The fedraserif package: LATEX support for Fedra Serif Pro

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Abstract

This document describes the fedraserif package, which provides \LaTeX support for the commercial Fedra Serif Pro fonts in both text and math mode.

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1 Overview

The fedraserif package provides L^AT_EX support for the commercial Fedra® Serif Pro fonts' from Typotheque². You can load this package by adding

\usepackage[\(\langle options \rangle] \{ fedraserif \}

to the preamble of your document. This will change both the text font and the math font to Fedra Serif A. For Fedra Serif B, use the option variant=B. For the list of available options, see Section 3.

Acknowledgements

This package is heavily influenced by the MinionPro package, developed by Achim Blumensath, Andreas Bühmann and Michael Zedler, as well as the lucimatx package by Walter Schmidt. Additionally, I am indebted to Eddie Kohler for creating the LCDF typetools.

2 Interferences with other packages

In order to use Fedra Serif as a math font, you need to have the fdsymbol package (version 0.7 or higher) installed. Apart from fdsymbol, the fedraserif package automatically loads the packages textcomp and amsmath. Additionally, the fontaxes package, which is bundled with the MinionPro package, is loaded if it is present in your LATEX installation. If you want to pass options to these packages, you can either load these packages beforehand, or you can include the options in

¹Fedra is a registered trademark of Typotheque VOF.

²http://www.typotheque.com/fonts/

the \documentclass command. Unless the option nomath is used, the fedraserif package is *not* compatible with amssymb and amsfonts (since fdsymbol is not).

3 Options

All package options are set using a $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ syntax. Boolean options accept true and false as values, and setting a Boolean key without a value is equivalent to setting it to true. The following table lists all option keys of the fedraserif package with their possible values; values that are marked with an asterisk correspond to the default behaviour of the package.

key	values	see Section
boldweight	Medium*, Bold, auto	4.2
fedrabb	true, false*	5.3
footnotemarks	true,false*	4.6
figures	<pre>lining*(lf), text(osf)</pre>	4.5
math-style	tex*,iso,french	5.1
nomath	true,false*	5
normalweight	Book*, Demi, auto	4.2
stdmathdigits	true,false*	5.2
variant	A*, B	4.1

4 Font selection

4.1 Variants

Fedra Serif Pro comes in two variants: Fedra Serif A has a lower contrast and shorter ascenders, which makes it a good choice for small sizes, whereas Fedra Serif B has an increased contrast and longer ascenders. To select one variant, use the variant key: Setting variant=A will select Fedra Serif A (the default), while variant=B will select Fedra Serif B. Additionally, setting variant=auto will select Fedra Serif A for text in normal and small sizes and Fedra Serif B for text in large sizes (larger than 12pt).

4.2 Weights

All fonts of the Fedra Serif Pro family come in four weights, which are (in increasing order) Book, Demi, Medium and Bold. Of these, Book and Demi can be used as the standard text font, while Medium and Bold can be used for emphasis. The option keys normalweight and boldweight allow to control which weights are

used. For example, to use the Demi weight as the standard text font, use the option normalweight=Demi. By default, only the Book and the Medium weights are used. Additionally, both keys can be set to the value auto, which selects a weight depending on the font size (Book and Medium for normal and large sizes, Demi and Bold for small sizes). Independent of these options, the Demi and the Bold weight can always be accessed using the commands \fontseries{md} and \fontseries{ub}, respectively.

4.3 Shapes

In addition to the normal small caps shapes sc and scit, there are letterspaced versions ssc and sscit. Moreover, italics with swash capitals are accessible via the sw, scsw and sscsw fontshapes.

shape	example
sc	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SSC	A QUICK Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
scit	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
sscit	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SW	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SCSW	${\mathcal A}$ Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SSCSW	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.

If the fontaxes package is available, you can use the commands \sscshape and \textssc{ $\langle text \rangle$ } to switch to letterspaced small caps and the commands \swshape and \textsw{ $\langle text \rangle$ } to switch to swash capitals.

4.4 Encodings

The Fedra Serif Pro fonts are currently avaible in the OT1, T1, LY1 and QX encodings for typesetting text with Latin characters. For typesetting text with accented characters, it is strongly recommended to change the default font encoding from OT1 to T1 or one of the other encodings. This can be achieved by putting \usepackage[T1]{fontenc} in the preamble of your document.

4.5 Figures

Fedra Serif Pro comes with four main figure versions. On the one hand, one can choose between lining figures and text figures, also known as old-style figures. On the other hand, one can choose between proportional figures and tabular figures.

lining figures	text figures
0123456789	0123456789 0123456789

By default, proportional lining figures are used throughout the document. If you want to use text figures instead, use the option figures=text or figures=osf.

Assuming that the fontaxes package is installed on your system, you can use the command \figureversion to switch between different figure versions. Possible arguments are text or osf for text figures, lining or lf for lining figures, tabular or tab for tabular figures, and proportional or prop for proportional figures. Note that you can combine several arguments. For example, the command \figureversion{osf, tabular} selects tabular text figures.

Small and slanted fractions are fractions with a height matching the font's body size. They can be accessed via:

```
\smallfrac{\langle numerator \rangle}{\langle denominator \rangle} \frac{3}{17} \slantfrac{\langle numerator \rangle}{\langle denominator \rangle} \frac{3}{17} \
```

Note that only figures can be used for (numerator) and (denominator).

Finally, Fedra Serif Pro offers so-called bullet figures, which are enclosed by a circle. They can be accessed via:

```
\openbullet\{\langle number \rangle\} ① @ \closedbullet\{\langle number \rangle\} ⑤ @
```

As for small and slanted fractions, only figures can be used for $\langle number \rangle$.

