LATEX support for Fedra Serif Pro

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Abstract

This document describes the fedraserif package, which provides \LaTeX support for the commercial Fedra Serif Pro fonts in both text and math mode.

Contents

1 Overview

The fedraserif package provides LATEX support for the commercial Fedra® Serif Profonts' from Typotheque². You can load this package by adding

\usepackage[\langle options \rangle] \{ fedraserif \}

to the preamble of your document. If no options are specified, this will change both the text font and the math font to Fedra Serif A; use the option variant=B to select Fedra Serif B. For the available options, see Section 3.

Acknowledgements

This package is heavily influenced by the MinionPro package, developed by Achim Blumensath, Andreas Bühmann and Michael Zedler, as well as the lucimatx package by Walter Schmidt. Additionally, I am indebted to Eddie Kohler for creating the LCDF typetools.

2 Interferences with other packages

In order to use Fedra Serif as a math font, you need to have the fdsymbol package (version 0.7 or higher) installed. Apart from fdsymbol, the fedraserif package automatically loads the packages textcomp and amsmath. Additionally, the fontaxes

¹Fedra is a registered trademark of Typotheque VOF.

²http://www.typotheque.com/fonts/

Table 1: Summary of options

Key	Values	Section
boldweight	Medium*, Bold, auto	4.3
fedrabb	true, false*	5.3
footnotemarks	true, false*	4.6
figures	$lining^*(lf)$, text (osf)	4.5
math-style	tex*, iso, french	5.1
nomath	true, false*	5
normalweight	Book*, Demi, auto	4.3
stdmathdigits	true, false*	5.2
variant	A*, B	4.1

package is loaded if it is present in your IATEX installation. If you want to pass options to these packages, you can either load these packages beforehand, or you can include the options in the \documentclass command. Unless the option nomath is used, the fedraserif package is *not* compatible with amssymb and amsfonts (since fdsymbol is not).

3 Options

All package options are set using a $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ syntax. Boolean options accept true and false as values, and setting a Boolean key without a value is equivalent to setting it to true. Table 1 lists all option keys of the fedraserif package with their possible values; values that are marked with an asterisk correspond to the default behaviour of the package.

4 Font selection

4.1 Variants

Fedra Serif Pro comes in two variants: Fedra Serif A has a lower contrast and shorter ascenders, which makes it a good choice for small sizes, whereas Fedra Serif B has an increased contrast and longer ascenders. To select one variant, use the variant key: setting variant=A will select Fedra Serif A (the default), while variant=B will select Fedra Serif B. Additionally, setting variant=auto will select Fedra Serif A for text in normal and small sizes and Fedra Serif B for text in large sizes (larger than 12pt).

Table 2: Summary of font weights

Weight	Series	Example
Book	sl	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
Demi	md	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
Medium	sb	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
Bold	ub	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.

4.2 Encodings

The package currently supports the OT1, T1, LY1, QX and T5 encodings for type-setting text with Latin characters, as well as the TS1 encoding for typesetting text symbols. For typesetting text with accented characters, it is strongly recommended to change the default font encoding from OT1 to T1 or one of the other encodings. This can be achieved by putting \usepackage[T1]{fontenc} in the preamble of your document.

4.3 Weights

All fonts of the Fedra Serif Pro family come in four weights, which are (in increasing order) Book, Demi, Medium and Bold, shown in Table 2. Of these, Book and Demi can be used as the standard text font, while Medium and Bold can be used for bold text. The option keys normalweight and boldweight allow to control which weights are used for the standard LaTeX font series m and b (or bx), selected by \mdseries and \bfseries, respectively. For example, to use the Demi weight as the standard text font, use the option normalweight=Demi. By default, only the Book and the Medium weights are used. Additionally, both keys can be set to the value auto, which selects a weight depending on the font size (Book and Medium for normal and large sizes, Demi and Bold for small sizes). Independently of these options, the Demi and the Bold weight can always be accessed using the commands \fontseries{md} and \fontseries{ub}, respectively.

4.4 Shapes

In addition to the normal small caps shapes sc and scit, there are letterspaced versions ssc and sscit. Moreover, italic shapes with *swash capitals* are accessible via the sw, scsw and sscsw shapes (see Table 3).

If the fontaxes package is available, you can use the commands \sscshape and \textssc{ $\langle text \rangle$ } to switch to letterspaced small caps and the commands \swshape and \textsw{ $\langle text \rangle$ } to switch to swash capitals.

Table 3: Summary of font shapes

Shape	Example
n	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
it	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
sc	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SSC	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
scit	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
sscit	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SW	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SCSW	${\mathcal A}$ Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
SSCSW	${\mathcal A}$ Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.

Table 4: Summary of figure versions

	Lining figures	Text figures
Proportional	0123456789	0123456789
Tabular	0123456789	0123456789

4.5 Figures

Fedra Serif Pro offers four main figure versions (see 4). On the one hand, one can choose between lining figures and text figures, also known as old-style figures. On the other hand, one can choose between proportional figures and tabular figures.

By default, proportional lining figures are used throughout the document. If you want to use text figures instead, use the option figures=text or figures=osf.

Assuming that the fontaxes package is installed on your system, you can use the command \figureversion to switch between different figure versions inside the document. Possible arguments are text or osf for text figures, lining or lf for lining figures, tabular or tab for tabular figures, and proportional or prop for proportional figures. Note that you can combine several arguments. For example, the command \figureversion{osf, tabular} selects tabular text figures.

Small and slanted fractions are fractions with a height matching the font's body size; they can be accessed via:

```
\smallfrac{\langle numerator \rangle}{\langle denominator \rangle} \slantfrac{\langle numerator \rangle}{\langle denominator \rangle} \%
```

Note that only figures can be used for (numerator) and (denominator).

Finally, Fedra Serif Pro offers so-called bullet figures, which are enclosed by a circle; they can be accessed via:

As for small and slanted fractions, only figures can be used for (number).

4.6 Footnotes

By setting the option footnotemarks, footnote marks are set using special characters designed for this purpose, i.e. ^{1,a} instead of ^{1,a}. However, this only works for footnote marks that consist of figures and the lowercase letters a-z.

4.7 Dingbats

Assuming that the pifont package is loaded, you can access Fedra Serif's ornamental characters via:

```
\Pisymbol{FedraSerifPro-Pi}{(number)}
```

The available glyphs are listed in Table 5.

