Unit Testing in Python

What is a Unit Test?

- A unit test is a small program that:
 - Calls a function with specific inputs
 - Checks if the output matches what you expect
- In Python, we often use the unittest module for this.

Why Write Unit Tests?

- Help clarify what you want the code to do.
 - Especially useful when working with an Al assistant!
 - Write tests before you write the corresponding code (Test-Driven Development).
- Check that our code works as expected.
- Catch bugs early.
- Make it safer to change code.
 - You can rerun all your past tests to make sure they still pass.
- Provide documentation for how the code is supposed to work.

Example: Testing a Function

```
def longer_string(a, b):
    if len(a) > len(b):
        return a
    else:
        return b
```

```
import unittest

class TestLongerString(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_longer(self):
        self.assertEqual(longer_string("cat", "giraffe"), "giraffe")
```

How to Run Unit Tests

- Save your tests in a file (e.g., test_example.py)
- Run in the terminal:

```
python -m unittest test_example.py
```

- Passing tests show a dot (.)
- Failing tests show an F and an error message

How to Write Unit Tests

ask your Al assistant!

Please add a test for longer_string that checks that it returns the first string when both strings are the same length.

• Discussion question: why might we care that it returns the first string when they're the same length?

Unit Tests for ADVENT

- See session03/unit-tests.md
- Exercise: what do each of the tests check for?
 - Not sure? Ask your Al assistant!
- Run the tests

```
python -m unittest discover
```

discover: run all tests in the current directory and subdirectories

Discussion Question

- What is the role of the setUp function?
- Are the tests checking the behavior of just the functions? What else are they checking?

Let's Add a Test

Let's specify what should happen if the user tries to move in a direction where there's no exit

- The game should inform the player that they can't go that way.
- And leave them where they are.

```
Please add another test, for moving in a direction with no exit. In the initial state, the player is in the cave, and it only has a north exit. Let's test that if the player tries to move east, they get a message saying they can't go that way.
```

```
def test_move_invalid_direction(self) -> None:
    # In the initial state, the player is in the cave, which only has a north exit.
    result: str = self.game.move("east")
    # The correct behavior would be to get a message saying you can't go that way and stay in the cave.
    self.assertIn("can't go that way", result.lower())
    self.assertEqual(self.game.current_room, "cave")
```

Debugging

What happens when we run the test?

Cut and paste the error into your chat with the Al assistant to get help diagnosing and fixing. Rerun the tests to check whether its fix worked.

Practice: Create More Tests

- What else should we be testing for?
 - Think about things that should happen, desired behaviors.
 - Also what shouldn't happen.
 - What could cause an error?
 - What would be player cheats, letting them do things they shouldn't be able to do?
- This is a design exercise. It requires creativity.
 - It's worth thinking this through yourself, but the Al assistant can help brainstorm.
 - Use your own judgment about which ideas to pursue.