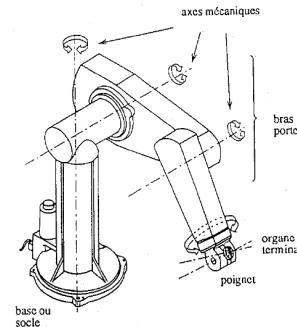


Robotics lecture

- Lecture organization (57h)
 - 16h lecture
 - 9h tutorial
 - 32h lab



Représentation schématique d'un robot industriel

Contact
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Robotics lecture

**What do you know about
Robotics?**

Robotics lecture

NASA definition:

Robotics is the study of robots. Robots are machines that can be used to do jobs. Some robots can do work by themselves. Other robots must always have a person telling them what to do

General definition:

*A science that deals with techniques and methods allowing to design, **model**, control and **program** robots.*

Lecture content (UE robotics)

- **Description** : This lecture comprises two parts. The first one focuses on the basic notions of conventional robotics, in particular serial industrial robots (introduction to robotics, FKM, IKM...). The second part deals with the advanced notions of robotics related to dynamic modeling and robot control (dynamic modeling, control, trajectory generation...)
- **Objectives** :
 - ✓ Acquire the basic notion of robotics,
 - ✓ Define, integrate and exploit a robot within a production environment,
 - ✓ Implement innovative robotics applications,
 - ✓ Acquire the basic notions for the design of innovative robots kinematics.

Lecture content (UE robotics)

Part I (general robotics, 9h lecture, 6h tutorial, 16h lab)

- Introduction to robotics: definitions, robots typologies and types of applications,
- Vocabulary and terminology of robotics,
- Forward and inverse kinematics models,
- Velocity kinematics model.

Part II (advanced robotics, 7h lecture, 3h tutorial, 16h lab)

- Dynamic modeling,
- Robot control and trajectory generation,
- Accuracy and repeatability, tool measurement and calibration.

Reference

- 1- Wisama Khalil et Etienne Dombre, "**Modélisation identification et commandes des robots**", 2 eme edition, Hermès, 1999.
- 2- Mark W. Spong, Seth Hutchinson, and M. Vidyasagar, "**Robot Dynamics and Control**" Second Edition, 2004.



Etyymology

Robot

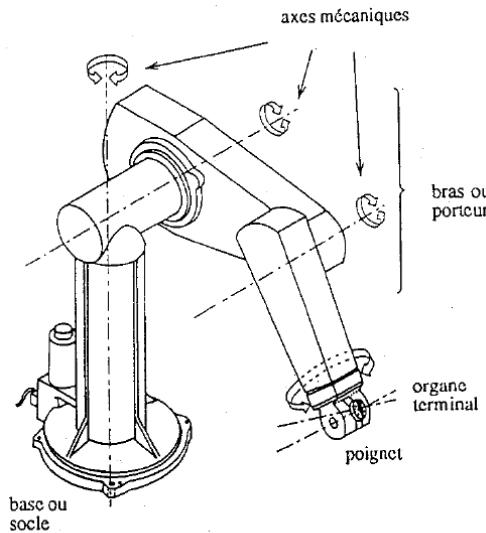
From czech "robot" (forced work, corvee)

(from bulgarian, robu = servant)

work = rabota (russian), arbeit (German)

Definition

Robot is an articulated structure with several parts. Each part is actuated with a motor and controlled by a computer.



Représentation schématique d'un robot industriel

Robot is a programmable mechatronics machine equipped with perception (encoders, position sensor, vision sensors, camera, force and torque sensors), interpretation (unit control and algorithm) and action mechanisms (actuators: motors) that allow to act on the physical environment.

Definition

Norme ISO 8373

Robot industriel pour la manipulation:

« robot pour **manipulation programmable de trois axes ou plus, à usage multiple, contrôlé automatiquement, reprogrammable, qui peut être mobile ou fixe lors de son utilisation automatique.** »

ISO 8373 norm

Industrial robot for manipulation:

« **programmable robot for manipulation having three axis or more, with a multiple use, automatic control and can be fix or mobile during its automatic use.** »

Definition

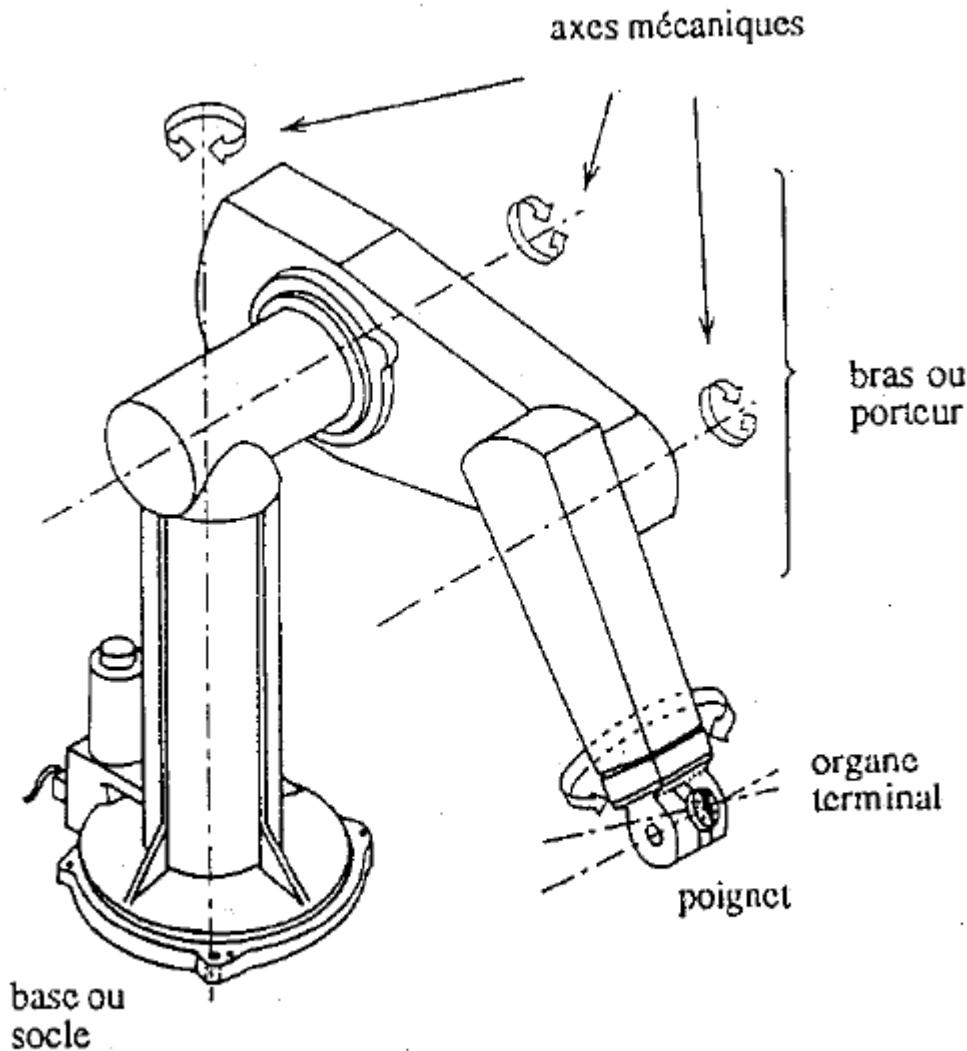
Robot de service :

«*robot mi ou totalement autonome accomplissant des services utiles au bien-être de l’homme et aussi utilisés sur du matériel, à l’exception des tâches industrielles.*»

Service robot:

«*Sub or totally autonomous robot achieving services for human care and can be combined with mobile platform, except industrial tasks.*»

Vocabulary



- Base (base)
- Robot arm (porteur)
- Wrist (poignet)
- Active link (liaison active)
- Passive link (liaison passive)
- configuration coordinates
(coordonnées articulaires)
- Operational coordinates
(coordonnées opérationnelles)

Usual industrial robots configurations

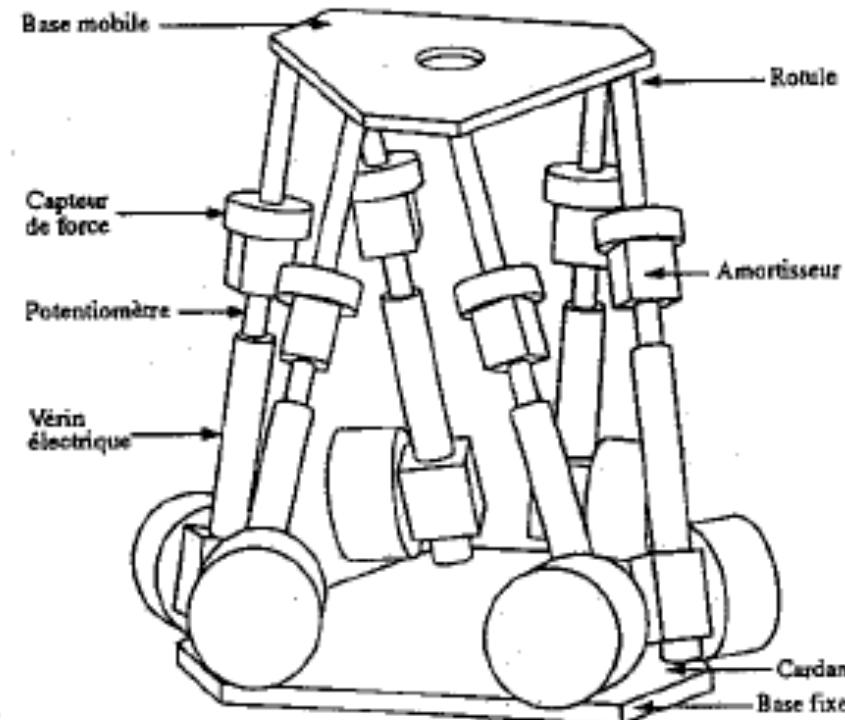


Plate-forme de Stewart

Robot with open kinematics
(Serial robots)

Robot with closed kinematics
(Parallel robots)

Serial robots



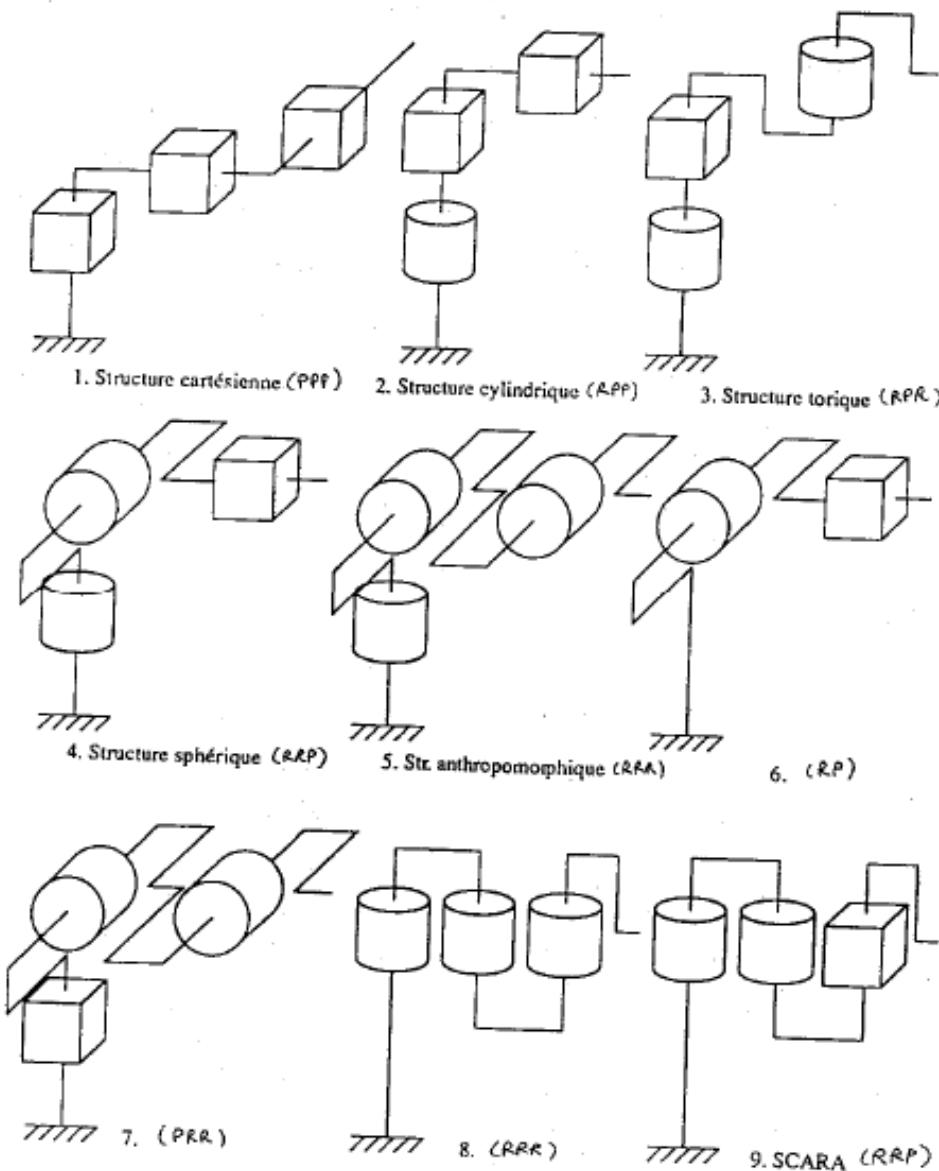
STÄUBLI TX90



COBRA s350

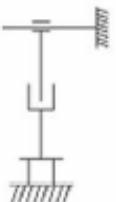
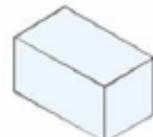
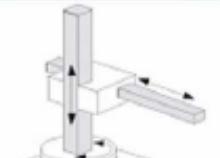
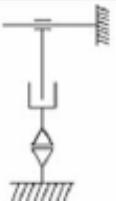
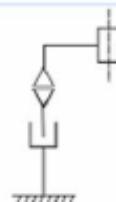
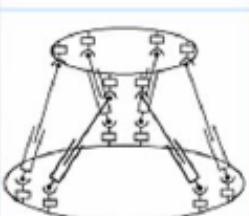
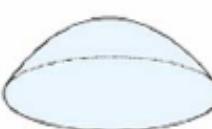
Serial robot : Open kinematics mechanism where the end effector is connected to the base with a series of rigid links. Each link is connected to the previous link through a one degree of freedom articulation (revolute or prismatic joint).

Holder with open kinematic chain



(R : rotatoire, P : prismatique)

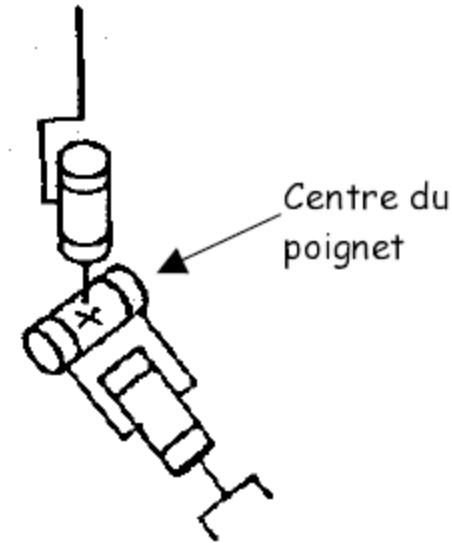
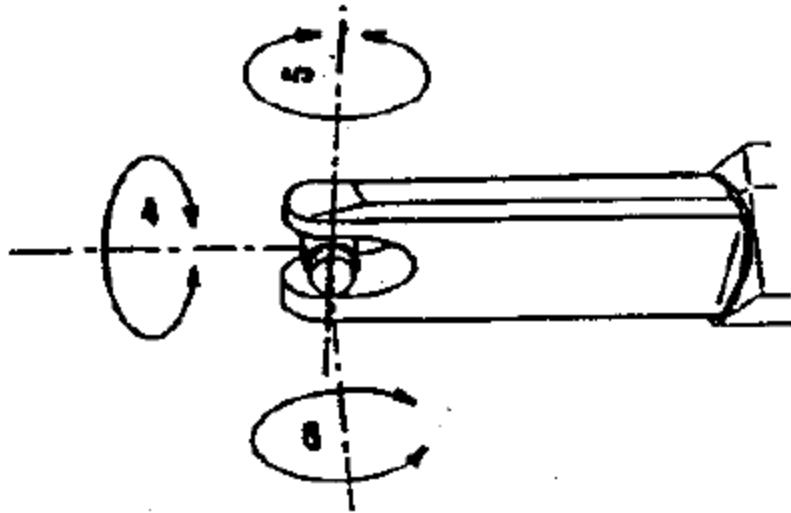
Holder with open kinematic chain

Robot	Axes		Examples
	Principle	Kinematic Structure	
Cartesian Robot			 
Cylindrical Robot			 
SCARA Robot			 
Articulated Robot			 
Parallel Robot			 

Wrist configuration

Depending on the application, we can find a wrist with one, two or three joints.

Intersecting axes

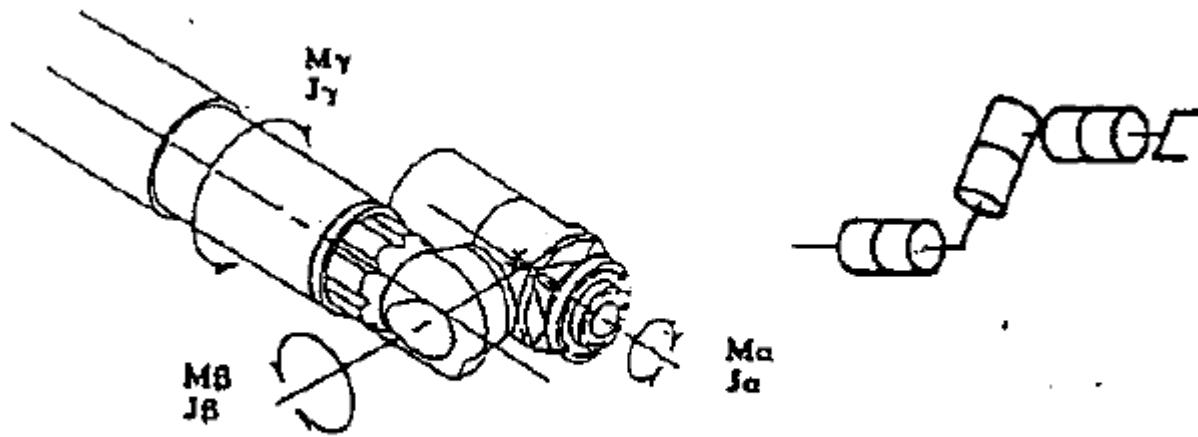


Trois axes concourants

This configuration is equivalent to a spherical joint. It allows a random orientation of the wrist. This may simplify the robot control since the center of the wrist is fix relative to the robot arm. Therefore, its position depends only on the robot arm position.

Wrist configuration

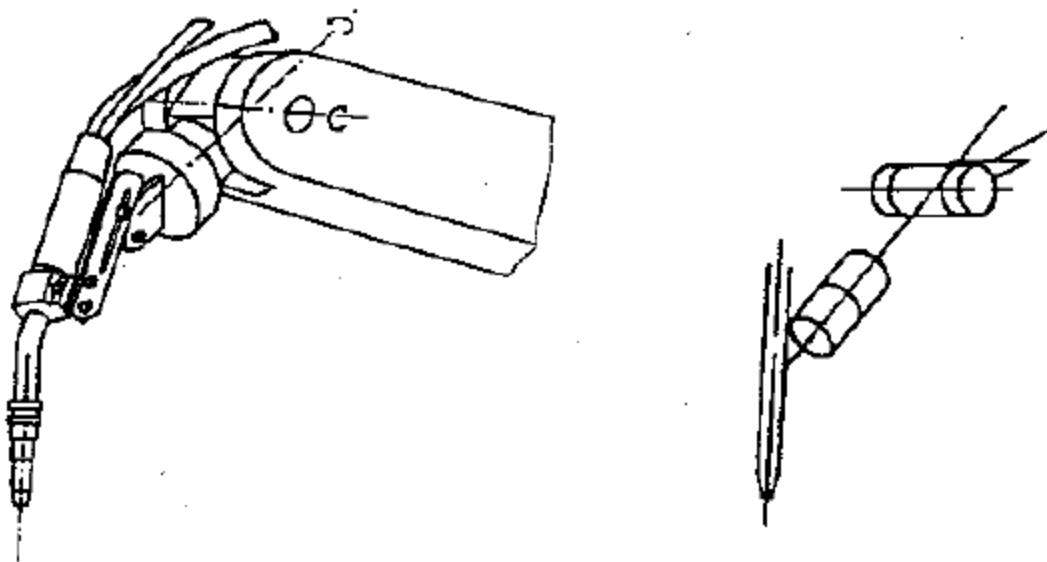
Non-intersecting axes



Trois axes non concourants

Wide angle joint but control is complex

Wrist configuration



Deux axes

Example of serial robots



ROBOT PORTIQUE COMAU

Example of serial robots



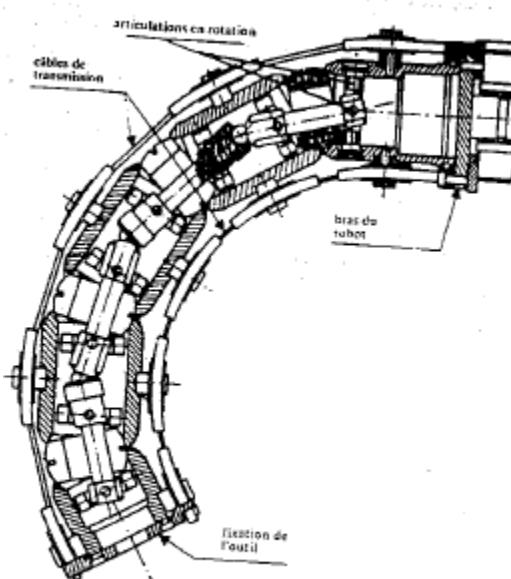
KUKA KR 5 sixx R650
(débrayable par mesure des efforts)

Example of serial robots



KUKA LWR (Light-Weight Robot),
5 kg, 7 axes

Redundant structures



Structure ouverte redondante

«Elephant trunk structure »