4.8 Additional notes

Fedra Serif Pro implements a large subset of the glyphs made available by the TS1 encoding. However, the following glyphs are missing:

\textdblhyphen	\textdivorced	\textdied
\textleaf	\textmarried	\textmusicalnote
\textdblhyphenchar	\textdollaroldstyle	\textcentoldstyle
\textguarani	\textrecipe	\textpertenthousand
\textpilcrow	\textbaht	\textdiscount
\textlquill	\textrquill	\textcopyleft
\textreferencemark		

In addition to the monetary symbols defined by the TS1 encoding, the following currency symbols are available:

Œ	\textcruzeiro	Fr	\textfranc	η'n	\textmill
Pts	\textpeseta	Rs	\textrupee	回	\textsheqel
К	\textkip	₹	\texttugrik	₹	\texthryvnia

5 Math support

By default, we change the math font to Fedra Serif Pro with mathematical symbols taken from FdSymbol. To disable this behaviour, use the option nomath. Note that all other options described in this section have no effect if this option is active.

Table 5: Dingbats available with the fedraserif package

number	glyph	number	glyph	number	glyph	number	glyph
100	•	128	0	156	C	184	
101	•	129	⊚	157		185	
102	0	130	⊗	158	⊕	186	*
103	•	131	8	159	ద	187	*
104	•	132	i	160	•	188	芬
105	•	133	©	161	Ø	189	•
106		134	*	162	0	190	*
107		135	•	163		191	•
108		136	\rightarrow	164	•	192	-
109	•	137	←	165	Ħ	193	=
110	•	138	↑	166	\$	194	-
111	Þ	139	\downarrow	167	台	195	
112	4	140	7	168	i	196	_
113	•	141	ĸ	169	Δ	197	_
114	◄	142	L	170	9	198	****
115	\triangleright	143	Ā	171	AN AME	199	-
116	٥	144	•	172	PRODUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	200	-
117	•	145	•	173	*	201	-
118	◄	146	4	174	Zining Zining	202	A
119	\triangleright	147	€	175	*	203	+
120	⊲	148	mb	176	Q	204	*
121	•	149	Ly.	177	ں	205	*
122	0	150	✓	178	5	206	A
123	•	151		179	ر ب ی	207	+
124	•	152	abla	180	~	208	*
125	©	153	⊠	181	_	209	*
126	•	154	\boxtimes	182	_	210	4
127	\Diamond	155		183			

Table 6: The different styles for letters in math mode

math-style	example
tex	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, \alpha, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$
iso	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, \alpha, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$
french	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, \alpha, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$

5.1 Letters

In TEX and IATEX, uppercase Greek letters are traditionally set upright in math mode, even when they are used as variables. This differs from the ISO standards ISO31-0:1992 to ISO31-13:1992, which mandate italics in this case. While the package employs the TEX tradition by default, you can select the ISO behaviour by setting the option math-style=iso. Independently of this option, you can alyways select upright and italic greek letters using the commands \upalpha, \italpha, \upgamma, \itGamma, etc. Additionally, the math-style key can take the value french, in which case all Greek and uppercase roman letters are typeset upright. For an illustration of the differences between the three values for math-style, see Table 6.

The fedraserif package provides all letters available in math mode with the Computer Modern fonts, with the exception of \varpi and \varrho, which have the same shape as \pi and \rho, respectively. Additionally, the following letters and letter-like symbols are can be typeset:

в	\varbeta³	и	\varkappa³	F	\digamma³
Э	\backepsilon³	3	\varbackepsilon³	ħ	\hslash
λ	\lambdabar	λ	\lambdaslash	ð	\eth³
0	\slashedzero	Ω	\mho	l	\upell
ħ	\uphbar	ב	\beth	λ	\gimel
Т	\daleth				

5.2 Digits

By default, digits in math mode are typeset in the default figure version for text mode (as selected by the figures key). To use lining figures in math mode even if figures=text is active, set the option stdmathdigits.

Apart from the standard math versions normal and bold, the package introduces two new math versions tabular and boldtabular, in which digits are typeset as tabular figures.

 $^{^3}$ The shape of the symbol is different if the option math-style=french is selected. Upright and italic shapes are also available directly via the commands $\sup(cmd)$ and $\inf(cmd)$, respectively.

Table 7: NFSS classification

Encoding	Family	Series	Shape
OT1, T1, TS1, LY1, QX, T5	FedraSerifPro-LF, FedraSerifPro-OsF, FedraSerifPro-TLF, FedraSerifPro-TOsF	sl, m, md, b (bx), sb, ub	n, it (sl), sw, sc, scit (scsl), scsw, ssc, sscit (sscsl), sscsw
OML	FedraSerifPro-TOsF (FedraSerifPro-LF, FedraSerifPro-OsF, FedraSerifPro-TLF)	sl, m, md, b (bx), sb, ub	n, it
U	FedraSerifPro-Extra	sl, m, md, b (bx), sb, ub	n, it (sl)
U	FedraSerifPro-Pi	m, md, b (sb, bx), ub	n
U	FedraSerifPro-BB	m	n

5.3 Blackboard characters

Fedra Serif Pro has a limited set of blackboard characters, namely \mathbb{N} , \mathbb{Z} , \mathbb{Q} , \mathbb{R} , \mathbb{C} , \mathbb{k} and \mathbb{I} . To use these characters for the math blackboard alphabet \mathbb, set the option fedrabb. If this option is not selected, the AMS blackboard bold font is used instead, which has the advantage that all uppercase roman letters are available.

6 NFSS classification

Table 7 lists all fonts made available with this package. Parenthesised combinations are provided via substitutions.

7 Implementation

7.1 Options

We use xkeyval's key mechanism to declare all options.

- 1 (*package)
- 2 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
- 3 \newcommand*\fdrsf@boolkey[2]{%

```
4 \define@boolkey{fedraserif.sty}[fdrsf@]{#1}[true]{#2}%
5 }
6 \newcommand*\fdrsf@choicekey[3]{%
7 \define@choicekey*{fedraserif.sty}{#1}[\@tempa\@tempb]{#2}{#3}%
8 }
9 \newif\iffdrsf@text
10 \fdrsf@texttrue
11 \newif\iffdrsf@math
12 \fdrsf@mathtrue
```

