithm:

→ AES, DES, 3DES, Blowfish

Asymmetric encryption:

is a cryptography method that uses two different keys a public key and a private key for encryption and decryption.

How it works:

- sender encrypts the plain text using the receiver's public key.
- only the receiver's private key can decrypt the ciphertext.
- This ensures that only the intended receiver can access the information.

Example:

RSA, ECC, DSA

Steganography:

is the practice of hiding secret information within an ordinary, non-secret file or message to avoid detection.

How it works:

- A secret message is embedded inside other file using special techniques.
- The file looks normal to a casual observer.
- Only someone who knows the method can extract the hidden data.