Example of serial robots



Motoman SIA20

Example of serial robots

Adept SCARA

Kuka LWR 1

Adept COBRA

Kuka LWR 2

Mitsubishi RP-1AH

Motoman SIA20

Stäubli 1

Stäubli 2

Stäubli 3

Adept

PHL

Parallel robots

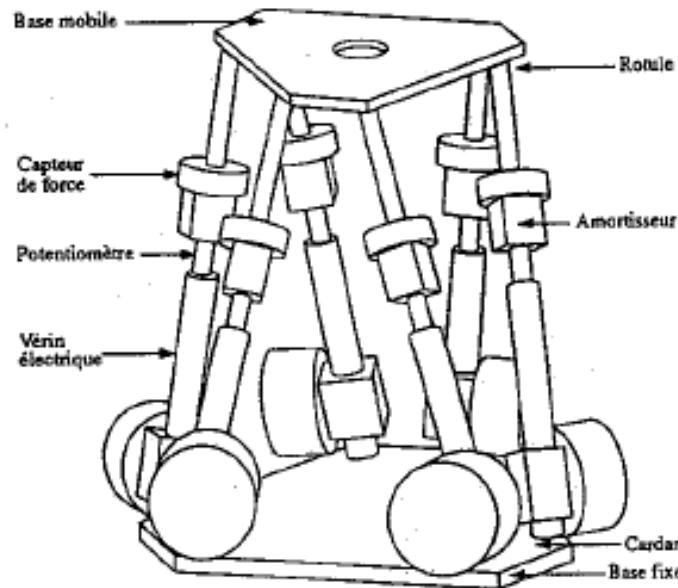
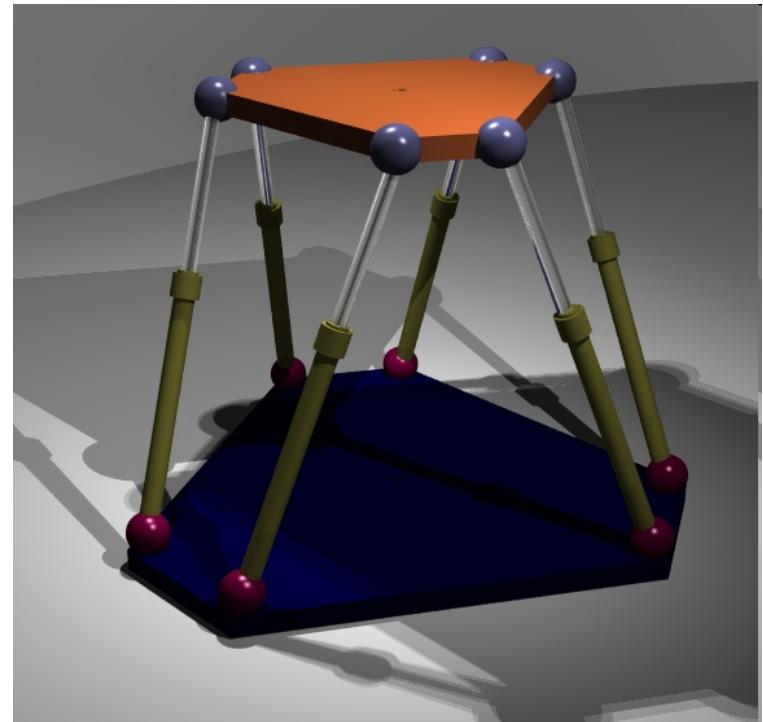
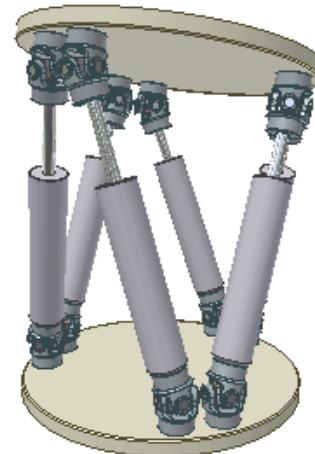


Plate-forme de Stewart



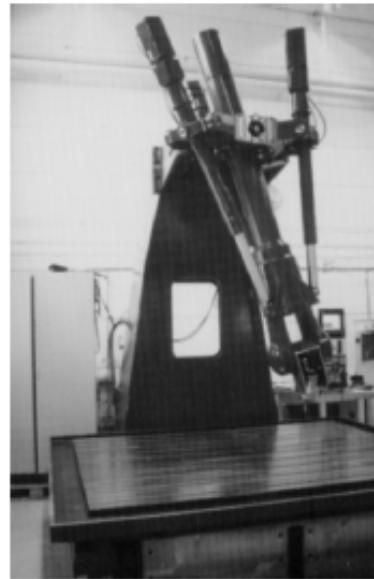
Parallel robots : Closed kinematic chain where the end effector is linked to the base through independent kinematic chains.



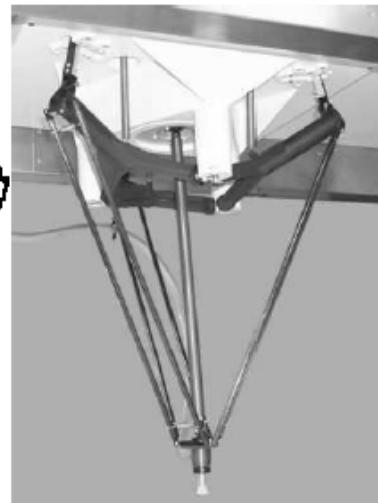
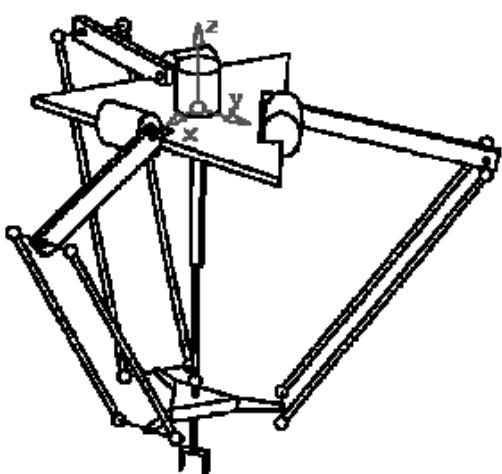
Parallel robots



IRB 360 ABB



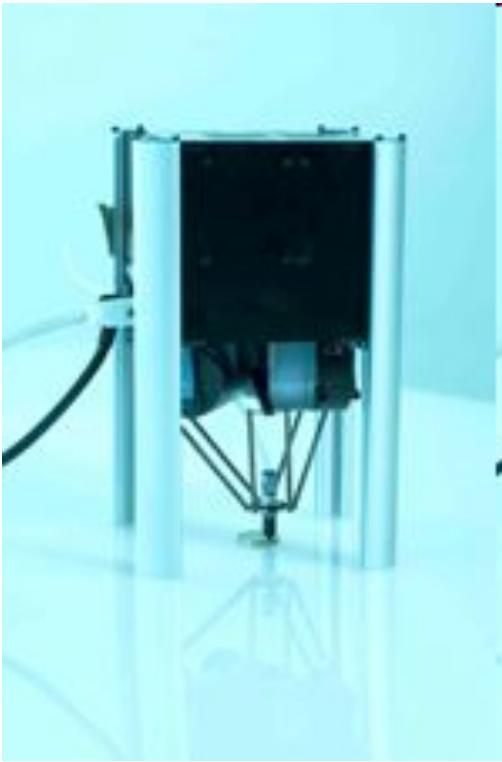
Robot Tricept (Comau)



Robot Delta (Demaurex)



Parallel robots



Pocket Delta (www.asyri.ch)

3 axes (x,y,z)

Repeatability : ± 0.0025 mm

Achievable domain (workspace): $\varnothing 80$ mm - z: 30 mm



FANUC F-200iB

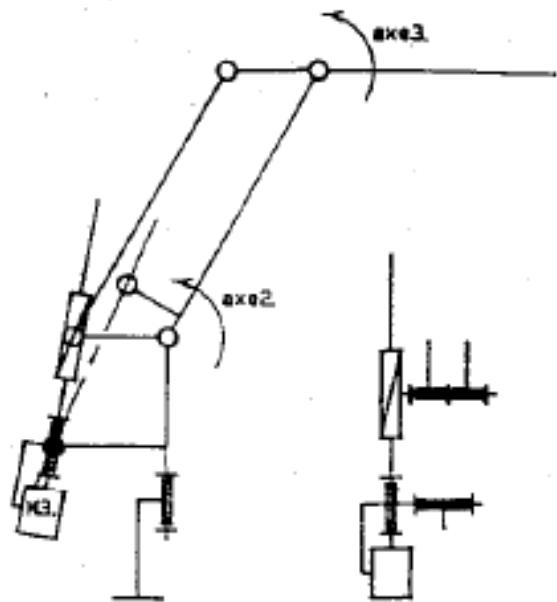
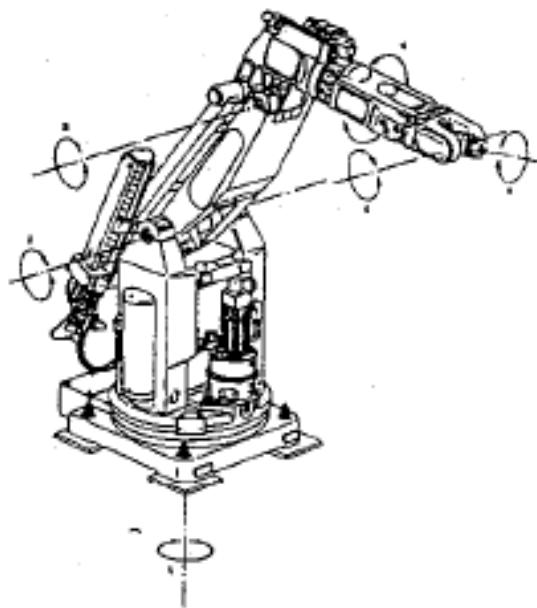


Parallel robots



ADEPT QUATTRO

Parallel robots



Robot à parallélogramme

Parallel robots

ABB IRB340 1

ABB IRB340 2

ABB IRB340 3

ABB IRB340 4

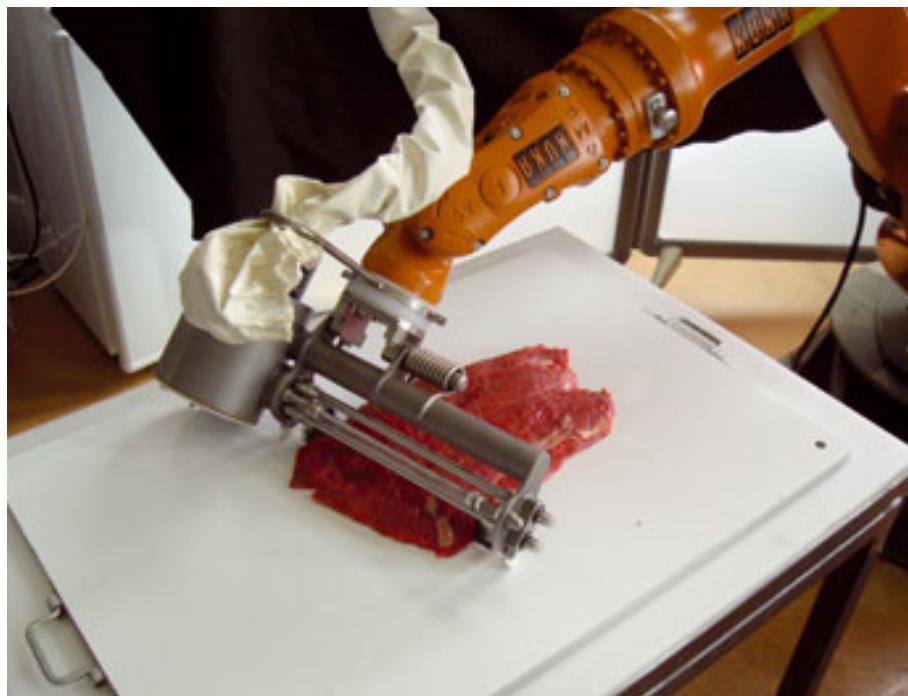
ADEPT QUATTRO

Example



Prise et dépose à la volée par FlexPicker IRB 340 (préhenseurs développés sur-mesure), société Bifi (Groupe Unilever), permet d'atteindre des cadences de production élevées. Il s'agit de prendre jusqu'à 6 types différents de saucisses sur un convoyeur.

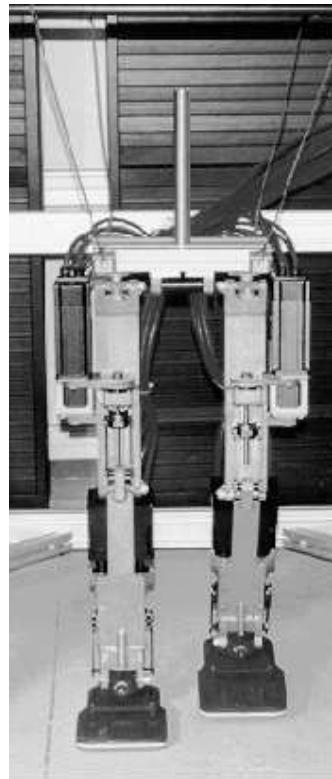
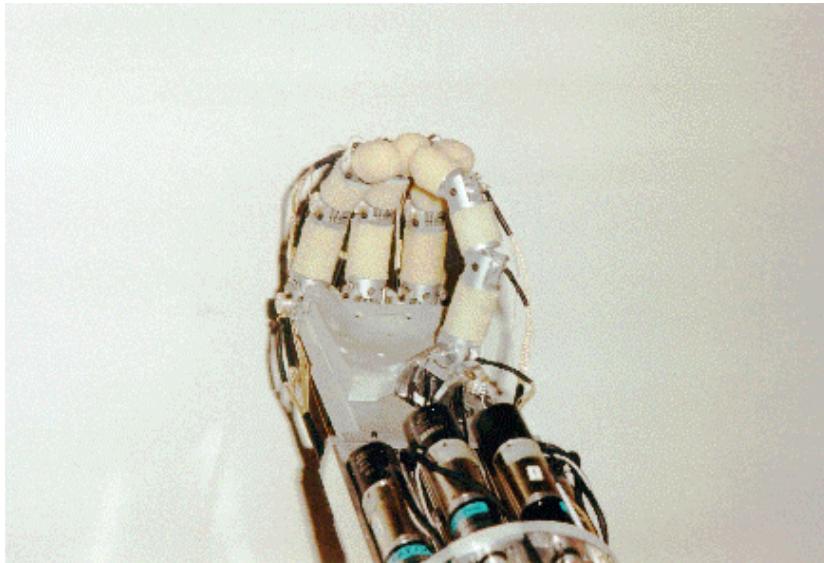
Example



[Robot boucher](#), Alci SAS www.alci.fr

Manual cutting (5°C, 80% of humidity) : 100 kg/h, 10% of error
Robotic cutting: 250 kg/h, 5% of error

Robots with tree kinematics

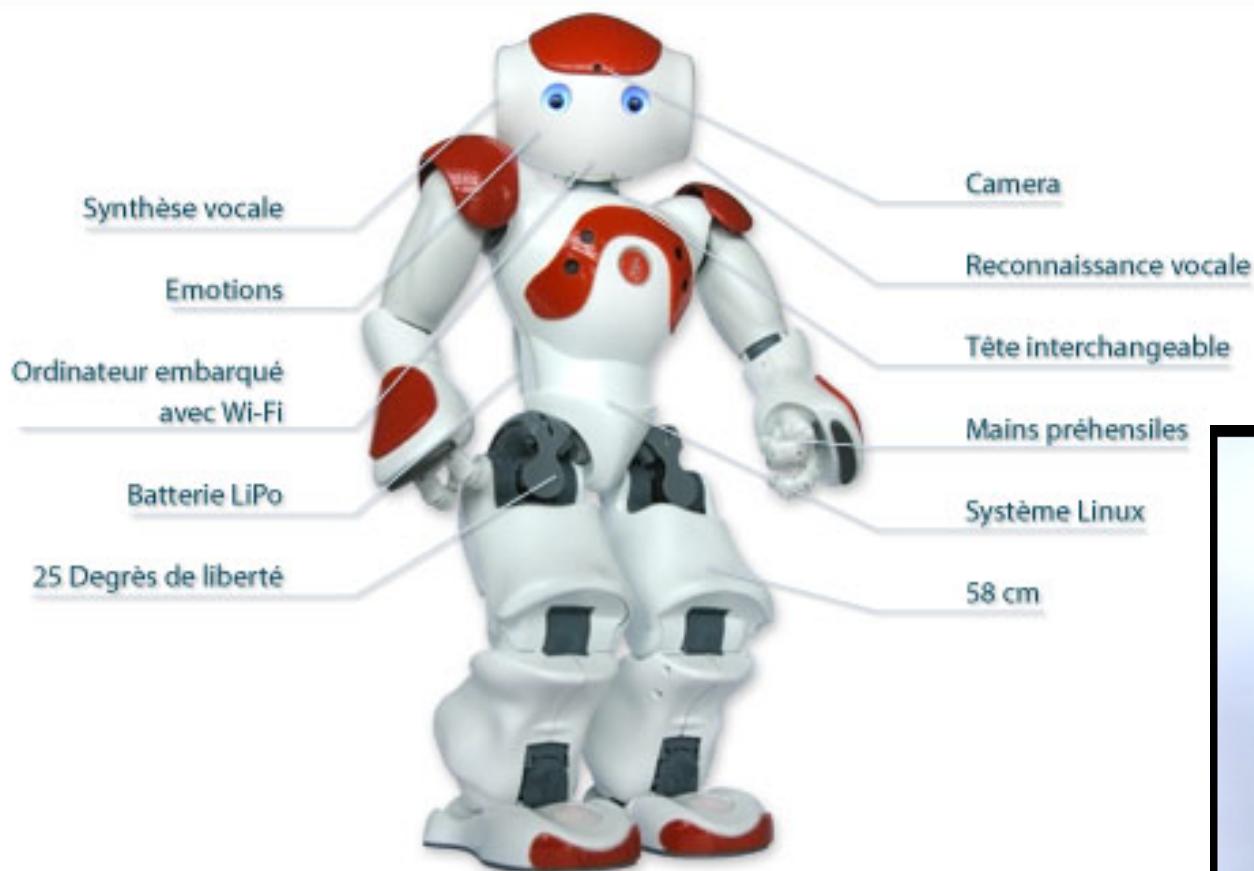


Main articulée et robot bipède, LMS Poitiers



AIBO Sony

Robots with tree kinematics



Nao Robot (Aldebaran Robotics)
www.aldebaran-robotics.com

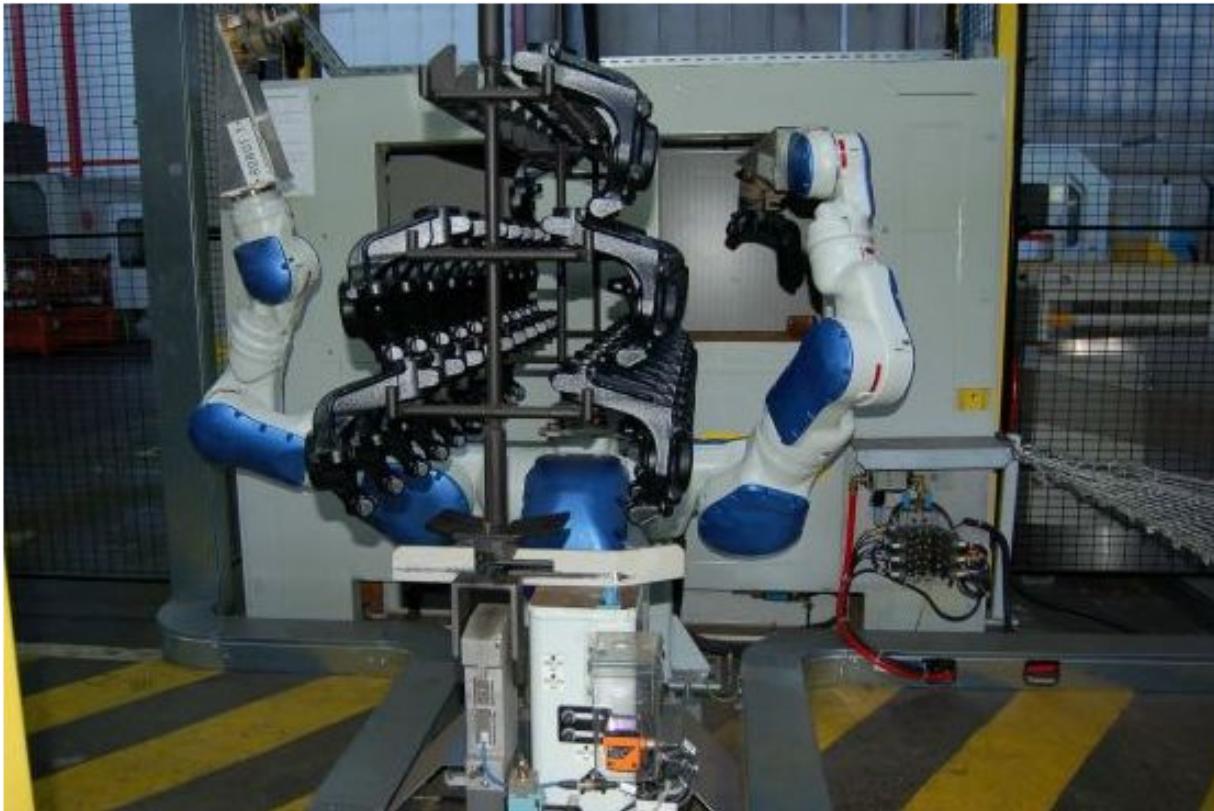


Robots with tree kinematics



MOTOMAN – DA20
13 axes (=2x6 + 1)

Robots with tree kinematics



Robot programming

Off line programming



A bit of history

1947

First mechanical tele manipulator de Goertz



1950

Isaac Asimov, "Les robots"



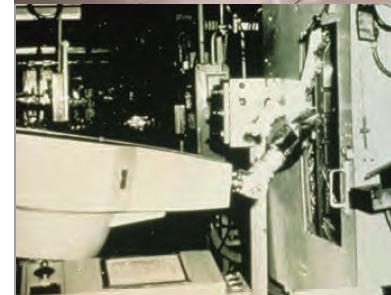
1954

First concept de industrial robot (Devol):
Manipulation arm control with electronics

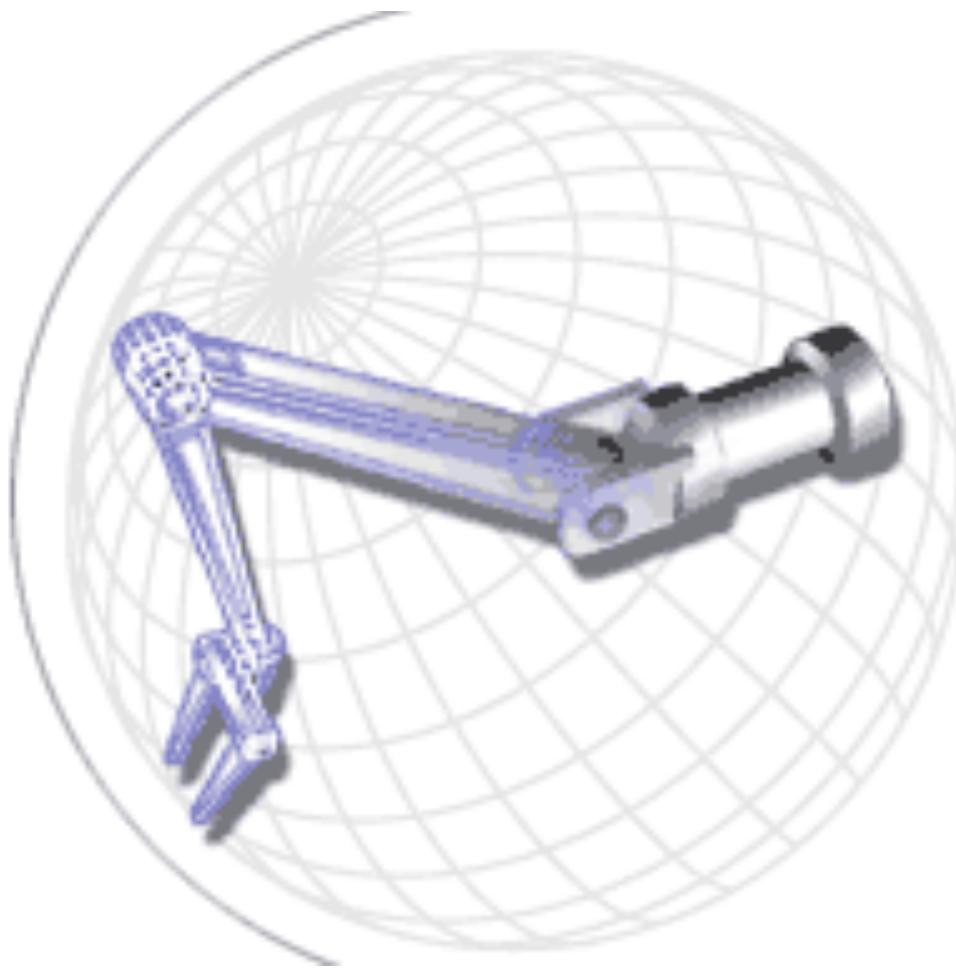


1961

First patent and commercialization of Unimate
robot n°001 (Unimation Inc.). (8500 unites !)