Font selection

The package fedraserif-fd adapts the font definitions to the requested font set (see Section 9). So we simply pass on the relevant options. Additional care has to be taken to pass the right options to fdsymbol.

```
13 \fdrsf@choicekey{variant}{a,b,auto}{%
    \PassOptionsToPackage{variant=#1}{fedraserif-fd}%
    \ifcase\@tempb\relax
15
16
      \PassOptionsToPackage{largedelims}{fdsymbol}%
17
18
    \or
    \fi
19
20 }
21 \fdrsf@choicekey{normalweight}{book,demi,auto}{%
    \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=#1}{fedraserif-fd}%
   \ifcase\@tempb\relax
23
      \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=book}{fdsymbol}%
24
25
      \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=regular}{fdsymbol}%
26
27
      \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=auto}{fdsymbol}%
28
29
30 }
31 \fdrsf@choicekey{boldweight}{medium,bold,auto}{%
32 \PassOptionsToPackage{boldweight=#1}{fedraserif-fd}%
    \PassOptionsToPackage{boldweight=#1}{fdsymbol}%
34 }
The next option toggles the math font setup.
35 \fdrsf@boolkey{nomath}{%
    \iffdrsf@nomath\fdrsf@mathfalse\else\fdrsf@mathtrue\fi%
37 }
```

Figure style

```
38 \newcommand\fdrsf@family{FedraSerifPro}
39 \newcommand\fdrsf@textfig{LF}
40 \newcommand\fdrsf@mathfig{\fdrsf@textfig}
41 \newcommand\fdrsf@textfamily{\fdrsf@family-\fdrsf@textfig}
{\tt 42 \ lowcommand \ fdrsf@mathfamily \{\ fdrsf@family - \ fdrsf@mathfig\}}
43 \newcommand\fdrsf@mathtfamily{\fdrsf@family-T\fdrsf@mathfig}
44 \newcommand\fdrsf@mathshape{it}
45 \fdrsf@choicekey{figures}{text,osf,lining,lf}{%
    \ifcase\@tempb\relax
46
47
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{OsF}%
48
    \or
49
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{OsF}%
50
    \or
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{LF}%
51
52
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@textfig{LF}%
53
   \fi
54
55 }
56\fdrsf@boolkey{stdmathdigits}{%
    \iffdrsf@stdmathdigits
58
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@mathfig{LF}%
60 }
Math styles
61 \newif\iffdrsf@greek@upper@upright
62 \newif\iffdrsf@greek@lower@upright
63 \fdrsf@choicekey{math-style}{tex,iso,french}{%
    \ifcase\@tempb\relax
64
      \fdrsf@greek@upper@uprighttrue
65
      \fdrsf@greek@lower@uprightfalse
66
    \or
67
      \fdrsf@greek@upper@uprightfalse
68
      \fdrsf@greek@lower@uprightfalse
69
70
    \or
      \fdrsf@greek@upper@uprighttrue
71
      \fdrsf@greek@lower@uprighttrue
72
      \renewcommand\fdrsf@mathshape{n}
73
74
    \fi
```

Other options

75 }

This options redefines the blackboard bold alphabet to use Fedra Serif's blackboard letters.

```
76%
77 \fdrsf@boolkey{fedrabb}{%
   \iffdrsf@fedrabb
78
     \renewcommand\fdrsf@load@bb{%
79
      80
      \mbox{renewcommand}\Bbbk{\mathbb{k}}%
81
    }%
82
   \fi
83
84 }
85 \newcommand\fdrsf@load@bb{}
```

This option allows to use superior figures for footnote marks. If possible, we use the commands \deffootnotemark and \deffootnote provided by the KOMA-Script classes to change the formatting of footnote marks. Otherwise, we need to redefine \@makefnmark.

```
86 \fdrsf@boolkey{footnotemarks}{%
87
    \iffdrsf@footnotemarks
88
      \@ifundefined{deffootnotemark}{%
        \def\@makefnmark{%
89
90
           \begingroup
           \usefont{U}{\fdrsf@family-Extra}{m}{n}%
91
          \@thefnmark\kern0.1em%
92
           \endgroup
93
        }%
94
95
      }{%
        \deffootnotemark{%
96
97
          \begingroup
           \usefont{U}{\fdrsf@family-Extra}{m}{n}%
98
           \thefootnotemark
99
           \endgroup
100
        }%
101
102
      }%
      \@ifundefined{deffootnote}{}{%
103
        104
           \begingroup
105
           \usefont{U}{\fdrsf@family-Extra}{m}{n}%
106
           \thefootnotemark\kern0.1em%
107
           \endgroup
108
109
        }%
      }%
110
    \fi
111
112 }
```

Defaults

```
113 \ExecuteOptionsX{math-style=tex}
114 \ProcessOptionsX\relax
```

7.2 Font selection

```
115 \RequirePackage[scale=0.9]{fedraserif-fd}
116 \@ifpackageloaded{textcomp}{}{\RequirePackage{textcomp}}
117 \iffdrsf@text
118 \renewcommand\rmdefault{\fdrsf@textfamily}
119 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-LF}{1}
120 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-TLF}{1}
121 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-OsF}{1}
122 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{1}
```

In order to accommodate ligatures and glyph variants, we had to remove some glyphs from the standard encodings, but most of them can still be accessed through the TS1 encoding.

```
\AtBeginDocument{
123
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textcompwordmark}{T1}
124
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textvisiblespace}{T1}
125
126
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{T1}
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textpertenthousand}{T1}
127
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{T1}
128
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsection}{T1}
129
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textmu}{QX}
130
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\texteuro}{QX}
131
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textEuro}{QX}
132
133
       \let\textEuro\texteuro
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdagger}{QX}
134
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdaggerdbl}{QX}
135
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdegree}{QX}
136
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsection}{QX}
137
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textregistered}{QX}
138
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\copyright}{QX}
139
       \let\copyright\textcopyright
140
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdiv}{QX}
141
142
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textminus}{QX}
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\texttimes}{QX}
143
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textpm}{QX}
144
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textbullet}{QX}
145
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textcurrency}{QX}
146
147
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{QX}
148
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textanglearc}{QX}
       \UndeclareTextCommand{\textvisiblespace}{T5}
149
```

Additional currency symbols are stored in empty slots of the TS1 encoding.

\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcruzeiro}{TS1}{192}

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textfranc}{TS1}{193}
151
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textmill}{TS1}{194}
152
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textpeseta}{TS1}{195}
153
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrupee}{TS1}{196}
154
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsheqel}{TS1}{197}
155
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\textkip}{TS1}{198}
156
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttugrik}{TS1}{199}
157
158
       \DeclareTextSymbol{\texthryvnia}{TS1}{200}
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcruzeiro}{TS1}
159
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textfranc}{TS1}
160
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textmill}{TS1}
161
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textpeseta}{TS1}
162
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textrupee}{TS1}
163
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsheqel}{TS1}
164
165
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textkip}{TS1}
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttugrik}{TS1}
166
       \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texthryvnia}{TS1}
167
    }
168
169\fi
```

The font selection commands such as \figureversion, \textsw, and \textssc are provided by the fontaxes package.