4.6 Footnotes

By setting the option footnotemarks, footnote marks are set using special characters designed for this purpose, i.e. ^{1,a} instead of ^{1,a}. However, this only works for footnote marks that consist of figures and the lowercase letters a-z.

4.7 Additional notes

Fedra Serif Pro implements a large subset of the glyphs made available by the TS1 encoding. However, the following glyphs are missing:

\textdblhyphen	\textdivorced	\textdied
\textleaf	\textmarried	\textmusicalnote
\textdblhyphenchar	\textdollaroldstyle	\textcentoldstyle
\textguarani	\textpertenthousand	\textpilcrow
\textbaht	\textdiscount	\textlquill
\textrquill	\textcopyleft	\textreferencemark

In addition to the monetary symbols defined by the TS1 encoding, the following commands are available for typesetting currencies:

\textcruzeiro	G	\textfranc	Fr	\textmill	n/n
\textpeseta	Pts	\textrupee	Rs	\textsheqel	回
\textkip	К	\texttugrik	₮	\texthryvnia	₹

5 Math support

By default, we change the math font to Fedra Serif with mathematical symbols taken from FdSymbol. The following options allow to control this behaviour. To disable this behaviour, use the option nomath.

5.1 Letters

In T_EX or L^AT_EX, uppercase Greek letters are traditionally set upright in math mode, even when they are used as variables. This differs from the ISO standards ISO31-0:1992 to ISO31-13:1992, which mandate italics in this case. While the package employs the T_EX tradition by default, you can select the ISO behaviour by setting the option math-style=iso. Independent of this option, you can alyways select upright and italic greek letters using the commands \upalpha, \italpha, \upGamma, \itGamma, etc. Additionally, the math-style key can take the value french, in which case all Greek and uppercase roman letters are typeset upright.

math-style	example
tex	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, \alpha, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$
iso	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, \alpha, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$
french	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, \alpha, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$

5.2 Digits

By default, math mode uses the same figure version than text mode. To override this behaviour and use lining figures in math mode, use the option stdmathdigits.

5.3 Blackboard characters

Fedra Serif Pro has a limited set of blackboard characters, namely \mathbb{N} , \mathbb{Z} , \mathbb{Q} , \mathbb{R} , \mathbb{C} , \mathbb{k} and \mathbb{I} . To use these characters for the math blackboard alphabet \mathbb, set the option fedrabb. If this option is not selected, the AMS blackboard bold font is used instead, which has the advantage that all uppercase roman letters are available.

5.4 Symbols

The fedraserif package provides all symbols defined by the fdsymbol package. Additionally, the following symbols are available in math mode:

в	\varbeta³	и	\varkappa³	F	\digamma³
Э	\backepsilon³	3	\varbackepsilon³	ħ	\hbar
ħ	\hslash	λ	\lambdabar	λ	\lambdaslash
ð	\eth³	0	\slashedzero	∇	\nabla
Ω	\mho	l	\upell	ħ	\uphbar

6 The main style file

6.1 Options

We use xkeyval's key mechanism to declare all options.

```
1 \( *style \)
2 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
3 \newcommand*\fdrsf@boolkey[2]{%
4 \define@boolkey{fedraserif.sty}[fdrsf@]{#1}[true]{#2}%
5 \}
6 \newcommand*\fdrsf@choicekey[3]{%
7 \define@choicekey*{fedraserif.sty}{#1}[\@tempa\@tempb]{#2}{#3}%
8 \}
9 \newif\iffdrsf@text
10 \fdrsf@texttrue
11 \newif\iffdrsf@math
12 \fdrsf@mathtrue
```

Font selection

The package fedraserif-fd adapts the font definitions to the requested font set (see Section 8). So we simply pass on the relevant options. Additional care has to be taken to pass the right options to fdsymbol.

```
13 \fdrsf@choicekey{variant}{a,b,auto}{%
14  \PassOptionsToPackage{variant=#1}{fedraserif-fd}%
15  \ifcase\@tempb\relax
16  \or
17  \PassOptionsToPackage{largedelims}{fdsymbol}%
18  \or
19  \fi
20 }
```

³The shape of the symbol is different if the option math-style=french is selected. Upright and italic shapes are also available directly via the commands \up⟨cmd⟩ and \it⟨cmd⟩.

```
21 \fdrsf@choicekey{normalweight}{book,demi,auto}{%
    \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=#1}{fedraserif-fd}%
23
    \ifcase\@tempb\relax
      \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=book}{fdsymbol}%
24
25
      \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=regular}{fdsymbol}%
26
    \or
27
28
      \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=auto}{fdsymbol}%
   \fi
29
30 }
31\fdrsf@choicekey{boldweight}{medium,bold,auto}{%
    \PassOptionsToPackage{boldweight=#1}{fedraserif-fd}%
    \PassOptionsToPackage{boldweight=#1}{fdsymbol}%
33
34 }
35% The next option toggles the math font setup.
36 %
       \begin{macrocode}
37 \fdrsf@boolkey{nomath}{%
   \iffdrsf@nomath\fdrsf@mathfalse\else\fdrsf@mathtrue\fi%
39 }
Figure style
40 \newcommand\fdrsf@family{FedraSerifPro}
```

```
41 \newcommand\fdrsf@textfig{LF}
42 \newcommand\fdrsf@mathfig{\fdrsf@textfig}
43 \newcommand\fdrsf@textfamily{\fdrsf@family-\fdrsf@textfig}
44 \newcommand\fdrsf@mathfamily{\fdrsf@family-\fdrsf@mathfig}
45 \newcommand\fdrsf@mathtfamily{\fdrsf@family-T\fdrsf@mathfig}
46 \newcommand\fdrsf@mathshape{it}
47 \fdrsf@choicekey{figures}{text,osf,lining,lf}{%
48
    \ifcase\@tempb\relax
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{OsF}%
49
    \or
50
51
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{OsF}%
   \or
52
53
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{LF}%
    \or
54
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{LF}%
55
   \fi
56
57 }
58\fdrsf@boolkey{stdmathdigits}{%
    \iffdrsf@stdmathdigits
59
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@mathfig{LF}%
60
   \fi
61
62 }
```