La robotique industrielle d'aujourd'hui



*Chiffres 2007 et 2010, Sources : UN, UE, IFR, associations nationales de robotique
Stock opérationnel : robots en service depuis 12 ans ou moins*

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

- Le nombre de robots industriels installés dans le monde représente en fin 2006 de l'ordre d'un million d'unités (3% d'augmentation depuis 2005), dont :
 - 352000 au Japon (37%)
 - 151000 en Amérique du Nord (Etats-Unis, Canada, Mexique) (16%)
 - 316000 en Europe (33%)
 - 133000 en Allemagne (42%)
 - 60000 en Italie (19%)
 - 32000 en France (6,2% d'augmentation par rapport à 2005) (10%)
 - 26000 en Espagne (8%)
 - 15000 au Royaume Uni (4,8%)
- 50% de ces robots en Asie, un tiers en Europe et 16 % en Amérique (0,1% en Afrique).
- En 2006, la vente de robots industriels en France est stable depuis 5 ans. Jusqu' en 2007, environ 3000 robots/an (stagnation dans l' automobile, montée significative de la métallurgie, montée remarquable de la chimie et de l' agroalimentaire).
- En 2009, avec la chute mondiale des investissements, les commandes de robots ont diminué de 40 % à 70 %, selon les pays.

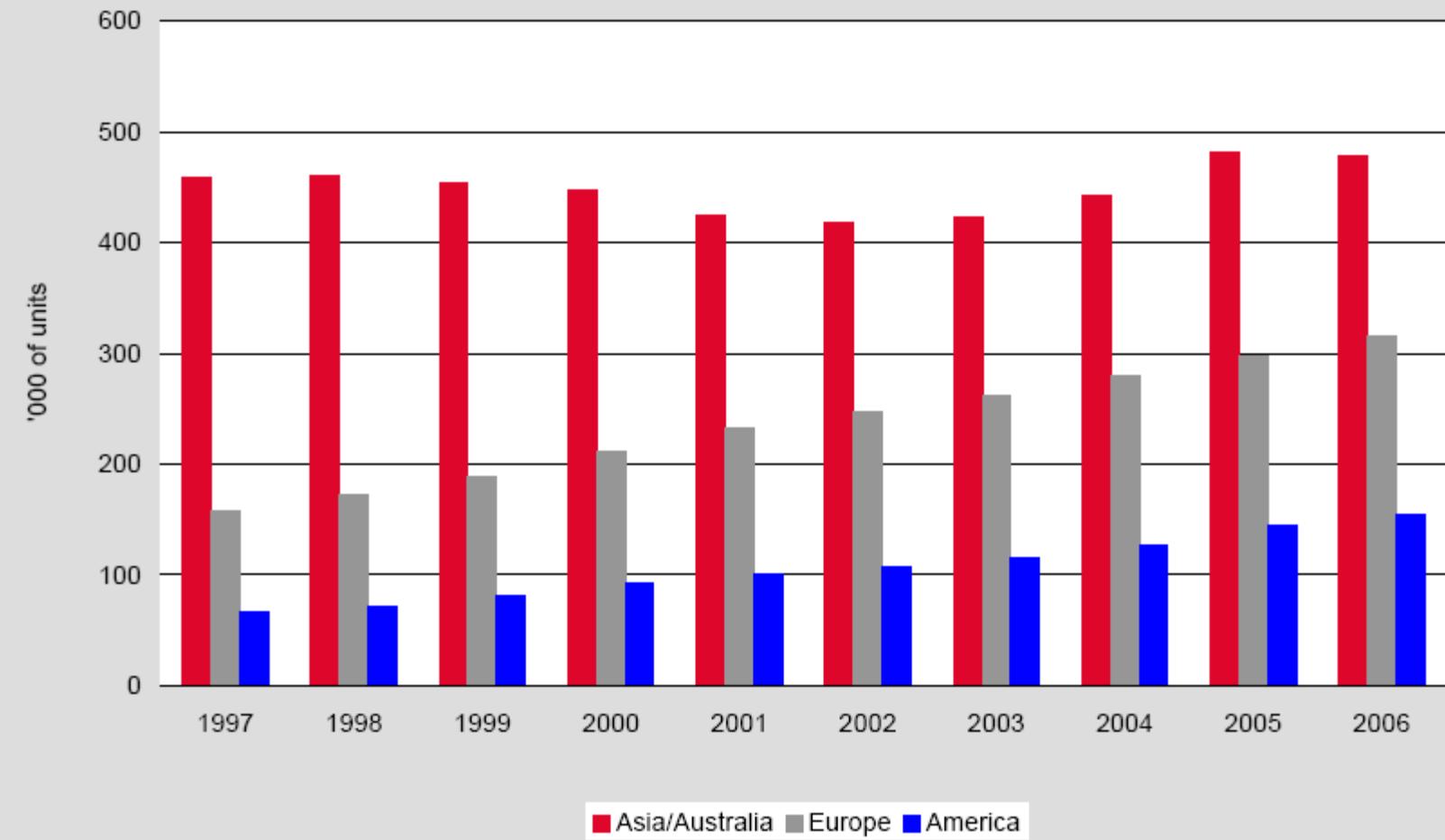
Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Country	Yearly installations			Operational stock at year-end		
	2009	2010	2013	2009	2010	2013
America	8.992	11.900	15.300	172.141	174.600	178.700
North America (Canada, Mexico, USA)	8.417	11.000	13.500	166.183	167.800	169.100
Central and South America	575	900	1.800	5.958	6.800	9.600
Asia/Australia	30.117	40.500	57.100	501.422	504.600	528.500
China	5.525	8.500	16.500	37.312	45.800	84.500
India	363	600	1.500	4.079	4.700	8.100
Japan	12.767	17.000	21.000	332.720	315.900	263.700
Republic of Korea	7.839	9.800	12.000	79.003	87.400	109.800
Taiwan	1.474	2.000	2.800	24.365	25.600	31.000
Thailand	774	1.000	1.400	7.185	8.200	11.900
Other Asia	866	1.600	1.900	10.061	17.000	19.500
Australia/New Zealand	509			6.697		
Europe	20.483	23.000	29.100	343.661	344.400	337.200
Benelux	1.286			11.678		
France	1.450	1.700	2.000	34.099	34.200	29.500
Germany	8.507	10.000	12.600	144.133	144.200	143.300
Italy	2.883	2.900	4.200	62.242	60.800	54.500
Spain	1.348	1.500	1.800	28.781	28.500	24.900
Sweden	587			9.396		
United Kingdom	635	650	900	13.923	13.300	10.800
Central/Eastern European countries	1.448			10.268		
other Europe	2.339	6.250	7.600	29.141	63.400	74.200
Africa	196	300	500	1.973	2.300	3.300
Total	60.018	76.000	102.300	1.020.731	1.027.000	1.049.000

Source: IFR, national robot associations

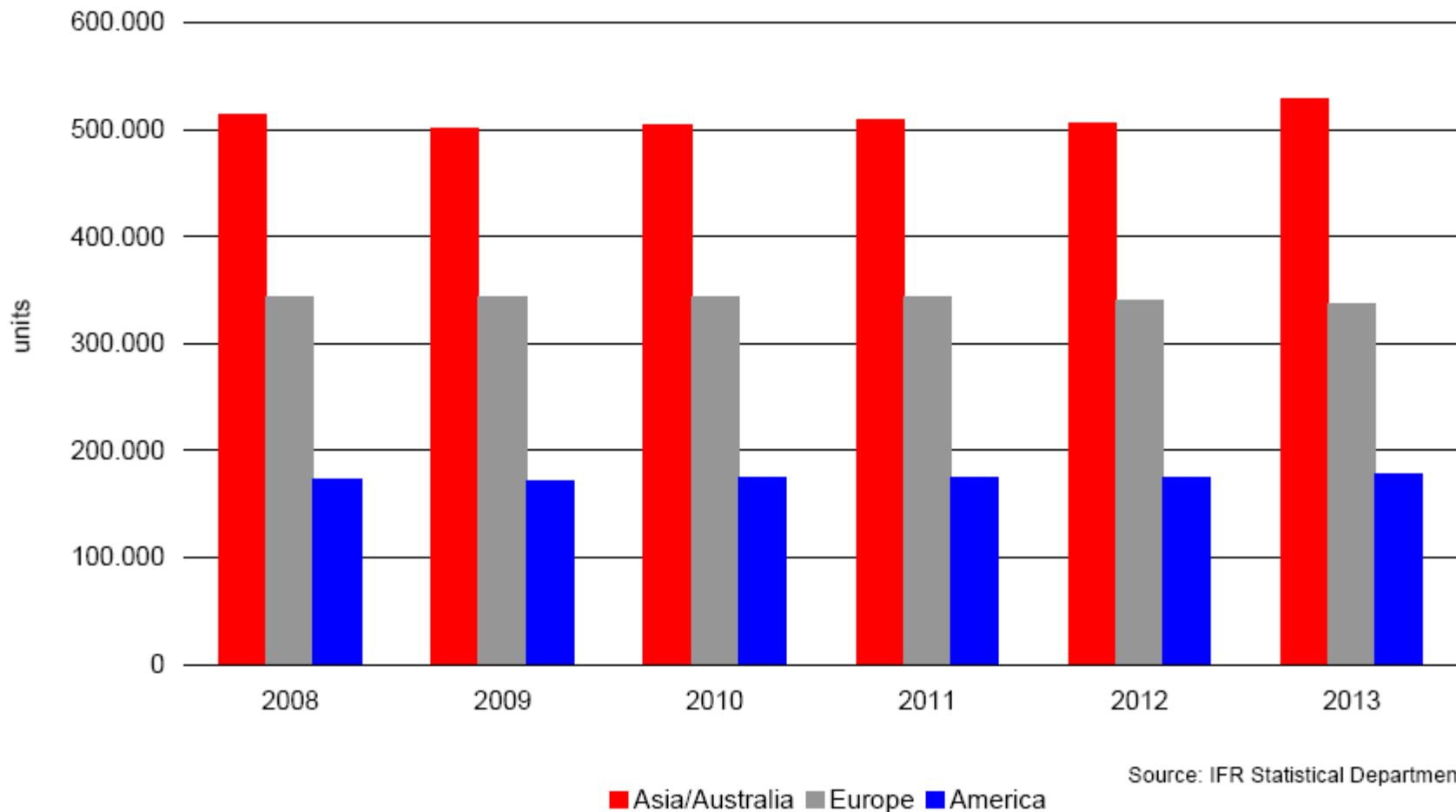
Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Figure II.3 Estimated operational stock of industrial robots



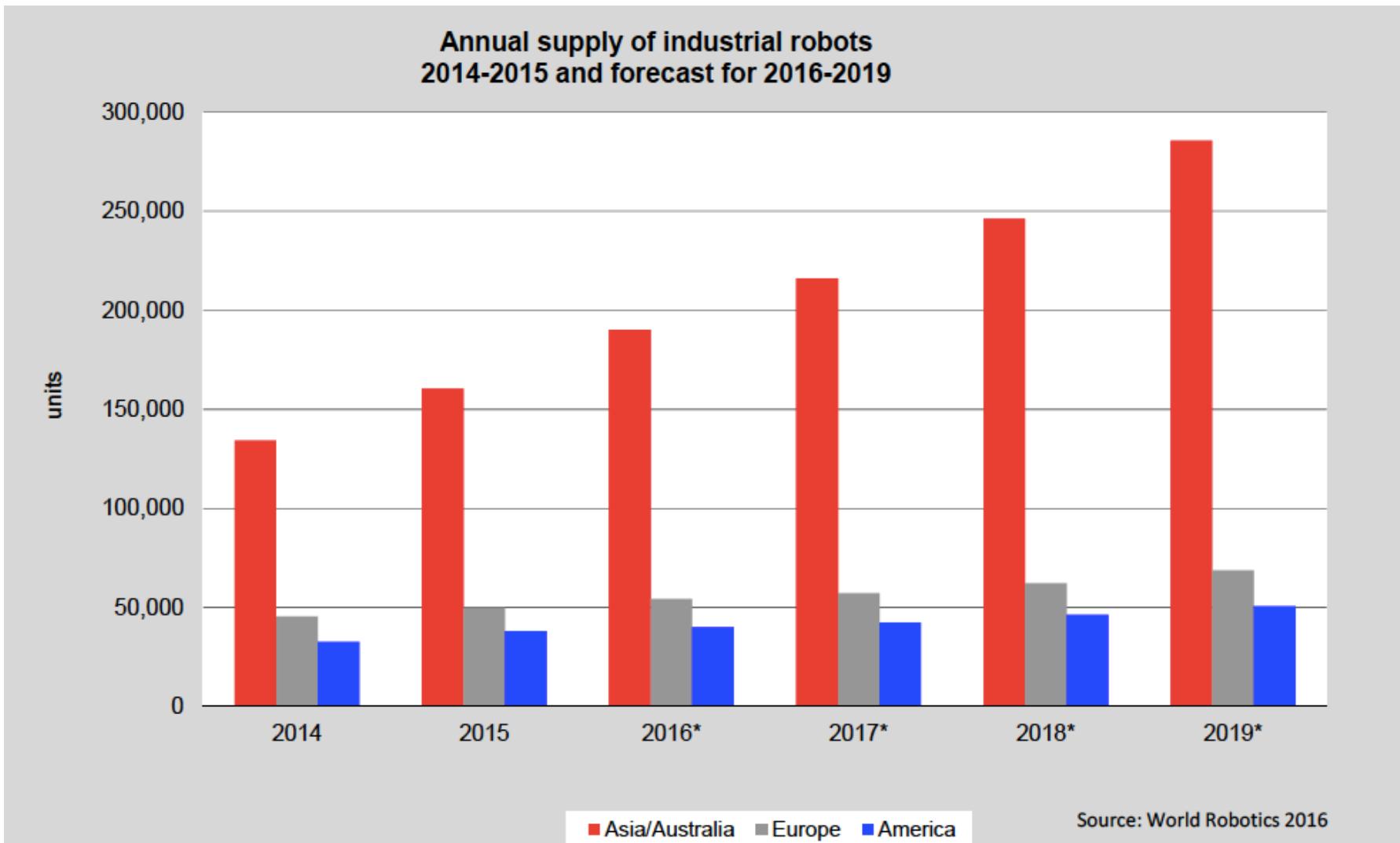
Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Figure IV.2 Estimated operational stock of industrial robots
2008-2009 and forecast for 2010-2013



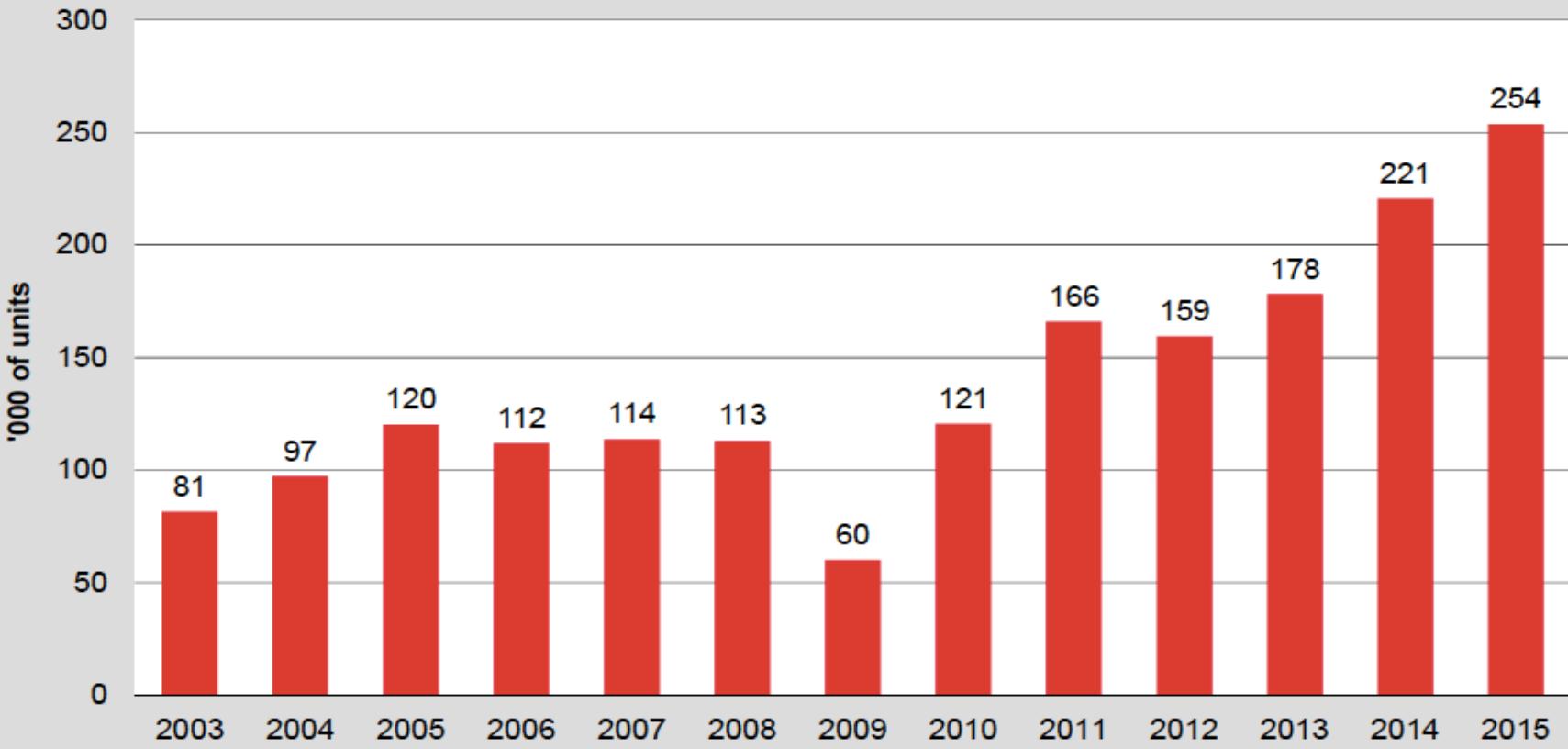
Source: IFR Statistical Department

Stock opérationnel de robots industriels



Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Estimated worldwide annual supply of industrial robots



Source: World Robotics 2016

Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Estimated yearly supply of industrial robots
in France

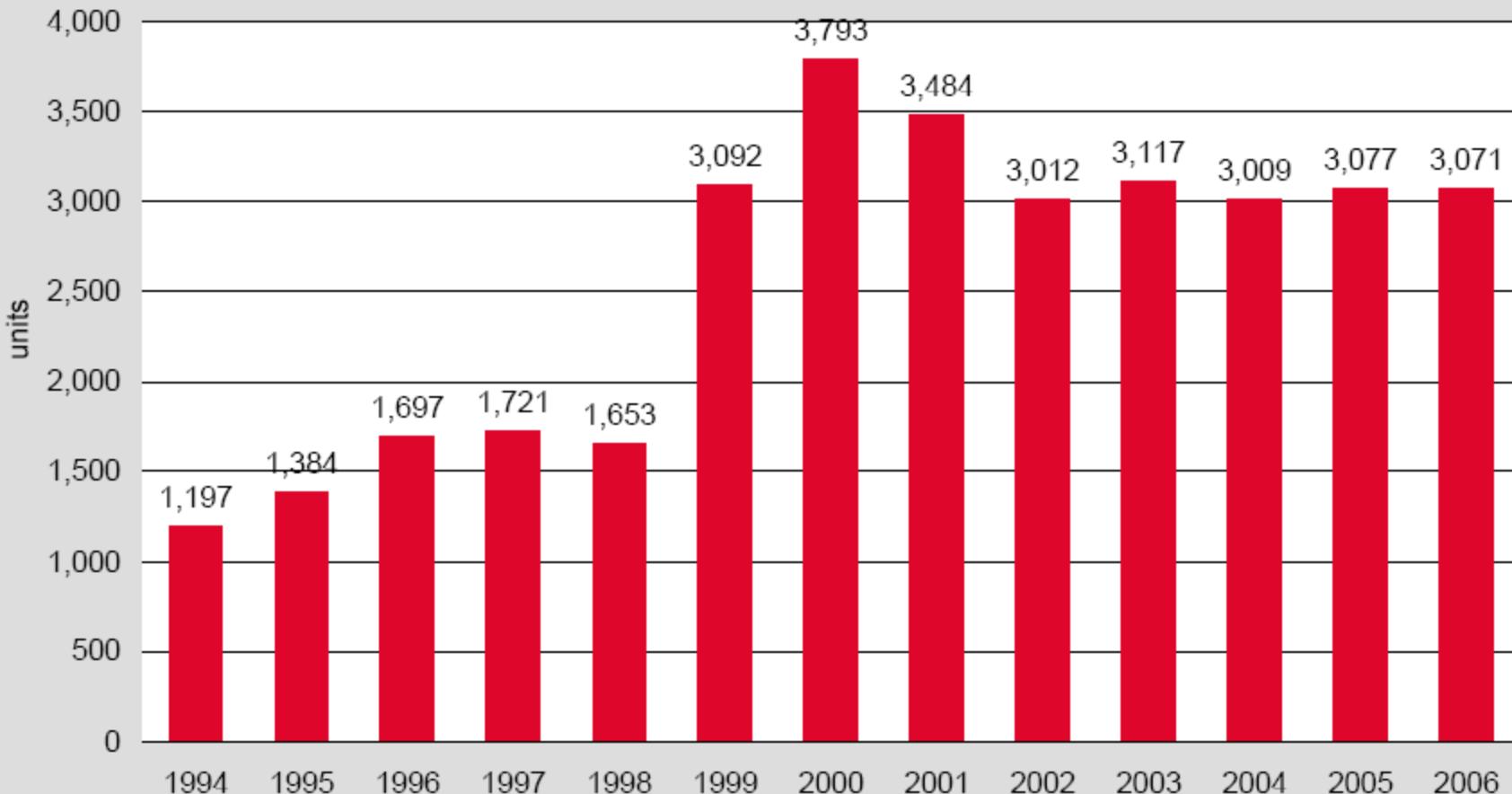


Figure France-1

Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Estimated operational stock of robots at year-end
in France