```
170 \IffileExists{fontaxes.sty}{
171 \RequirePackage{fontaxes}[2007/03/31]
172 \let\oldstylenums\textfigures
173 }{}
```

7.3 Math font setup

We use FdSymbol for most mathematical symbols.

```
174\iffdrsf@math
175 \RequirePackage[scale=0.9]{fdsymbol}[2011/11/01]
```

Some math symbols are taken from the text font by fdsymbol. Use the correct math figure version for these.

```
176 \renewcommand\fdsy@text[1]{%
177 \ifx\fdsy@bold\math@version
178 \text{\usefont{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{b}{n}#1}%
179 \else
180 \text{\usefont{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{m}{n}#1}%
181 \fi
182 }
```

Redefine the standard math versions normal and bold.

```
183 \DeclareSymbolFont{operators}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{m}{n}
184 \SetSymbolFont{operators}{bold}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{b}{n}
185 \DeclareSymbolFont{letters}{OML}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{m}{\fdrsf@mathshape}
```

```
\DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{m}{n}
187
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{bold}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{b}{n}
188
    \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathit}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{m}{it}
189
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf{T1}_{\sigma}}{t} \
190
    \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathfamily}{b}{n}
Extra math versions tabular and boldtabular, which use tabular figures instead
of proportional ones. These math versions can be useful in tables.
     \DeclareMathVersion{tabular}
192
    \SetSymbolFont{operators}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{m}{n}
193
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{m}{n}
194
    \label{thm:condition} $$\operatorname{MathAlphabet}_{\mathcal{T}}_{T1}_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathrm{mathtfamily}_{m}_{it}}$$
195
     \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
196
    \DeclareMathVersion{boldtabular}
197
    198
    \SetSymbolFont{letters}{boldtabular}{OML}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{b}{\fdrsf@mathshape}
199
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
200
    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{it}
201
    \label{$$\T1}{\fdrsf@mathtfamily}{b}{n} $$
202
203
    \DeclareMathAccent{\grave}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"00}
    \DeclareMathAccent{\acute}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"01}
204
    \DeclareMathAccent{\hat}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"02}
205
    \DeclareMathAccent{\tilde}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"03}
206
207
     \DeclareMathAccent{\ddot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"04}
    \DeclareMathAccent{\mathring}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"06}
208
    \DeclareMathAccent{\check}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"07}
209
    \DeclareMathAccent{\breve}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"08}
210
    \DeclareMathAccent{\bar}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"09}
211
212
    \DeclareMathAccent{\dot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"0A}
    \let\hbar\undefined
213
     \DeclareMathSymbol{\hbar}{\mathord}{letters}{"AE}
214
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\uphbar}{\mathord}{letters}{"B6}
215
216
     \DeclareMathSymbol{\partial}{\mathord}{letters}{"40}
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\ell}{\mathord}{letters}{"60}
217
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\upell}{\mathord}{letters}{"B9}
218
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\slashedzero}{\mathord}{letters}{"B8}
219
    \let\mho\undefined
220
221
     \DeclareMathSymbol{\mho}{\mathord}{letters}{"BA}
    \DeclareMathSymbol{\nabla}{\mathord}{letters}{"BB}
222
     \DeclareRobustCommand{\lambdabar}{\middlebar\lambda}
223
    \label{lem:lembda} $$ \DeclareRobustCommand{\lambdaslash}{\mathbf {\middleslash}lambda} $$
```

\SetSymbolFont{letters}{bold}{OML}{\fdrsf@family-TOsF}{b}{\fdrsf@mathshape}

25 \fdrsf@load@bb

186

Execute the hook set up above to redefine the mathbb alphabet.

7.4 Greek and Hebrew letters

We provide three math-mode commands for each Greek letter: for italic, upright and the default.

```
\newcommand*{\fdrsf@greek@capital}[3]{
226
               \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
227
                    \expandafter{\csname it#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#2}
228
                \expandafter\DeclareMathSvmbol%
229
230
                    \expandafter{\csname up#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#3}
               \iffdrsf@greek@upper@upright
231
                 \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname up#1\endcsname
232
233
                 \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\csname it#1\endcsname
234
               \fi
235
236
          }
          \newcommand*{\fdrsf@greek@letter}[3]{
237
                \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
238
                    \expandafter{\csname it#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#2}
239
               \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
240
                    \expandafter{\csname up#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#3}
241
               \iffdrsf@greek@lower@upright
242
                 \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname up#1\endcsname
243
244
                \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\csname it#1\endcsname
245
246
               \fi
247
          }
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Gamma}{"00}{"80}
248
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Delta}{"01}{"81}
249
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Theta}{"02}{"82}
250
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Lambda}{"03}{"83}
251
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Xi}{"04}{"84}
252
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Pi}{"05}{"85}
253
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Sigma}{"06}{"86}
254
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Upsilon}{"07}{"87}
255
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Phi}{"08}{"88}
256
257
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Psi}{"09}{"89}
          \fdrsf@greek@capital{Omega}{"0A}{"8A}
258
          \fdrsf@greek@letter{alpha}{"0B}{"8B}
259
          \fdrsf@greek@letter{beta}{"0C}{"8C}
260
261
          \fdrsf@greek@letter{gamma}{"0D}{"8D}
          \fdrsf@greek@letter{delta}{"0E}{"8E}
          \footnote{Model} \foo
263
          \fdrsf@greek@letter{zeta}{"10}{"90}
264
          \fdrsf@greek@letter{eta}{"11}{"91}
265
          \fdrsf@greek@letter{theta}{"12}{"92}
266
```

```
\fdrsf@greek@letter{iota}{"13}{"93}
267
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{kappa}{"14}{"94}
268
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{lambda}{"15}{"95}
269
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{mu}{"16}{"96}
270
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{nu}{"17}{"97}
271
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{xi}{"18}{"98}
272
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{pi}{"19}{"99}
273
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{rho}{"1A}{"9A}
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{sigma}{"1B}{"9B}
275
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{tau}{"1C}{"9C}
276
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{upsilon}{"1D}{"9D}
277
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{phi}{"1E}{"9E}
278
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{chi}{"1F}{"9F}
279
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{psi}{"20}{"A0}
280
281
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{omega}{"21}{"A1}
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{varepsilon}{"22}{"A2}
282
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{vartheta}{"23}{"A3}
283
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{varpi}{"19}{"99}
284
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{varrho}{"1A}{"9A}
285
286
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{varsigma}{"26}{"A6}
     \fdrsf@greek@letter{varphi}{"27}{"A7}
287
```

Some of the following symbols are not really Greek letters, but they are treated in the same way.