Math styles

```
63 \newif\iffdrsf@greek@upper@upright
64 \newif\iffdrsf@greek@lower@upright
65\fdrsf@choicekey{math-style}{tex,iso,french}{%
    \ifcase\@tempb\relax
66
      \fdrsf@greek@upper@uprighttrue
67
      \fdrsf@greek@lower@uprightfalse
68
69
      \fdrsf@greek@upper@uprightfalse
70
      \fdrsf@greek@lower@uprightfalse
71
    \or
72
      \fdrsf@greek@upper@uprighttrue
73
74
      \fdrsf@greek@lower@uprighttrue
75
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@mathshape{n}
    \fi
76
77 }
```

Other options

This options redefined the blackboard bold alphabet to use Fedra Serif's blackboard letters.

```
78 %
79 \fdrsf@boolkey{fedrabb}{%
   \iffdrsf@fedrabb
81
     \renewcommand{\fdrsf@load@bb}{%
      \let\mathbb\undefined%
82
      83
      \mbox{renewcommand{\Bbbk}{\mathbb{k}}}%
85
     }%
86
   \fi
87 }
88 \newcommand{\fdrsf@load@bb}{}
```

This option allows to use superiour figures for footnote marks. If possible, we use the commands \deffootnotemark and \deffootnote provided by the KOMA-Script classes to change the formatting of footnote marks. Otherwise, we need to redefine \@makefnmark.

```
89 \fdrsf@boolkey{footnotemarks}{%
90 \iffdrsf@footnotemarks
91 \@ifundefined{deffootnotemark}{%
92 \def\@makefnmark{%
93 \begingroup%
94 \normalfont%
95 \fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Extra}\fontencoding{U}\selectfont%
96 \@thefnmark\kern0.1em%
```

```
97
           \endgroup%
         }%
98
99
       }{%
         \deffootnotemark{%
100
           \begingroup%
101
           \fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Extra}\fontencoding{U}\selectfont%
102
           \thefootnotemark%
103
104
           \endgroup%
105
         }%
       }%
106
       \@ifundefined{deffootnote}{}{%
107
         \deffootnote[1em]{1.5em}{1em}{%
108
109
           \begingroup%
           \fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Extra}\fontencoding{U}\selectfont%
110
111
           \thefootnotemark\kern0.1em%
           \endgroup%
112
113
         }%
       }%
114
     \fi
115
116 }
```

Defaults

```
117 \ExecuteOptionsX{math-style=tex}
118 \ProcessOptionsX\relax
```

6.2 Font selection

```
119 \RequirePackage[scale=0.9]{fedraserif-fd}
120 \@ifpackageloaded{textcomp}{}{\RequirePackage{textcomp}}
121 \iffdrsf@text
122 \renewcommand\rmdefault{\fdrsf@textfamily}
123 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-LF}{1}
124 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-TLF}{1}
125 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-OsF}{1}
126 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{1}
```

In order to accommodate ligatures and glyph variants, we had to remove some glyphs from the standard encodings, but most of them can still be accessed through the TS1 encoding.

```
127 \AtBeginDocument{
128 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textcompwordmark}{T1}
129 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textvisiblespace}{T1}
130 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{T1}
131 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textpertenthousand}{T1}
132 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{T1}
```

```
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textsection}{T1}
133
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textmu}{QX}
134
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\texteuro}{OX}
135
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textEuro}{QX}
136
       \let\textEuro\texteuro
137
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdagger}{QX}
138
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdaggerdbl}{QX}
139
140
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdegree}{QX}
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsection}{QX}
141
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textregistered}{QX}
142
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\copyright}{QX}
143
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdiv}{QX}
144
145
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textminus}{QX}
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\texttimes}{QX}
146
147
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textpm}{QX}
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textbullet}{QX}
148
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textcurrency}{QX}
149
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{QX}
150
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textanglearc}{QX}
151
Additional currency symbols are stored in empty slots of the TS1 encoding.
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcruzeiro}{TS1}{192}
152
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textfranc}{TS1}{193}
153
154
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textmill}{TS1}{194}
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textpeseta}{TS1}{195}
155
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrupee}{TS1}{196}
156
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textshegel}{TS1}{197}
157
158
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textkip}{TS1}{198}
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttugrik}{TS1}{199}
159
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\texthryvnia}{TS1}{200}
160
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcruzeiro}{TS1}
161
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textfranc}{TS1}
162
163
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textmill}{TS1}
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textpeseta}{TS1}
164
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textrupee}{TS1}
165
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsheqel}{TS1}
166
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textkip}{TS1}
167
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttugrik}{TS1}
168
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texthryvnia}{TS1}
169
170
   }
171\fi
   The font selection commands such as \figureversion, \textsw, and \textssc
are provided by the package fontaxes (bundled with MinionPro).
172 \IfFileExists{fontaxes.sty}{
     \RequirePackage{fontaxes}[2007/03/31]
    \let\oldstylenums\textfigures
```