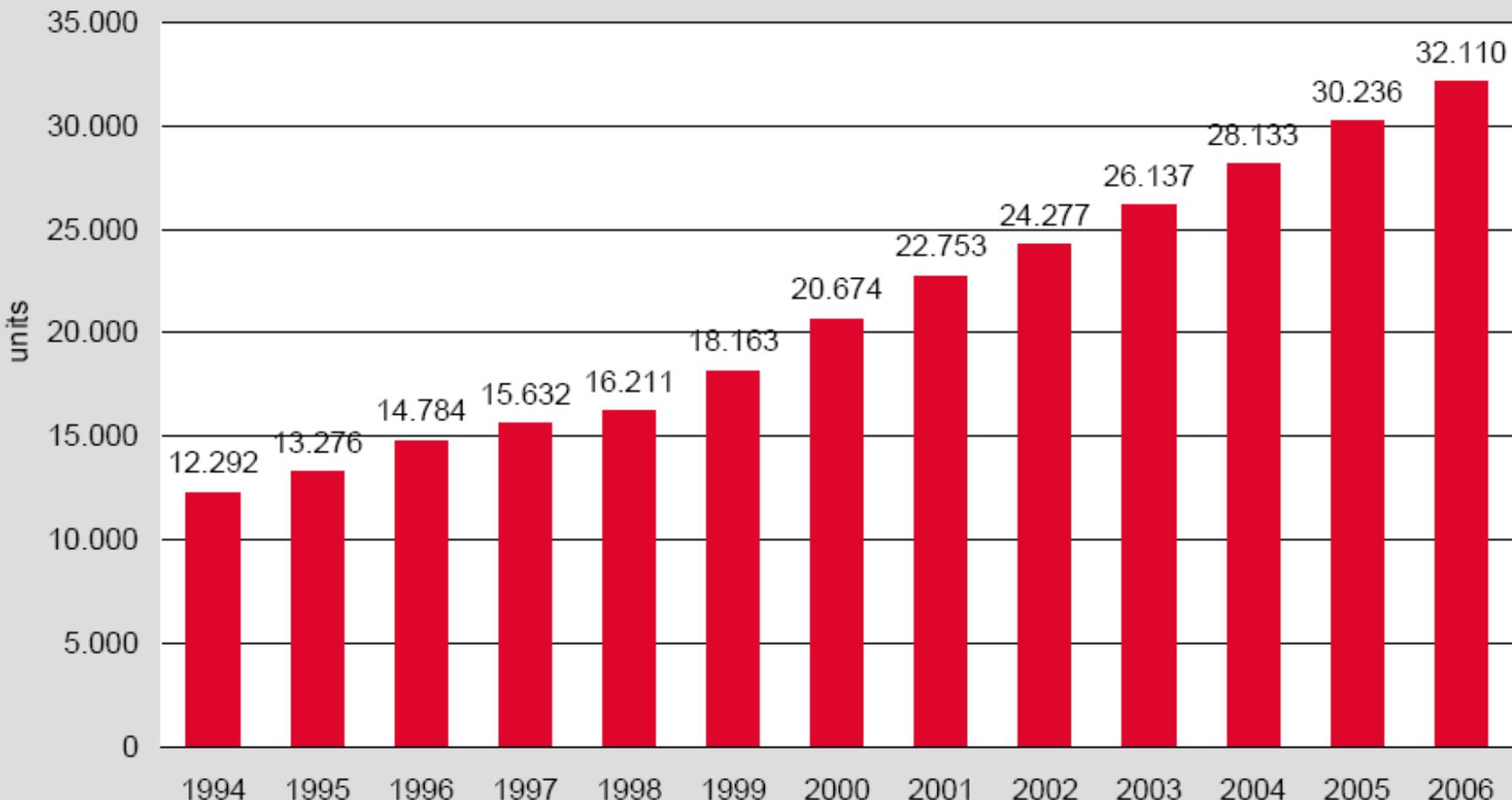


Figure France-3

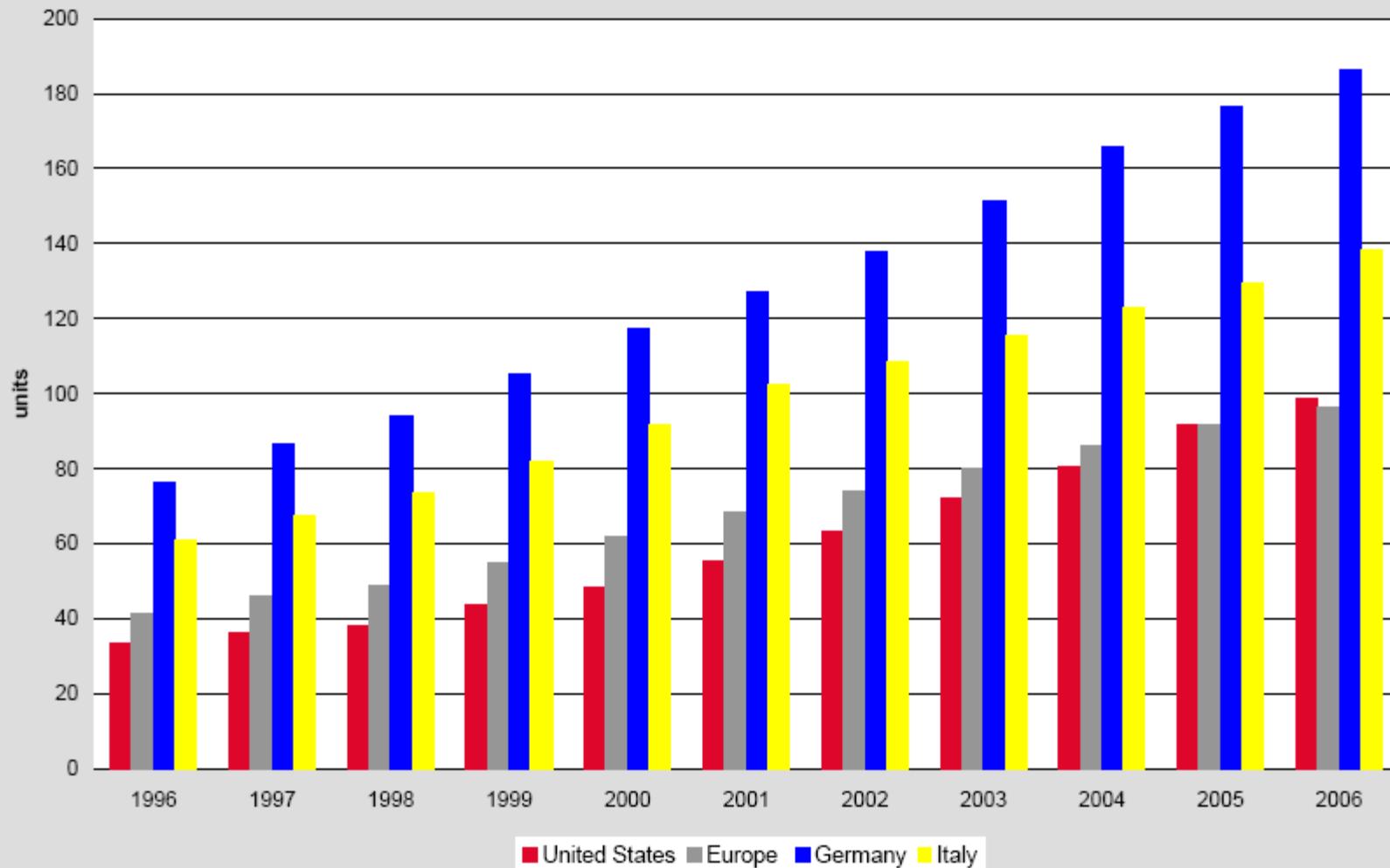
La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Estimated number of multipurpose industrial robots per 10,000 persons employed in the manufacturing industry
(ISIC rev.3: D).

Country	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
United States	31	34	36	38	44	48	55	63	72	81	91	99
Asia/Australia												
Japan	307	318	330	343	344	337	319	324	329	351	372	349
Rep. of Korea	44	62	80	96	101	107	117	126	135	138	168	187
Australia	18	19	23	26	27	28	30	32	36	42	49	56
Europe	36	41	46	49	55	62	68	74	80	86	92	97
Austria	35	39	43	43	46	48	50	56	58	67	70	71
Benelux	30	35	38	42	47	48	51	53	57	54	58	62
Czech Rep.	3	4	4	5	7	8	8	8	12	13	17	21
Denmark	15	17	19	23	26	32	39	44	51	60	66	75
Finland	35	38	40	45	53	60	66	73	81	89	98	101
France	36	40	43	45	50	57	62	67	72	79	87	92
Germany	63	76	86	94	105	117	127	138	151	166	176	186
Hungary	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	5	7
Italy	54	61	68	73	82	92	102	108	115	123	130	138
Norway	16	16	15	15	16	18	22	24	24	26	28	33
Poland	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	5
Portugal	5	7	8	9	10	12	13	14	15	18	18	19
Spain	22	26	29	34	40	49	60	67	74	71	76	79
Sweden	62	66	71	74	78	88	93	98	102	110	122	123
Switzerland	0	0	0	53	57	56	56	53	53	57	60	61
United Kingdom	20	21	24	26	29	31	35	38	41	44	48	50

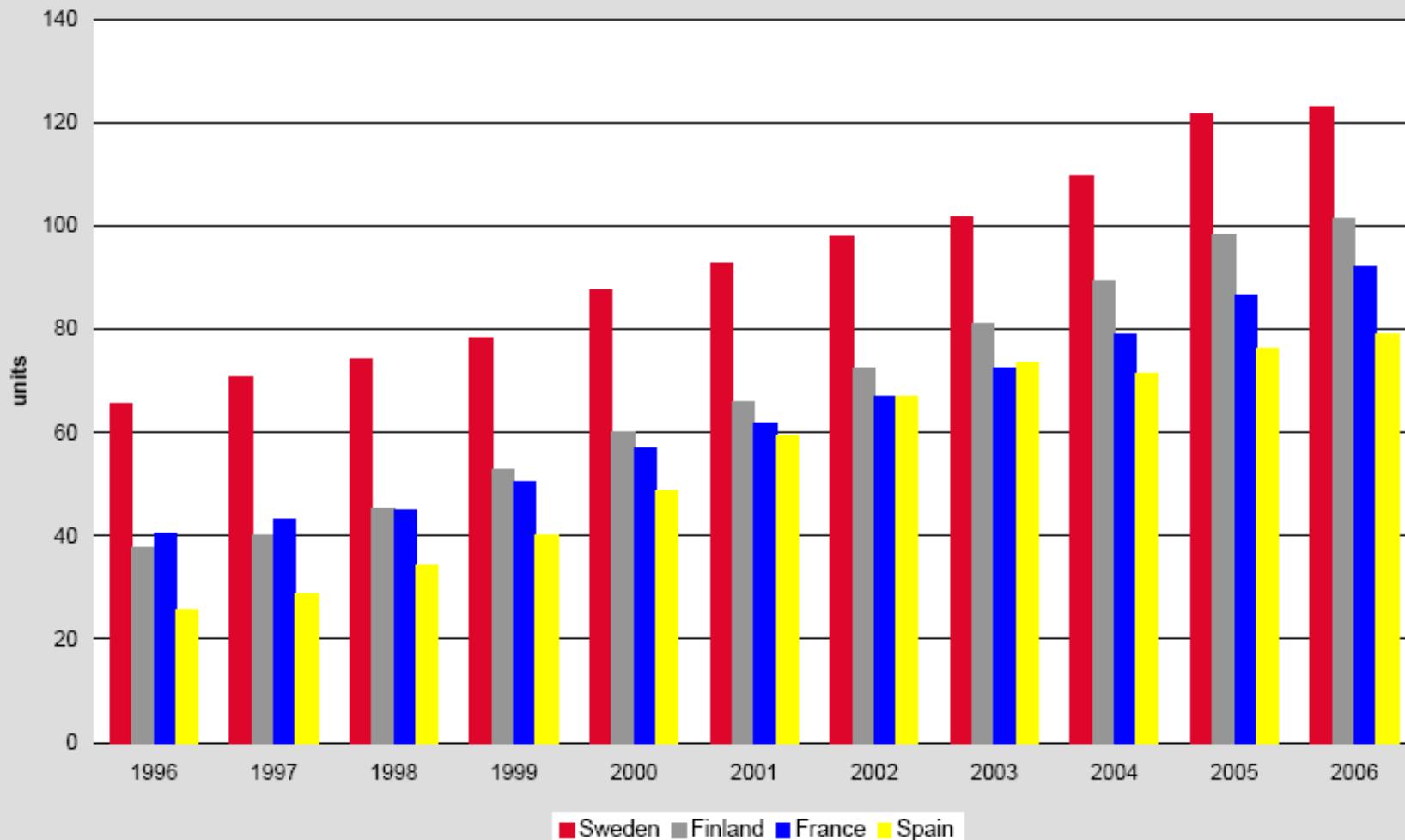
La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Figure II.7b. Number of multipurpose industrial robots per 10,000 employees
in the manufacturing industry (ISIC rev.3: D)



La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Figure II.7c. Number of multipurpose industrial robots per 10,000 employees
in the manufacturing industry (ISIC rev.3: D)



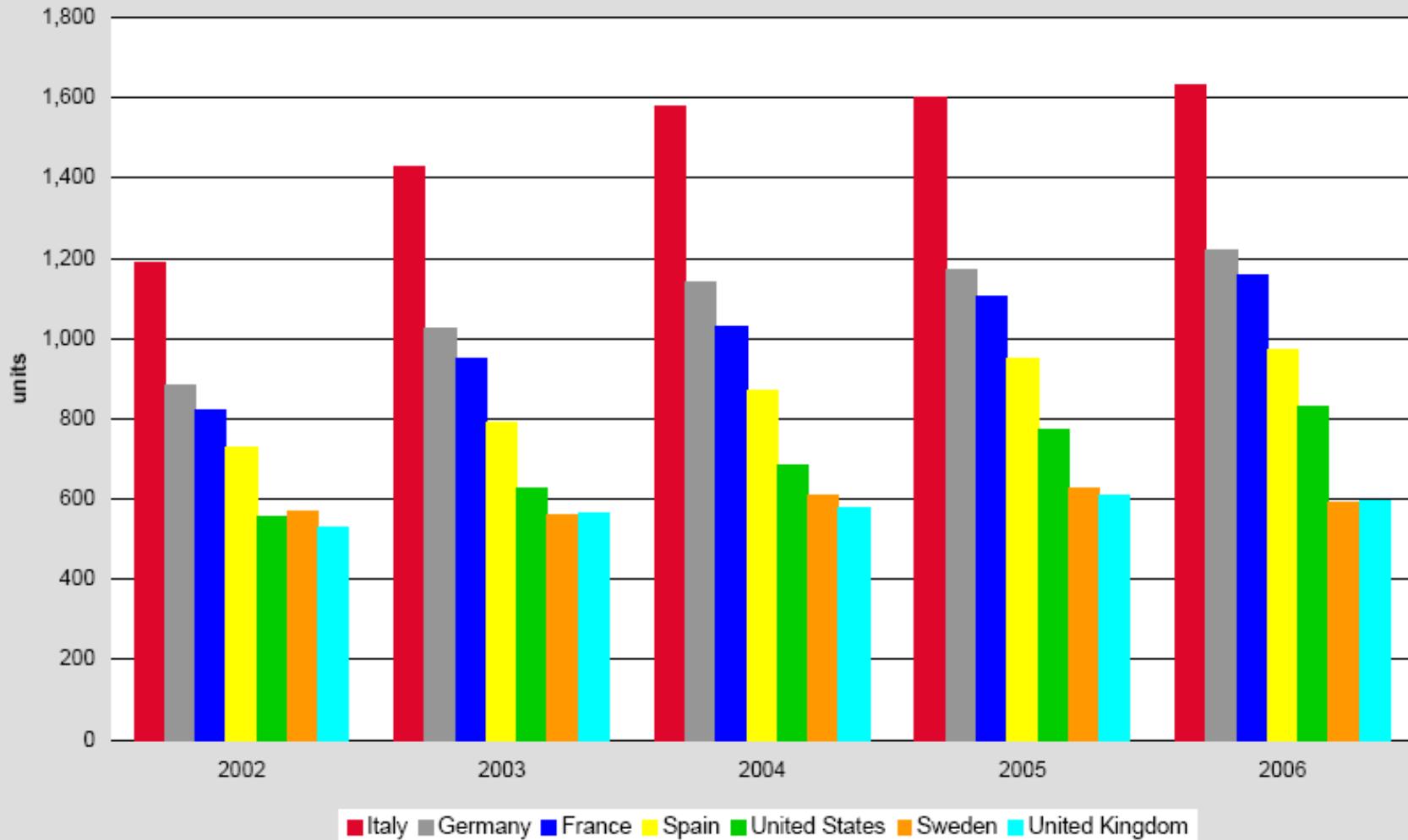
La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Estimated number of multipurpose industrial robots per 10,000 production workers in the manufacturing industry (ISIC rev.3: D) and in the motor vehicle industry (ISIC rev.3: 34)

		2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
France	Motor vehicles	718	819	951	1,028	1,106	1,156
	Manufacturing	94	105	117	128	138	146
Germany	Motor vehicles	760	882	1,023	1,139	1,170	1,219
	Manufacturing	202	222	245	264	273	288
Italy	Motor vehicles	1,044	1,188	1,425	1,580	1,600	1,630
	Manufacturing	168	179	189	201	212	227
Japan a/	Motor vehicles	1,285	1,291	1,375	1,531	1,710	1,823
	Manufacturing	476	484	491	502	526	495
Spain	Motor vehicles	644	729	793	868	952	973
	Manufacturing	122	137	151	166	183	197
Sweden	Motor vehicles	564	571	561	607	626	588
	Manufacturing	152	160	166	173	189	194
United Kingdom	Motor vehicles	506	528	563	578	608	597
	Manufacturing	53	57	61	62	65	66
United States b/	Motor vehicles	494	555	626	684	771	829
	Manufacturing	78	90	103	113	127	135

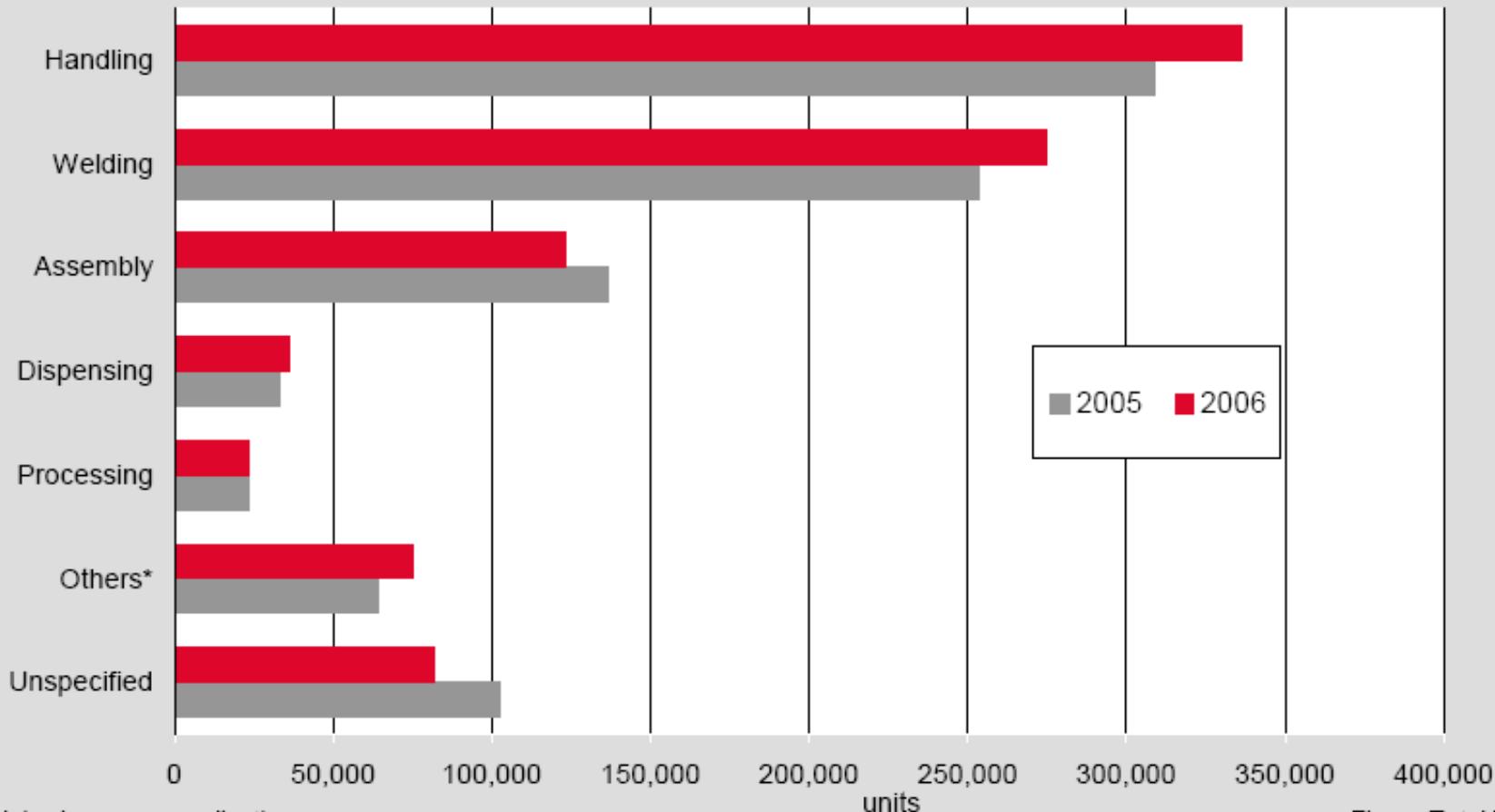
La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Figure II.8a. Number of multipurpose industrial robots per 10,000 production workers in the motor vehicle industry (ISIC rev.3: 34)



La robotique industrielle en chiffres

**Operational stock of industrial robots at year-end
in Total World by applications 2005 - 2006**



* mainly cleanroom applications

Figure Total World-6

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Operational stock of industrial robots at year-end
in France by applications 2005 - 2006