```
288 \fdrsf@greek@letter{varbeta}{"A8}{"B0}
289 \fdrsf@greek@letter{varkappa}{"A9}{"B1}
290 \fdrsf@greek@letter{digamma}{"AA}{"B2}
291 \fdrsf@greek@letter{backepsilon}{"AB}{"B3}
292 \fdrsf@greek@letter{varbackepsilon}{"AC}{"B4}
293 \fdrsf@greek@letter{eth}{"AD}{"B5}
```

Hebrew letters are provided by FdSymbol, but we replace them with their Fedra counterparts.

```
294 \DeclareMathSymbol{\aleph}{\mathord}{letters}{"BC}
295 \DeclareMathSymbol{\beth}{\mathord}{letters}{"BD}
296 \DeclareMathSymbol{\gimel}{\mathord}{letters}{"BE}
297 \DeclareMathSymbol{\daleth}{\mathord}{letters}{"BF}
298 \fi
```

7.5 Bullet figures

We provide two commands to access Fedra's bullet figures.

```
299\iffdrsf@text
300 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@@openbullet}[2]{%
301 \ifx#2\end
```

```
\char3#1%
302
                                                      \let\next\@gobble
303
                                          \else
304
                                                      \char2#1\kern-0.02em%
305
                                                      \let\next\fdrsf@@openbullet
306
                                         \fi
307
                                          \next#2%
308
309
                            }
                             \newcommand*{\fdrsf@openbullet}[2]{%
310
311
                                          \fx#2\end
                                                     \char0#1%
312
                                                      \let\next\@gobble
313
314
                                          \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ens
                                                      \char1#1\kern-0.02em%
315
                                                      \let\next\fdrsf@@openbullet
316
                                          \fi
317
                                         \next#2%
318
                            }
319
                             \DeclareRobustCommand*{\openbullet}[1]{%
320
321
                                          \begingroup
                                          \label{local-problem} $$\sup_{U}{\sigma^{0}_{m}}_{m}^{m}_{m}^{m}. $$
322
                                          \ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremat
                                          \endgroup
324
                            }
325
                             \newcommand*{\fdrsf@@closedbullet}[2]{%
326
327
                                         \fx#2\end
                                                      \char7#1%
328
                                                      \let\next\@gobble
329
330
                                          \else
                                                      \char6#1\kern-0.02em%
331
                                                      \let\next\fdrsf@@closedbullet
332
                                         \fi
333
                                          \next#2%
334
335
                            }
                             \newcommand*{\fdrsf@closedbullet}[2]{%
336
                                          \ifx#2\end
337
                                                      \char4#1%
338
                                                      \let\next\@gobble
339
                                         \else
340
341
                                                      \char5#1\kern-0.02em%
                                                      \let\next\fdrsf@@closedbullet
342
343
                                         \fi
                                          \next#2%
344
345
                            }
                            \DeclareRobustCommand*{\closedbullet}[1]{%
```

```
347 \begingroup
348 \usefont{U}{\fdrsf@family-Pi}{m}{n}%
349 \edef\@tempa{#1}\expandafter\fdrsf@closedbullet\@tempa\end
350 \endgroup
351 }
352\fi
```

7.6 Superior and inferior figures

```
The following command converts numbers to inferior figures.
353 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@@inferior}[1]{%
                \ifx#1\end
                       \let\next\relax
355
356
                \else
                       \char"1#1%
357
                       \let\next\fdrsf@@inferior
358
                \fi
359
                \next
360
361 }
362 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@inferior}[1]{%
                \begingroup
                \ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf@@inferior}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt def}\ensuremath{\tt drsf}\ensuremath{\tt dr
364
365
                \endgroup
366 }
 \fdrsf@ensuretext switches to text mode, if necessary.
367 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@ensuretext}[1]{%
                \ifmmode
368
                       \fdsy@text{#1}%
369
                \else
370
                       #1%
371
                \fi
372
373 }
  We provide two commands for generating numerical fractions.
374 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@smallfrac}[2]{%
                \begingroup
               376
                \leavevmode
                \setbox\@tempboxa\vbox{%
378
379
                       \baselineskip\z@skip%
                       \lineskip.25ex%
380
                       \lineskiplimit-\maxdimen
381
                       \ialign{\hfil##\hfil\crcr
382
                             \vbox to 1.25ex{\vss\hbox{#1}\vskip.25ex}\crcr
383
                              \leavevmode\leaders\hrule height 0.91ex depth -0.87ex\hfill\crcr
384
```

```
\vtop to 1ex{\vbox{}\hbox{\fdrsf@inferior{#2}}\vss}\crcr
385
       \noalign{\vskip-1.2ex}}}%
386
   \box\@tempboxa
387
   \endgroup
388
389 }
390 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\smallfrac}[2]{%
   \footnote{Morsf@ensuretext{\kern0.08em\footnote{Morsf@smallfrac{#1}{#2}\kern0.1em}}}
392 }
393 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@slantfrac}[2]{%
   \begingroup
394
   #1\kern-0.05em/\kern0em\fdrsf@inferior{#2}%
397
   \endgroup
398 }
399 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\slantfrac}[2]{%
   401 }
```

7.7 Logos

```
402 \iffdrsf@text
     \DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeX}{L\kern-.26em%
       {\sbox\z@ T%
404
         \vbox to\ht\z@{\hbox{\check@mathfonts
405
           \fontsize\sf@size\z@
406
           \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
407
           A}%
408
409
         \vss}%
410
       }%
       \kern-.05em%
411
       \TeX
413
    }
414\fi
    Make the changes take effect. This concludes the main style file.
415 \iffdrsf@text
416 \normalfont
417 \fi
418 (/package)
```

8 Microtype configuration file

The microtype configuration. All four families use the same file (cf. section 9).