175 }{}

Math fonts

We use FdSymbol for most mathematical symbols.

```
176\iffdrsf@math
177 \RequirePackage[scale=0.9]{fdsymbol}[2011/08/28]
```

Some math symbols are taken from the text font by fdsymbol. Use the correct math figure version for these.

```
178 \renewcommand\fdsy@text[1]{%
179 \ifx\fdsy@bold\math@version
180 \text{\fontfamily{\fdrsf@mathfamily}\fontseries{b}\selectfont#1}%
181 \else
182 \text{\fontfamily{\fdrsf@mathfamily}\fontseries{m}\selectfont#1}%
183 \fi}
```

Redefine the standard math versions normal and bold.

```
\DeclareSymbolFont{operators}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{m}{n}
184
   185
   \DeclareSymbolFont{letters}{OML}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{m}{\fdrsf@mathshape}
186
   \SetSymbolFont{letters}{bold}{OML}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{b}{\fdrsf@mathshape}
187
   \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{m}{n}
188
   \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{bold}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{b}{n}
189
   \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathit}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{m}{it}
190
191
   \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{bold}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{b}{it}
   192
```

Extra math versions tabular and boldtabular, which use tabular figures instead of proportional ones. These math versions can be useful in tables.

```
\DeclareMathVersion{tabular}
193
194
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{m}{n}
195
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{m}{it}
196
    \label{$$ \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf{T1}_{T1}_{fdrsf@mathtfamily}_{b}_{n} } \\
197
    \DeclareMathVersion{boldtabular}
198
    \SetSymbolFont{operators}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
199
    \SetSymbolFont{letters}{boldtabular}{OML}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{b}{\fdrsf@mathshape}
200
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
201
202
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{it}
203
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
    \DeclareMathAccent{\grave}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"00}
204
    \DeclareMathAccent{\acute}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"01}
205
    \DeclareMathAccent{\hat}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"02}
206
    \DeclareMathAccent{\tilde}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"03}
207
    \DeclareMathAccent{\ddot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"04}
208
```

```
\DeclareMathAccent{\mathring}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"06}
209
    \DeclareMathAccent{\check}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"07}
210
    \DeclareMathAccent{\breve}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"08}
211
    \DeclareMathAccent{\bar}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"09}
    \DeclareMathAccent{\dot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"0A}
213
Replace some symbols provided by FdSymbol with their Fedra counterparts.
    \let\hbar\undefined
214
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\hbar}{\mathord}{letters}{"AE}
215
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\nabla}{\mathord}{letters}{"BB}
Define some more symbols, which are not provided by FdSymbol.
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\uphbar}{\mathord}{letters}{"B6}
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\partial}{\mathord}{letters}{"40}
218
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\ell}{\mathord}{letters}{"60}
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\upell}{\mathord}{letters}{"B9}
220
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\slashedzero}{\mathord}{letters}{"B8}
221
    \let\mho\undefined
222
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\mho}{\mathord}{letters}{"BA}
223
    \DeclareRobustCommand{\lambdabar}{\middlebar\lambda}
224
    \DeclareRobustCommand{\lambdaslash}{\middleslash\lambda}
225
Execute the hook set up above to redefine the mathhbb alphabet.
```

6.3 Greek and Hebrew letters

\fdrsf@load@bb

We provide three math-mode commands for each Greek letter: for italic, upright and the default.

```
\newcommand*{\fdrsf@greek@capital}[3]{
227
                           \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
228
                                  \expandafter{\csname it#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#2}
229
                          \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
230
                                   \expandafter{\csname up#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#3}
231
                          \iffdrsf@greek@upper@upright
232
                                  \verb|\expandafter\le #1\expandafter\ends on ame up #1\ends on ame up 
233
234
235
                                  \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname it#1\endcsname
                          \fi
236
                  }
237
                  \newcommand*{\fdrsf@greek@letter}[3]{
238
                           \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
239
240
                                   \expandafter{\csname it#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#2}
                          \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
241
                                  \expandafter{\csname up#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#3}
242
                           \iffdrsf@greek@lower@upright
243
```

```
244
         \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname up#1\endcsname
       \else
245
         \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\csname it#1\endcsname
246
       \fi
247
248
    }
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Gamma}{"00}{"80}
249
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Delta}{"01}{"81}
250
251
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Theta}{"02}{"82}
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Lambda}{"03}{"83}
252
253
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Xi}{"04}{"84}
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Pi}{"05}{"85}
254
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Sigma}{"06}{"86}
255
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Upsilon}{"07}{"87}
256
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Phi}{"08}{"88}
257
258
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Psi}{"09}{"89}
    \fdrsf@greek@capital{Omega}{"0A}{"8A}
259
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{alpha}{"0B}{"8B}
260
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{beta}{"0C}{"8C}
261
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{gamma}{"0D}{"8D}
262
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{delta}{"0E}{"8E}
263
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{epsilon}{"0F}{"8F}
264
265
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{zeta}{"10}{"90}
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{eta}{"11}{"91}
266
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{theta}{"12}{"92}
267
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{iota}{"13}{"93}
268
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{kappa}{"14}{"94}
269
270
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{lambda}{"15}{"95}
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{mu}{"16}{"96}
271
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{nu}{"17}{"97}
272
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{xi}{"18}{"98}
273
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{pi}{"19}{"99}
274
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{rho}{"1A}{"9A}
275
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{sigma}{"1B}{"9B}
276
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{tau}{"1C}{"9C}
277
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{upsilon}{"1D}{"9D}
278
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{phi}{"1E}{"9E}
279
280
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{chi}{"1F}{"9F}
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{psi}{"20}{"A0}
281
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{omega}{"21}{"A1}
282
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{varepsilon}{"22}{"A2}
283
284
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{vartheta}{"23}{"A3}
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{varpi}{"19}{"99}
285
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{varrho}{"1A}{"9A}
286
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{varsigma}{"26}{"A6}
287
    \fdrsf@greek@letter{varphi}{"27}{"A7}
```