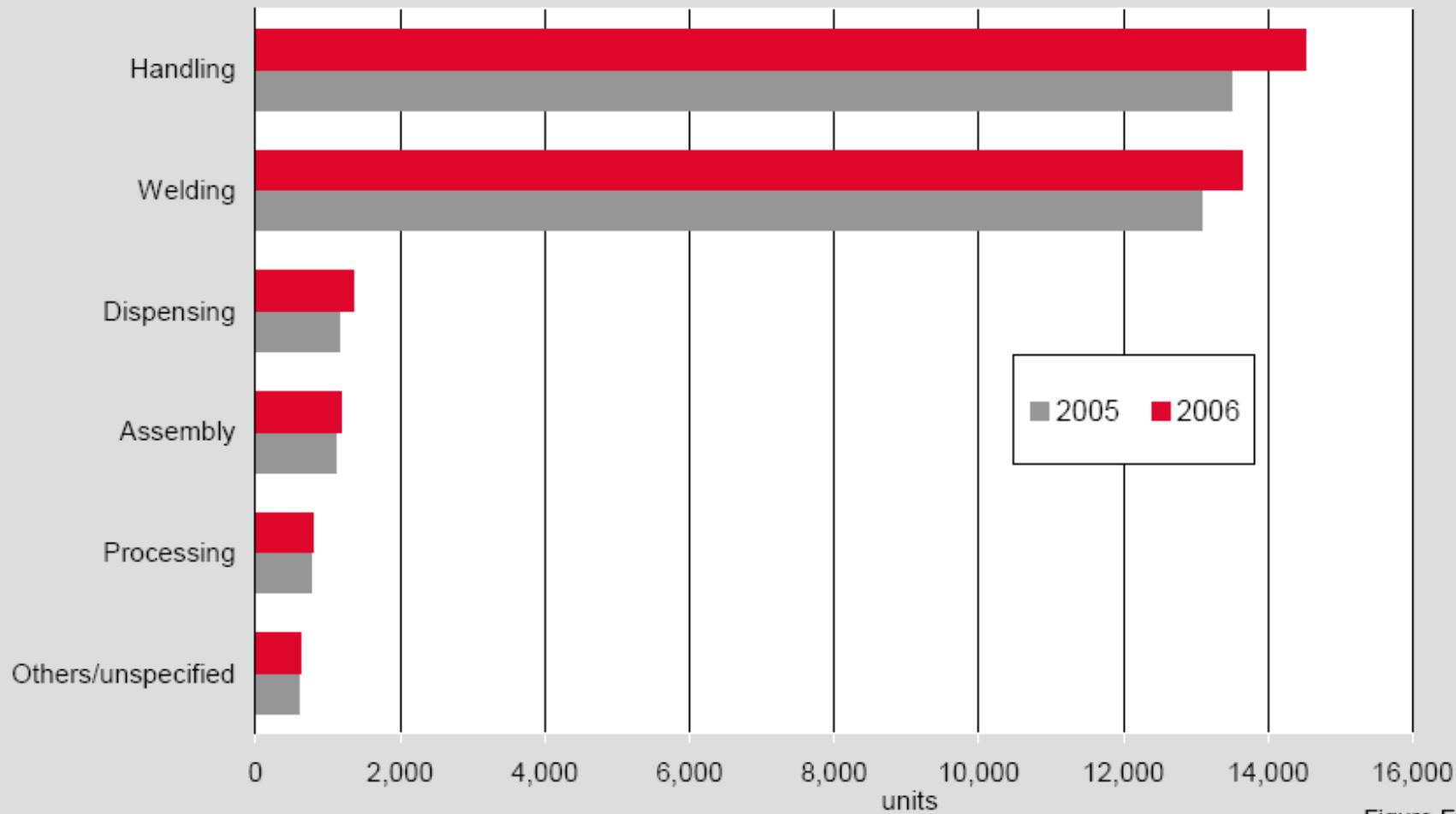


Figure France-6

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Operational stock of industrial robots at year-end
in Total World by main industries 2005 - 2006

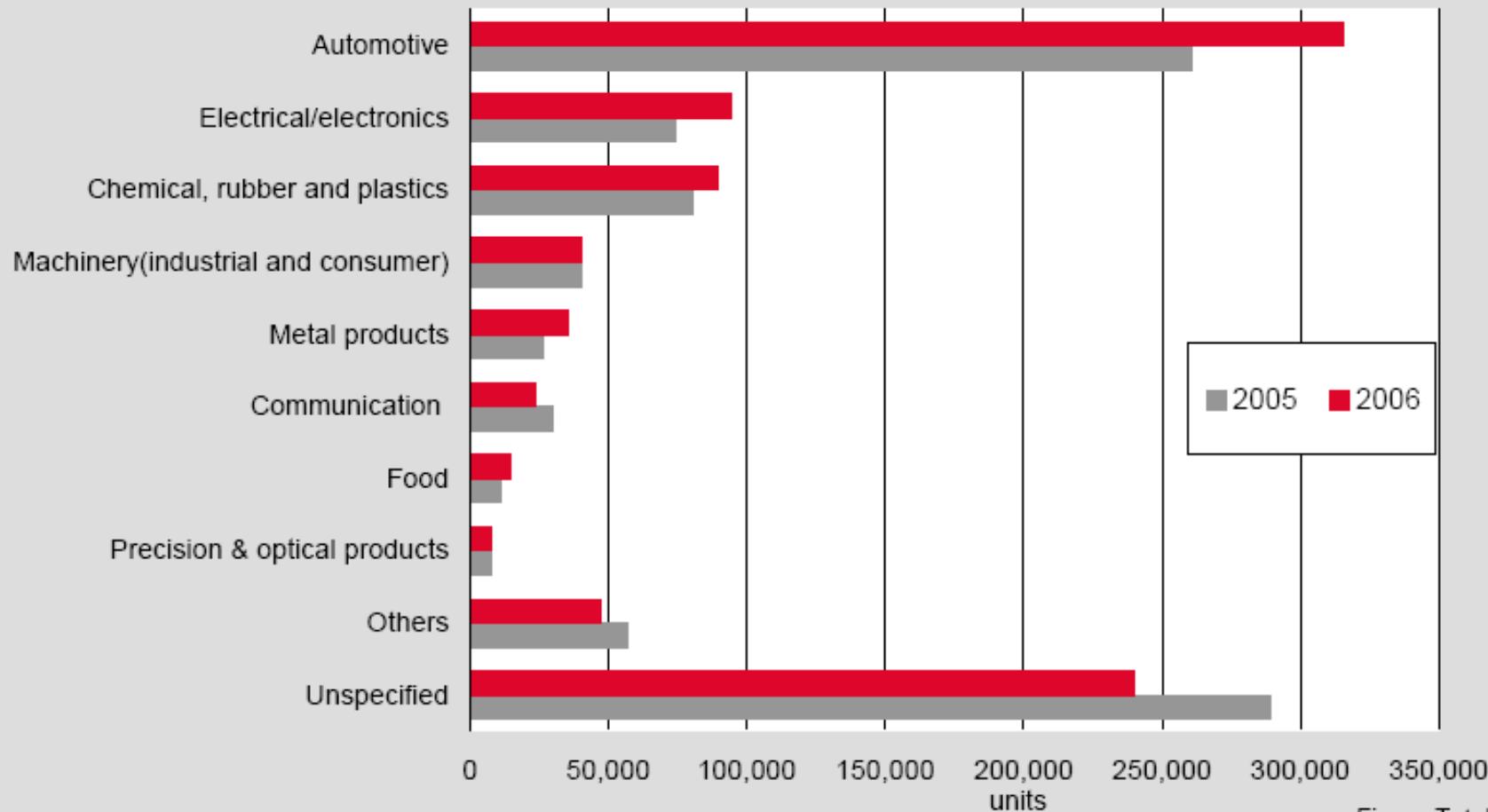


Figure Total World-8

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Operational stock of industrial robots at year-end
in France by industries 2005 - 2006

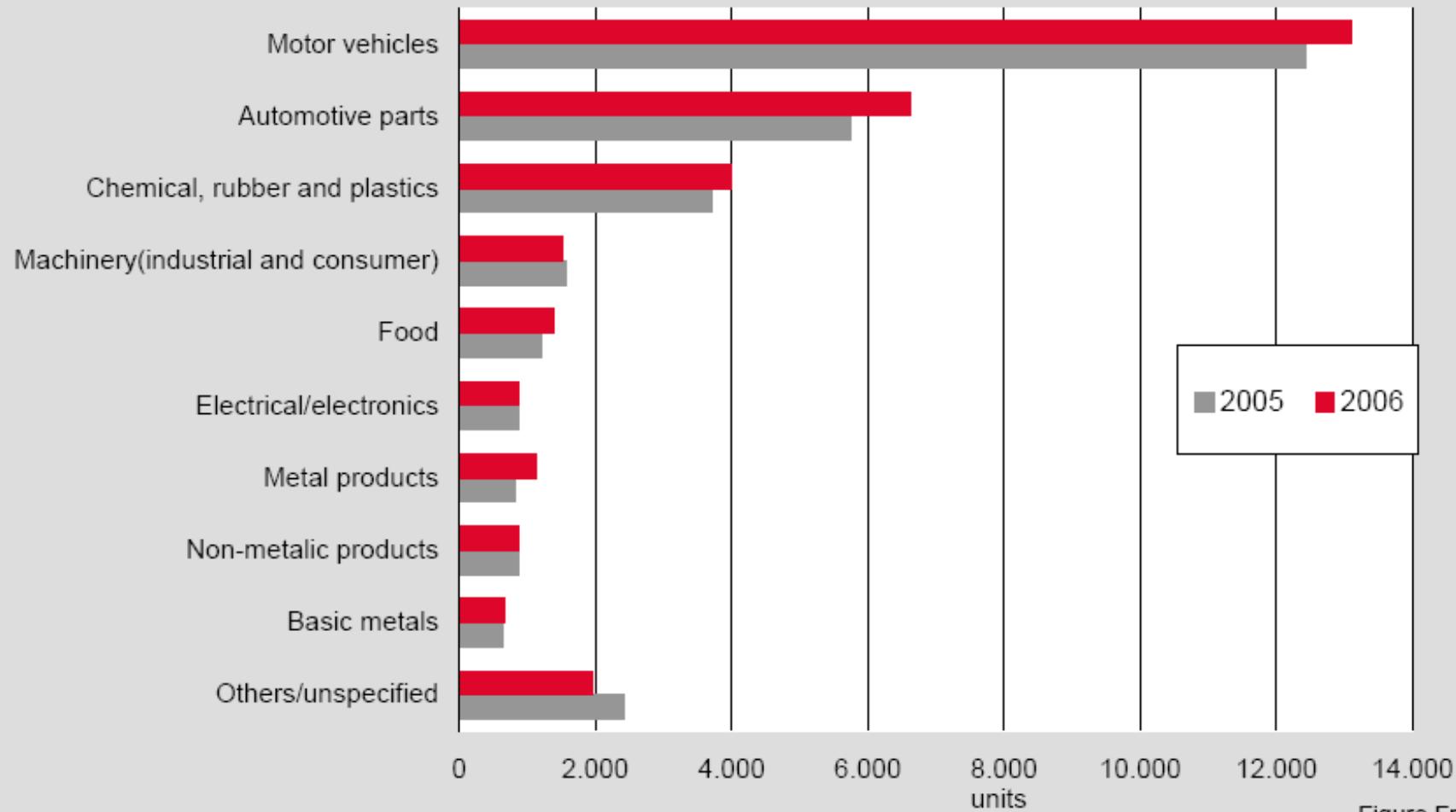
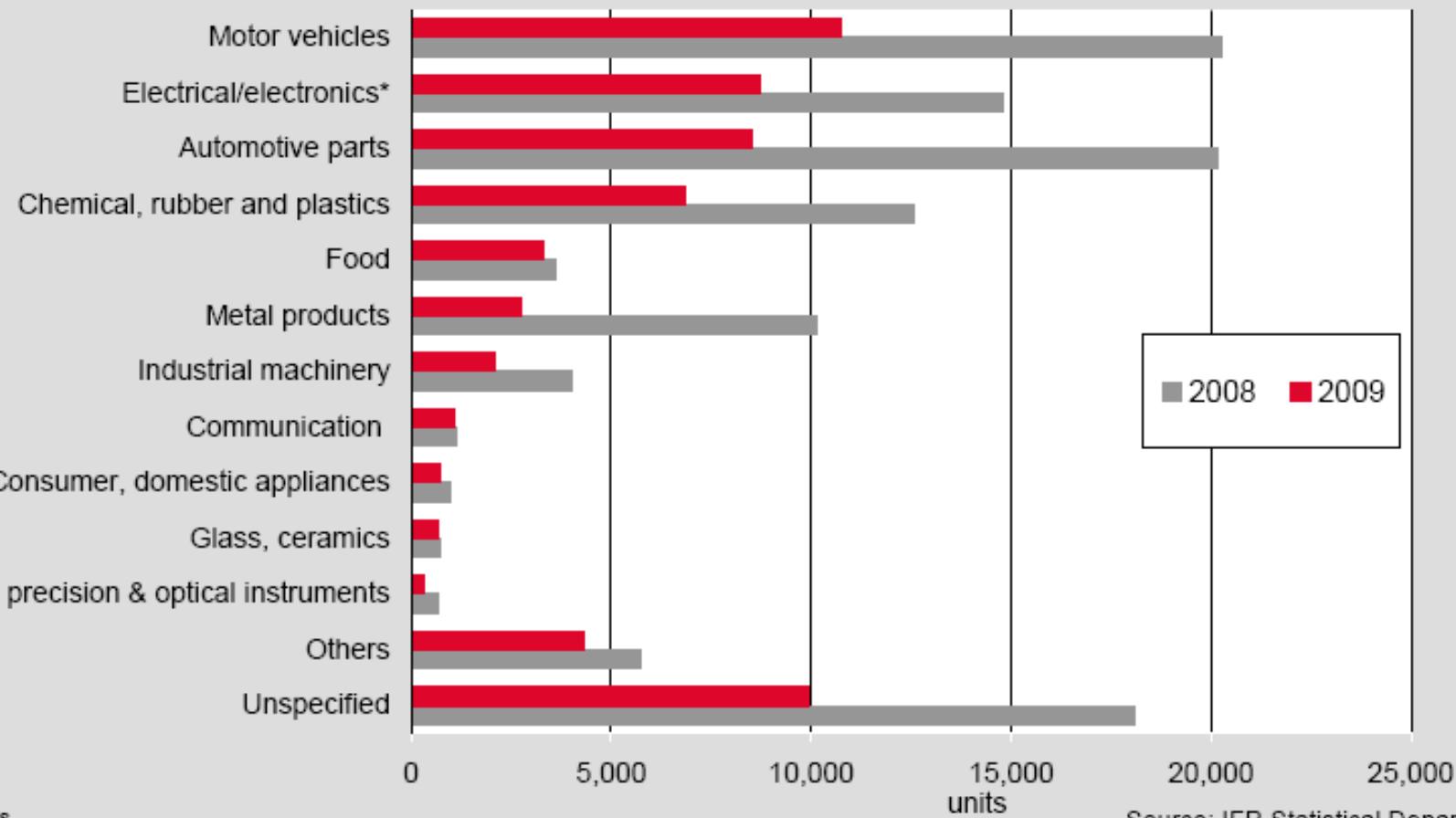


Figure France-8

Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Estimated worldwide annual supply of industrial robots at year-end by industries 2008 - 2009

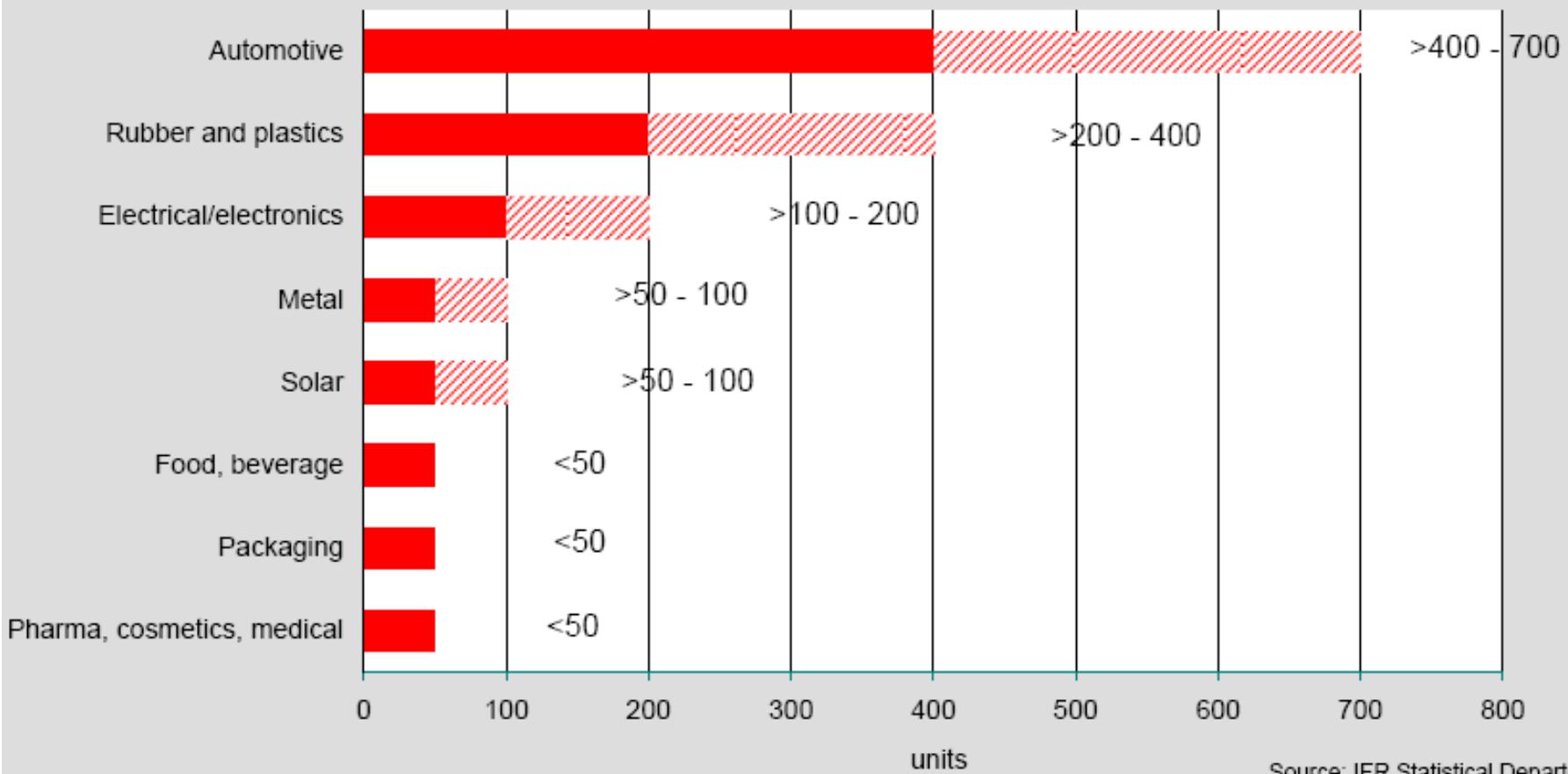


*incl. computers

Source: IFR Statistical Department

Stock opérationnel de robots industriels

Figure IV.3: Estimated number of operating industrial robot by 10,000 persons employed



La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Operational stock of industrial robots at year end in the automotive industry in selected countries and percentage share of the total operational stock in the particular country

Number of units:

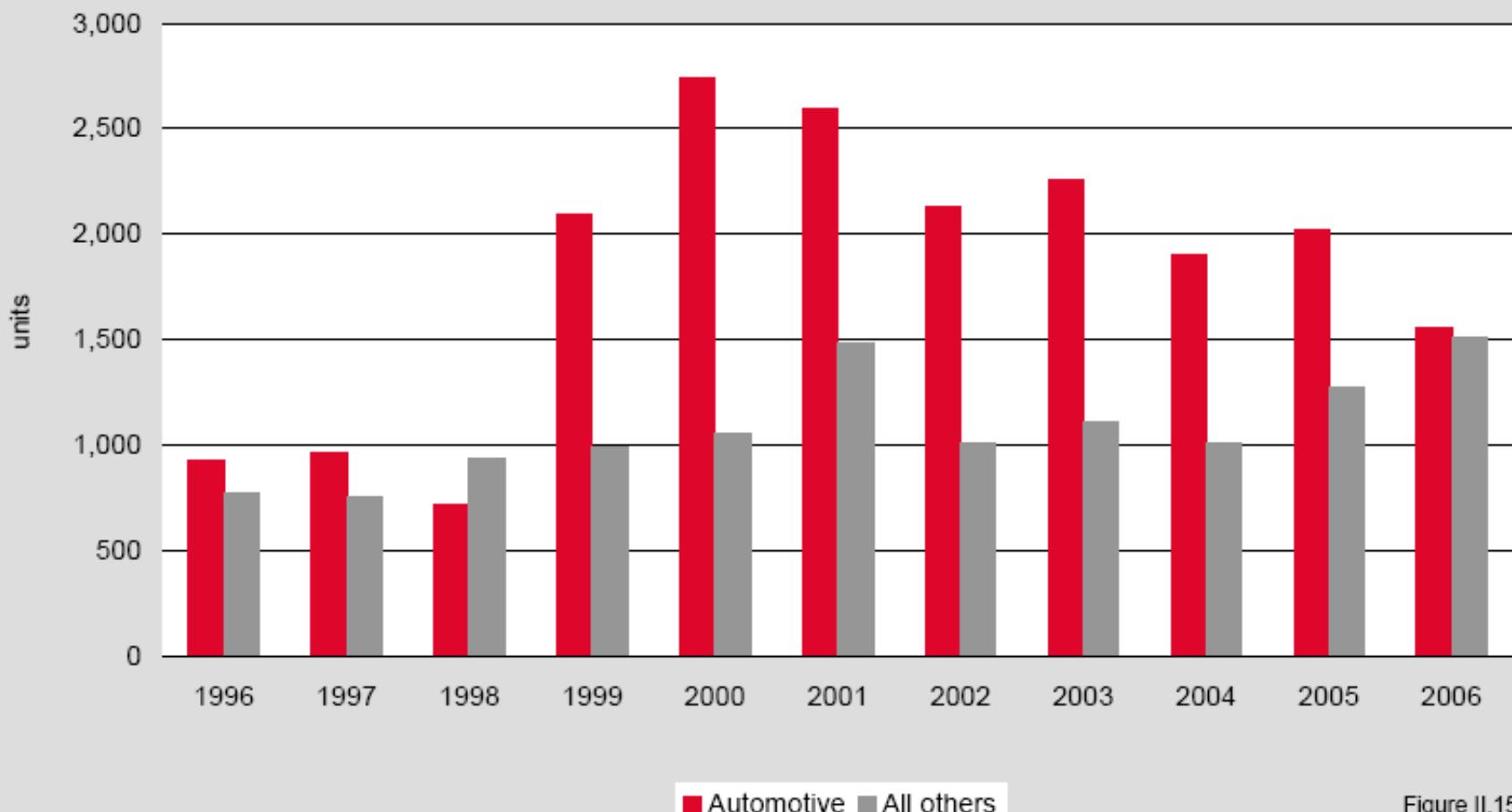
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Finland	91	78	117	141	185	195
France	13,919	15,240	16,726	18,076	19,450	20,341
Germany	51,251	56,260	63,097	69,664	73,111	75,845
Italy	13,655	15,162	17,770	19,696	19,946	20,317
Japan	89,385	91,411	95,844	106,728	119,208	127,035
Spain	11,157	12,629	13,725	15,027	16,477	16,851
Sweden	2,879	2,862	2,814	3,042	3,140	2,950
United Kingdom	7,988	8,215	8,585	8,805	9,267	9,094

Percentage of total operational stock:

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Finland	3.1%	2.5%	3.4%	3.8%	4.4%	4.5%
France	61.2%	62.8%	64.0%	64.3%	64.3%	63.3%
Germany	51.7%	53.5%	56.1%	57.8%	57.9%	57.2%
Italy	31.1%	32.3%	35.5%	37.0%	35.5%	33.8%
Japan	24.7%	26.1%	27.5%	29.9%	31.9%	36.1%
Spain	68.1%	68.8%	69.2%	68.6%	68.3%	64.8%
Sweden	42.9%	41.6%	40.4%	41.4%	39.1%	35.8%
United Kingdom	59.6%	60.2%	61.3%	62.1%	62.0%	60.3%

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

France



Achat annuel de robots

Figure II.15-France

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

- En 2006, 60% des robots installés sont des robots 6 axes (59% en 2005), 22% des robots cartésiens/linéaires (20% en 2004), 13% des SCARA (8% en 2005), 4% des robots cylindriques (12% en 2005).
- Robots 6 axes : "tout", soudage, manipulation, assemblage, process.
- Robots SCARA : conditionnement, assemblage (pick-and-place), opérations en salle blanche. Très utilisé en Asie.
- Robots cylindriques : opérations en salle blanche, industrie des semi-conducteurs, industrie du plastique, automobile, électricité/électronique.