```
419 ⟨*mtcfg⟩
420 \SetProtrusion
```

```
[ name = FedraSerifPro-n ]
421
     {
        }
422
423
     {
        . = \{ ,700 \},
424
       {,}= { ,500},
425
        : = \{ ,500 \},
426
        ; = { ,300},
427
428
        ! = \{ ,100 \},
        ? = \{ ,100\},
429
        0 = \{50, 50\},\
430
        ^{\sim} = \{200, 250\},
431
       \% = \{50, 50\},\
432
433
        * = \{200, 200\},\
        + = \{250, 250\},\
434
435
        ( = \{100,
                     },
                             ) = {
                                      ,200},
        / = \{100, 200\},\
436
        - = \{600, 600\},\
437
        \textendash
                             = \{450, 450\},\
                                              \textemdash
                                                                   = \{260, 260\},\
438
        \textquoteleft
                             = \{300, 400\},\
                                              \textquoteright
                                                                   = \{300, 400\},\
439
440
        \textquotedblleft = {300,300},
                                              \textquotedblright = {300,300}
      }
441
442 \SetProtrusion
      [ name
                  = FedraSerifPro-OT1,
443
444
        load
                  = FedraSerifPro-n
      { encoding = {OT1},
445
446
       family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
        shape
                  = {n,sc,ssc} }
447
      { }
448
449\SetProtrusion
      [ name
                  = FedraSerifPro-T1,
450
        load
                  = FedraSerifPro-n
451
      { encoding = {T1,LY1},
452
453
       family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
                  = {n,sc,ssc} }
        shape
454
455
      {
        _{-} = \{100, 100\},
456
457
        \textbackslash
                             = \{100, 200\},\
458
        \quotesinglbase
                             = \{400, 400\},\
                                              \quotedblbase
                                                                   = \{400,400\},
        \guilsinglleft
                             = \{400,300\},\
                                              \guilsinglright
                                                                   = \{300,400\},
459
        \guillemotleft
                             = \{200, 200\},\
                                              \guillemotright
                                                                   = \{200, 200\},\
460
        \textexclamdown
                                              \text{textquestiondown} = \{100,
                            = {100,
461
                                      },
                                                                              },
462
        \textbraceleft
                             = \{400, 200\},\
                                              \textbraceright
                                                                   = \{200, 400\},\
        \textless
                             = \{200, 100\},\
                                              \textgreater
                                                                   = {100,200}
463
      }
464
```

```
465 \SetProtrusion
      [ name
                   = FedraSerifPro-QX,
466
                   = FedraSerifPro-n
467
         load
      { encoding = {QX},
468
        family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
469
470
         shape
                   = {n,sc,ssc} }
471
472
         _{-} = {100,100},
         \textbackslash
473
                              = \{100, 200\},\
                                                \textellipsis
                                                                      = \{100, 200\},\
474
         \textperiodcentered = {500,700},
                                               \quotedblbase
                                                                      = \{400, 400\},
         \textquotedbl
                              = \{400, 400\},\
                                                \textquotesingle
                                                                      = \{400,400\},
475
         \guillemotleft
                              = \{200, 200\},\
                                                \guillemotright
                                                                      = \{200, 200\},\
476
477
         \textexclamdown
                              = \{100,
                                        },
                                                \text{text}questiondown = {100,
         \textbraceleft
                              = \{400, 200\},\
                                                \textbraceright
                                                                      = \{200, 400\},
478
479
         \textless
                              = \{200, 100\},\
                                                \textgreater
                                                                      = \{100, 200\}
      }
480
481 \SetProtrusion
482
      [ name
                   = FedraSerifPro-T5,
                   = FedraSerifPro-n
         load
483
      \{ \text{ encoding = } \{T5\}, 
484
        family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
485
         shape
                   = {n,sc,ssc} }
486
487
      {
         _{-} = {100,100},
488
         \textbackslash
                              = \{100, 200\},\
489
490
         \quotesinglbase
                              = \{400, 400\},
                                                \quotedblbase
                                                                      = \{400, 400\},
491
         \guilsinglleft
                              = \{400,300\},
                                                \guilsinglright
                                                                      = \{300,400\},
         \guillemotleft
                              = \{200, 200\},\
                                                \guillemotright
                                                                      = \{200, 200\},\
492
         \textbraceleft
                              = \{400, 200\},
                                                \textbraceright
                                                                      = \{200, 400\},
493
         \textless
                              = \{200, 100\},\
                                                \textgreater
                                                                      = \{100, 200\}
494
      }
495
496 \SetProtrusion
     [ name
                  = FedraSerifPro-it ]
497
     {
         }
498
499
500
         . = \{ ,500 \},
        {,}= { ,500},
501
502
         : = \{ ,300 \},
503
         ; = { ,300},
         & = \{50, 50\},\
504
        \% = \{100, \},\
505
         * = \{200, 200\},\
506
         + = \{150, 200\},\
507
         0 = \{50, 50\},\
508
         ^{\sim} = \{150, 150\},
509
```

```
( = \{200, \},
                          ) = \{ ,200\},
510
        / = \{100, 200\},\
511
512
        - = \{630, 630\},\
                                              \textemdash
                                                                   = \{150, 150\},\
513
        \textendash
                             = \{200, 200\},\
        \textquoteleft
                             = \{400, 200\},\
                                              \textquoteright
                                                                   = \{400, 200\},\
514
515
        \text{textquotedblleft} = \{400, 200\},
                                              \textquotedblright = {400,200}
      }
516
517 \SetProtrusion
                 = FedraSerifPro-OT1-it.
     Γ name
518
519
       load
                 = FedraSerifPro-it
     { encoding = OT1,
520
      family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
521
                 = {it,scit,sscit,sw,scsw,sscsw} }
522
     { }
523
524 \SetProtrusion
      Γ name
                  = FedraSerifPro-T1-it.
525
        load
                  = FedraSerifPro-it
                                            ]
526
      { encoding = {T1,LY1},
527
       family = {FedraSerifPro-Osf,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOsf,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
528
        shape
                  = {it,sl,sw,scit,scsl,scsw} }
529
530
      {
        _{-} = { ,100},
531
        \textbackslash
                             = \{100, 200\},\
532
        \quotesinglbase
                             = \{300,700\},\
                                              \quotedblbase
                                                                   = \{400,500\},
533
        \guilsinglleft
                             = \{400, 400\},
                                              \guilsinglright
                                                                   = \{300, 500\},\
534
535
        \guillemotleft
                             = \{300, 300\},\
                                              \guillemotright
                                                                   = \{300,300\},\
        \textexclamdown
                                              \text{textquestiondown} = \{200,
                            = \{100, \},
536
                                                                              },
        \textbraceleft
                                              \textbraceright
                                                                   = \{200, 200\},\
537
                             = \{200, 100\},\
      }
538
539 \SetProtrusion
540
      [ name
                  = FedraSerifPro-QX-it,
        load
                  = FedraSerifPro-it
                                            ]
541
      { encoding = \{QX\},
542
       family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
543
                  = {it,sl,sw,scit,scsl,scsw} }
544
      {
545
        _{-} = { ,100},
546
        \textbackslash
                                              \textellipsis
                                                                   = \{100, 200\},\
547
                             = \{100, 200\},\
        \textperiodcentered = {500,700},
                                             \quotedblbase
                                                                   = \{400,500\},
548
549
        \textquotedbl
                             = \{400, 400\},
                                              \textquotesingle
                                                                   = \{400, 400\},
        \guillemotleft
                             = \{300, 300\},\
                                              \guillemotright
                                                                   = \{300,300\},
550
551
        \textexclamdown
                             = \{100,
                                       },
                                              \textquestiondown
                                                                   = \{200,
                                                                             },
        \textbraceleft
                             = \{200, 100\},\
                                              \textbraceright
                                                                   = \{200, 200\},\
552
553
      }
```