Some of the following symbols are not really Greek letters, but they are treated in the same way.

```
289 \fdrsf@greek@letter{varbeta}{"A8}{"B0}
290 \fdrsf@greek@letter{varkappa}{"A9}{"B1}
291 \fdrsf@greek@letter{digamma}{"AA}{"B2}
292 \fdrsf@greek@letter{backepsilon}{"AB}{"B3}
293 \fdrsf@greek@letter{varbackepsilon}{"AC}{"B4}
294 \fdrsf@greek@letter{eth}{"AD}{"B5}
```

Hebrew letters are provided by FdSymbol, but we replace them with their Fedra counterparts.

```
295 \DeclareMathSymbol{\aleph}{\mathord}{letters}{"BC}
296 \DeclareMathSymbol{\beth}{\mathord}{letters}{"BD}
297 \DeclareMathSymbol{\gimel}{\mathord}{letters}{"BE}
298 \DeclareMathSymbol{\daleth}{\mathord}{letters}{"BF}
299 \fi
```

6.4 Bullet figures

We provide two commands to access Fedra's bullet figures.

```
300 \iffdrsf@text
    \newcommand*{\fdrsf@@openbullet}[2]{%
301
302
       \fx#2\end
303
         \char3#1%
         \let\next\@gobble
304
305
         \char2#1\kern-0.02em%
306
         \let\next\fdrsf@@openbullet
307
       \fi
308
       \next#2%
309
    }
310
     \newcommand*{\fdrsf@openbullet}[2]{%
311
       \fx#2\end
312
         \char0#1%
313
         \let\next\@gobble
314
315
316
         \char1#1\kern-0.02em%
         \let\next\fdrsf@@openbullet
317
       \fi
318
       \next#2%
319
    }
320
     \DeclareRobustCommand*{\openbullet}[1]{%
321
       \begingroup
322
       \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Orn}\selectfont
323
       \edef\@tempa{#1}\expandafter\fdrsf@openbullet\@tempa\end
324
```

```
325
                                 \endgroup
                       }
326
                       \newcommand*{\fdrsf@@closedbullet}[2]{%
327
                                 \fx#2\end
328
                                          \char7#1%
329
                                          \left( \cdot \right) = \left( \cdot \right) 
330
331
                                          \char6#1\kern-0.02em%
332
                                          \let\next\fdrsf@@closedbullet
333
334
                                 \next#2%
335
                       }
336
                       \newcommand*{\fdrsf@closedbullet}[2]{%
337
                                 \ifx#2\end
338
                                          \char4#1%
339
                                          \left( \cdot \right) = \left( \cdot \right) 
340
341
                                          \char5#1\kern-0.02em%
342
                                          \let\next\fdrsf@@closedbullet
343
                                 \fi
344
345
                                 \next#2%
346
                       \DeclareRobustCommand*{\closedbullet}[1]{%
347
348
                                 \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Orn}\selectfont
349
350
                                 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mb
                                 \endgroup
351
352
                       }
353\fi
```

6.5 Superior and inferior figures

We provide commands to convert numbers to inferior and superior figures.

```
354 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@@inferior}[1]{%
     \fint 1\end
355
356
       \let\next\relax
     \else
357
       \char"1#1%
358
       \let\next\fdrsf@@inferior
359
     \fi
360
361
     \next
362 }
363 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@inferior}[1]{%
     \begingroup
```

```
\fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Extra}\selectfont
365
            \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mb
366
367
            \endgroup
368 }
369 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@superior}[1]{%
            \begingroup
            \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Extra}\selectfont#1%
371
            \endgroup
373 }
 \ensuretext switches to text mode, if necessary.
374 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@ensuretext}[1]{%
           \ifmmode
                 \fdsy@text{#1}%
376
377
           \else
                #1%
378
           \fi
379
380 }
 We provide two commands for generating numerical fractions.
381 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@smallfrac}[2]{%
           \leavevmode
382
            \setbox\@tempboxa\vbox{%
383
                 \baselineskip\z@skip%
384
                 \lineskip.25ex%
385
                 \lineskiplimit-\maxdimen
386
                 \ialign{\hfil##\hfil\crcr
387
                      \vbox to 1.25ex{\vss\hbox{\fdrsf@superior{#1}}\vskip.25ex}\crcr
388
                      \leavevmode\leaders\hrule height 0.91ex depth -0.87ex\hfill\crcr
389
                     390
                      \noalign{\vskip-1.2ex}}}%
391
            \box\@tempboxa
392
393 }
394 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\smallfrac}[2]{%
            \footnote{Morsf@ensuretext{\kern0.08em\forsf@smallfrac{#1}{#2}\kern0.1em}% }
395
396 }
397 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@slantfrac}[2]{%
            \begingroup
398
            \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{\fdrsf@family-Extra}\
399
           \fdrsf@superior{#1}\kern-0.05em/\kern0em\fdrsf@inferior{#2}%
400
401
402 }
403 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\slantfrac}[2]{%
           \fdrsf@ensuretext{\kern0.08em\fdrsf@slantfrac{#1}{#2}\kern0.1em}%
405 }
```