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

France

Apparent consumption (yearly supply) of industrial robots by types of robots. Number of units

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005*	2006
Type of robot by mechanical structure:	3,484	3,012	3,117	3,009	3,077	3,071
of which:						
Cartesian/gantry	315	325	357	382	445	420
SCARA	154	131	111	143	103	138
Articulated	2,996	2,529	2,635	2,463	2,519	2,493
Cylindrical, spherical	19	27	14	21		7
Others (i.e. parallel)					10	13
Not classified						

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Country	1,000 of national currency, current prices							
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2006/ 2005, %
Japan	6,645.9	5,196.7	5,178.4	4,060.2	4,031.2	4,176.7	4,687.2	12.2
United States	78.5	81.6	74.8	70.1	68.0	58.8	67.0	13.9
Germany, €	51.1	51.2	52.1	49.0	49.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
Italy, €	65.6	72.2	73.7	74.3	72.4	72.4	80.0	10.5
Rep. of Korea	27.7	23.0	21.3	26.4	28.2	27.8	28.9	3.9
United Kingdom	34.8	32.6	30.4	33.8	27.8	25.3	25.5	0.8
France, €	49.0	51.6	49.8	49.1	48.4	48.4	48.5	0.2

Sources: UNECE, IFR and national robot associations.

Note: Millions of national currencies for Japan. The currency for the Rep. of Korea is in US dollars.

NB :

4687200 Yens = 30655 €

25500 Livres Sterling = 31755 €

La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Figure III.5
Index of average robot prices in France
index of labour compensation in the French business sector



La robotique industrielle en chiffres

Year	Index of robot prices, 1990=100	Labour compen- sation per employee 1990=100 a/	Index (1990=100) of hourly wages, including social costs. All wage earners		
			Manu- facturing industry ISIC rev 3: D	Food industry ISIC rev 3:15+16	Motor vehicle industry ISIC rev 3: 34
1990	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1991	103.0	103.8	105.1	103.6	105.0
1992	87.5	107.9	109.1	109.4	110.6
1993	74.6	109.6	113.0	112.5	115.9
1994	76.4	110.7	117.4	114.3	124.1
1995	71.2	112.2	119.9	116.6	125.7
1996	59.3	114.1	122.9	118.9	130.3
1997	58.7	115.6	127.7	119.5	133.7
1998	58.3	116.6	128.6	120.0	132.8
1999	66.9	119.0	133.2	123.0	138.5
2000	55.5	121.7	139.5	125.6	147.1
2001	58.5	125.1	143.2	128.9	150.4
2002	56.4	129.2	150.4	134.5	160.1
2003	55.7	132.3	156.4	139.6	164.7
2004	54.8	136.3	162.4	143.8	171.8
2005	54.0	140.9	169.1	149.1	179.3
2006	54.0	146.8			

Technical performances

- Repeatability: few millimeters
- Repeatability and accuracy

Better repeatability and accuracy when the robot is small

- Speed : several m/s
- MTBF (mean time between failures) : 50000 hours

Most efficient production equipment

- *Robot with 6 axes is a little bit precise than CNC machine but it is 3 times less expensive with working area 10 times bigger than CNC*
- Return on investment: 12 to 18 months

Industrial robotics

Main motivations of industrial robotics (no preferential order)

1. Improve the quality and the uniformity of the product
2. Improve the work conditions (avoid over charges, repetitive cycles, hard environment conditions, etc)
3. Reduce the costs
4. Improve the productivity
5. Improve the flexibility of the product
6. Reduce the material failure
7. Better respect of security rules
8. Reduce turnover (stuff rotation) and the difficulty related to recruitment

Ideas about industrial robotics

False ideas..... and reality

- La robotique ne concerne que les grandes séries (donc l' automobile)
- Il faut des ingénieurs pour faire fonctionner les robots
- Temps de changement de série diminuent Applications métiers, périrobotique, dialogue avec les automates
- Programmeur : bac pro, BTS
Utilisateur : pas de diplôme

Le robot est un équipement « banal » de l' automatisation !

Ideas about industrial robotics

Mais

Il est nécessaire de réaliser le continuum entre l'utilisateur et le robot !

Surtout pour :

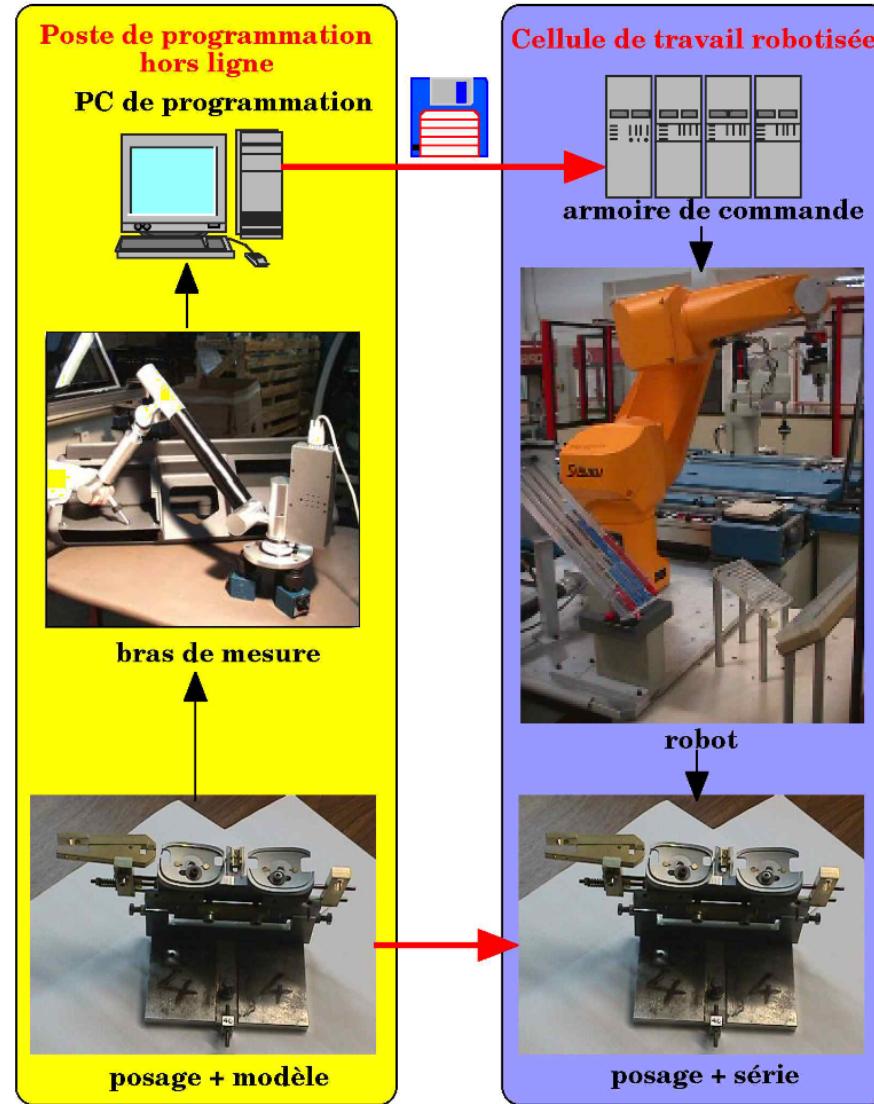
- petites séries
- géométrie des pièces non connue a priori
- nécessité d'un savoir-faire (trajectoires complexes)

La robotique industrielle en exemples

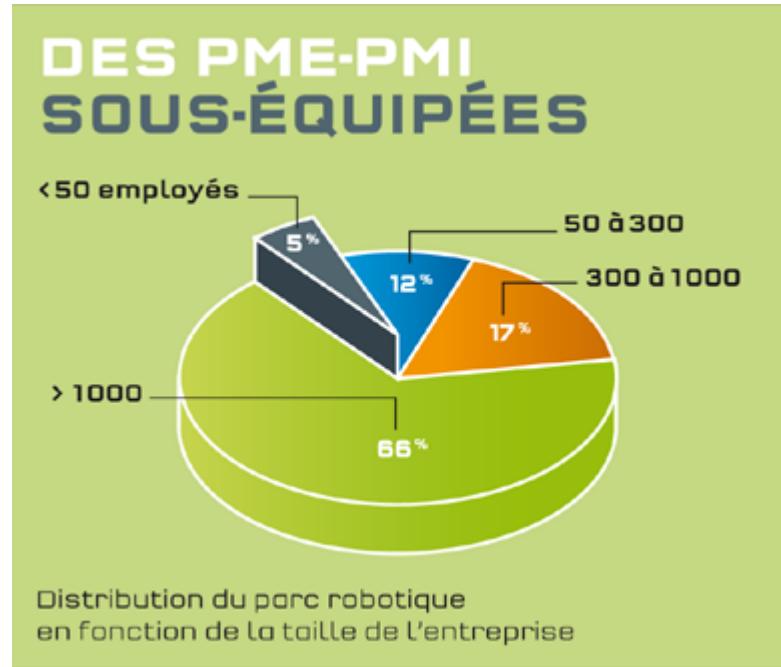
Exemple A.LU.TEC

Programmation
par bras de mesure

film



La robotique industrielle en exemples



<http://www.robotcaliser.com>

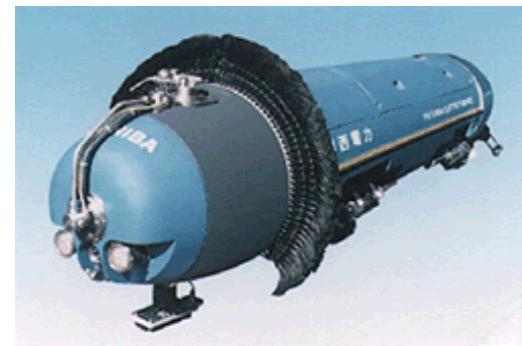
Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Robot de service – robot domestique – robot de divertissement
Service robots – entertainment robots – domestic robots

Robot mi ou totalement autonome accomplissant des services utiles au bien-être de l' homme et également utilisé sur du matériel, à l' exception des tâches industrielles.

Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Robots de service



Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Robots domestiques et de divertissement (sociaux ?)



Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

- Fin 2006, 2,4 millions de robots de service professionnels et domestiques (aspirateurs, tondeuses à gazon, robots médicaux, sous-marins, de surveillance, ...) et 1 million de robots de divertissement étaient en fonction dans le monde.
- Il était prévu en 2006 que ce chiffre s' accroisse de 3,5 millions d' ici 2010 (1,3 million robots domestiques et 2,2 millions robots de divertissement).

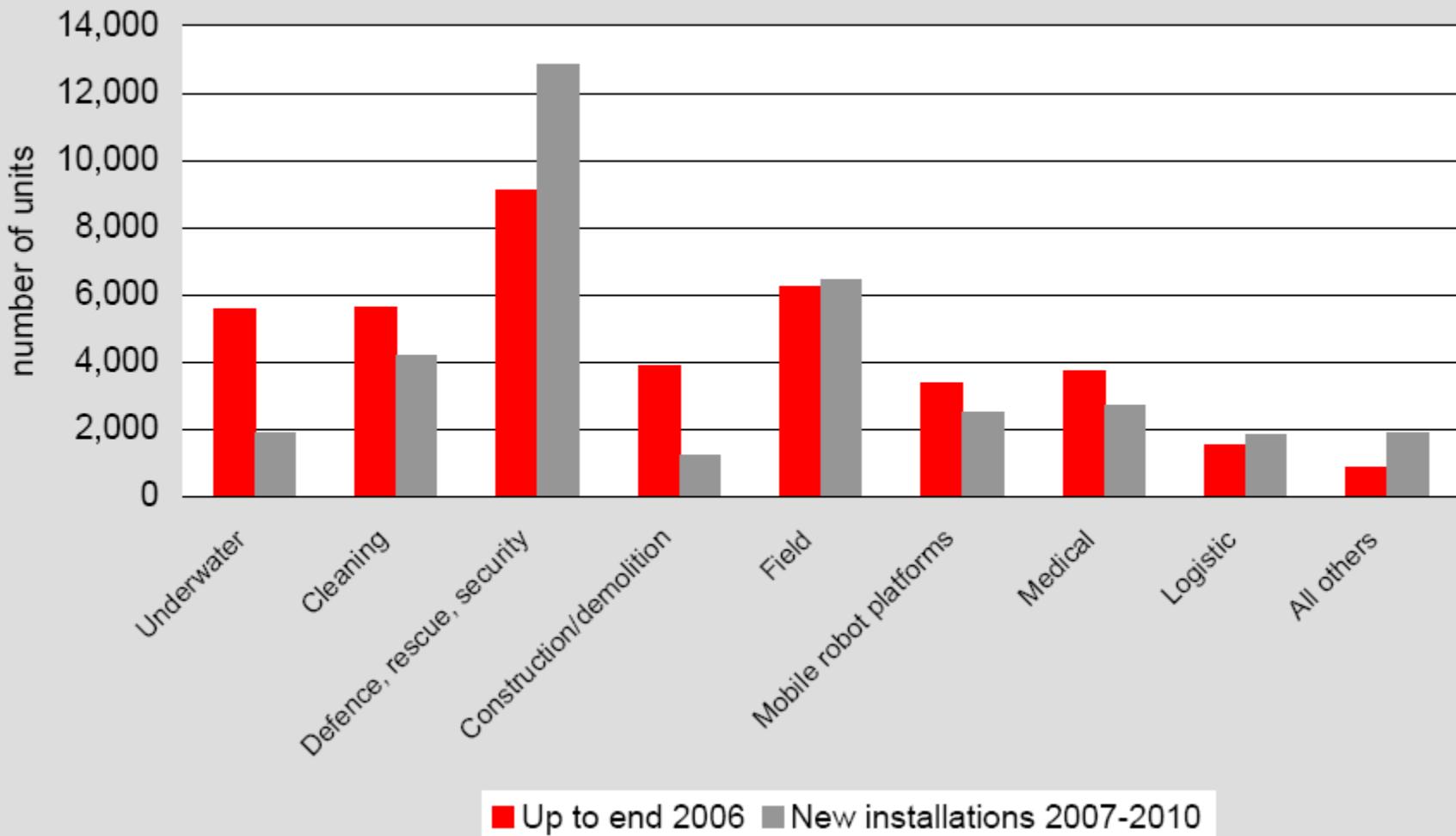
Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Estimated number and value of service robots installed up to the end of 2006, by application areas, and forecasts for the period 2007-2010

Types of robots	Stock at end	Installations	Sales in	Stock at end	Installations
	2006 No. of units	2007-2010 No. of units	2006 No. of units	2006 \$ million	2007-2010 \$ million
Professional service robots					
Field robotics	6,240	6,450	1,539	1,251	1,278
- Agriculture					
- Milking robots	6,180	6,350	1,538	1,243	1,276
- Forestry					
- Mining systems					
- Space robots					
- Others	60	100	1	8	2
Professional cleaning	5,620	4,175	296	82	47
- Floor cleaning	335	2,650	8	31	17
- - Window and wall cleaning (including wall climbing robots)	10	500	2	3	14
- Tank, tube and pipe cleaning					
- Pool cleaning	5,250	1,000	250	45	14
- Other cleaning tasks	25	25	6	2	3
Inspection and maintenance systems	585	1,380	312	50	145
- Sewer robots	410	1,200	292	26	86
- Tank, tubes and pipes*					
- Other inspection and maintenance systems	185	180	20	24	59
Construction and demolition	3,875	1,190	291	260	106
- Nuclear demolition & dismantling	100	50	9	27	38
- Other demolition systems	3,680	1,060	265	229	64
- Construction support and maintenance					
- Construction	85	70	16	3	3
- Other types of construction	10	10	1	1	1
Logistic systems	1,550	1,800	417	89	92
- Courier/Mail systems	360	210	53	30	23
- Factory logistics (incl. Automated Guided Vehicles for factories)	1,190	1,590	364	59	68
- Cargo handling, outdoor logistics					
- Other logistics					
Medical robotics	3,725	2,700	537	892	1,318
- Diagnostic systems	100	300	66	68	221
- Robot assisted surgery or therapy	3,600	2,400	470	824	1,097
- Rehabilitation systems					
- Other medical robots	25		1	1	
Defense, rescue & security applications	9,095	12,855	4,119	1,198	1,380
- Demining robots	305	250	17	300	336
- Fire and bomb fighting robots	650	440	558	152	128
- Surveillance/security robots	1,340	3,100	731	72	175
- Unmanned aerial vehicles	5,100	5,100	2,001	480	446
- Unmanned ground based vehicles	1,500	3,900	801	119	288
- others	200	65	11	76	5
Underwater systems	5,570	1,900	484	1,304	835
Mobile Platforms in general use	3,350	2,500	797	41	26
Robot arms in general use**					
Public relation robots	110	300	16	1	122

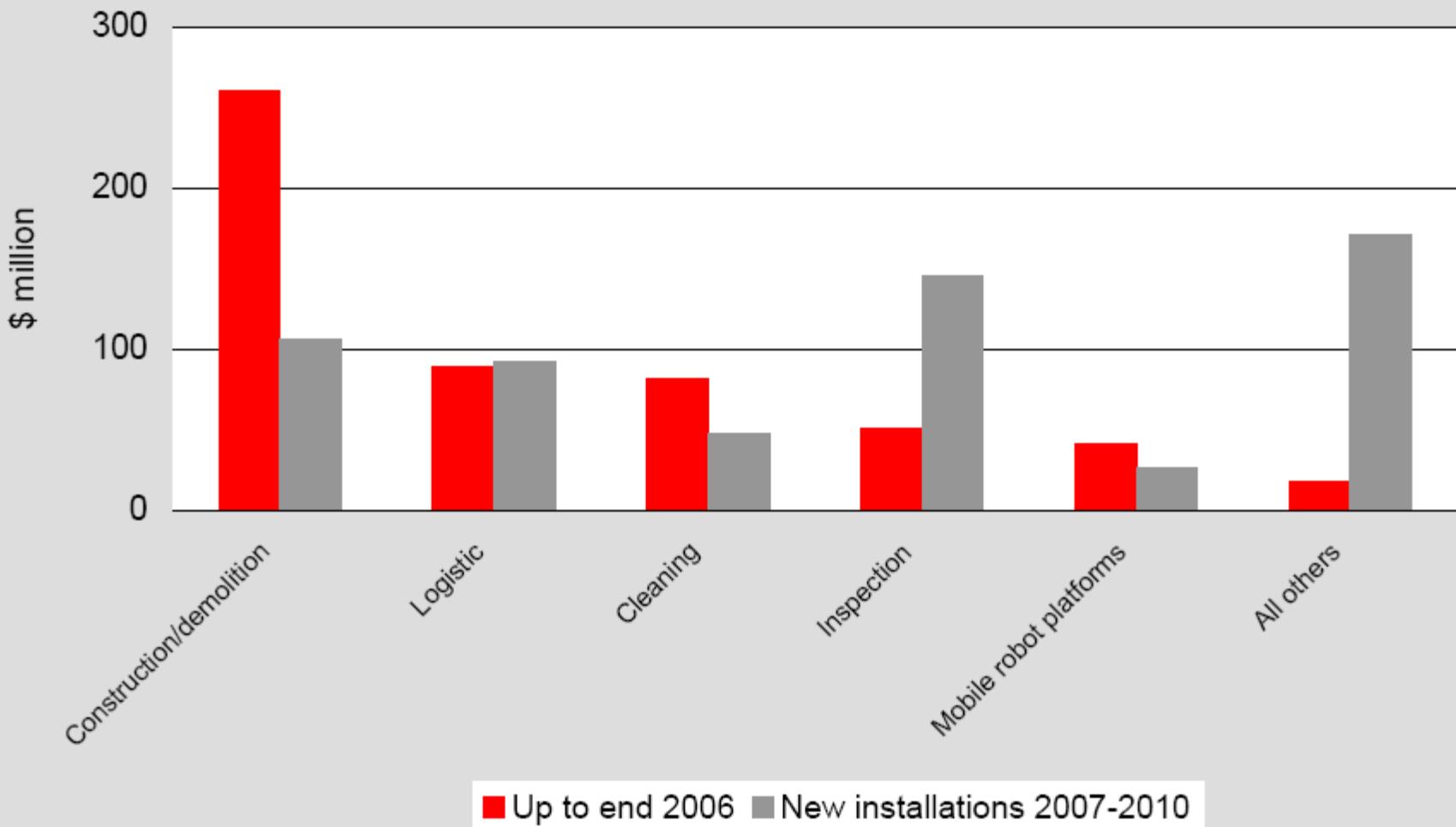
Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Figure VII.1a Service robots for professional use. Stock at the end of 2006 and projected installations in 2007-2010