```
554 \SetProtrusion
      [ name
                 = FedraSerifPro-T5-it,
                = FedraSerifPro-it
556
        load
      \{ \text{ encoding } = \{T5\}, 
557
       family = {FedraSerifPro-OsF,FedraSerifPro-LF,FedraSerifPro-TOSF,FedraSerifPro-TLF},
558
        shape
                 = {it,sl,sw,scit,scsl,scsw} }
559
560
561
        _{-} = { ,100},
        \textbackslash
562
                          = \{100, 200\},\
        \quotesinglbase = \{300,700\},
                                           \quotedblbase
                                                               = \{400,500\},
563
        \guilsinglleft = \{400,400\},
                                           \guilsinglright
                                                             = {300,500},
564
        \guillemotleft = \{300,300\},
                                           \guillemotright = {300,300},
565
        \text{textbraceleft} = \{200, 100\},
                                           \textbraceright
                                                             = \{200, 200\},\
      }
567
568 (/mtcfg)
```

9 Font definition support package

As all font definitions look the same, we introduce macros to ease the configuration. These macros are stored in the file fedraserif-fd.sty, which is included by every FD file. Since fedraserif-fd.sty will be included several times and we do not know in which context the code is executed, we have to define all non-private commands as globals and avoid all \preambleonly commands.

We add a guard so that this file is executed only once even if it is included multiple times.

```
569 (*fontdef)
570 \ifx\fdrsf@variant@normal\@undefined\else\endinput\fi
```

We distinguish between being loaded directly or via \usepackage in the preamble by checking \@nodocument.

```
571 \ifx\@nodocument\relax\else
572 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
573 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
574 \fi
```

Reset \escapechar (which is set to -1 in FD files) to make \newcommand work. The additional group does not harm; we have to make the important commands global anyway.

```
575 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
576 \begingroup
577 \escapechar'\\
578 \fi
```

The macro to make commands global is taken from the otfontdef package.

```
579 \newcommand*\fdrsf@makeglobal[1]{%
580 \global\expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname
581 \csname #1\endcsname
582 }
```

9.1 Options

These are the default values if it is impossible to process options.

```
583 \newcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{A}
584 \newcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{A}
585 \newcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Book}
586 \newcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Book}
587 \newcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Medium}
588 \newcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Medium}
589 \newcommand\fdrsf@scale{1.0}
590 \ifx\@nodocument\relax\else
     \newcommand*\fdrsf@fd@choicekey[3]{%
591
       \define@choicekey*{fedraserif-fd.sty}{#1}[\@tempa\@tempb]{#2}{#3}%
592
593
    }
     \fdrsf@fd@choicekey{variant}{a,b,auto}{%
594
       \ifcase\@tempb\relax
595
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{A}
596
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{A}
597
       \or
598
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{B}
599
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{B}
600
601
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@normal{A}
602
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@variant@large{B}
603
604
       \fi
    }
605
     \fdrsf@fd@choicekey{normalweight}{book,demi,auto}{%
606
       \ifcase\@tempb\relax
607
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Book}
608
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Book}
609
610
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Demi}
611
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Demi}
612
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@normal{Book}
614
615
         \renewcommand\fdrsf@mweight@small{Demi}
       \fi
616
    }
617
     \fdrsf@fd@choicekey{boldweight}{medium,bold,auto}{%
```

```
\ifcase\@tempb\relax
619
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Medium}
620
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Medium}
621
622
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Bold}
623
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Bold}
624
625
626
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@normal{Medium}
        \renewcommand\fdrsf@bweight@small{Bold}
627
      \fi
628
629
    630
    \ProcessOptionsX\relax
631
632\fi
633 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@variant@normal}
634 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@variant@large}
635 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@mweight@normal}
636 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@mweight@small}
637 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@bweight@normal}
638 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@bweight@small}
639 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@scale}
```

9.2 Font configuration

We define commands to write to and read from the configuration database.

```
640 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@addconfig}[4][]{%
     \@for\@tempa:=#3\do{%
641
       \expandafter
642
       \gdef\csname fdrsf@config@#2@#1@\@tempa\endcsname{#4}%
643
644
    }%
645 }
646 \newcommand*{\fdrsf@useconfig}[3]{%
    \@ifundefined{fdrsf@config@#2@#1@#3}{%
      \@ifundefined{fdrsf@config@#2@@#3}{}%
648
        {\csname fdrsf@config@#2@@#3\endcsname}%
649
650
    }{\csname fdrsf@config@#2@#1@#3\endcsname}%
651 }
652 \fdrsf@makeglobal{fdrsf@useconfig}
Now we can build up the configuration database.
653 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{sl}{Book}
654 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{sl}{Book}
655 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{m}{\fdrsf@mweight@normal}
656 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{m}{\fdrsf@mweight@small}
657 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{md}{Demi}
```