6.6 Logos

```
406 \iffdrsf@text
    \DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeX}{L\kern-.26em%
408
      {\sbox\z@ T%
        409
          \fontsize\sf@size\z@
410
          \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
411
412
          A}%
413
        \vss}%
      }%
414
      \kern-.05em%
415
      \TeX
416
417
    }
418\fi
   Make the changes take effect. This concludes the main style file.
419 \iffdrsf@text
420 \normalfont
421\fi
422 (/style)
```

7 Support for character protrusion

The microtype configuration. All four families use the same file (cf. section 8).

```
423 (*mtcfg)
424 \SetProtrusion
     [ name = FedraSerifPro-n ]
     { }
426
427
         . = \{ ,700 \},
428
        {,}= { ,500},
429
430
         : = \{ ,500 \},
         ; = { ,300},
431
         ! = \{ ,100\},
432
         ? = \{ ,100\},
433
         0 = \{50, 50\},\
434
         ^{\sim} = {200,250},
435
        \% = \{50,50\},\
436
         * = \{200, 200\},\
437
         + = \{250, 250\},\
438
439
         ( = \{100, \},
                              ) = {
                                        ,200},
         / = \{100, 200\},\
440
441
         - = \{600, 600\},\
         \textendash
                              = \{450, 450\},
                                                 \textemdash
                                                                       = \{260, 260\},\
442
         \textquoteleft
                              = \{300,400\},
                                                 \textquoteright
                                                                       = \{300,400\},
443
```

```
444
         \textquotedblleft = {300,300},
                                               \textquotedblright = {300,300}
      }
445
446 \SetProtrusion
                   = FedraSerifPro-OT1,
      [ name
447
         load
                   = FedraSerifPro-n
448
      { encoding = {OT1},
449
                  = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOsF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
        family
450
        shape
                   = {n,sc,ssc} }
451
      { }
452
453 \SetProtrusion
      [ name
                   = FedraSerifPro-T1,
454
         load
                   = FedraSerifPro-n
455
      { encoding = \{T1,LY1\},
456
                   = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},FedraSerifPro-TUSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
457
        shape
                   = {n,sc,ssc} }
458
459
      {
         _{-} = \{100, 100\},
460
        \textbackslash
                             = \{100, 200\},\
461
         \quotesinglbase
                             = \{400, 400\},\
                                               \quotedblbase
                                                                     = \{400,400\},
462
         \guilsinglleft
                             = \{400,300\},\
                                               \guilsinglright
                                                                     = \{300,400\},
463
         \guillemotleft
                             = \{200, 200\},\
                                               \guillemotright
                                                                     = \{200, 200\},\
464
         \textexclamdown
                                               \text{textquestiondown} = \{100, \},
465
                             = \{100, \},
         \textbraceleft
                             = \{400, 200\},\
                                               \textbraceright
                                                                     = \{200,400\},
466
467
        \textless
                             = \{200, 100\},\
                                               \textgreater
                                                                     = \{100, 200\}
      }
468
469 \SetProtrusion
470
     [ name
                  = FedraSerifPro-it ]
     {
        }
471
472
        . = \{ ,500 \},
473
474
       \{,\}=\{,500\},
475
        : = \{ ,300\},
        ; = { ,300},
476
        & = \{50, 50\},\
477
       \% = \{100, \},\
478
        * = \{200, 200\},\
479
        + = \{150, 200\},\
480
        0 = \{50, 50\},\
481
        ^{\sim} = \{150, 150\},
482
         ( = \{200, \},
                           ) = \{ ,200\},
483
        / = \{100, 200\},\
484
485
        - = \{630, 630\},\
                             = \{200, 200\},\
        \textendash
                                               \textemdash
                                                                     = \{150, 150\},\
486
         \textquoteleft
                             = \{400, 200\},\
                                               \textquoteright
                                                                     = \{400, 200\},\
487
```

```
\text{textquotedblleft} = \{400, 200\},
                                            \textquotedblright = {400,200}
488
489
      }
490 \SetProtrusion
                 = FedraSerifPro-OT1-it,
491
     Γ name
                 = FedraSerifPro-it
492
       load
     { encoding = OT1,
493
       family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
494
       shape
                 = {it,scit,sscit,sw,scsw,sscsw} }
495
     { }
496
497 \SetProtrusion
      [ name
                  = FedraSerifPro-T1-it,
498
                  = FedraSerifPro-it
499
      { encoding = \{T1,LY1\},
500
                  = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},FedraSerifPro-TUSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
501
                  = {it,sl,sw,scit,scsl,scsw} }
        shape
502
503
      {
        _{-} = { ,100},
504
        \textbackslash
                            = \{100, 200\},\
505
        \quad = \{300,700\},
                                            \quotedblbase
                                                                 = \{400, 500\},\
506
        \guilsinglleft
                                            \guilsinglright
                            = \{400, 400\},\
                                                                 = \{300, 500\},\
507
508
        \guillemotleft
                            = \{300, 300\},\
                                            \guillemotright
                                                                 = \{300,300\},\
        \textexclamdown
                                            \text{text}questiondown = {200,
509
                           = \{100, \},
        \textbraceleft
                            = \{200, 100\},\
                                            \textbraceright
                                                                 = \{200, 200\},
510
      }
511
512 (/mtcfg)
```

8 Font definition support package

As all font definitions look the same, we introduce macros to ease the configuration. These macros are stored in the file fedraserif-fd.sty, which is included by every FD file. Since fedraserif-fd.sty will be included several times and we do not know in which context the code is executed, we have to define all non-private commands as globals and avoid all \preambleonly commands.