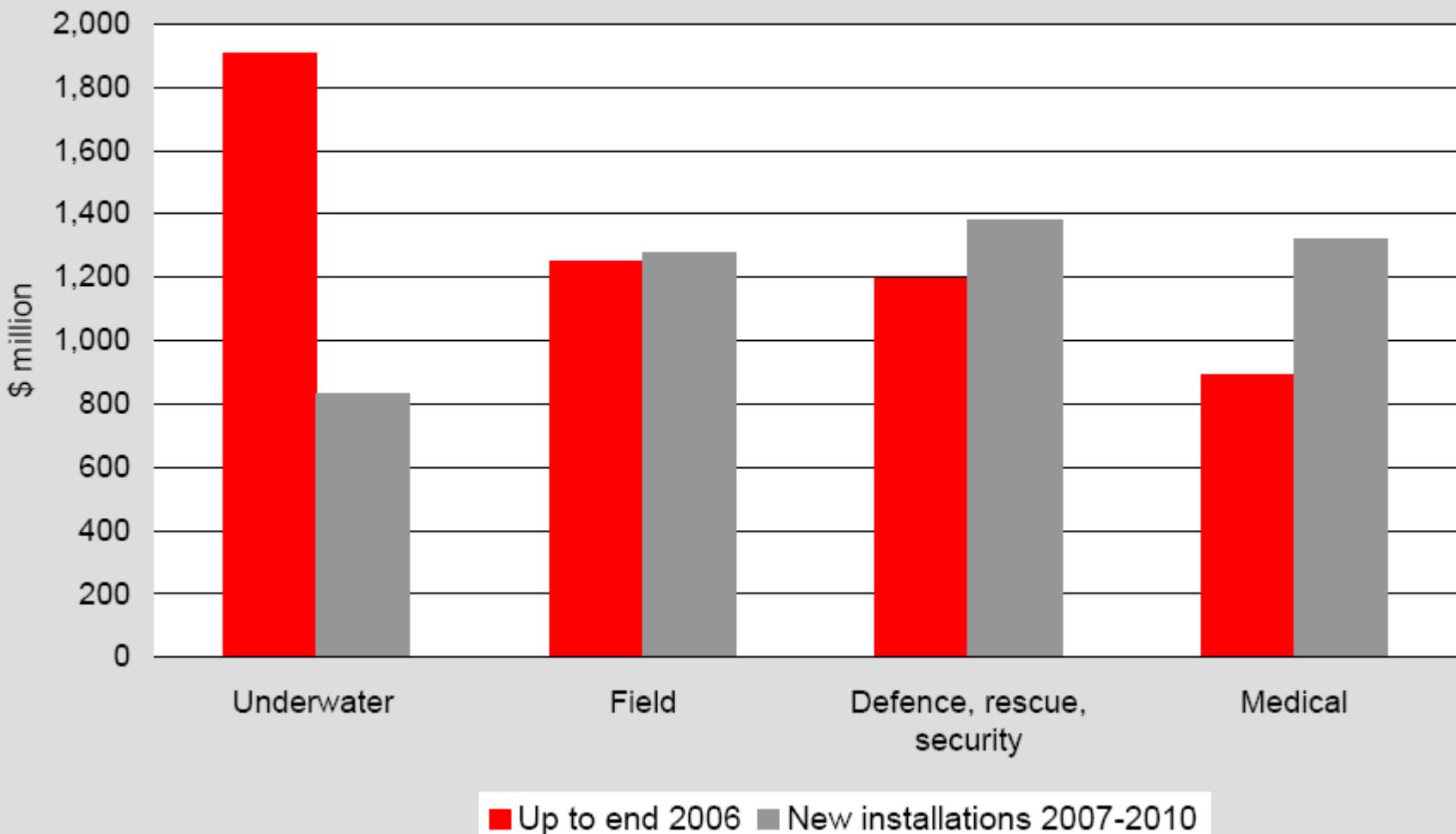
Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Figure VII.1b Service robots for professional use. Value of stock at the end of 2006 and value of projected installations in 2007-2010



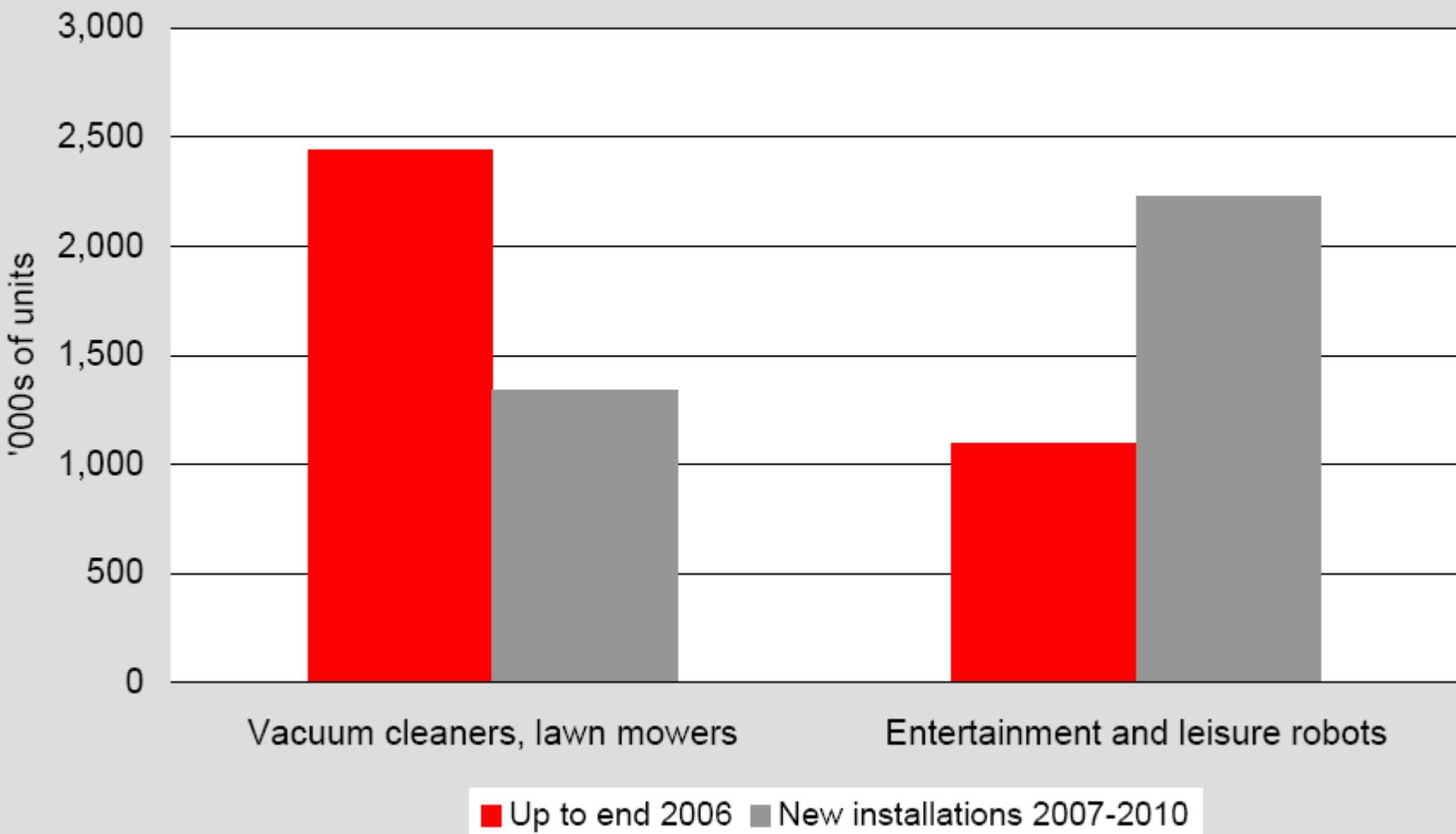
Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Figure VII.1c Service robots for professional use. Value of stock at the end of 2006 and value of projected installations in 2007-2010



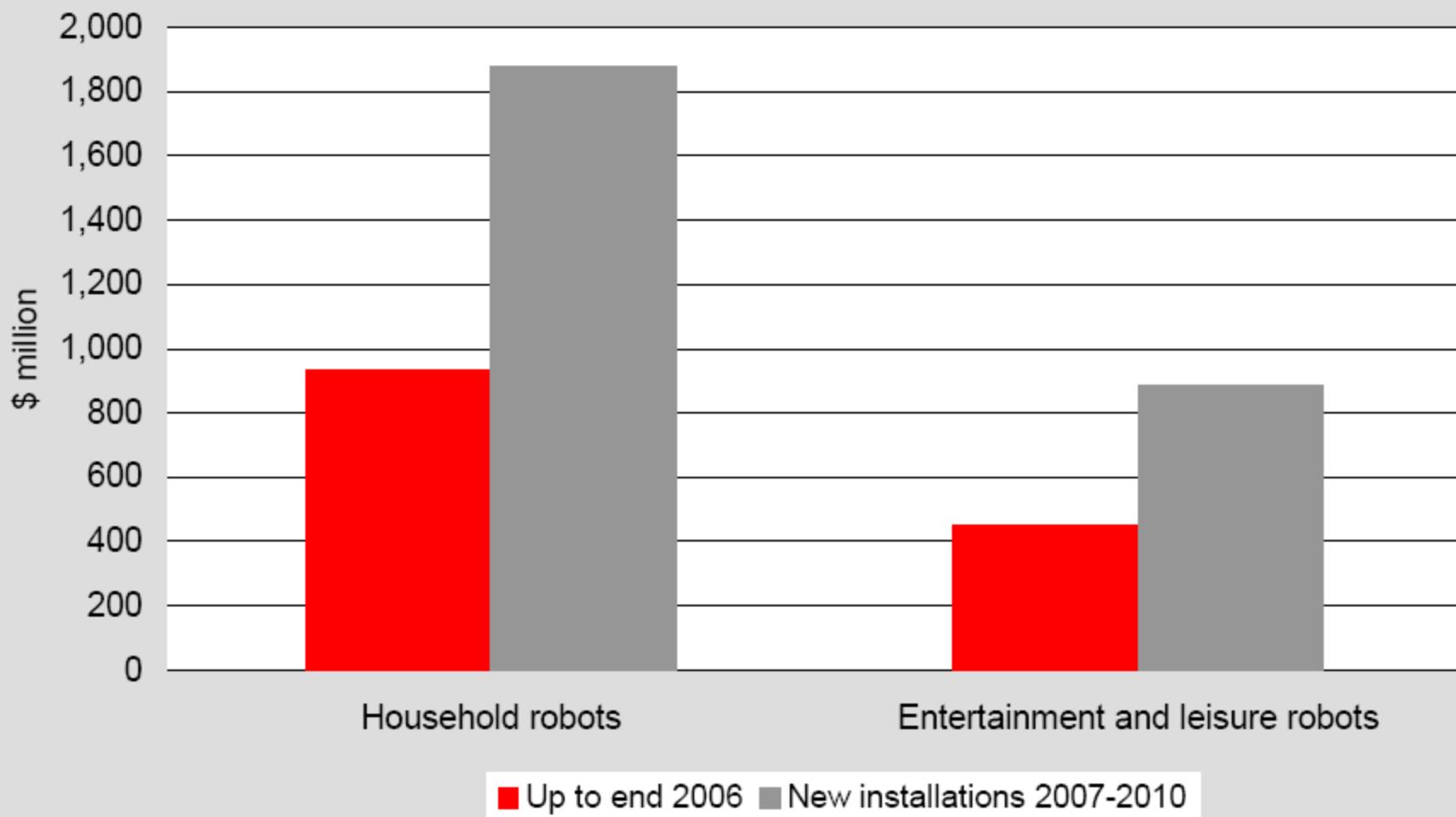
Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Figure VII.2a Service robots for personnel/domestic use. Stock at the end of 2006 and projected installations in 2007-2010



Vers une robotique de moins en moins industrielle

Figure VII.2b Service robots for personal/domestic use. Value of the stock at the end of 2006 and of the projected installations in 2007-2010



Robot « de compagnie »



Paro, le robot bébé phoque

[Film](#)

Robots de type SCARA : Robodoc



Redefining Surgery ...



... around the World!

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ROBODOC

THA Pinless

Revision Arthroplasty

Total Knee Arthroplasty

Supported Implants

ROBODOC® is a surgical robot that performs the following procedures:

Primary total hip replacement:

The robot mills a cavity in the femur for the placement of a prosthetic implant. The system is designed to accurately shape the cavity for a precise fit and precise positioning of the implants in the cavity for optimum biomechanics.

Revision hip replacement:

The robot automatically removes bone cement and creates a new, accurately shaped cavity for a revision prosthesis.

Total knee replacement:

The robot planes knee surfaces on the femur and tibia to achieve a precise fit of the implant.



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Robots de type SCARA : Robodoc



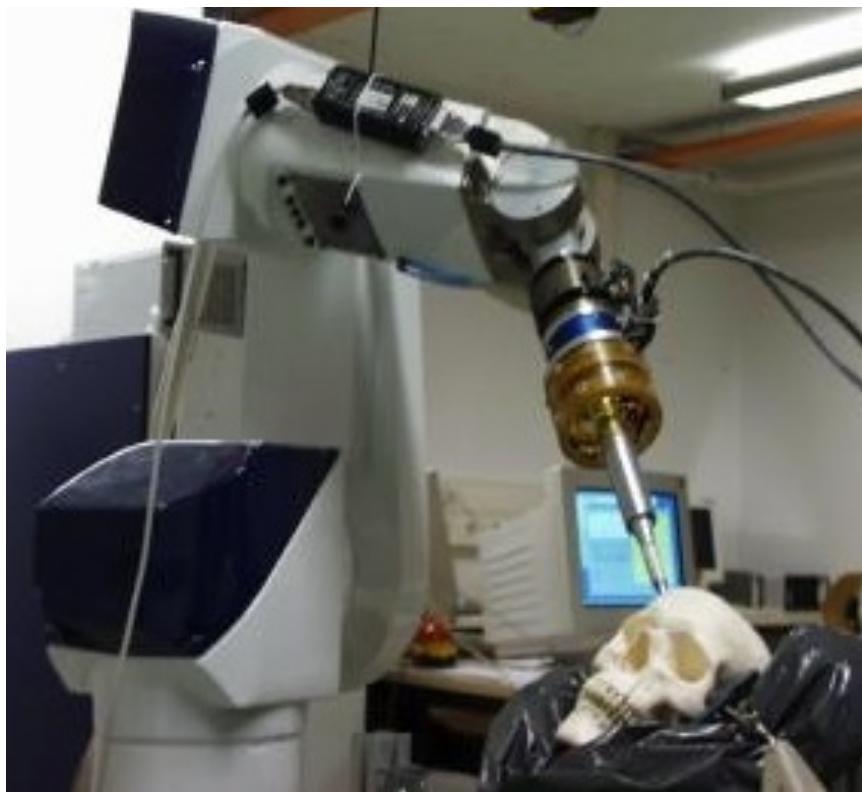
Robot de type SCARA : Dermarob



[Film](#)



Robot de type Anthropomorphe : CASPAR



CASPAR : Computer Assisted Surgical Planning and Robotics
(chirurgie orthopédique)

Robot parallèle



Robots de type SCARA : AESOP



AESOP : Automatic Endoscopic System for Optimal Positioning

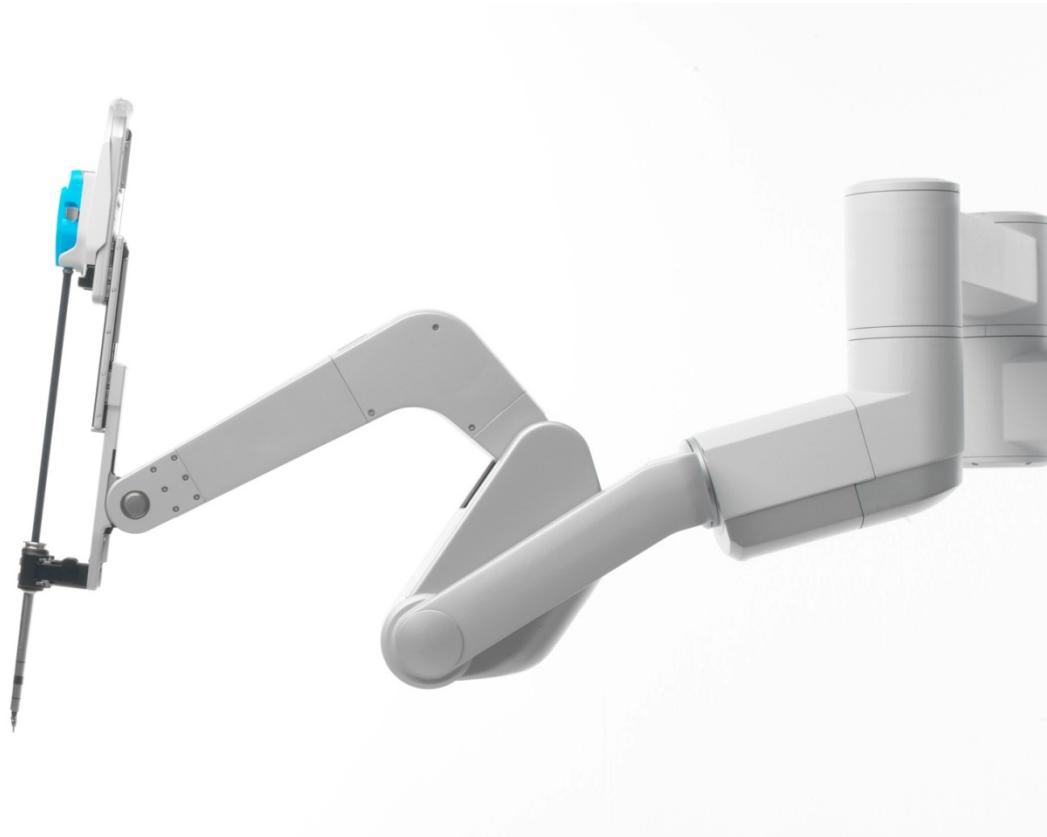
Téléopération : robot Da Vinci



Téléopération : robot Da Vinci



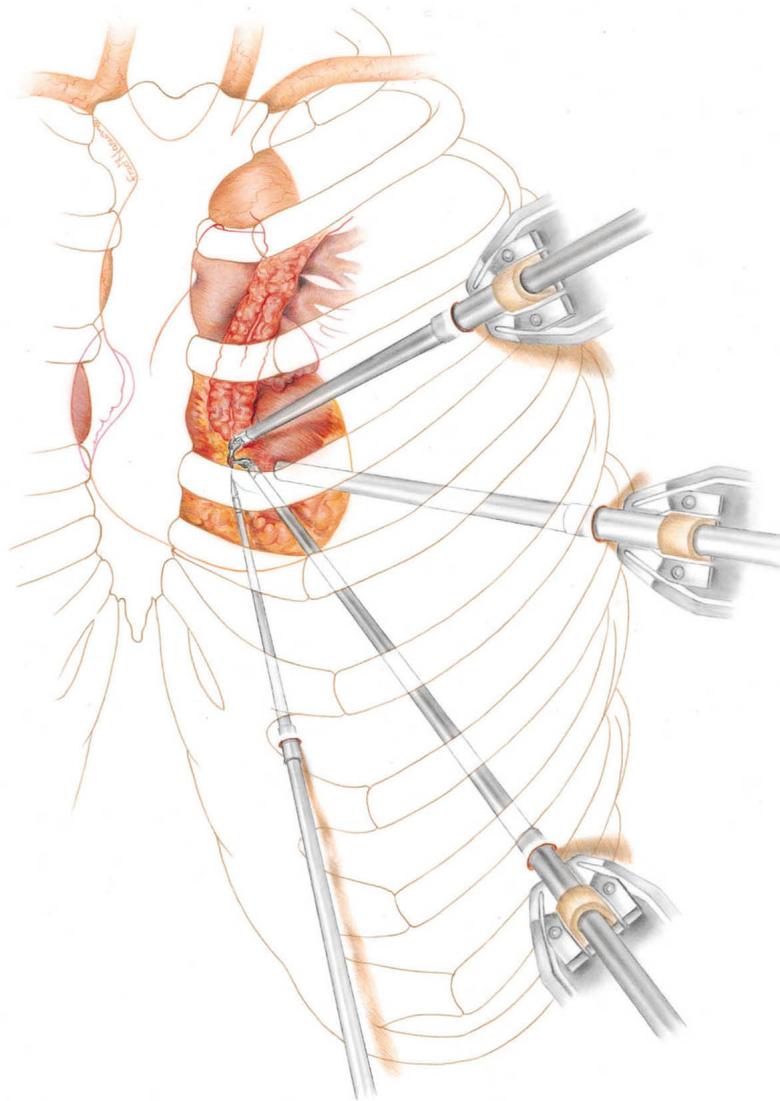
Téléopération : robot Da Vinci



[Film](#)



Téléopération : robot Da Vinci



Téléopération : robot Zeus



Téléopération : système haptique Phantom



Exemples

Microrobotique 1

Microrobotique 2

Pick & place micro

Assemblage

Chirurgie

Chirurgie à cœur battant

L'objectif : traiter la fibrillation cardiaque (*1 personne sur 20 > 60 ans*)

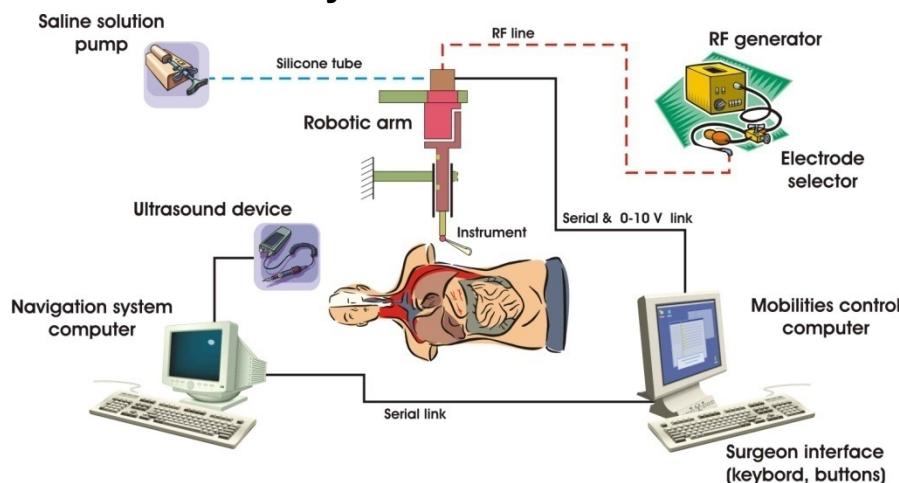
Le principe

- utiliser la radio-fréquence pour lésionner certaines parties internes du cœur,
- déployer et piloter une maille de 22 électrodes RF pour réaliser des lignes d'ablation.



Le système

- un robot à 5 ddl,
- une tête à 2 ddl,
- un instrument déployable jetable,
- un système de commande.