```
658 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{md}{Demi}
659 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{sb}{Medium}
660 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{sb}{Medium}
661 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{b}{\fdrsf@bweight@normal}
662 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{b}{\fdrsf@bweight@small}
663 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/small}{ub}{Bold}
664 \fdrsf@addconfig{weight/normal}{ub}{Bold}
665 \fdrsf@addconfig{subs/series}{bx}{b}
666 \fdrsf@addconfig{italic}{it,scit,sscit,sw,scsw,sscsw}{Italic}
667 \fdrsf@addconfig[OML]{italic}{n}{French}
668 \fdrsf@addconfig[OML]{italic}{it}{Mixed}
669 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{sc,scit}{-sc}
670 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{ssc,sscit}{-ssc}
671 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{sw}{-sw}
672 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{scsw}{-scsw}
673 \fdrsf@addconfig{shape}{sscsw}{-sscsw}
674 \fdrsf@addconfig{subs/shape}{sl}{it}
675 \fdrsf@addconfig{subs/shape}{scsl}{scit}
676 \fdrsf@addconfig{subs/shape}{sscsl}{sscit}
This is the main macro to declare a single font shape.
677 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSerifShape[4]{%
     \edef\@@tempa{\fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{subs/series}{#3}}%
678
     \edef\@@tempb{\fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{subs/shape}{#4}}%
679
     \ifx\@@tempa\empty\ifx\@@tempb\empty
680
       \DeclareFontShape{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{#3}{#4}{%
681
         <-7.1>s*[\fdrsf@scale]%
682
           FSerPro\fdrsf@variant@normal-%
683
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{weight/small}{#3}%
684
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{italic}{#4}-#2%
685
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{shape}{#4}-#1%
686
         <7.1-12.1>s*[\fdrsf@scale]%
687
           FSerPro\fdrsf@variant@normal-%
688
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{weight/normal}{#3}%
689
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{italic}{#4}-#2%
690
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{shape}{#4}-#1%
691
         <12.1->s*[\fdrsf@scale]%
692
           FSerPro\fdrsf@variant@large-%
693
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{weight/normal}{#3}%
694
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{italic}{#4}-#2%
695
           \fdrsf@useconfig{#1}{shape}{#4}-#1%
696
       }{}%
697
     \else
698
       \DeclareFontShape{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{#3}{#4}{%
699
         <->ssub* FedraSerifPro-#2/#3/\@@tempb
700
701
       }{}%
```

```
\fi\else
702
       \DeclareFontShape{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{#3}{#4}{%
703
         <->ssub* FedraSerifPro-#2/\@@tempa/#4%
704
705
       }{}%
    \fi
706
707 }
708 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifShape}
Finally, we provide commands to declare a complete family.
709 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSerifFamily[4]{%
     \DeclareFontFamily{#1}{FedraSerifPro-#2}{}%
     \@for\fdrsf@series:=#3\do{%
711
       \@for\fdrsf@shape:=#4\do{%
712
         \DeclareFedraSerifShape{#1}{#2}{\fdrsf@series}{\fdrsf@shape}%
713
714
       }%
    }%
715
716 }
717 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifFamily}
718 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily[2]{%
     \DeclareFedraSerifFamily{#1}{#2}{sl,m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}%
       {n,it,sc,ssc,scit,sscit,sw,scsw,sscsw,sl,scsl,sscsl}%
720
721 }
722 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily}
723 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSerifSmallFamily[2]{%
     \DeclareFedraSerifFamily{#1}{#2}{sl,m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}{n,it,sl}%
725 }
726 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifSmallFamily}
727 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSerifTinyFamily[2]{%
     \DeclareFedraSerifFamily{#1}{#2}{sl,m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}{n}%
728
729 }
730 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifTinyFamily}
731 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily[1]{%
     \def\ensuremath{\def}\
732
     \def\@tempb{TOsF}%
     \DeclareFontFamily{OML}{FedraSerifPro-#1}{\skewchar\font=127}%
734
     \@for\fdrsf@series:=m,md,sb,b,bx,ub\do{%
735
       \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc defor\fdrsf@shape:=n,it\do{\%}}}
736
         \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
737
           \DeclareFedraSerifShape{OML}{TOsF}{\fdrsf@series}{\fdrsf@shape}%
738
         \else
739
         \DeclareFontShape{OML}{FedraSerifPro-#1}{\fdrsf@series}{\fdrsf@shape}{%
740
             <->ssub* FedraSerifPro-TOsF/\fdrsf@series/\fdrsf@shape
741
           }{}%
742
         \fi
743
       }%
744
    }%
745
```

```
746 }
747 \fdrsf@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily}
```

We define font family aliases so that we can place all configurations for the FedraSerifPro family variants into one microtype file: mt-FedraSerifPro.cfg. We use microtype's hook if microtype has not been loaded yet (which should be the case); otherwise we can execute the alias definitions directly.

```
748 \gdef\fdrsf@MicroType@Aliases{%
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-LF}{FedraSerifPro}%
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-OsF}{FedraSerifPro}%
750
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-TLF}{FedraSerifPro}%
751
    \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSerifPro-TOsF}{FedraSerifPro}%
752
753 }
754 \@ifundefined{Microtype@Hook}{%
    \global\let\Microtype@Hook\fdrsf@MicroType@Aliases
756 }{%
    \g@addto@macro\Microtype@Hook{\fdrsf@Microtype@Aliases}%
757
759 \@ifundefined{DeclareMicroTypeAlias}{}{\fdrsf@MicroType@Aliases}%
760 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
    \endgroup
762\fi
763 (/fontdef)
```

10 Font definition files

Using the above macros, the various FD files become simple two-liners.

```
765 \input{fedraserif-fd.sty}
766 (ot1 & If)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{OT1}{LF}
767 (ot1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{0T1}{0sF}
768 (ot1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{OT1}{TLF}
769 (ot1 & tosf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{OT1}{TOsF}
770 (t1 & If)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{LF}
771 (t1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{OsF}
772 (t1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{TLF}
773 (t1 & tosf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T1}{T0sF}
774 (ts1 & If)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{TS1}{LF}
775 (ts1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{TS1}{OsF}
776 (ts1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{TS1}{TLF}
777 (ts1 & tosf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{TS1}{TOsF}
778 (ly1 & lf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{LY1}{LF}
779 (ly1 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{LY1}{OsF}
780 (ly1 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{LY1}{TLF}
```

```
781 \langle ly1 \& tosf \rangle \setminus DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily\{LY1\}\{TOsF\}
782 \langle qx \& lf \rangle \ ClareFedraSerifLargeFamily{QX}{LF}
783 \(\qx \& \osf\)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily\(\{QX\)\{\}(0sF\)
784 (qx & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{QX}{TLF}
\label{eq:condition} \mbox{785} \mbox{$\langle$qx \& tosf\rangle$\localereFedraSerifLargeFamily{QX}{TOsF}$}
786 (t5 & If)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T5}{LF}
787 (t5 & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T5}{OsF}
788 (t5 & tlf)\DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T5}{TLF}
789 (t5 \& tosf) DeclareFedraSerifLargeFamily{T5}{T0sF}
790 (oml & If)\DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily{LF}
791 (oml & osf)\DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily{OsF}
792 \( \com \& tlf \)\\ DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily\{TLF\}
793 (oml & tosf)\DeclareFedraSerifMathFamily{T0sF}
794 \langle u \& extra \rangle \setminus DeclareFedraSerifSmallFamily{U}{Extra}
795 (u & orn)\DeclareFedraSerifTinyFamily{U}{Pi}
796 \langle u \& bb \rangle \DeclareFedraSerifFamily{U}{BB}{m}{n}
797 (/fd)
```