We add a guard so that this file is executed only once even if it is included multiple times.

```
513 (*fontdef)
514 \ifx\fdrsf@variant@normal\@undefined\else\endinput\fi
```

We distinguish between being loaded directly or via \usepackage in the preamble by checking \@nodocument.

```
515 \ifx\@nodocument\relax\else
516 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
517 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
```

```
518\fi
```

Reset \escapechar (which is set to -1 in FD files) to make \newcommand work. The additional group does not harm; we have to make the important commands global anyway.

```
519 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
520 \begingroup
521 \escapechar'\\
522 \fi

The macro to make commands global is taken from the otfontdef package.
523 \newcommand*\fdrsf@makeglobal[1]{
524 \global\expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname
525 \csname #1\endcsname
526 }
```

8.1 Options

These are the default values if it is impossible to process options.

```
527 \newcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{A}
528 \newcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{A}
529 \newcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Book}
530 \newcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Book}
531 \newcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Medium}
532 \newcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Medium}
533 \newcommand\fdrsf@scale{1.0}
534\ifx\@nodocument\relax\else
     \newcommand*\fdrsf@fd@choicekey[3]{%
       \define@choicekey*{fedraserif-fd.sty}{#1}[\@tempa\@tempb]{#2}{#3}%
536
537
     \fdrsf@fd@choicekey{variant}{a,b,auto}{%
538
539
       \ifcase\@tempb\relax
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{A}
540
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{A}
541
542
       \or
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{B}
543
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{B}
544
545
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{A}
546
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{B}
547
548
       \fi
549
     \fdrsf@fd@choicekey{normalweight}{book,demi,auto}{%
550
       \ifcase\@tempb\relax
551
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Book}
552
```

```
\renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Book}
553
554
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Demi}
555
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Demi}
556
557
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Book}
558
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Demi}
559
560
      \fi
561
    }
    \fdrsf@fd@choicekey{boldweight}{medium,bold,auto}{%
562
      \ifcase\@tempb\relax
563
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Medium}
564
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Medium}
565
566
567
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Bold}
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Bold}
568
569
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Medium}
570
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Bold}
571
572
      \fi
    }
573
    \ProcessOptionsX\relax
575
576\fi
577 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@variant@normal}
578 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@variant@large}
579 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@mweight@normal}
580 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@mweight@small}
581 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@bweight@normal}
582 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@bweight@small}
583 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@scale}
```

8.2 Font Configuration

We define commands to write to and read from the configuration database.

```
584 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@addconfig}[4][]{%
585 \@for\@tempa:=#3\do{%
586 \expandafter%
587 \gdef\csname fdrsf@config@#2@#1@\@tempa\endcsname{#4}%
588 }%
589 }
590 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@useconfig}[3]{%
591 \@ifundefined{fdrsf@config@#2@#1@#3}{%
592 \@ifundefined{fdrsf@config@#2@#3}{}%
```

```
{\csname fdrsf@config@#2@@#3\endcsname}%
593
    }{\csname fdrsf@config@#2@#1@#3\endcsname}%
594
595 }
596 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@useconfig}
Now we can build up the configuration database.
597 \fdrsf@addconfig\{weight/normal\}\{m\}\{\fdrsf@mweight@normal\}\}
598 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{m}{\fdrsf@mweight@small}
599 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{md}{Demi}
600 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{md}{Demi}
601 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{b}{\fdrsf@bweight@normal}
602 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{b}{\fdrsf@bweight@small}
603 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{ub}{Bold}
604 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{ub}{Bold}
605 \fdrsf@addconfig{sub/weight}{sb,bx}{b}
606 \fdrsf@addconfig{italic}{it,scit,sscit,sw,scsw,sscsw}{Italic}
607 \fdrsf@addconfig[OML]{italic}{n}{French}
608 \fdrsf@addconfig[OML]{italic}{it}{Mixed}
609 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{sc,scit}{-sc}
610 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{ssc,sscit}{-ssc}
611 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{sw}{-sw}
612 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{scsw}{-scsw}
613 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{sscsw}{-sscsw}
614 \fdrsf@addconfig{sub/shape}{sl}{it}
615 \fdrsf@addconfig{sub/shape}{scsl}{scit}
616 \fdrsf@addconfig{sub/shape}{sscsl}{sscit}
This is the main macro to declare a single font shape.
617 \newcommand*{\DeclareFedraSerifShape}[4]{%
     %\lowercase{\def\temp@enc{#1}}%
     %\lowercase{\def\temp@fig{#2}}%
619
     \edef\temp@subw{\fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{sub/weight}{#3}}%
620
     \edef\temp@subs{\fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{sub/shape}{#4}}%
621
622
     \ifx\temp@subw\empty\ifx\temp@subs\empty%
       \DeclareFontShape{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{#3}{#4}{%
623
         <-7.1>s*[\fdrsf@scale]%
624
           FSerPro\fdrsf@variant@normal-%
625
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{weight/small}{#3}%
626
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{italic}{#4}-#2%
627
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{shape}{#4}-#1%
628
         <7.1-12.1>s*[\fdrsf@scale]%
629
           FSerPro\fdrsf@variant@normal-%
630
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{weight/normal}{#3}%
631
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{italic}{#4}-#2%
632
633
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{shape}{#4}-#1%
         <12.1->s*[\fdrsf@scale]%
634
```

```
FSerPro\fdrsf@variant@large-%
635
          \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{weight/normal}{#3}%
636
          \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{italic}{#4}-#2%
637
          \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{shape}{#4}-#1%
638
      }{}%
639
    \else%
640
       \DeclareFontShape{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{#3}{#4}{%
641
642
        <->ssub* FedraSerifPro-#2/#3/\temp@subs%
643
      }{}%
    \fi\else%
644
      \DeclareFontShape{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{#3}{#4}{%
645
        <->ssub* FedraSerifPro-#2/\temp@subw/#4%
646
647
      }{}%
    \fi%
648
649 }
650 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifShape}
Finally, we provide commands to declare a complete family.
651 \newcommand*{\DeclareFedraSerifFamily}[4]{%
    \DeclareFontFamily{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{}%
652
    \@for\fdrsf@series:=#3\do{%
653
      \@for\fdrsf@shape:=#4\do{%
654
        \DeclareFedraSerifShape{#1}{#2}{\fdrsf@series}{\fdrsf@shape}%
655
      }%
656
657
    }%
658 }
659 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifFamily}
660 \newcommand*{\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily}[2]{%
    \DeclareFedraSerifFamily{#1}{#2}{m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}%
661
      {n,it,sc,ssc,scit,sscit,sw,scsw,sscsw,sl,scsl,sscsl}%
662
663 }
664 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily}
665 \newcommand*{\DeclareFedraSerifSmallFamily}[2]{%
    \DeclareFedraSerifFamily{#1}{#2}{m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}{n,it,sl}%
666
667 }
668 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifSmallFamily}
669 \newcommand*{\DeclareFedraSerifTinyFamily}[2]{%
    \DeclareFedraSerifFamily{#1}{#2}{m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}{n}%
670
671 }
672 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifTinyFamily}
673 \newcommand*{\DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily}[2]{%
    674
    \@for\fdrsf@series:=m,md,sb,b,bx,ub\do{%
675
      \@for\fdrsf@shape:=n,it\do{%
676
        \DeclareFedraSerifShape{#1}{#2}{\fdrsf@series}{\fdrsf@shape}%
677
      }%
678
```

```
679 }%
680 }
681 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily}
```