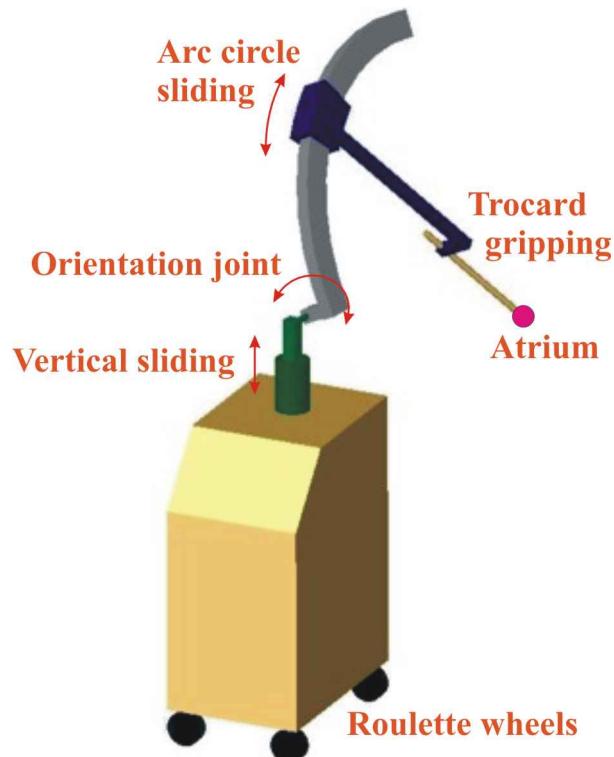
Les résultats



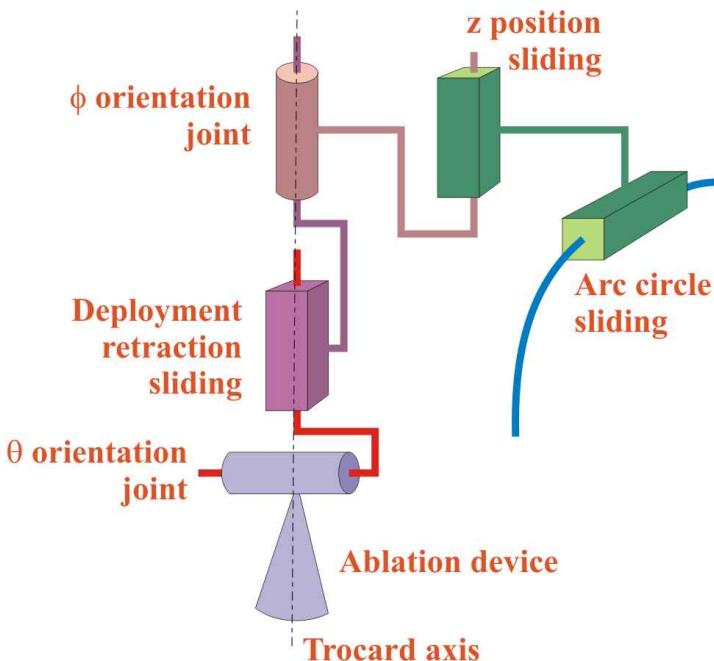
Exemples

L' objectif : traiter la fibrillation cardiaque (*1 personne sur 20 > 60 ans*)

Le robot (Amstrong Healthcare)



L' organe terminal



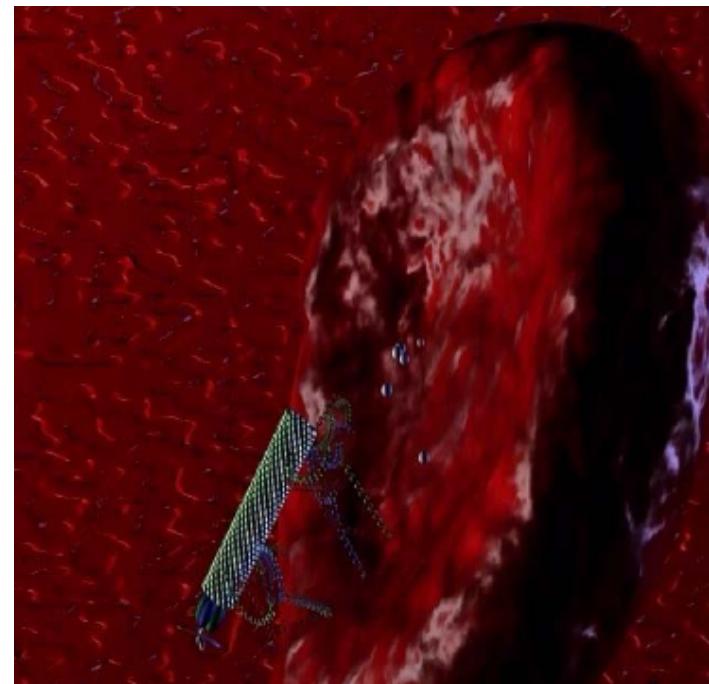
Chirurgie à cœur battant

Les nanorobots

→ De futurs robots moléculaires

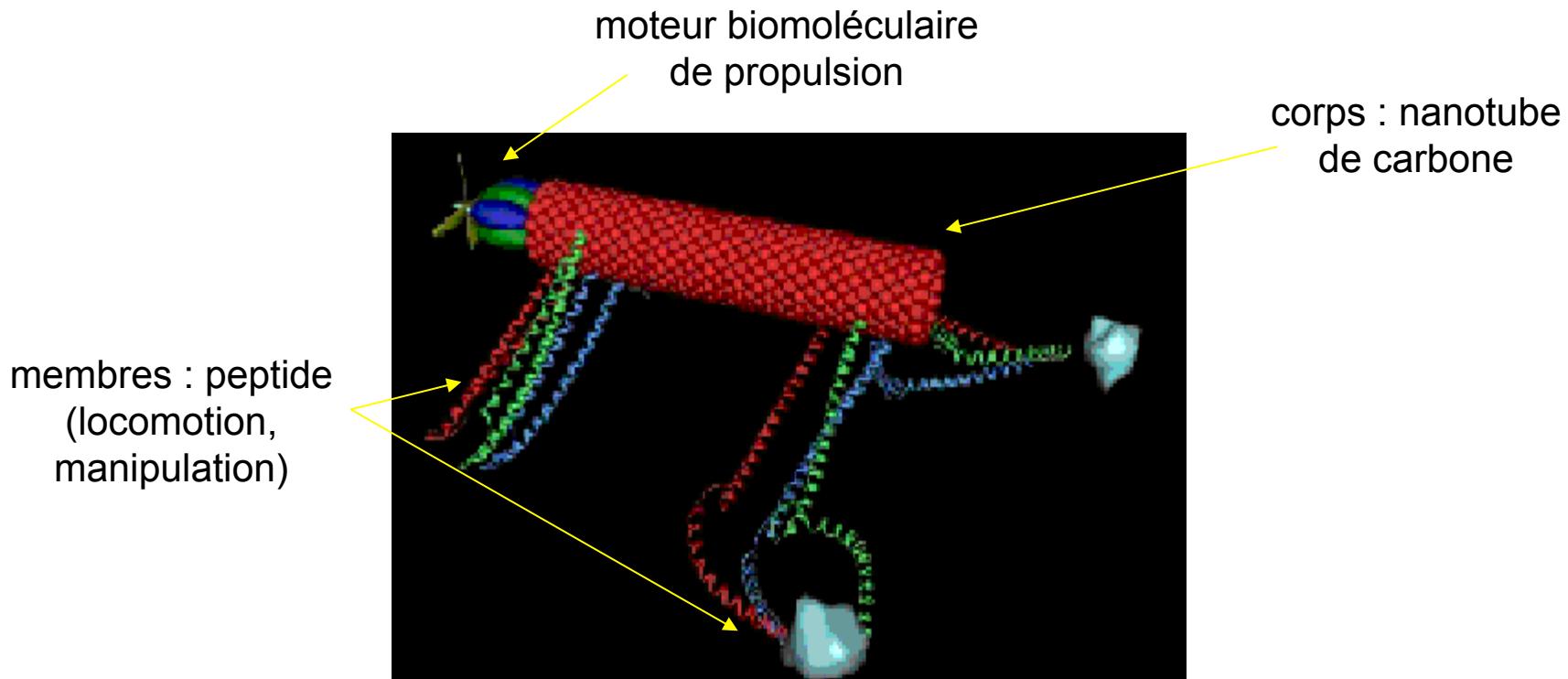


Nanorobot dans une veine, cherchant une cellule infectée

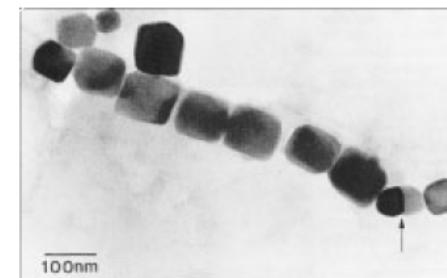
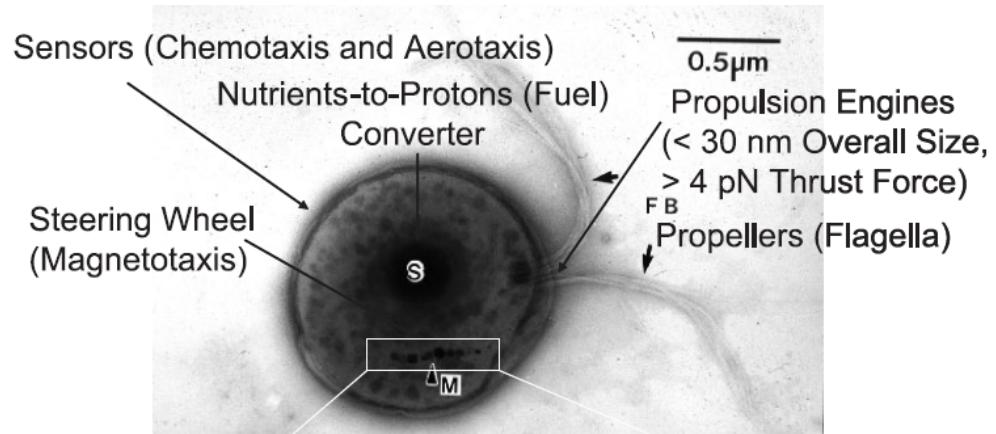
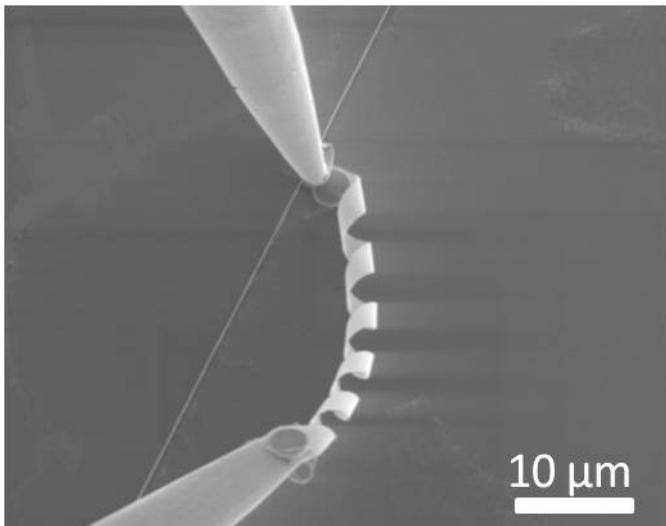


Le même nanorobot, accroché à la cellule infectée, lui injectant un produit

Les nanorobots

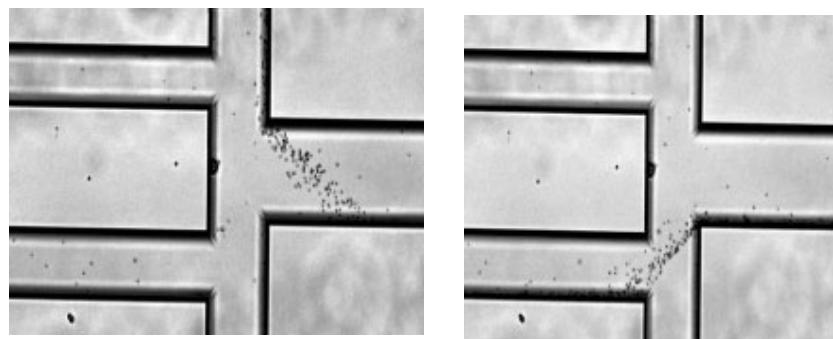


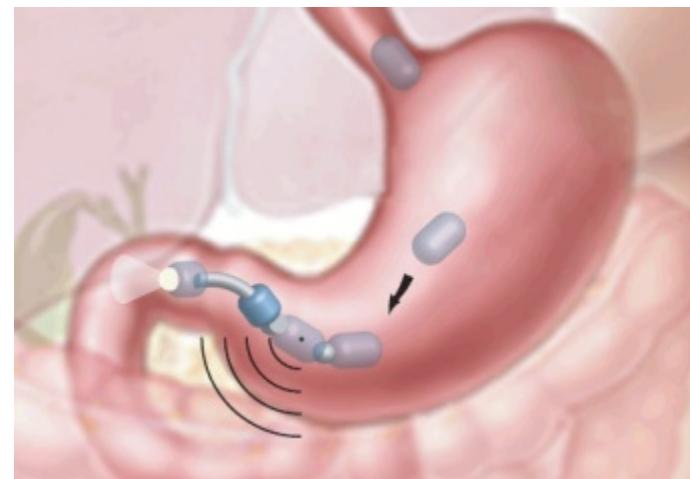
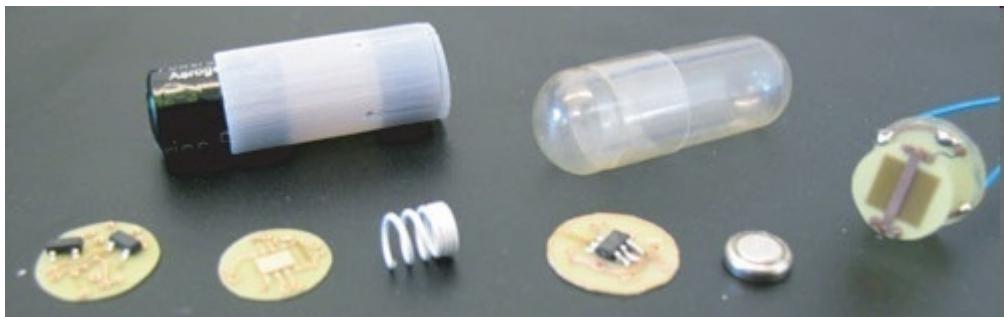
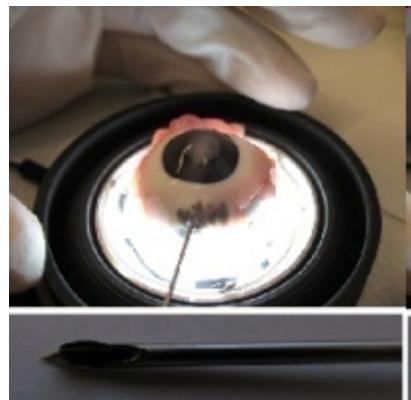
Les nanorobots



Hélices HNB

Bactéries magnétotactiques (BMT)

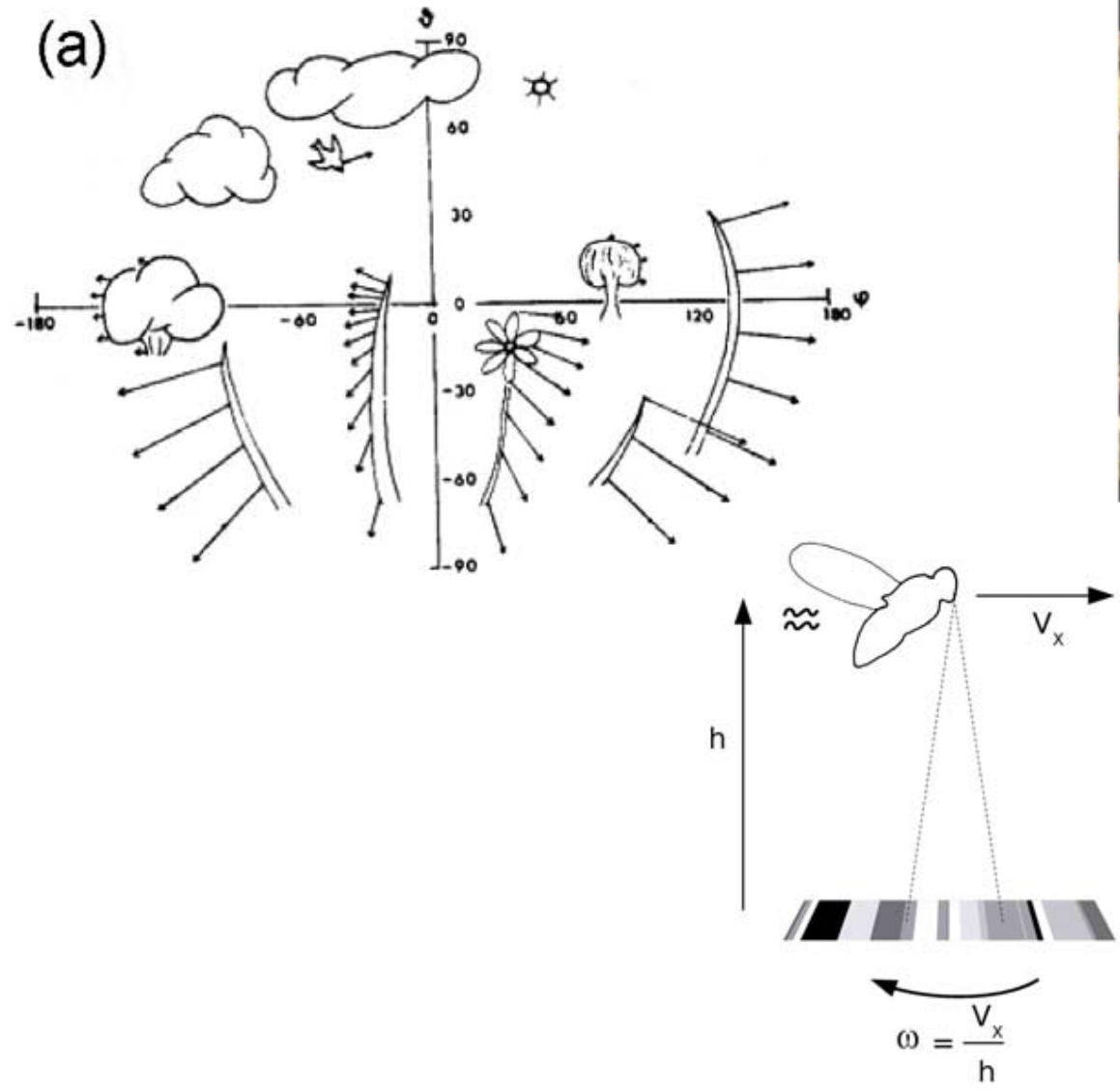




Exemples

Biorobotique

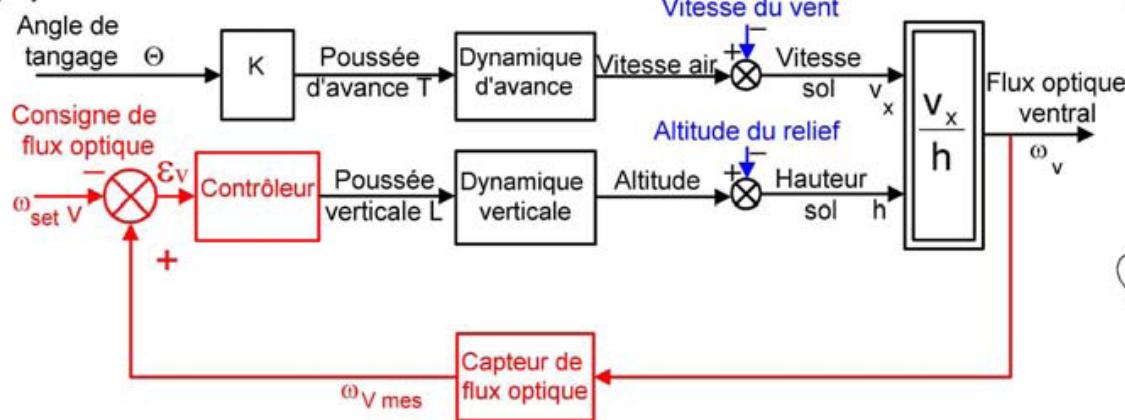
(a)



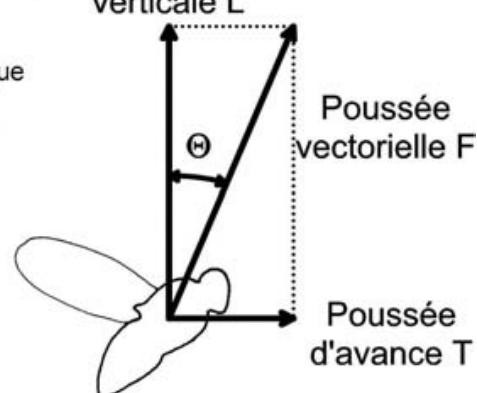
Exemples

Biorobotique

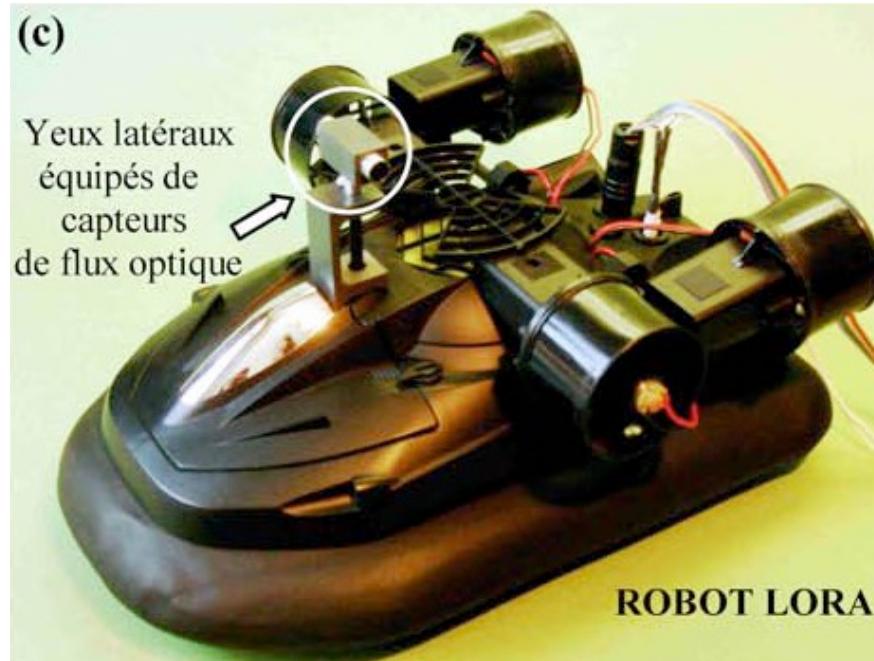
(a)



(b) Poussée verticale L



(c)



ROBOT LORA

Exemples

Collaborative robotics
Soft robots
Cobots