We define font family aliases so that we can place all configurations for the FedraSerifPro family variants into one microtype file: mt-FedraSerifPro.cfg. We use microtype's hook if microtype has not been loaded yet (which should be the case); otherwise we can execute the alias definitions directly.

```
682 \gdef\fdrsf@MicroType@Aliases{%
     \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-LF}{FedraSerifPro}%
683
     \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-OsF}{FedraSerifPro}%
684
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-TLF}{FedraSerifPro}%
685
     \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-TOsF}{FedraSerifPro}%
686
687 }
688 \@ifundefined{Microtype@Hook}{%
689
    \global\let\Microtype@Hook\fdrsf@MicroType@Aliases
690 }{%
     \g@addto@macro\Microtype@Hook{\fdrsf@Microtype@Aliases}%
691
692 }%
693 \@ifundefined{DeclareMicroTypeAlias}{}{\fdrsf@MicroType@Aliases}%
694 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
    \endgroup
696\fi
697 (/fontdef)
```

9 Font definition files

```
698 (*fd)
699 \input{fedraserif-fd.sty}
700 (ot1 & If)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{OT1}{LF}
701 (ot1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{0T1}{0sF}
702 (ot1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{OT1}{TLF}
703 (ot1 & tosf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{OT1}{TOsF}
704 (t1 & If)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{LF}
705 (t1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{OsF}
706 (t1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{TLF}
707 (t1 & tosf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{T0sF}
708 (ts1 & If)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{TS1}{LF}
709 (ts1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{TS1}{OsF}
710 (ts1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{TS1}{TLF}
711 \(\ts1 & \tosf\)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily\(\text{TS1}\)\(\text{TOsF}\)
712 (ly1 & lf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{LY1}{LF}
713 (ly1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{LY1}{OsF}
714 (ly1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{LY1}{TLF}
```

```
715 \langle ly1 \& tosf \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily\{LY1\} \{TOsF\} \} 716 \langle qx \& lf \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily\{QX\} \{LF\} \} 717 \langle qx \& osf \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily\{QX\} \{TLF\} \} 718 \langle qx \& tlf \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily\{QX\} \{TOsF\} \} 720 \langle coml \& cosf \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily\{QX\} \{TOsF\} \} 721 \langle coml \& cosf \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifSmallFamily\{U\} \{Extra\} \} 722 \langle coml \& corl \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifSmallFamily\{U\} \{Orn\} \} 723 \langle coml \& corl \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifFamily\{U\} \{BB\} \{m\} \{n\} \} 724 \langle corl \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifFamily\{U\} \{BB\} \{m\} \{n\} \}
```

A NFSS classification

Parenthesised combinations are provided via substitutions.

Encoding	Family	Series	Shape
OT1, T1, TS1, LY1, QX	FedraSerifPro-OsF, FedraSerifPro-LF, FedraSerifPro-TOsF, FedraSerifPro-TLF	m, md, b (sb, bx), ub	n, it (sl), sw, sc, scit (scsl), scsw, ssc, sscit (sscsl), sscsw
OML	FedraSerifPro-TOsF	m, md, b (sb, bx), ub	n, it
U	FedraSerifPro-Extra, FedraSerifPro-Orn	m, md, b (sb, bx), ub	n, it (sl)
U	FedraSerifPro-BB	m	n